



FIZIKA DANAS

Otvoreni dan Fizičkog odsjeka

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Kako tražimo nove materijale?

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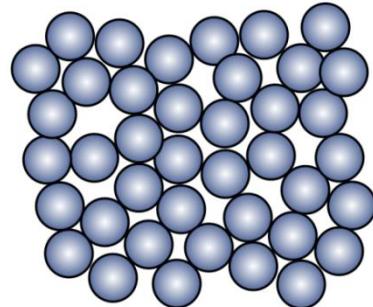
Uvod

- U fizici se stalno traga za novim materijalima zanimljivih svojstava → otkrivanje nove fizike i tehnološka primjena.

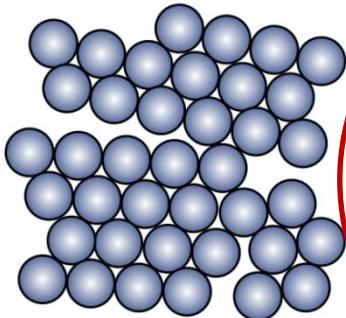
Kako napraviti uzorke novih materijala i pripremiti ih za fizikalna mjerjenja?



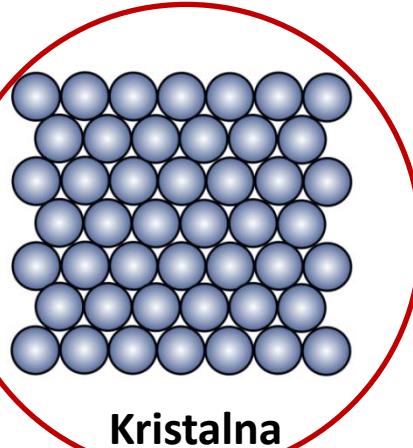
Struktura čvrstih tvari



Amorfna



Polikristalna

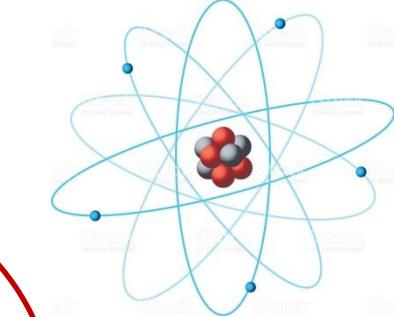


Kristalna

Nasumično raspoređeni atomi.

Sitna zrna u kojima su atomi periodički složeni.

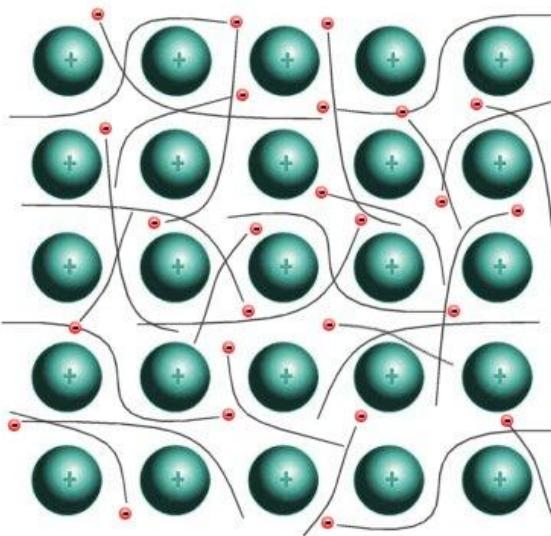
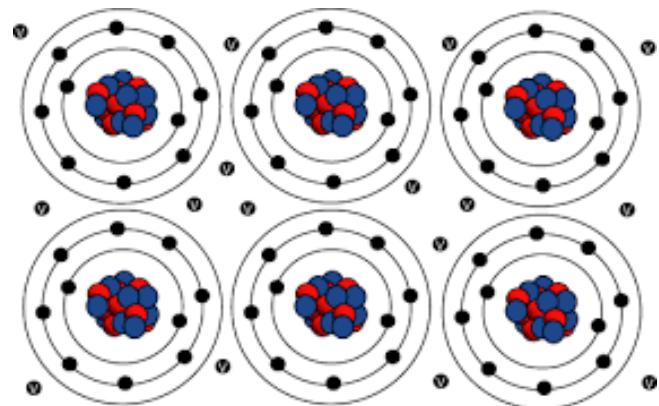
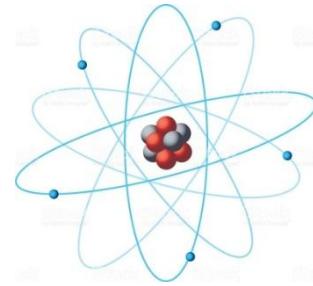
Svi atomi su složeni u periodičku rešetku.



