

1. GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE STUDY PROGRAMME								
1.1. Name of the study programme	GRADUATE UNIVERSITY STUDY IN GEOGRAPHY; COURSE: RESEARCH							
1.2. Provider(s) of the study programme	Dept. of Geography of the Faculty of Science, University of Zagreb							
1.3. Type of study programme	Vocational study programme		University study programme X					
1.4. Level of study programme	Undergraduate		Graduate	Х	Integrated		Postgraduate specialist	
1.5. Manner of implementation of the study programme	Classical	x	Mixed (Classical + online)		Online in entirety			
1.6. Academic/vocational title earned at completion of study	Master of Geogra	phy						

2. INTRODUCTION	
2.1. Reasons for starting the study programme	On the basis of official approval granted in 2005, the Dept. of Geography of the Faculty of Science of the University of Zagreb has been conducting a Graduate Research Study Programme in Geography since the 2008/2009 academic year with the following specialisations: Physical Geography and Geo-ecology, Spatial Planning and Regional Development, Cultural Heritage and Tourism and Geographic Information Systems. By way of the process of self-evaluation of teaching based on procedures that derive from the quality management system at the University of Zagreb (university student surveys, evaluation of study as a whole, questionnaires on study completion), the need has been identified for changes and augmentation of the study programme with the objective of improving the competences demanded on the labour market and in the life-long education of the graduating students. The changes were made with the approval of the Faculty Council, the Quality Management Board and the Senate of the University of Zagreb. As one of the basis developmental resources of Croatia, the spatial aspect is the responsibility of all of its citizens. With the objective of optimal valorisation of spatial resources in keeping with the postulates of sustainable development, the activities of the Croatian academic community are of key importance, particularly in that part in which space is the fundamental object and/or the thematic research framework. Just because of its research object (the geo-spatial system), the appropriate methodology applied (multiplicative interaction between elements of the spatial system, spatial analysis-synthesis) and work technique, geography as the eminent geo-spatial science occupies an inescapably prominent place in planning, managing and evaluating space in keeping with the postulates of sustainable development. The graduate study of Physical Geography with Geo-ecology is orientated towards acquiring cognition of the cause-and-effect connections within and between elements of the natural base and social superstructur



aspects, is very important today in spatial organisation and management from the aspect of sustainable development and from the aspect of natural threat evaluation as a consequence of climate change and anthropogenic activity. Numerous oversights with irreparable consequences have occurred in practice to date in the Republic of Croatia's spatial management at the national, regional and local level, often due to an absence of interdisciplinary approach application in spatial and regional planning. Accountability has also been absent in the treatment of space as a limited resource. Because of its holistic approach to the spatial system that unifies multiplicative interactions between the elements of the spatial system (spatial analysis - synthesis) and the work technique, geography, as the eminent geo-spatial science, occupies a special place in planning, managing and evaluating space in keeping with the principles of sustainable development. For the reasons given, we are educating specialists in our graduate study programme who will be able, with the geographical knowledge and practical skills acquired, to respond in cooperation with specialists from other professions to the contemporary challenges of regional and spatial planning, implementing the spatial-planning experience and practice of the member states of the European Union with the objective of achieving balanced regional development. Analyses of the situation to date indicate that tourism is not merely one of the key, underpinning branches of the Croatian economy but also an activity that greatly contributes to the positive image of Croatia in Europe and throughout the world. The need constantly imposes itself to enrich the Croatian tourism offer by creating new tourist products, so that the syntagma of Croatia as a tourist country in its entirety could really come alive in practice. Its diversity, beauty and state of environmental preservation together with the exceptionally valuable material and nonmaterial, cultural and historical and ethnographic heritage are among the most important factors of attraction of Croatian tourism. The significance of heritage as an increasingly important basis of Croatia's tourist offer will continue to grow under conditions of globalisation. And the natural and cultural-historical heritages are a deeply entrenched spatial category that the Croatians have inherited from their forebears, recognised as ongoing assets that need to be both protected and evaluated optimally and, finally, passed on as assets, but also as a developmental resource for future generations. Students educated in the Cultural Heritage and Tourism specialisation can carry out assignments connected with functional and sustainable implementation of natural and cultural heritage as a tourist product. Today, almost all information has its spatial dimension. Many occupations on the Croatian labour market are linked with spatial organisation and management; therefore, there is a need for education of specialists who will, along with the help of contemporary technologies, competently collect, process, interpret and organise spatial information with the aid of their professional know-how and practical skills. GIS specialists trained in the Geographical Information Systems specialisation are able to perform assignments linked with spatial management and spatial resources such as: the use of geo-information systems for application in regional and spatial planning, public administration, traffic, energy, the telecommunications industry, commercial undertakings and particularly in the management of natural resources and environmental protection.





