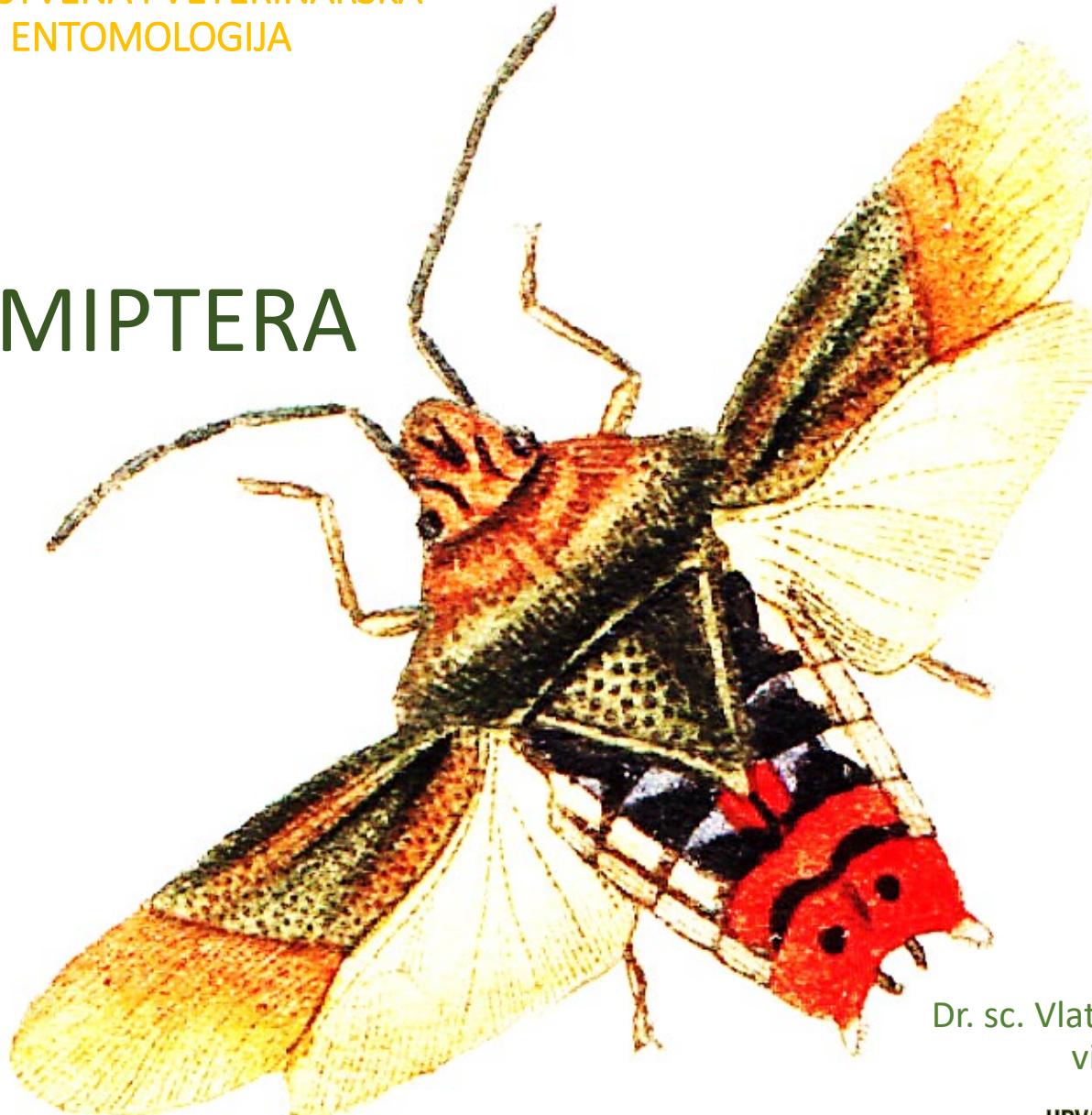


HEMIPTERA



Dr. sc. Vlatka Mičetić Stanković,
viša kustosica

HRVATSKI
PRIRODOSLOVNI
MUZEJ

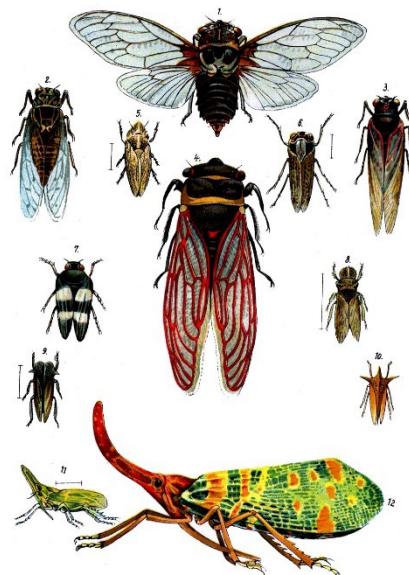


CROATIAN
NATURAL-HISTORY
MUSEUM

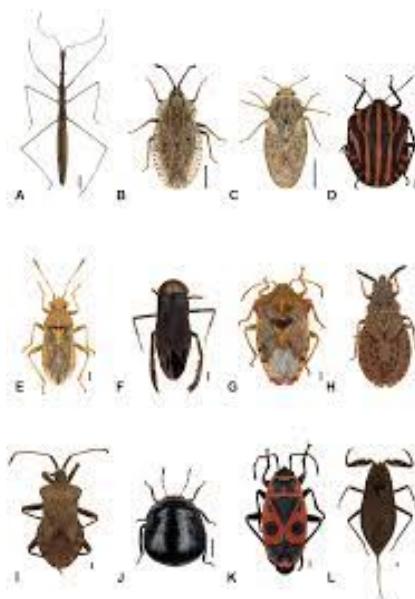
Hemiptera Linnaeus, 1758

