

# GEOLOŠKE KARTE (53496)

## 7. Bore na geološkim kartama

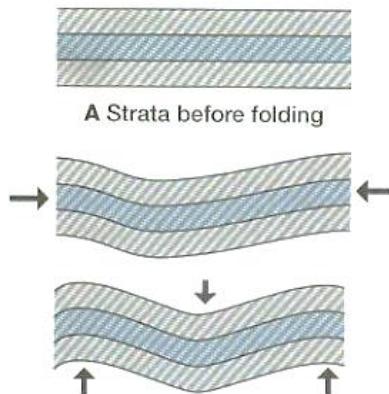
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# Što su bore?

- Strukturne jedinice litosfere nastale savijanjem slojeva, najčešće pod utjecajem sila kompresije



Plummer & McGeary (1993)

- Kontinuirane deformacije u kojima se ne prekida slijed naslaga i kontinuitet slojeva
- Od mikroskopskih dimenzija do nekoliko desetaka kilometara!



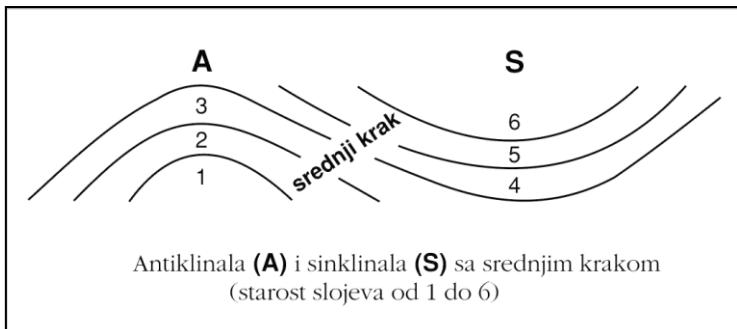
# Elementi bore

## Antiklinala

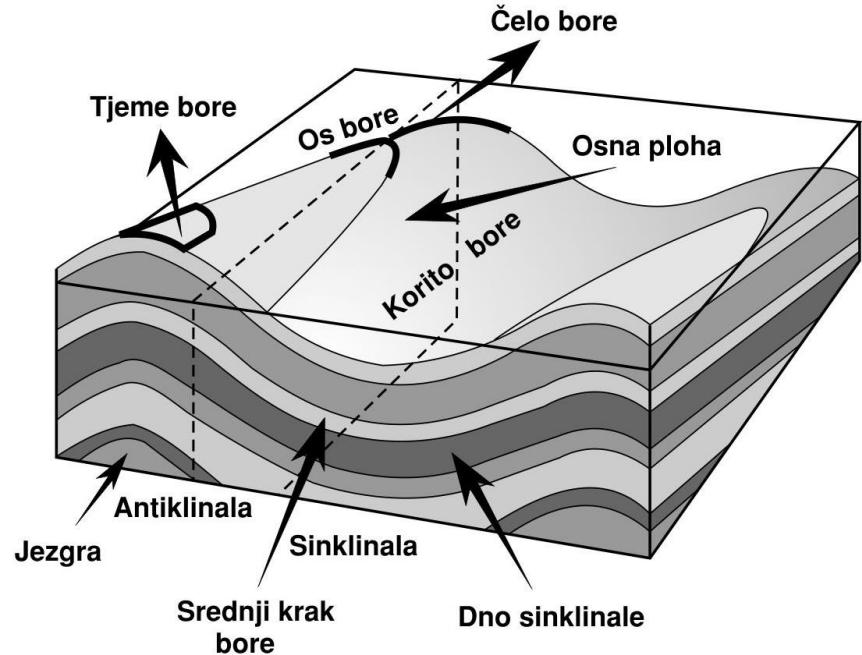
- **Tjeme** – najizbočeniji dio
- **Jezgra** – najstariji dio
- **Krila** – nagnuti dijelovi bore

## Sinklinala

- **Dno** – izbočeni dio
- **Jezgra** – najmlađi dio
- **Krila** – nagnuti dijelovi bore



Herak (1990)