	In the hope that by way of geographical occupations, capabilities and skills we contribute optimally to spatial development as one of the key economic resources of Croatia in the future, we believe that the proposed Graduate University Study in Geography is essential in the network of institutions of advanced learning and study programmes in the Republic of Croatia, in order that our profession, too, make its contribution to a qualitative and quantitative step forward in higher education.
2.2. Assessment of the study programme's usefulness relative to the demand in the labour market in the public and private sectors	Depending on the completed specialisation, Masters of Geography who complete Graduate University Study in Geography shall attain the knowledge and skills for employment in State administration bodies (the Ministry of the Economy, Ministry of Regional Development and European Union Funds, Ministry of Tourism, Ministry of Culture, Ministry of Environmental Protection and Nature, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and European Affairs, Ministry of Maritime Affairs, Traffic and Infrastructure, Ministry of Defence ) and local government and self-government entities, companies involved in spatial management (Croatian Water, Croatian Forests, Croatian Roads ), institutes of spatial planning and design, cadastral offices, tourism organisations (national, regional and local), tourism subjects (hotels and other accommodation capacities, tour operators, tourist agencies), institutions for cultural and historical heritage protection, cultural institutions, public nature protection institutions (e.g. national parks, nature parks, public institutions engaged in protected natural assets management), companies authorised to draw up tourism development plans and programmes, statistical institutes (State, county, municipal), developmental agencies and enterprises connected with drawing up project documentation for the EU, cartographic and geo-informational institutions, the Croatian Army, scientific and higher-education institutions, particularly those involved in spatial management, lexicography, publishing, the media, etc.
2.3. Compatibility of the study programme with the University mission and the strategy of the proposer, as well as with the strategy statement of the network of higher education institutions.	This study programme expands the possibility of connection through various graduate studies with other integral parts of the University of Zagreb and with other universities in Croatia, but also in the EU. The proposed programme has been coordinated with the development strategy of the University of Zagreb (the ISKORAK 2001 initiative), the Research Strategy of the University of Zagreb 2008-2013, the Act on Advanced Education, the Bologna Declaration, and the Strategic Development Plan of the Faculty of Science [the PMF] of 2008 and with other documents connected with science and higher education. The proposed study programme has been coordinated with the network of institutions of higher learning and study programmes in the Republic of Croatia (the NVVO – the National Council for Higher Education).
2.4. Comparability of the study programme with other accredited programmes in higher education institutions in the Republic of Croatia and EU countries (name two programmes at most, of which one is from an EU country, and compare it with the proposed programme (provide internet	<ul> <li>Graduate University Study of Applied Geography – single subject, University of Zadar, Department of Geography, <u>http://www.unizd.hr/geografija/Studijskiprogrami/tabid/422/Default.aspx</u></li> <li>Second-Level University Master's Programme in Geography – with the specialisations: the Environment in Physical</li> </ul>



addresses of the programmes)	Geography, Regional Planning in Urban-Rural Studies, Political Geography, Geography of Tourism, Applicable Geo-
	Information Systems, University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Philosophy, Dept. of Geography, http://geo.ff.uni-lj.si/2-
	stopnja-geografija
	The proposed programme enables the mobility of students during study with the recommendation and supervision of
	coordinators and application of the ECTS grading scale.
	It should be emphasised that even up until now the Faculty of Science has stimulated and facilitated the mobility of
	students. In 1992, the Faculty of Science achieved de facto equalisation of the graduate level in the former
	undergraduate study with the Master's level (MSc) in study programmes at various European and non-European
	countries. On the basis of its own experience (1988), the Faculty of Science accepted the role in 1999 of a pilot-
	project institution for the university project introducing ECTS grades, and introduced the ECTS grading scale in all its
	departments. The Faculty of Science was among the first faculties to introduce the Supplemental Diploma (1998) and
	Appendix according to ERASMUS.
	In accordance with that, it has achieved mobility in its Geography programmes to date, primarily of non-Croatian
	students and lecturers. In the entire Faculty of Science, the Dept. of Geography leads the way in the mobility of its
	students going abroad and students coming from abroad. As part of the ERASMUS and CEEPUS projects, an
	average of some ten students come to the Department, while some lifteen students from the Department of
2.5. Openness of the study programme to	Geography leave for other universities at the same time.
student mobility (horizontal, vertical in the	operation already exists:
Republic of Croatia, and international)	• the Dept of Geography University of Zadar
	<ul> <li>the Dept. of Geography, of the Faculty of Philosophy. University of Liubliana</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Eaculty of Philosophy University of Maribor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Faculty of Science and Educational Sciences, University of Mostar (Bosnia-Herzegovina)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Entropy Lorand University, Budapest (Hungary)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Institute of Karst Research, Postoina (Slovenia)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Technical University of Dortmund, Eaculty of Regional and Spatial Planning (Germany)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the Leibniz Institute of Geography Leipzig (Germany)</li> </ul>
	• the Institute of Coography of the Equility of Science at Detadem (Cormony)
	the University of Netural Resources, Vispas (Austria)
	<ul> <li>the University of Natural Resources, Vienna (Austria)</li> <li>the Institute of Coography and Spatial Diagning. St College University (Switzerland)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the institute of Geography and Spatial Planning, St Gallen University (Switzerland)</li> <li>the Environment Control Longester University (UK)</li> </ul>
	the Environment Centre, Lancaster University (UK)     the Occurational Occuration in Centre, Lancaster University of Occurations (UK)
	<ul> <li>the Countryside and Community Research Unit, University of Gloucestershire (UK)</li> </ul>