~90 000 vrsta unutar 37 porodica

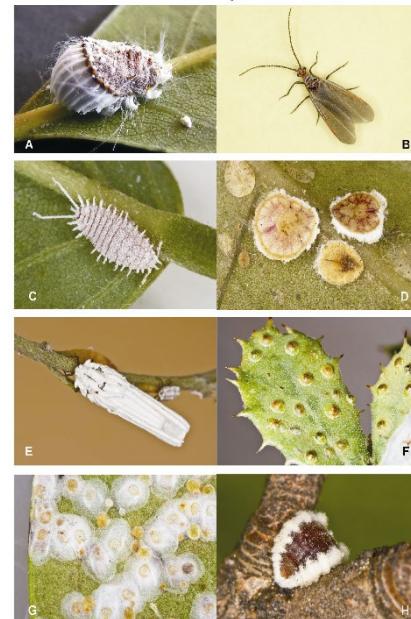
Lat. *hemipterus* – polukrilni



Auchenorrhyncha



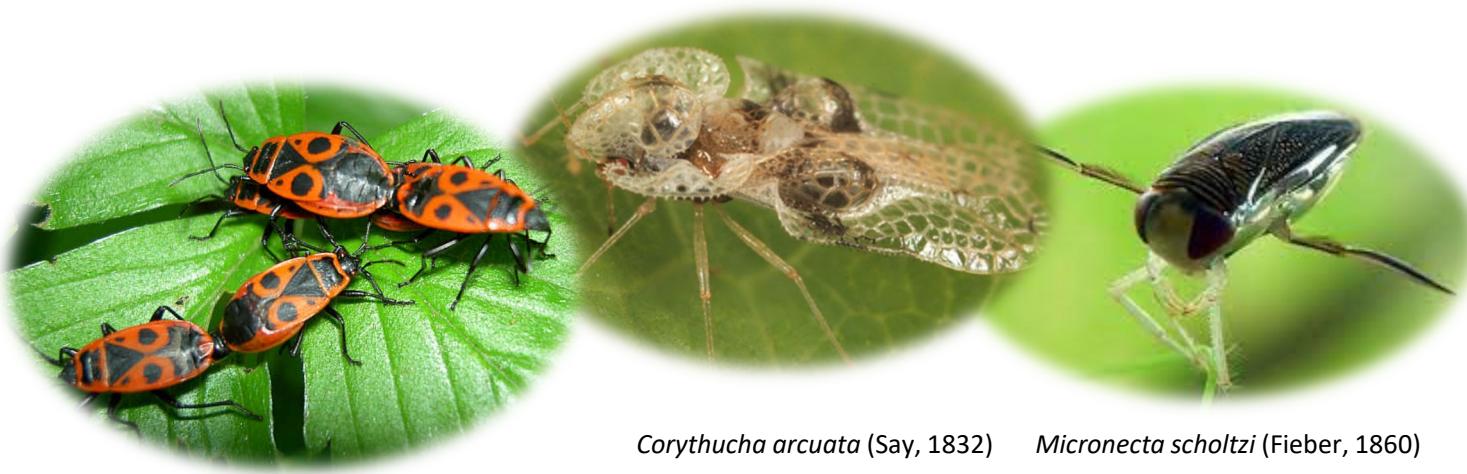
Heteroptera



Sternorrhyncha

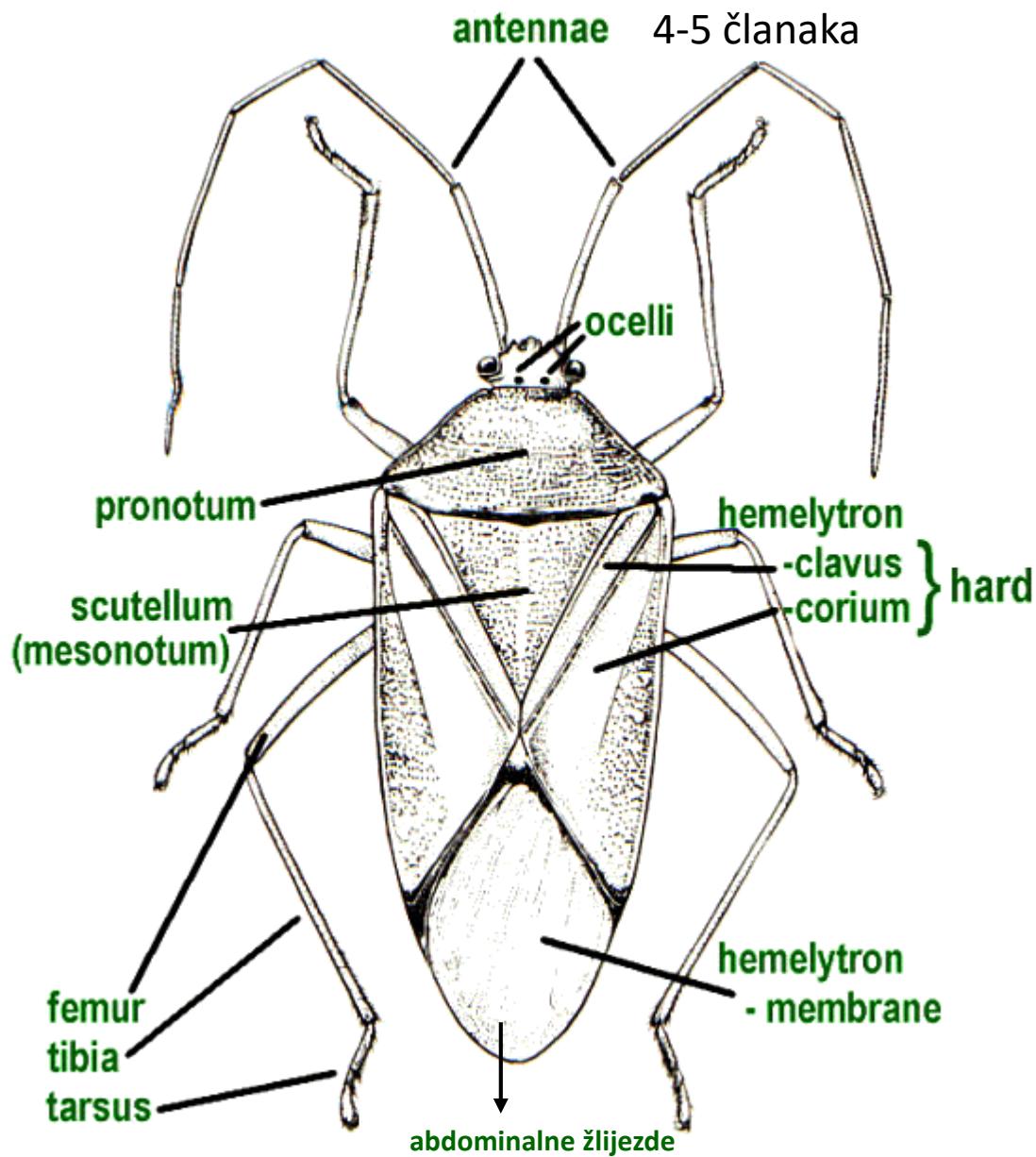
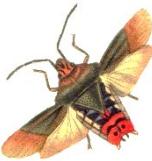