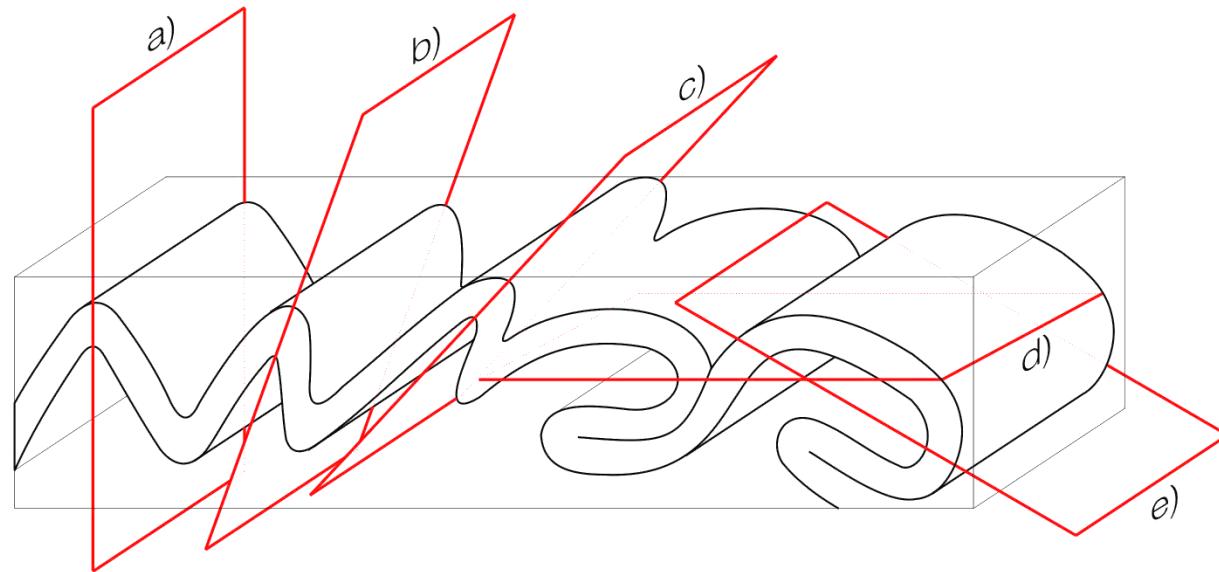


**Osna ploha bore** – zamišljena ravnina koja razdvaja antiklinalu ili sinklinalu na dva krila

**Os bore** – zamišljeni pravac koji prolazi sjecištem osne plohe s bilo kojim slojem sinklinale ili antiklinale

**Srednji krak** – dio bore zajednički antiklinali i sinklinali

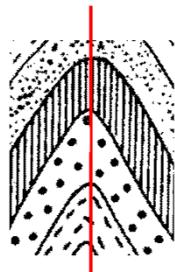
# Bore prema položaju osne plohe prema horizontali



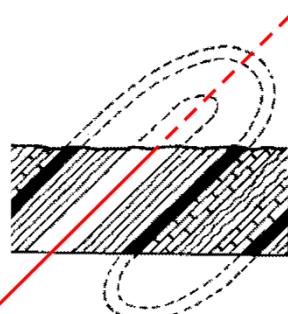
1. - prema položaju osne plohe prema horizontali(a-e)

- a) **Uspravna (normalna)** – vertikalna osna ploha; krila padaju na suprotnu stranu od jezgre
- b) **Kosa** – nagnuta osna ploha
- c) **Prebačena** – oba krila padaju na istu stranu, ali ne nužno pod istim kutom
- d) **Polegla** – osna ploha i krila približno u horizontalnom položaju
- e) **Utonula** – krila nagnuta suprotno od prebačene bore; položaj slojeva nije mjerodavan za razlikovanje sinklinala od antiklinala, jedino poredak slojeva po starosti

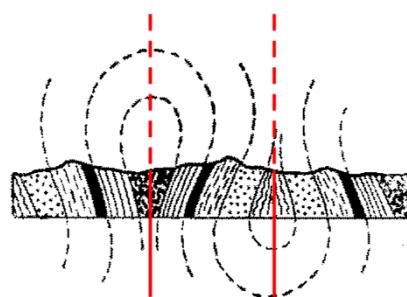
# Bore prema položaju krila prema osnoj plohi



**Normalne** – krila se pravilno šire (divergiraju)

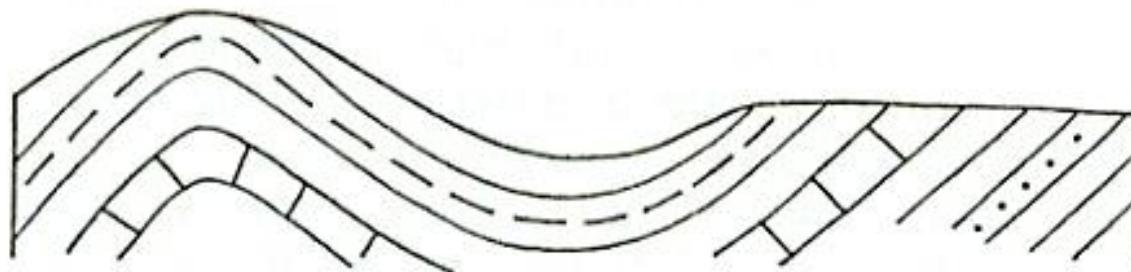


**Izoklinalne** - krila paralelna s osnom plohom  
(prebačena, polegla, utonula)

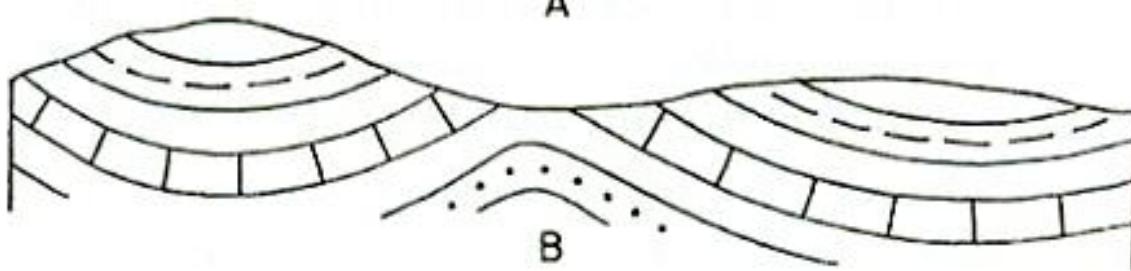


**Lepezaste** – krila savijena u obliku lepeze

# Odnos bora i morfologije terena



**Normalni reljef**

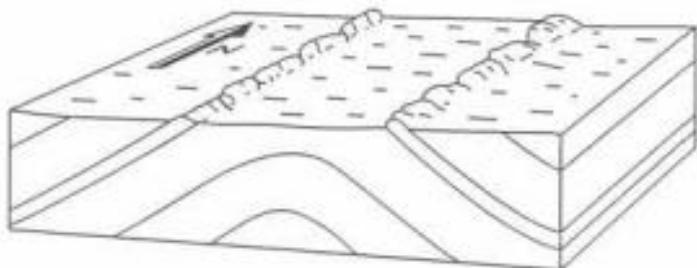


**Inverzni reljef**

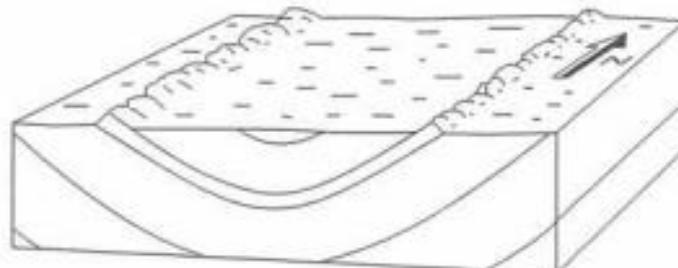
**Antiforma** – bora koja je zatvorena prema gore („anti” jer su krila nagnuta u suprotnim smjerovima)