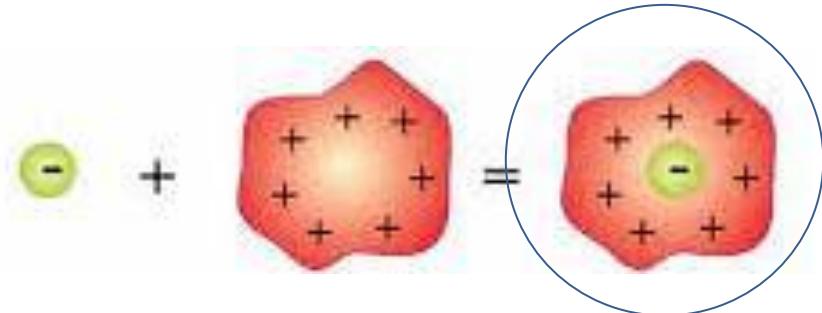
kristalni uzorak → makroskopski komad materijala kristalne strukture.



Elektroni u kristalu



kvazičestica



Dizajniranjem kristala mogu se mijenjati svojstva elektrona u njima → **brži/sporiji, lakši/teži...**

Elektroni u kristalu su **kvazičestice**.

Kako napraviti kristal?

Elementi se zatvaraju u kvarcnu (SiO_2) ampulu.
Unutar ampule je visoki vakuum (10^{-6} mbar)



Zataljivanje ampule .

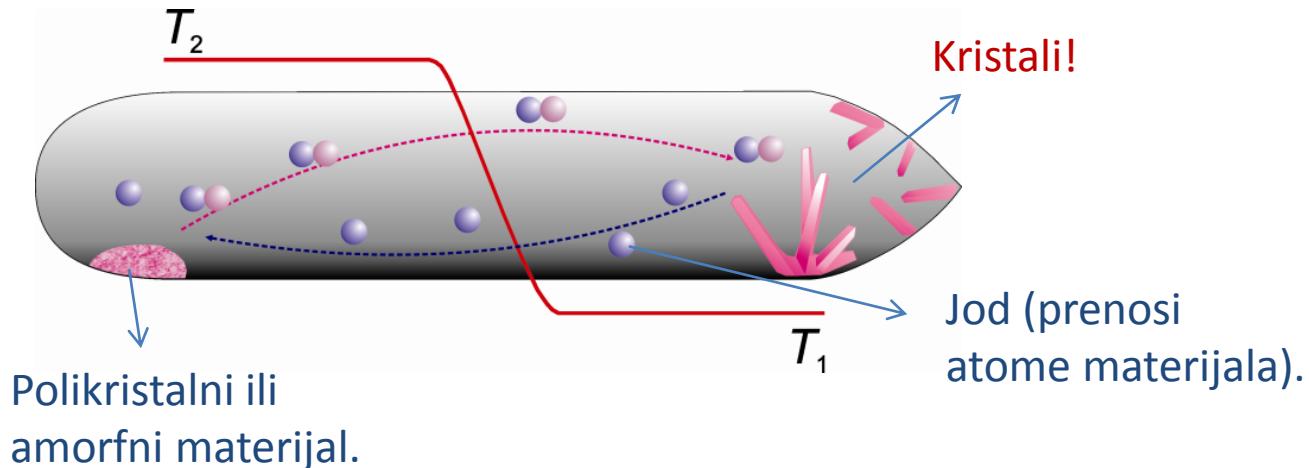
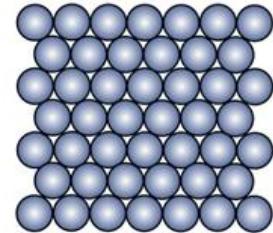


Plamen mješavine
vodika i kisika.