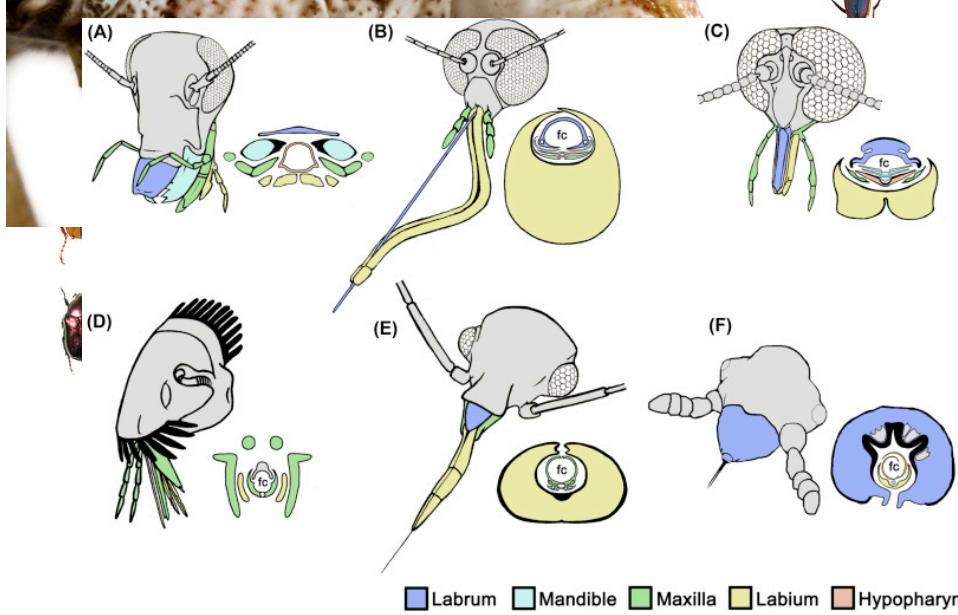
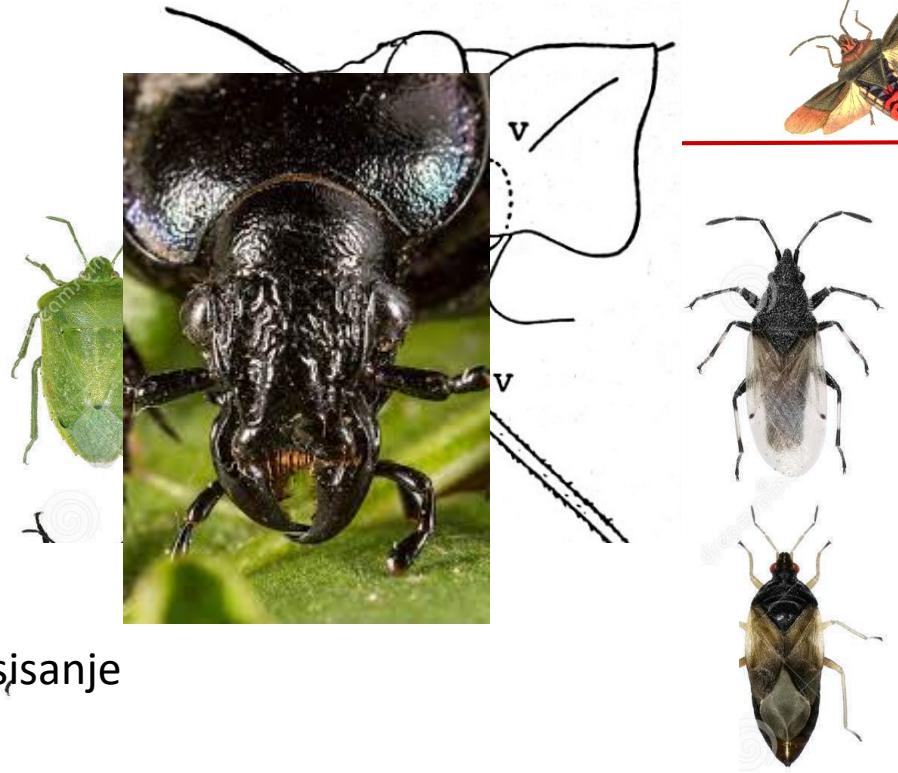
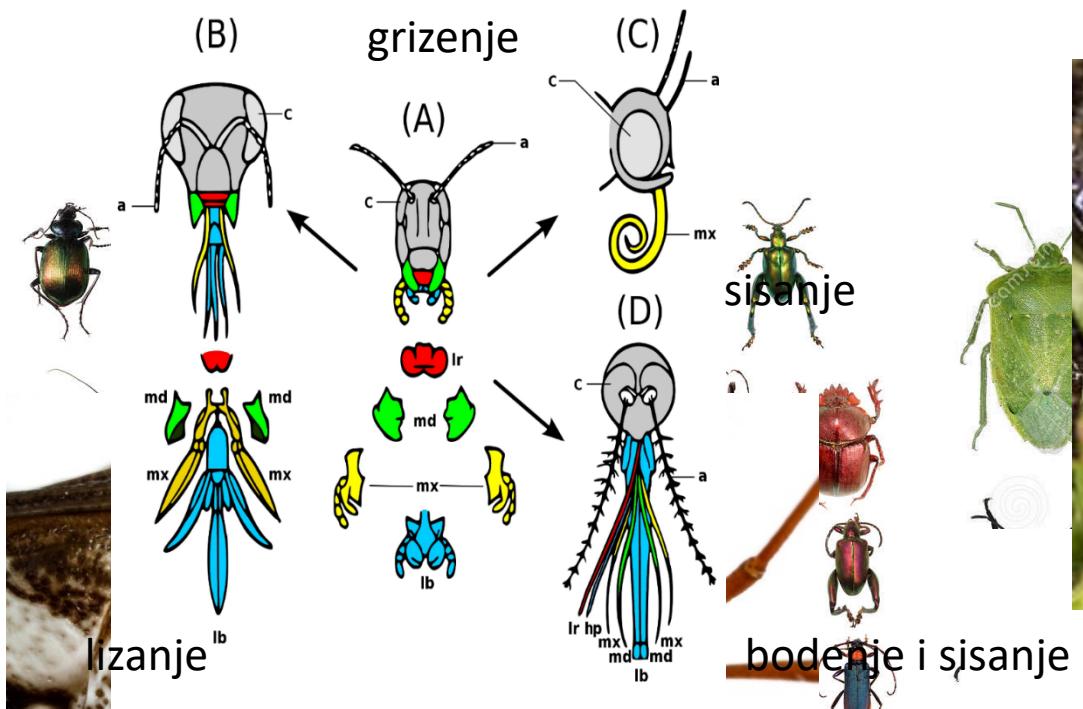
Coleorrhyncha



Pyrrhocoris apterus (Linnaeus, 1758)

Corythucha arcuata (Say, 1832) *Micronecta scholtzi* (Fieber, 1860)





Diagrams of *Meniponous* mouth-parts. Shows the appearance, if it could be seen in perspective, with successive layers removed.

Moguće da se neugodno susretnete sa:



Cicadidae
cvrčci



Cercopidae
pjenuše



Cicadelidae
cikade



Fulgoridae



Membracidae
rogati cvrčci



Belostomatidae – štipavice



Notonectidae - nauznačarke



Holotrichius innesi Horvath, 1909 - neurotoksican i hemotoksičan ubod
Bliski Istok



OD ZDRAVSTVENOG I MEDICINSKOG ZNAČAJA

- ektoparaziti
- obligatori hematofagi

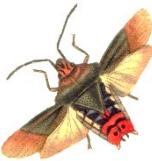


Triatominae (por. Reduviidae)
stjenice ubojice



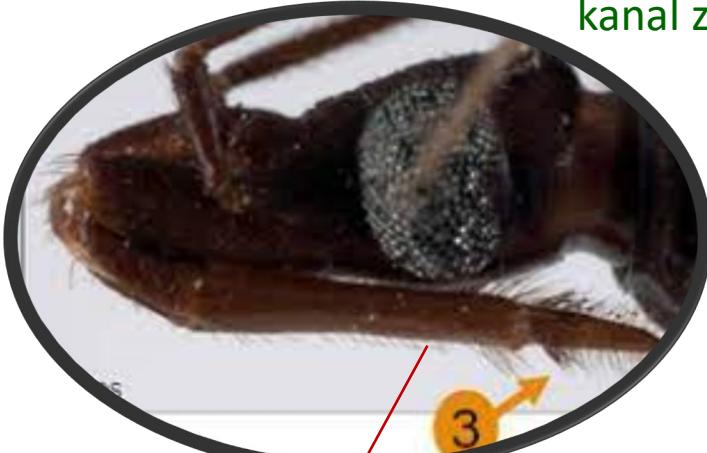
Cimicidae
stjenice cimicidi

Stjenice ubojice – Triatominae (*kissing bugs*)



- 17 rodova, 151 vrsta – Novi Svijet
- 5 – 45 mm veličina tijela
- glava konusnog oblika
- velike oči
- ticala 4 segmenta
- veliko rilce – preobrazba usnih organa