**Sinforma** – bora koja se zatvara prema dolje („sin” jer su krila nagnuta jedno prema drugom)

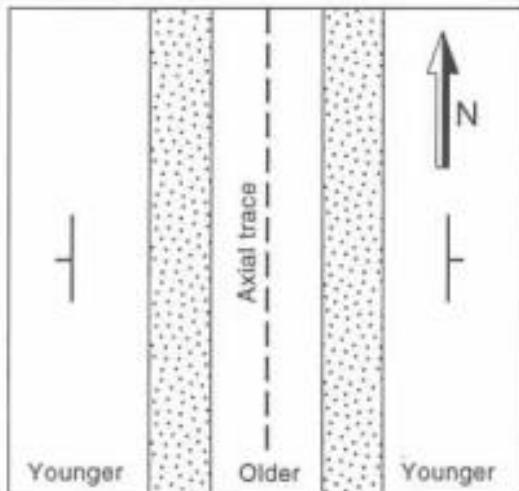
a) Antiform



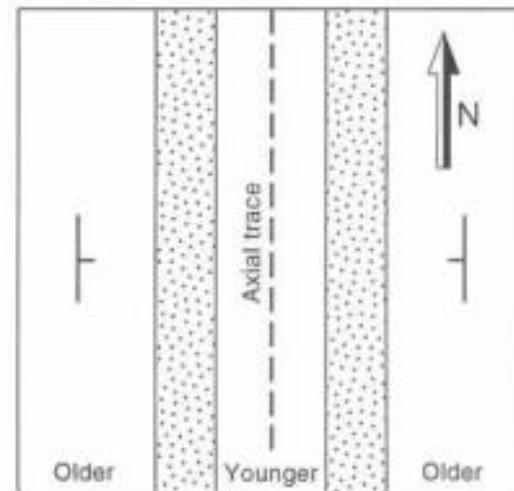
b) Synform



Map view

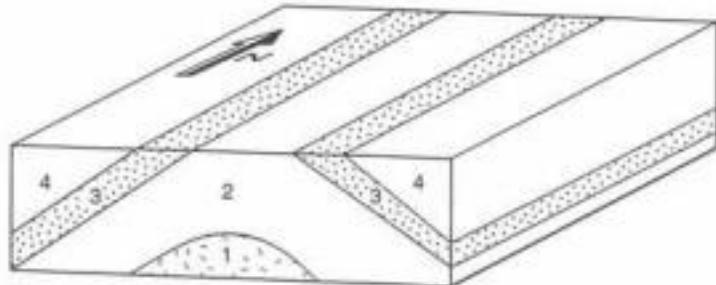


Map view



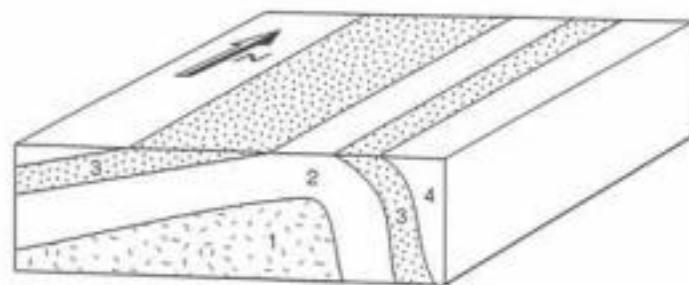
## **Uspravna bora**

a) Upright horizontal



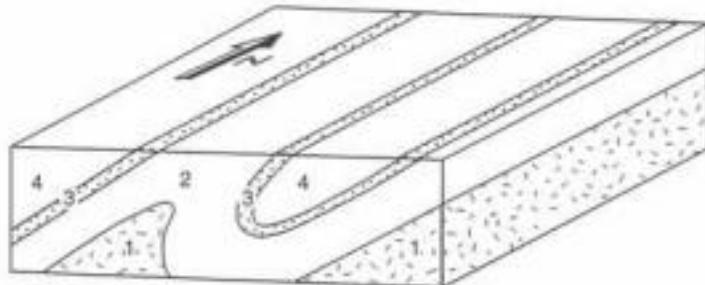
## **Kosa bora**

c) Inclined horizontal

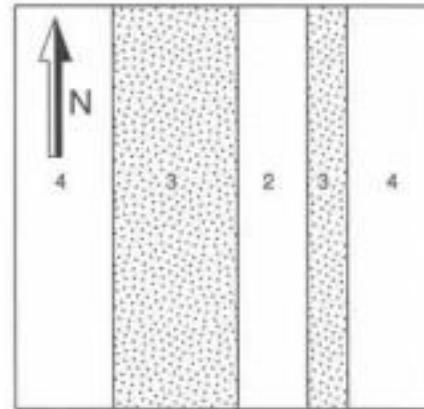


## **Prebačena bora**

b) Overturned horizontal

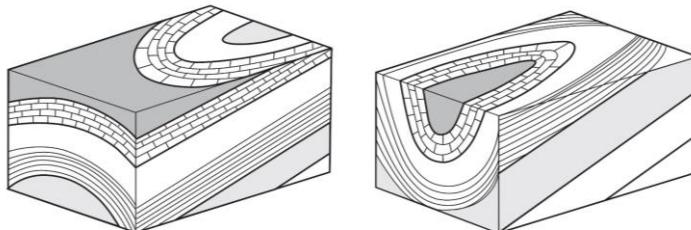
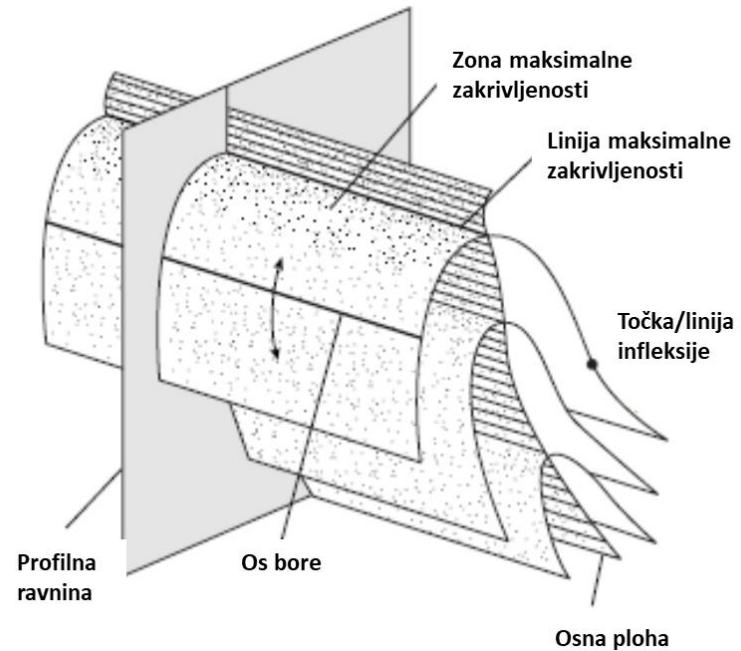


d) Map view



# Osnovni indikatori prema kojima se bore mogu prepoznati na terenu ili na geološkoj karti:

1. Raspored stratigrafskih jedinica