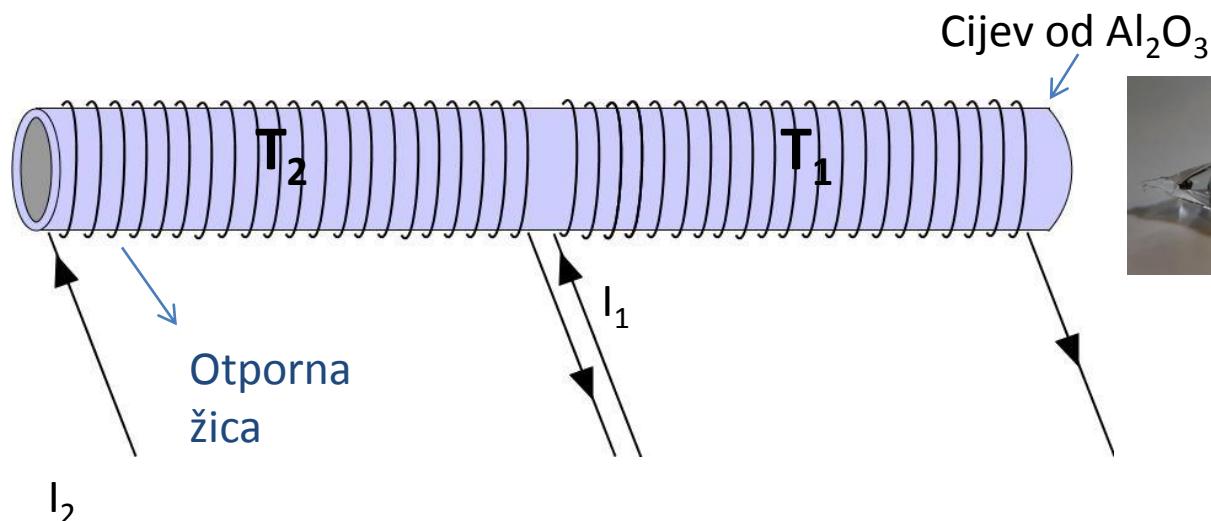


Materijal u ampuli
s vakuumom.

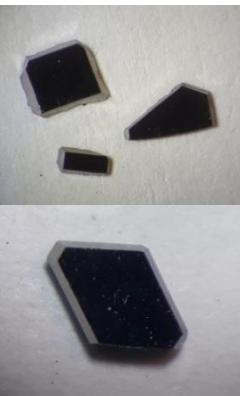
Kako kristal raste?



Polikristalni ili
amorfni materijal.



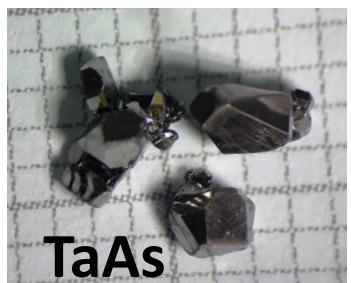
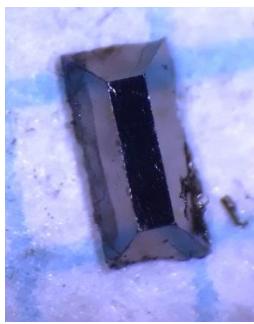
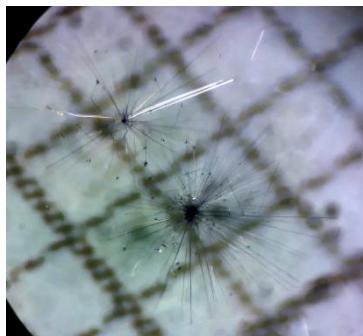
Kristali