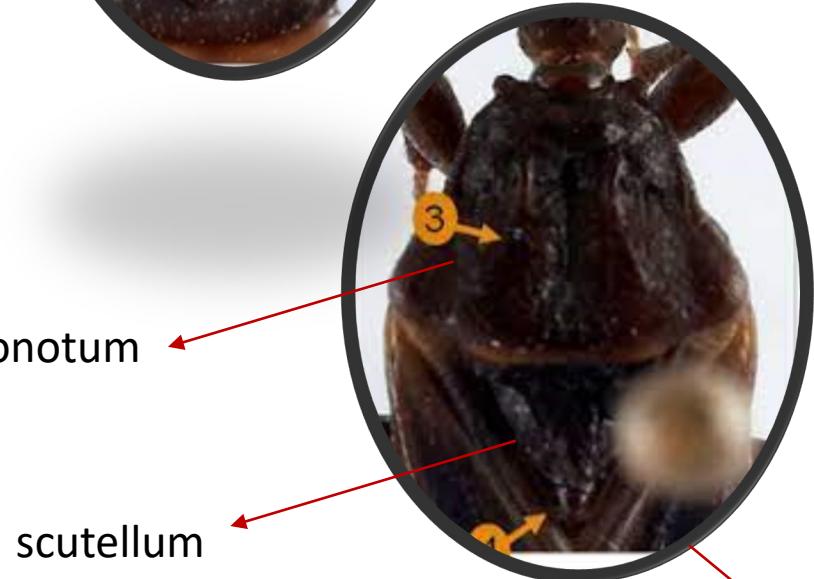
kanal za slinu
kanal za hranu



1. kanal za hranu
2. kanal za slinu



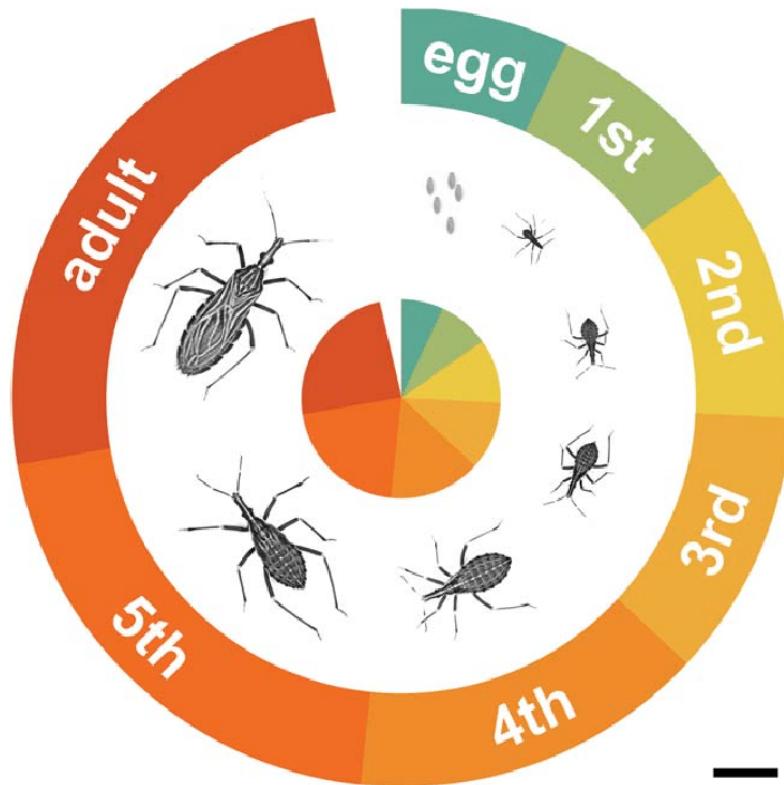
velike fasetirane oči



scutellum

11 kolutića

Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



3 - 4 mjeseca do 1 – 2 godine

nepotpuna preobrazba

NIMFE:

- manje oči
- nema ocella
- nema krila već samo prsni utori

T °C



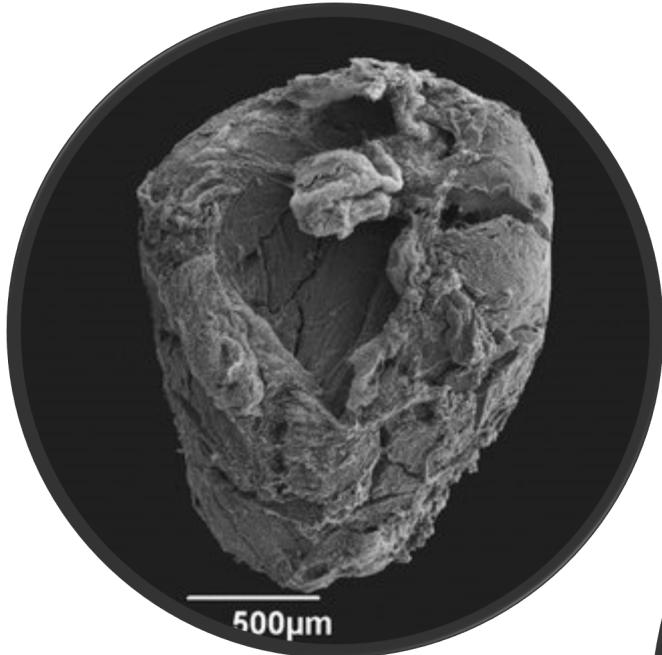
Intervali hranjenja

Domaćin



*Krinsky (2002)

Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



Spermatofor

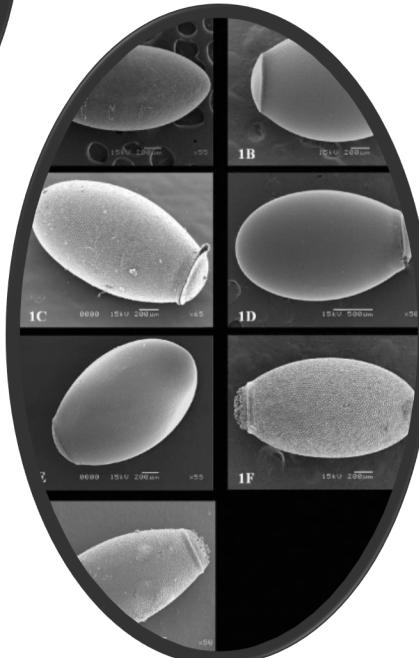
1 – 3 dana nakon zadnjeg presvlačenja



5 – 15'



10 – 30 dana poslige

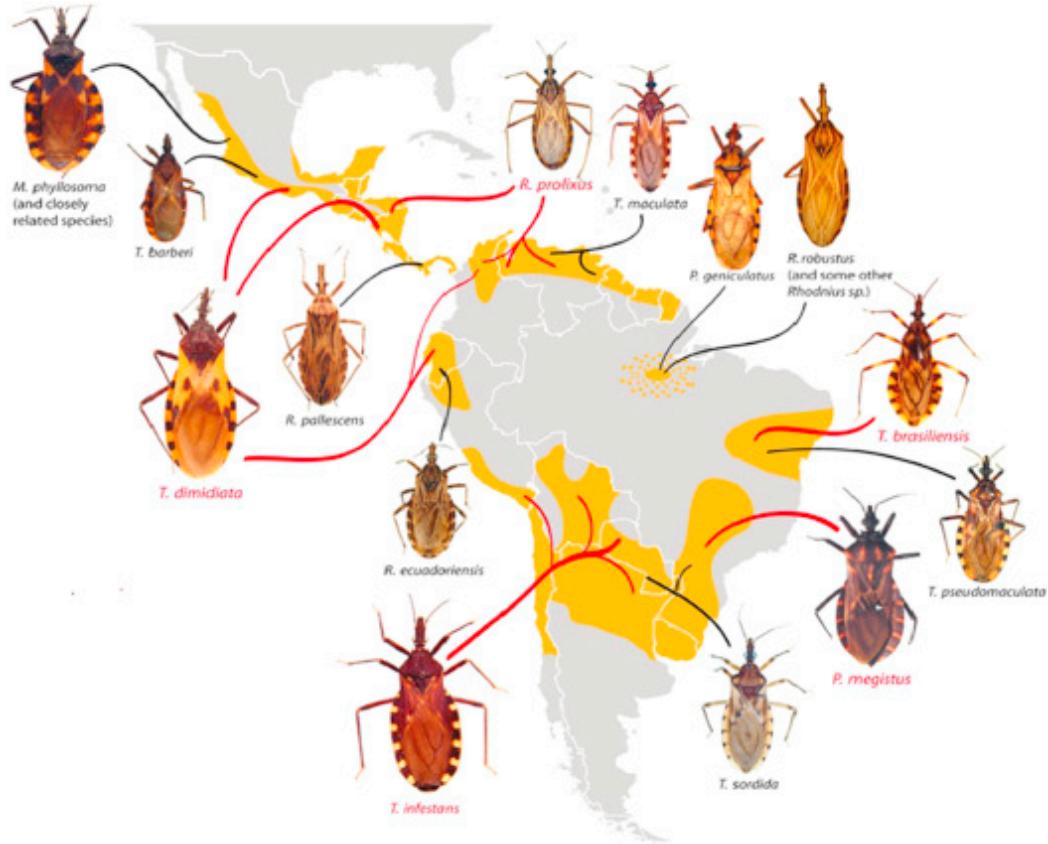


ženka do 1000 jaja tijekom života



*Krinsky (2002)

Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



* Guhl, 2017; Pinto et al. 2015



Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



3 grupe:

1 – silvatičke: gnijezda i jazbine, špilje, trupci, epifiti
gmazovi, šišmiši, oposumi, glodavci

2 – peridomesticilne: domaćini su domaće životinje
kokoši, zečevi, zamorci

3 – domesticilne: isključivo ljudi i njihovi kućni ljubimci



tip staništa

uvjeti u staništu

promjena mesta

....razni materijali, umjetni i prirodni: rupe u zidu, iza slike, madraci, namještaj, roba, posteljina...