2. Nagib slojeva
3. Čela bora
4. Odnos mikrostruktura prema krilima bora (klivaž, vlačne mikrobore)

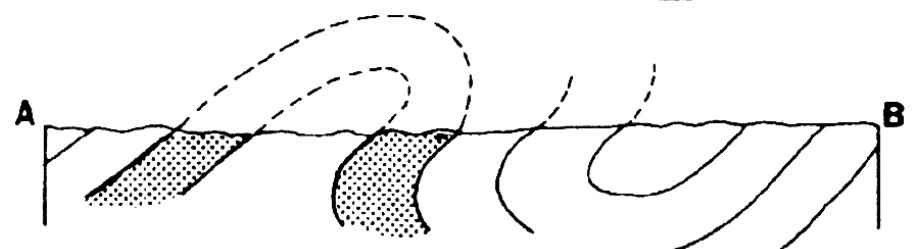
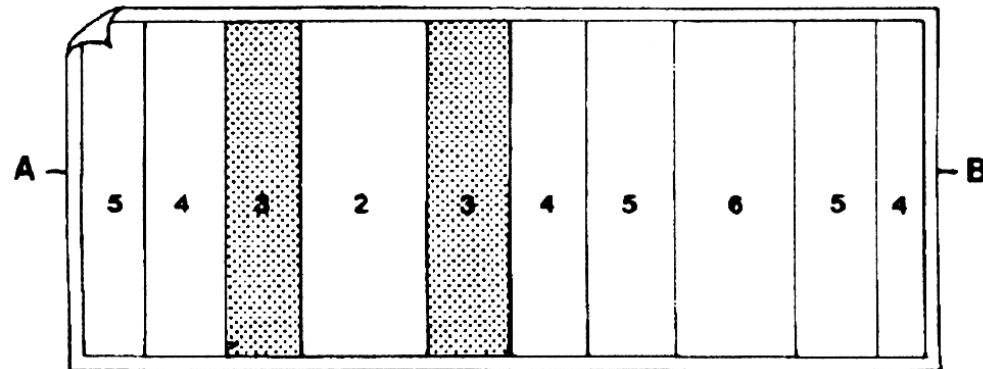


**Orijentacija bore u prostoru definirana je kutem i smjerom:**

1. Tonjenja linije maksimalne zakrivljenosti
2. Nagiba osne plohe

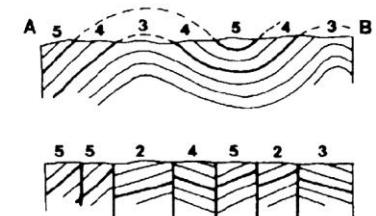
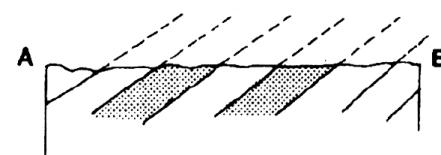
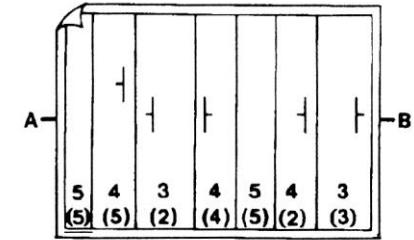
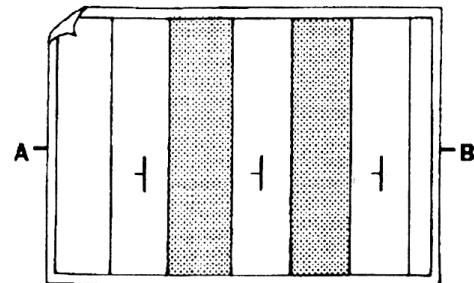
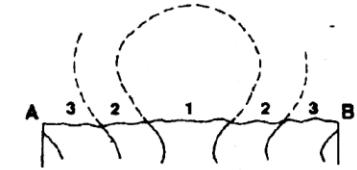
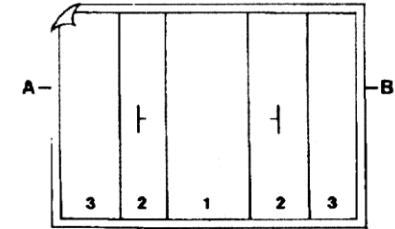
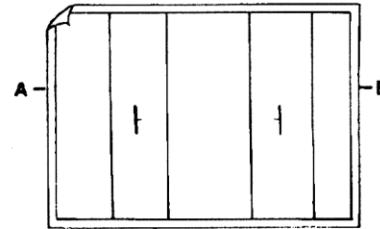
# Prepoznavanje bora prema rasporedu stratigrafskih jedinica