Cd_3As_2



BiSbTeSe_2



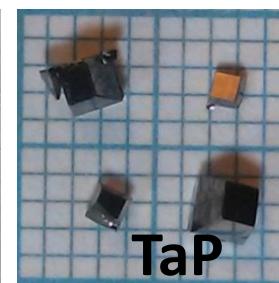
TaAs



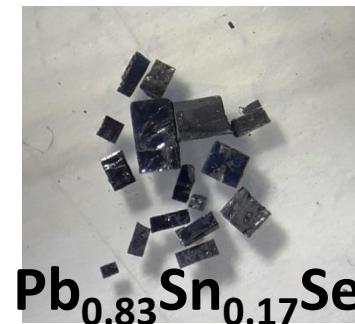
NbP



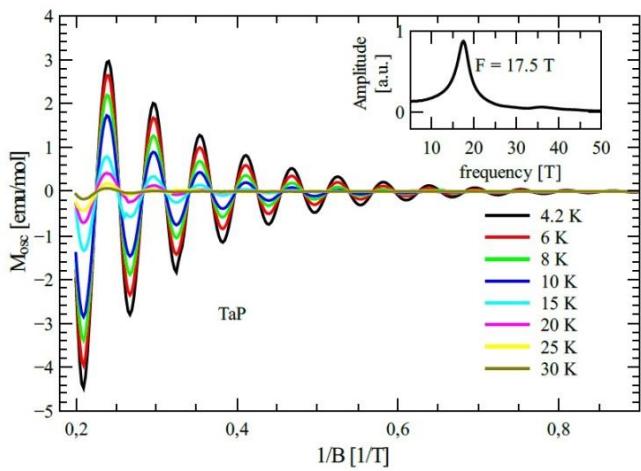
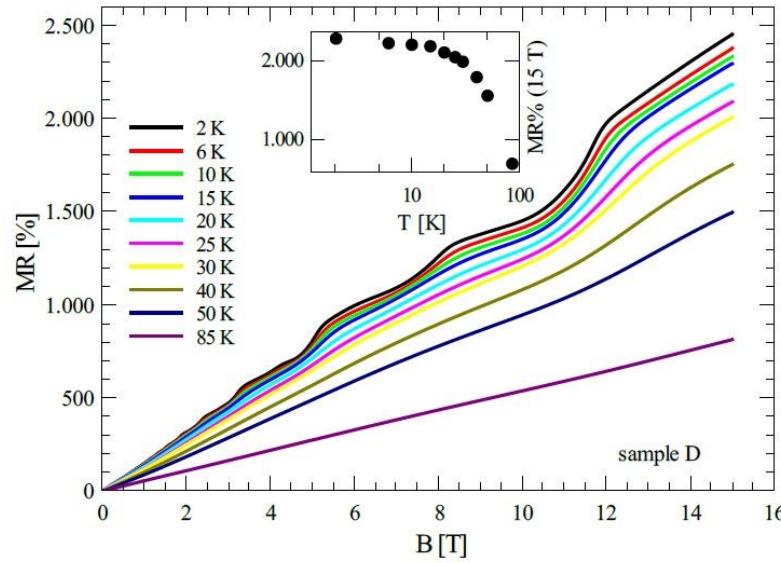
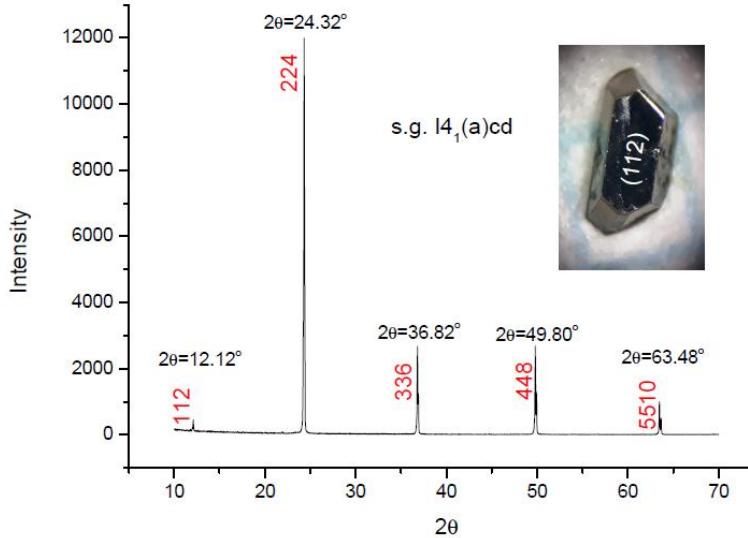
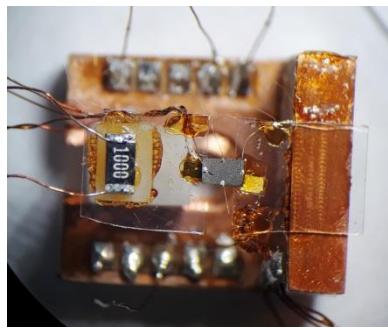
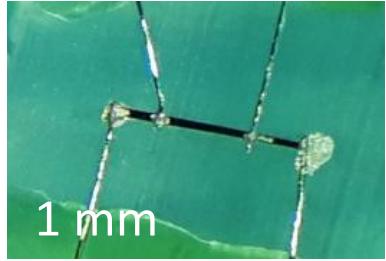
ZrSiS



TaP



$\text{Pb}_{0.83}\text{Sn}_{0.17}\text{Se}$



The background of the slide features a complex, abstract 3D rendering of glowing spheres and cylindrical tubes. The spheres are primarily orange and yellow, while the tubes are a mix of blue, green, and white. They are arranged in a dense, overlapping pattern that creates a sense of depth and motion.

Hvala na pažnji.

Pitanja?