- aktivnost noću – *kissing bugs*
- mogu preživjeti mjesecima bez obroka – npr. život u gnijezdima ptica selica
- u prisutnosti domaćina – hranjenje svakih 4 – 9 dana



Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



Hranjenje 3 – 30 '
vrućina
 CO_2
feromoni

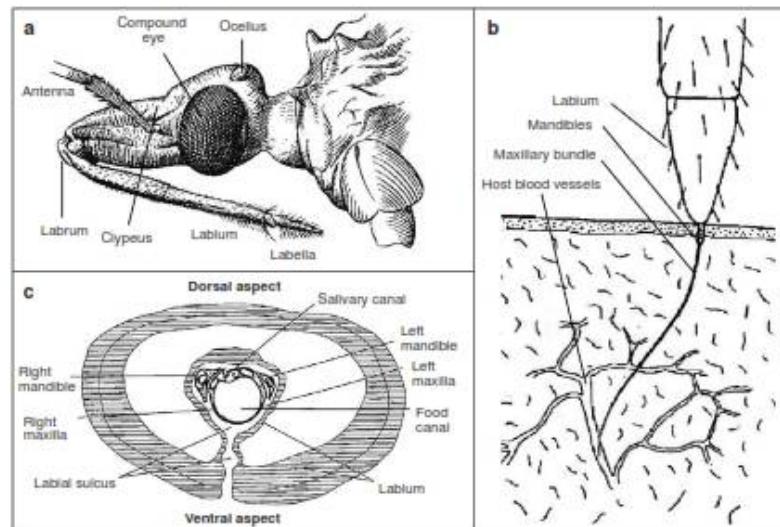


povećanje do 3x tjelesne mase,
kod nimfe do 12x!

Trajanje hranjenja:

- kemijski sastav krvi domaćina
- receptori u abdomenu

... rijetke iritacije kod mjesta uboda...



Antikoagulanti + NO_3 + analgetici

Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



Chagasova bolest

- 1907. Minas Gerais, Brazil
- Američka tripanosomijaza



Triatoma infestans Klug, 1834



Rhodnius prolixus Stål, 1859



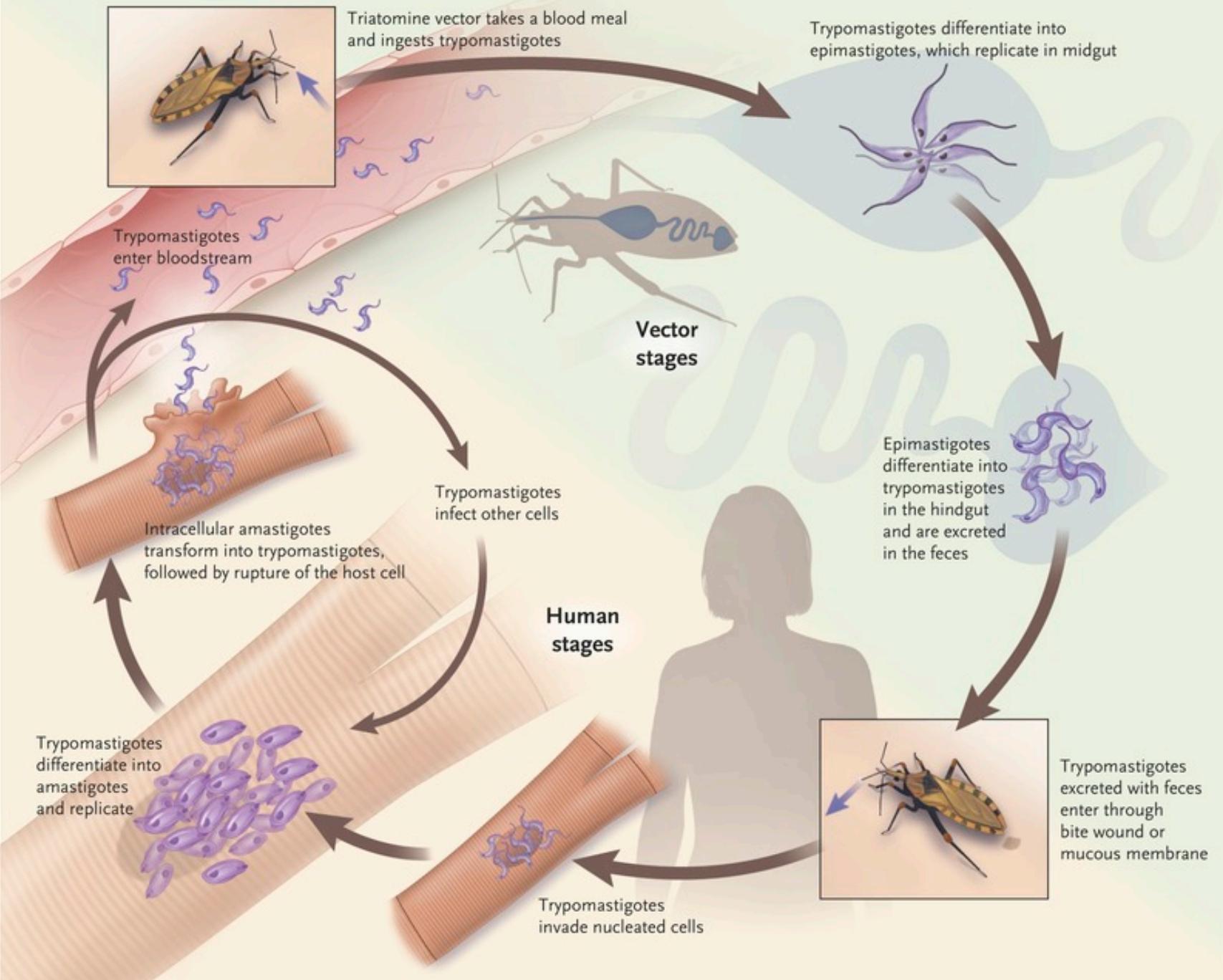
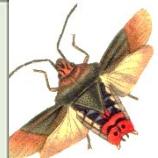
Triatoma dimidiata Klug, 1834



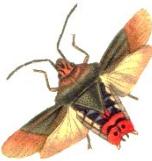
Carlos Chagas (1879 – 1934)



Trypanosoma cruzi Chagas, 1909



Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



Chagasova bolest

Načini zaraze:

fekalna kiša

slučajan kontakt

afrodisijak



Trypansoma cruzi (Usinger 1939)

hranom i
pićem

liječenje

Triatoma barberi Usinger 1939



dojenje

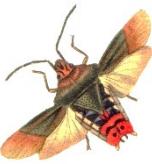
transfuzija krvi



30 dana nakon uginuća domaćina
Trypansoma cruzi je AKTIVNA

*Krinsky (2002)

Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



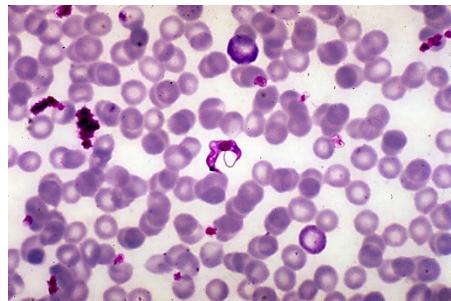
Chagasova bolest

- Akutna (izlječenje 80%)
 - chagoma
 - Romaña znak
 - vrućica
 - povećanje limf. čvorova
 - kožni osip
- miokarditis
- meningoencefalitis
- morbiditet