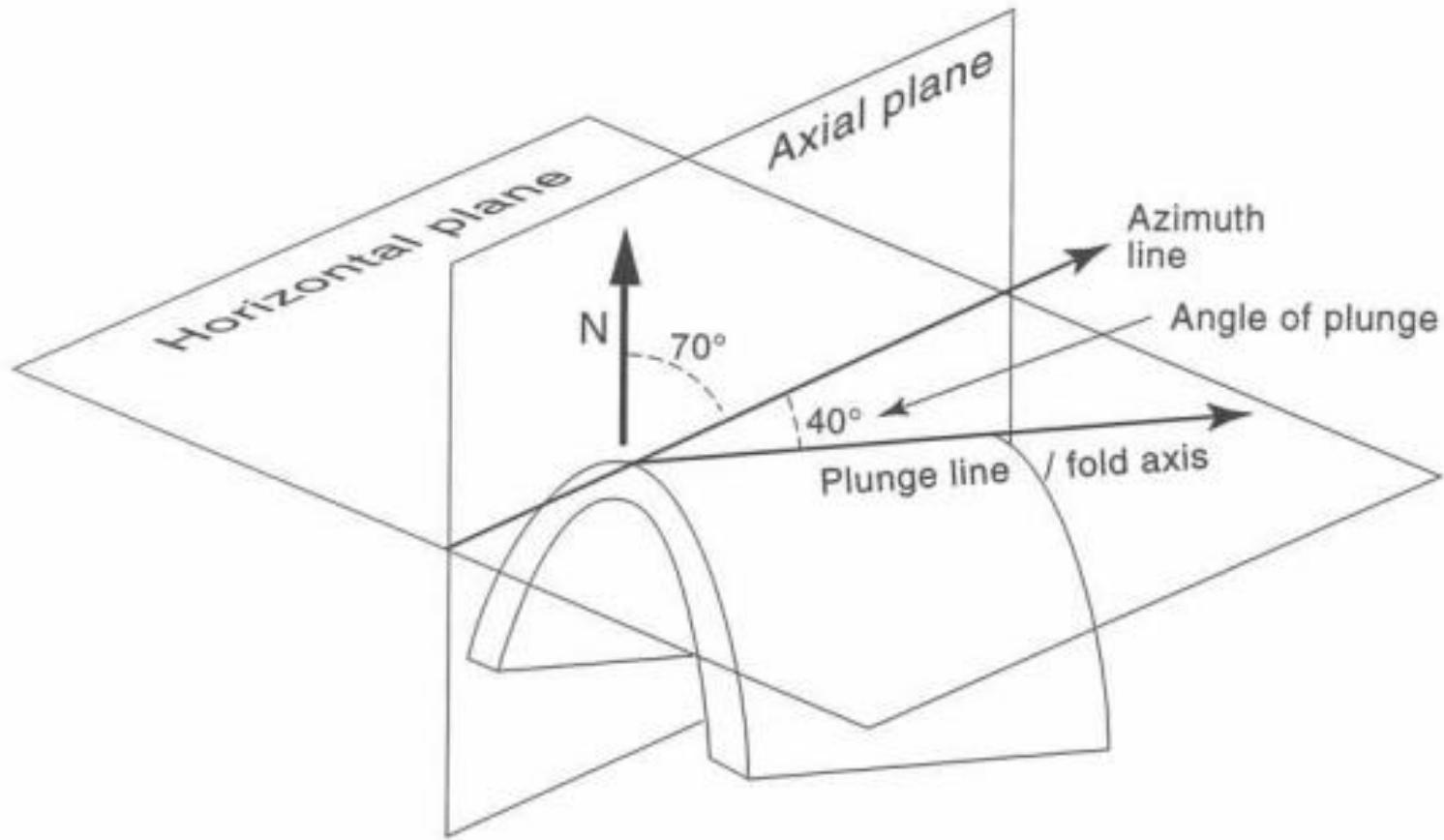
- Jezgra antiklinale → najstarije naslage
- Jezgra sinklinale → najmlađe naslage
- Međutim, bez podataka o smjeru i kutu nagiba krila ne može se odrediti o kakvom se tipu bore radi!



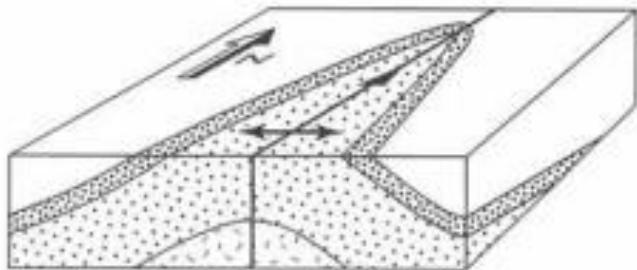
# Prepoznavanje bora prema položaju slojeva

- Položaj slojeva nam govori o orijentaciji krila bora u prostoru, što nam može sugerirati radi li se o antiformi ili sinformi
- Međutim, bez poznavanja superpozicije naslaga možemo napraviti ozbiljne pogreške u interpretaciji!

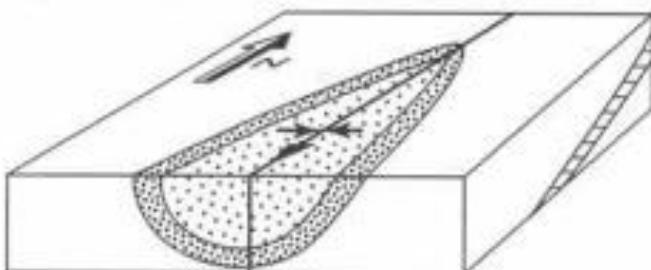




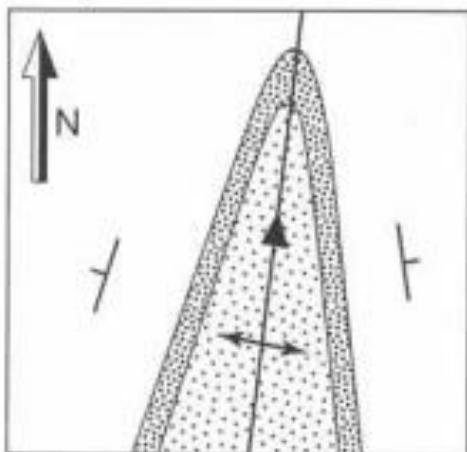
a) Upright plunging antiform



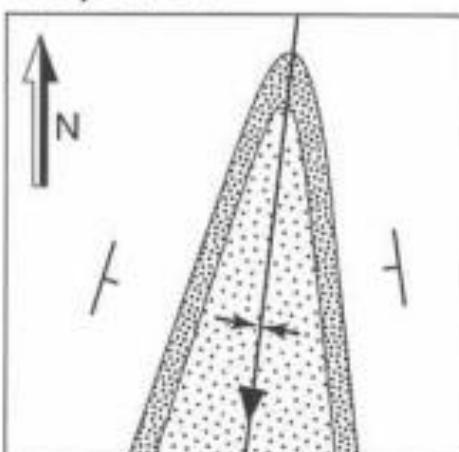
b) Upright plunging synform



Map view



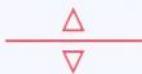
Map view



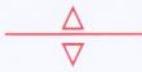
# Standardni simboli

## – Antiklinale

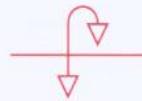
Antiklinala



Antiklinala, asimetrična  
(odmaknuti trokut u blažem krilu)



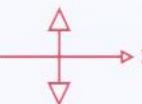
Antiklinala, prebačena



Antiklinala, okrenuta



Antiforma



Antiklinala, smjer i nagib osi



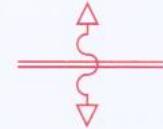
Imenovana antiklinala



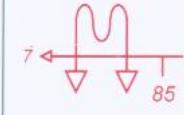
Antiklinala, smjer i nagib osne ravnine



Antiklinorij  
(opcija: smjer i nagib osne ravnine)



Izoklinalne bore, smjer i nagib osne ravnine

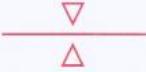
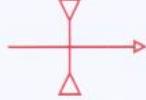


Doma

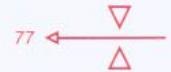


# Standardni simboli

## – Sinklinale

Sinklinala	
Sinklinala, asimetrična (odmaknuti trokut u blažem krilu)	
Sinklinala, prebačena.	
Sinklinala, okrenuta	
Sinforma	

Sinklinala, smjer i nagib osi.



Imenovana sinklinala



Sinklinala, smjer i nagib osne ravnine



Sinklinorij  
(opcija: smjer i nagib osne ravnine)



Bazen

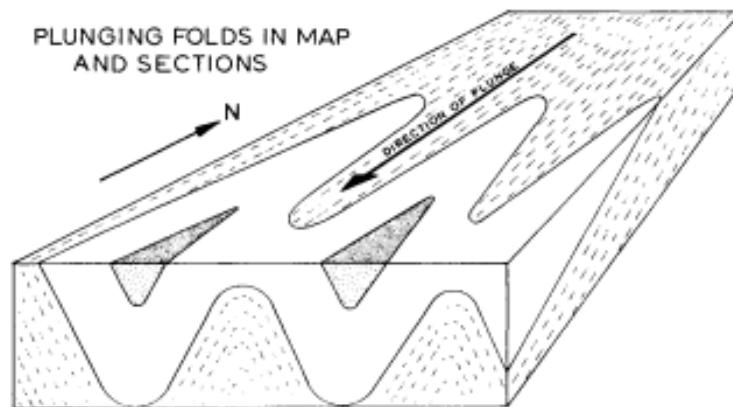
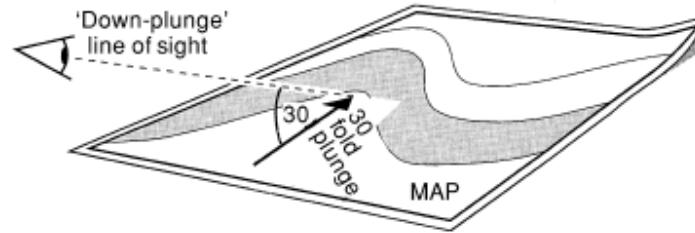