Dijagnostika:

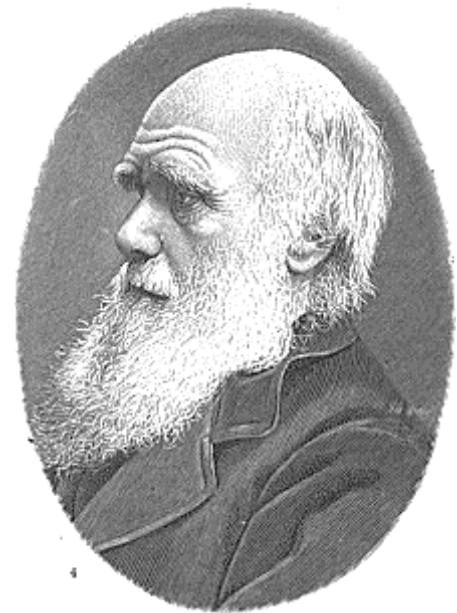
- ✓ analiza krvi
 - ✓ PCR
 - ✓ ELISA test imunofluorescencija IgG antitijela
- ✓ antitijela

XENODIJAGNOZA ——————> LAB. UZGOJ



- Kronična (izlječenje 5 – 20 %)
 - bol u prsima
 - vrtočavica
 - nesvijest
 - tromboembolija
 - insuficijencija srca
 - srčane anomalije
 - konstipacija
 - insomnija
 - iritabilnost
 - neuroza

Dijagnostika:



Charles Darwin (1809 – 1882)



The *Benchuca* bug of Pampas

*Krinsky (2002)



Chagasova bolest

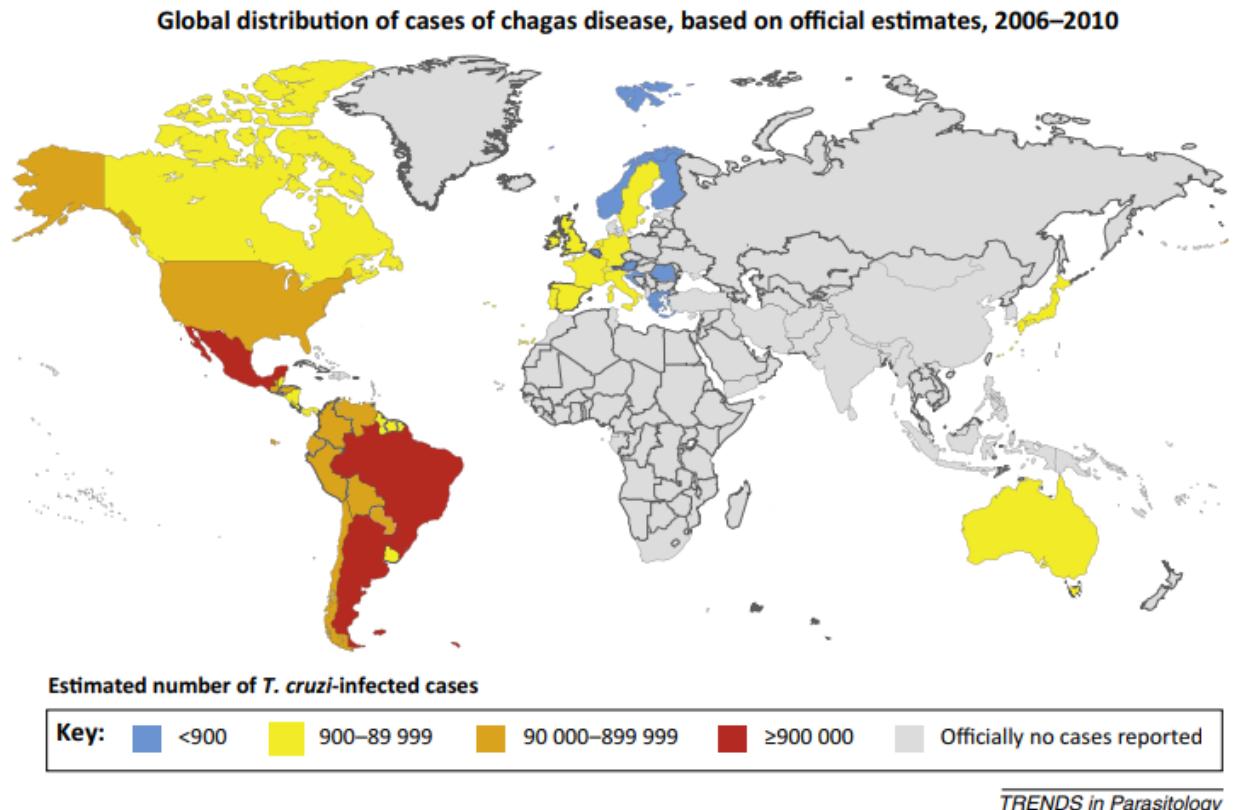


Figure 1. The Global Distribution of Cases of Chagas Disease (CD). Global migration has led to an increasing incidence of CD across the world within regions previously thought to be nonendemic for infection. The spread of CD throughout these areas may be problematic due to the presence of native vectors that may support transmission of infection. Data from [65].

U J. Americi do 5x smrtnost > malarija
30 000 novih slučajeva / godišnje
12 000 smrti / godišnje

The Southern Cone Initiative (Argentina, Bolivija, Brazil, Čile, Paragvaj i Urugvaj)

* Perez et al., 2015

PREVENCIJA:

- insekticidi
- sanitarni standard
- kontrola transfuzije krvi
- alociranje živ. nastambi

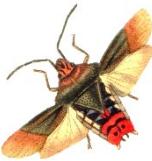
DETAKCIJA:

bijeli papiri po nastambama
senzorne kutije

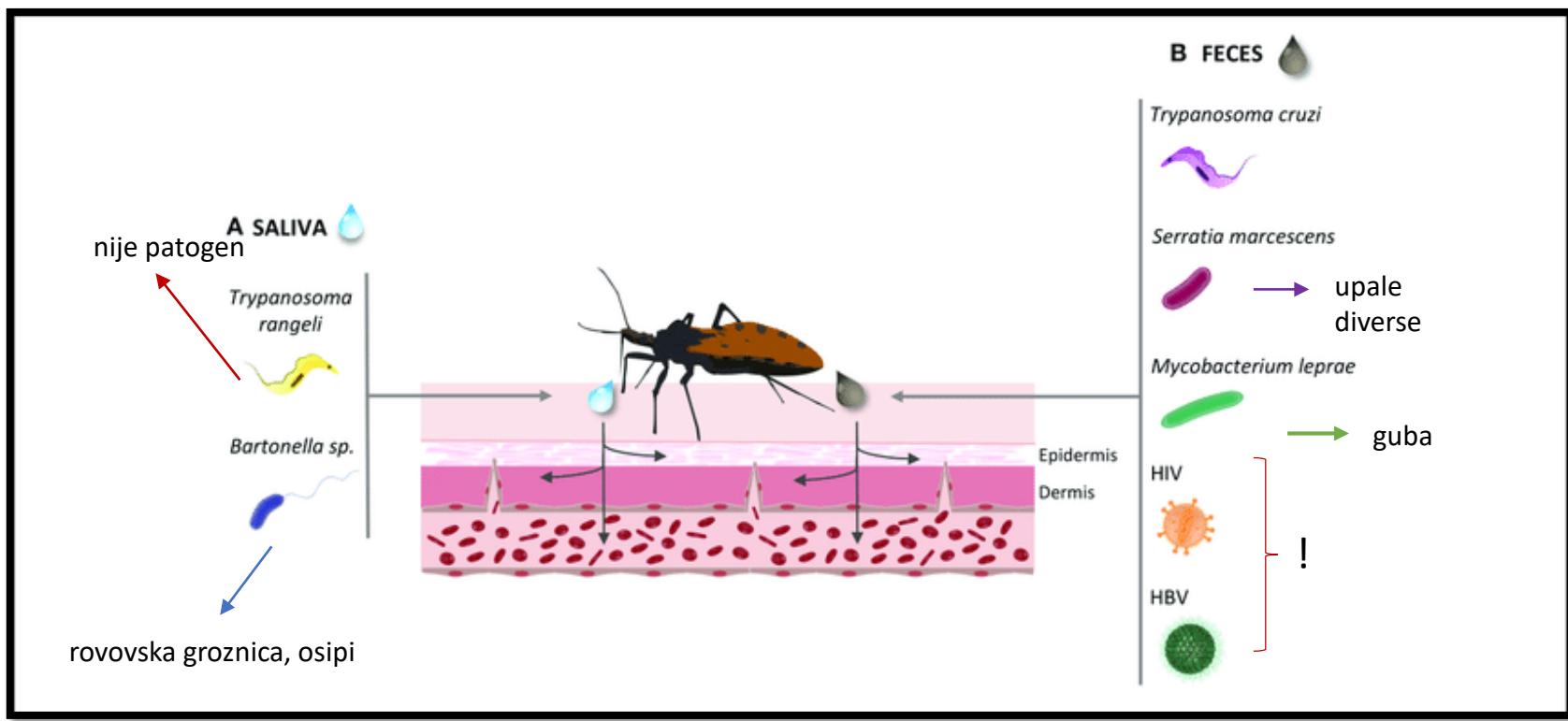
LIJEČENJE:

NIFURTIMOX
BENZNIDAZOLE

Stjenice ubojice - Triatominae



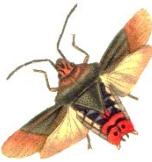
Potencijalni vektori:



Veterinarski značaj:

Sve više pseće tripanosmijaze;
Kokoši- gubitak krvi

Stjenice – Cimicidae (*bed bugs, swallow bugs, bat bugs*)



- 6 potpor.; 23 roda, 91 vrsta
- 5 – 7 mm, 2,5 – 3 mm
- Svi bez krila
- Obligatorni hematofagi ektoparaziti
- ✓ *Cimex lectularius* Linnaeus, 1758 – „krevetna stjenica“

(lat. *Cimex* – kukac; *lectularius* – krevetno)

3 vrste ektoparaziti na čovjeku

Leptocimex boueti (Brumpt, 1910)



umjerena klima

Cimex hemipterus (J.C.Fabricius, 1803)



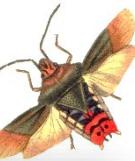
tropi

*Krinsky (2002)

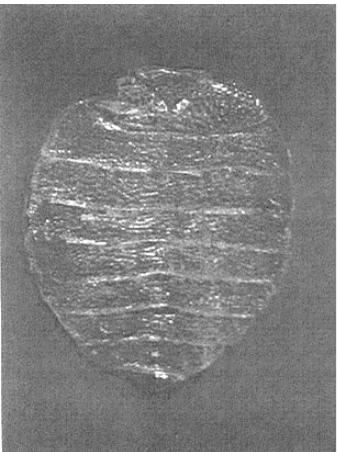


mahogany-flat (Baltimore), *heavy dragoon* (Oxford), *red coat* (New York), *wall louse* (Wandlaus, Wegluis, and Wanze [German]), *Wägglus* (Swedish), *Vaeggelus* (Danish), *Piq-seq* (Chinese), *Chinche* (Old Spanish), *Chinga* (Gallic), *Nachtkrabbler* (night crawler, German), *Tapetenflunder* (wallpaper flounder, German), *Punaise* (stinker, French), *Perceveja* (pursuer, Portuguese), *Lude* (Finnish), *Plostice* (flat, Czech), *klop* (Russian), *bug* (ghost, goblin, British), *Buk* (Arabic), *Fusfus* (Syrian), *Pishpesh* (Hebrew), *Ekukulan* (Douala-Bantu), *Kunguni* (Swahili), *Uddamsa* (biter, Sanskrit), *Rep* (Vietnamese), *Nankinmusi* (Nanking bug, Japanese), and *Tokozirami* (bed louse, Japanese).

Stjenice – Cimicidae (*bed bugs, swallow bugs, bat bugs*)

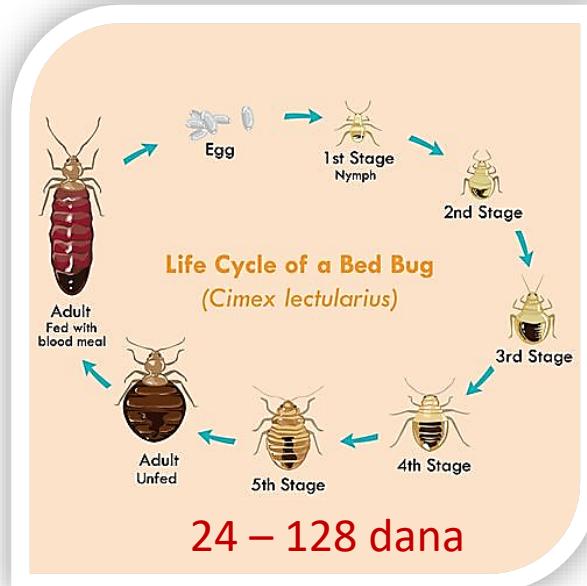


- Bliski Istok – suživot u špiljama sa šišmišima
- Zapisi – stara Grčka 400 god. pr. Kr.



3500 god. pr. Kr. krevetna stjenica s odjeće radnika sela Amama, Egipat

- špilje, nastambe, gnijezda, šupljina drveta
- papir, drvo, tekstil



30 – 18 °C idealni uvjeti

5 – 6 mj. bez hrane



Stjenice – Cimicidae (*bed bugs, swallow bugs, bat bugs*)



- fototaksija



CO₂

antikoagulant + NO₃

27 ljudskih patogena potencijalno mogu preživjeti u stjenicama



Simptomi infestacije:

- ✓ bol i oteklina
- ✓ gubitak krvi
- ✓ anafilaksa
- ✓ erythema
- ✓ anemija
- ✓ neuroza
- ✓ insomnija
- ✓ iritabilnost
- ✓ paranoja



buga

stjenica



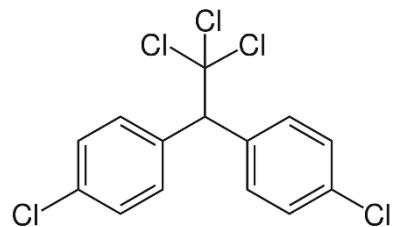
Stjenice – Cimicidae (*bed bugs, swallow bugs, bat bugs*)



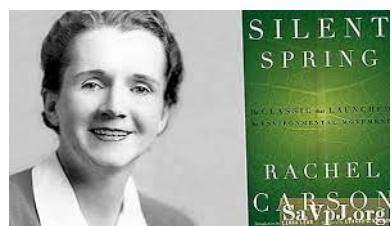
!!rezistencija!!

bihevioralna
fiziološka

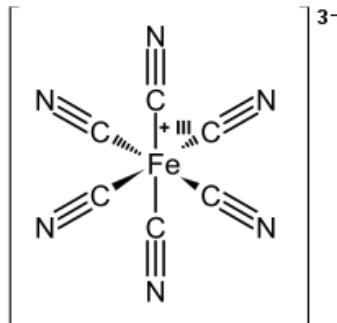
!!povećanje populacija!!



diklor-difenil-trikloretan
DDT



Rachel Carson (1907 – 1964)



hidrocijanid

Veterinarska važnost

- štete u peradarstvu

INDIKACIJA – fekalne mrlje
lezije kože
smanjena produkcija jaja

kemijska + mehanička kontrola

piretroidi

vakumiranje
izolacija inf. materijala

Stjenice – Cimicidae (*bed bugs, swallow bugs, bat bugs*)



Ponekad se ljudima hrane i:

- ✓ Lastavičja
- ✓ Šišmiševa
- ✓ Meksička kokošja stjenica



CO_2 klopke

Stjenice – Cimicidae (*bed bugs, swallow bugs, bat bugs*)



Danas svjedočimo SIGNIFIKANTNOM povećanju populacija diljem Sviljeta

REUTERS

World Business Markets Breakingviews Video

HEALTHCARE & PHARMA OCTOBER 27, 2010 / 8:53 PM / UPDATED 11 YEARS AGO

NY bedbug epidemic spreads to the United Nations

By Reuters Staff

2 MIN READ



UNITED NATIONS (Reuters) - New York City's bedbug epidemic has spread to yet another landmark in the city that never sleeps -- the United Nations, officials of the world organization said on Wednesday.