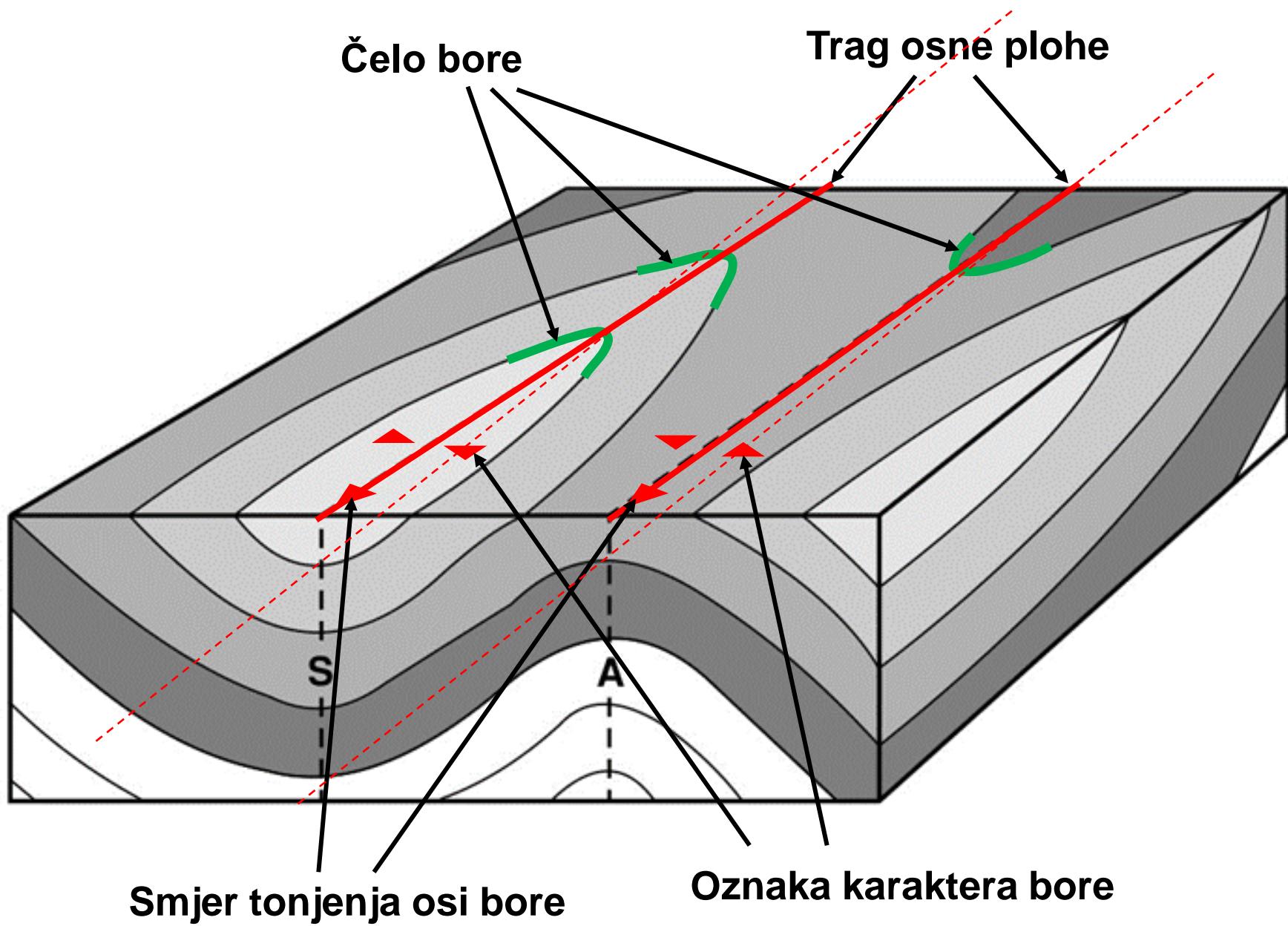
Sinklinala, okrenuta



# Prepoznavanje bora na temelju čela bora

- Primjenjivo je kod otkrivenih terena s istaknutim reprenim slojevima, kod tektonske interpretacije već postojeće karte te kod fotogeološke interpretacije
- Čelo bore** – mjesto gdje je tjeme antiklinale ili dno sinklinale presječeno reljefom tako da geološke granice čine lukove koji kod antiklinala opasuju u jezgri starije naslage, tj. mlađe naslage kod sinklinala