The pests appeared at places like the Empire State Building and Bloomingdale's before reaching the city's center of international diplomacy on the East Side of Manhattan.

The U.N. press office said a bedbug-sniffing dog had confirmed the presence of bedbugs in furniture in the basement of the Dag Hammarskjold Library, where the offices of the team overseeing the U.N. headquarters' \$1.9 billion renovation project are housed.

Bedbugs have joined the United Nations, again

By Margarita Noriega | margarita@voxy.com | Jun 24, 2015, 1:50pm EDT

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A bedbug joins the United Nations. | Getty



What Glenn Youngkin's Virginia win means for Democrats

MOST READ

NEW YORK

Bed Bugs Found At Bloomingdale's



By Danny Shea

1/28/2010 05:12am EST | Updated May 25, 2011



BLOODSUCKERS | JAN. 5, 2011

Intelligencer

Waldorf Astoria Bedbugs Drove Woman to Madness

By Jessica Pressler



Unlike the last two people who have filed suit against the Waldorf Astoria hotel, claiming they were attacked by bedbugs in their sleep, Svetlana Tendler did not bring the critters back to her home in Michigan. Her fate was worse. Not only did she suffer a "fungal face infection" and — good god — "severe facial folliculitis" related to the bites, but it ruined her vacation to Bermuda. And it also drove her *insane*.

"For the last 3 years I tried to recover from the bed bugs incident and forget about it," Tendler says. "But I felt like something very important was taken from my life that night and was never returned. I felt like I was eaten alive by bed bugs which have attacked my body." Her lawyer adds, "My client is terrified of staying at hotels after the incident and always carries bed bug spray, a magnifying glass and a flashlight to help her locate bed bugs whenever she is forced to stay at hotels. Mrs. Tendler developed anxiety and sleep disorders. She is always scared that she might bring bed bugs back to her family home after staying at a hotel."

My Week in New York

A week-in-review newsletter from the people who make New York

Enter your email

SIGN UP



BED BUGS DON'T DISCRIMINATE AGAINST FIVE STAR HOTELS

It's a universal truth that there is some risk of encountering bed bugs while you are travelling and staying in high traffic areas like hotels and hostels. Bed bugs can be found in nearly every region of the world and all fifty states in the U.S. There are, however, some common misconceptions about the types of places you might find bed bugs, and what that says about the places they're found.

BED BUGS DON'T DISCRIMINATE AGAINST CLEAN HOTELS

Assuming you are safe from bed bugs simply because your hotel room is clean is a mistake. The idea that bed bugs are attracted to dirty rooms is a misconception. In fact, bed bugs are drawn to three main things: warmth, blood, and carbon dioxide. While cleanliness is certainly a good start to catching in potential bed bug infestations, it is not a foolproof way of prevention. Bed bugs don't discriminate against high class hotels either. From five star hotels to run down hostels, these pests can be found wherever their hosts take them.

Five star hotels 'infested' with BED BUGS after major surge in blood-sucking insects across New York City

- Reports of bed bugs in New York hotels have increased by 44 per cent
- Even plush hotels such as the five star Waldorf Astoria have been affected
- Bed bugs were virtually wiped out following the Second World War
- Entomologists have warned that bed bugs now have pesticide immunity

By DARREN BOYLE FOR MAILONLINE

PUBLISHED: 11:26 GMT, 9 February 2016 | UPDATED: 16:26 GMT, 9 February 2016

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Tourists visiting some of New York's most prestigious hotels have reported being bitten by bed bugs despite their five star surroundings.

Guests at the Waldorf Astoria and Marriott Marquis hotel are among those to have been affected by the infestation. Reports of bed bugs in the city's hotels have jumped by 44 per cent over the past year.

According to the Bed Bug Registry, which lists reports of alleged incidents, there are almost 6,000 incidents in their databases relating to New York.



Reports of bed bugs in New York hotels have increased by more than 40 per cent between 2014 and 2015



2019-01-13 Hitchhiking Bed bugs

Hitchhiking BED BUGS infest Quad-Cities, the world

THE last time you traveled, were you careful about what you packed? If so, you may have brought along a few hitchhikers. These tiny, wingless insects have been spreading across the globe, infesting homes and hotels. In fact, they're so good at hitching a ride that they've become a major pest in the Quad-Cities.

The infestation of bed bugs here began in 2005, when a single female bug was found in a room at the Quad-City Convention Center. Since then, the insects have spread to nearly every hotel and motel in the area. They're also infesting homes, dormitories, restaurants, movie theaters and even public transportation. In fact, they've become so prevalent that they're now considered a major pest in the United States.

"Bed bugs are a significant problem in the Quad-Cities," says Dr. Lewis, a pest control expert. "They're not just a nuisance; they can also cause skin irritation and even allergic reactions. That's why it's important to know how to prevent them from getting into your home or office."

"We have a crisis," Lewis says. "There are more than 100,000 cases of bed bug infestation in the United States alone. And that number is growing rapidly. It's estimated that bed bugs are now the most common pest in the United States."

So what can you do to prevent bed bugs from getting into your home or office? Here are some tips:

- Avoid traveling with luggage. If you must travel, make sure your suitcase is clean and free of any debris.
- Check your luggage for signs of bed bugs before you leave. If you see any, don't bring them home.
- Use a bed bug detector. These devices can help you identify bed bugs in your home or office.
- Keep your home clean. Bed bugs are attracted to dirty, cluttered areas.
- Avoid sitting on upholstered furniture. Bed bugs can easily crawl onto your clothing and then onto your skin.
- Use a bed bug repellent. There are many effective repellents available on the market.
- If you suspect you have a bed bug infestation, contact a professional pest control company for help.

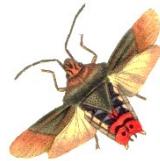


Lewis is a pest control expert.

Photo by Michael R. Lewis



Što donosi sutra?

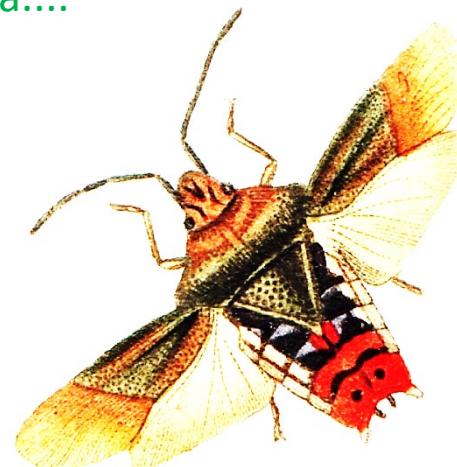


...ako se pandemija nastavi – ozbiljne posljedice – turizam i ekonomija

...troškovi od mlrd dolara – zamjena velike količine elektroničke opreme (kompjuteri, televizori, radio..) namještaja i tekstila iz kućanstva

...veća potrošnja energije – minimalno pranje tekstila na 60 °C ...

....povećana uporaba toksičnih kemikalija te povećana količina otpada....



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