antiklinala1, Iran.kmz



antiklinala2, Iran.kmz



antiklinala Kaštela.kmz



sinklinala\_Rynchon Blanco, Arg.kmz

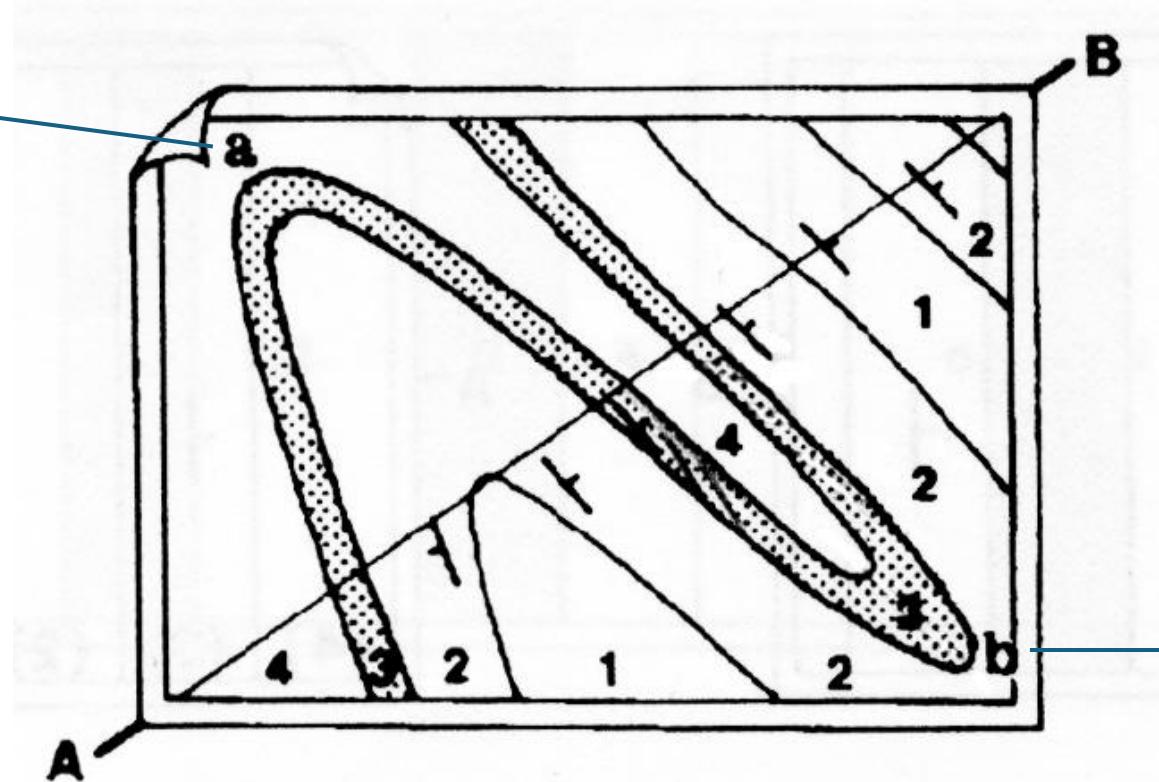


sinklinala1\_Pakistan.kmz

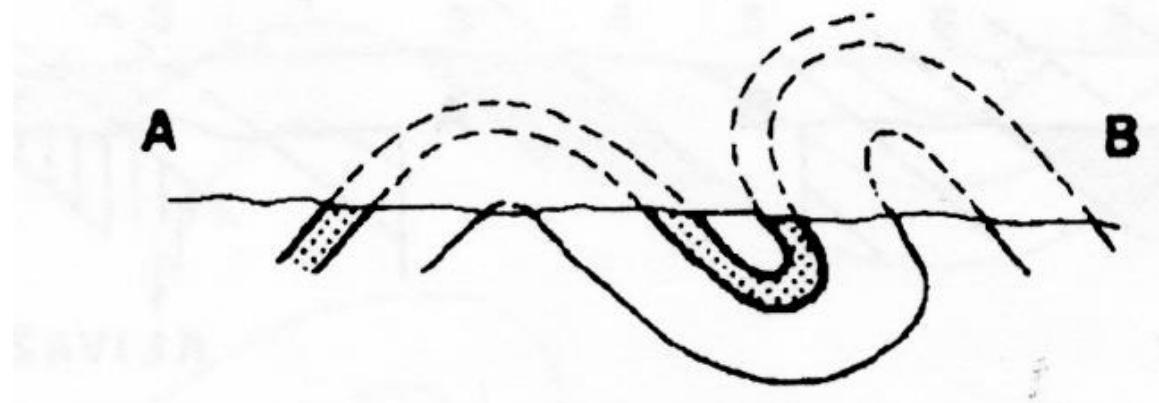


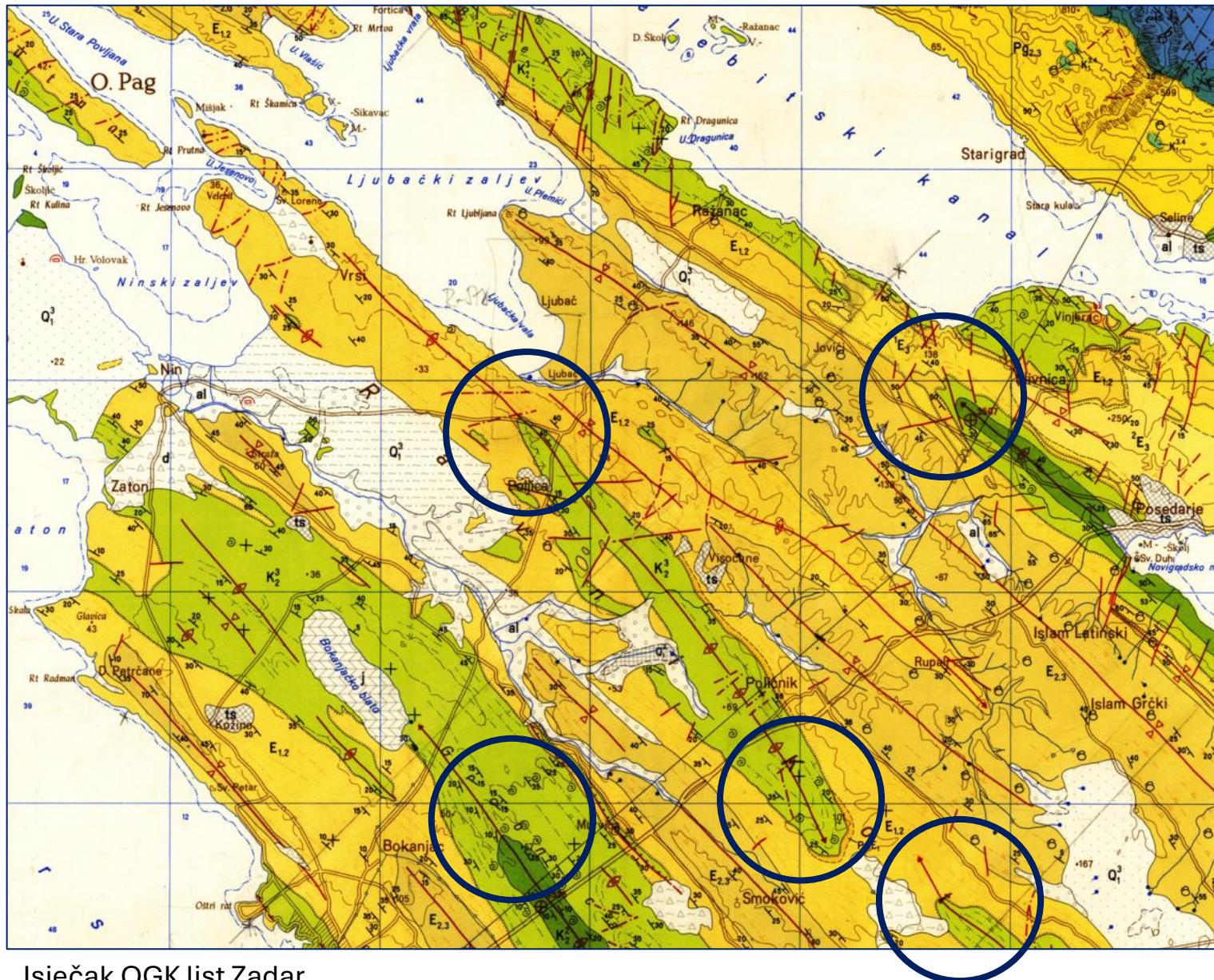
sinklinala2\_Pakistan.kmz

Čelo uspravne  
antiklinale



Čelo prebačene  
sinklinale





Isječak OGK list Zadar

# Vježba

## Bore na geološkim kartama

Nacrtaj geološku kartu na osnovu priloženog blokdijagrama.

Obojaj kartu, dodaj legendu, oznaku za smjer sjevera, simbole položaja slojeva i geoloških struktura.