the Physical Geography Laboratory and the Environmental Centre, Blaise Pascal University and Limoges     Liniversity (France)
<ul> <li>the Institute of Geography, Bulgarian Academy of Science, Sofia (Bulgaria)</li> </ul>
The Dept. of Geography has also successfully implemented the mobility of its lecturers and associates with the aim of research and continuous advanced learning, and the exchange of experience in the preparation of new projects. At least two university lecturers from abroad take part in teaching at the Dept. of Geography every year. The vertical mobility of students is achieved through the openness of degree study to students from other departments of the Faculty of Science, other faculties within the University of Zagreb and from other universities in Croatia and from abroad. In relation to the number of students who continue their studies at the graduate level, and who have finished study at a preceding level at some other faculty, the Dept. of Geography is the leading department at the Faculty of Science. For example, from a total of 1 enrolled student at the entire Faculty of Science, 7 were enrolled in the Dept. of Geography. We expect a further increase in the vertical mobility of students with the newly proposed manner of enrolment in graduate study.
Connection with the local community can be seen in the training of specialists who have contributed with their work and social activity to the overall quality of life of all citizens after completing the programme. Students establish closeness with the local community through their practical work, especially with economic subjects and civil society institutions.
The proposed graduate study programme has been coordinated with the Statute of the Croatian Geographical Society – the umbrella professional society of geographers in Croatia.
<ul> <li>Since 2008 when the Graduate University Study of Geography was initiated, numerous partners have expressed concrete interest in this study programme, for example, through co-operation within the framework of student practical work, joint realisation of field teaching programmes and readiness to co-operate with students when compiling their graduate theses and other research.</li> <li>Public sector partners:</li> <li>scientific and higher education institutions</li> <li>State education agencies (AZOO, ASOO, NCVVO)</li> <li>State administration bodies and local government and self-government entities</li> <li>institutes of spatial planning and design</li> <li>developmental agencies linked with the drawing up of project documentation for the EU</li> <li>statistical institutions (national parks, nature parks, public institutions managing protected natural assets)</li> <li>cultural and historical heritage protection institutes</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>lexicography</li> <li>tourist organisations (e.g. city/municipal, county and State tourism communities)</li> <li>spatial management and economic exploitation companies (Croatian Water, Croatian Forests, Croatian Roads)</li> <li>the Croatian Army</li> <li>the media</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Private sector partners:</li> <li>private planning companies</li> <li>cartographic and geo-information companies</li> <li>publishing</li> <li>tourist organisations and subjects</li> <li>companies engaged in the drawing up of project documentation for the EU</li> <li>companies authorised to draw up plans and programmes of tourism development</li> <li>scientific and higher education institutions</li> <li>the media</li> </ul>
	We expect our close co-operation with the above partners to continue to our mutual satisfaction.
2.9. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	The Dept. of Geography is proud of its long tradition at the Faculty of Science, which it has been developing since its foundation. Particularly prominent in that process has been its bridging role between the natural sciences and the social sciences. The proposal of Graduate Study at the Dept. of Geography has been attuned to that role.

3. GENERAL INFORMATION	
3.1. Scientific/artistic area of the study programme	Interdisciplinary area of science – the field of Geography
3.2. Duration of the study programme (is there an option of distance learning, part-time studying, etc.)	2 years (4 semesters)
3.3. The minimum number of ECTS required for completion of study	120
3.4. Enrolment requirements and admission procedure	Candidates who have completed University Undergraduate Study of Geography, specialising in Physical Geography with Geo-ecology and students who have completed University Undergraduate Study of Ecological Science are entitled to enrolment on the basis of an enrolment competition without additional conditions. Such candidates are entered into a rank-list according to their average grades in all the subjects passed (calculated to the third decimal point).



	Candidates who have completed University Undergraduate Study of similar and other sciences are entitled to
	submission to the classification procedure if their average grades in all the subjects passed during study was at least
	3.5. Prior to enrolment in the appropriate Graduate Study specialisation programme the candidates must sit for and
	pass differentiation subjects up to total encumbrance of up to 60 ECTS scale grades.
	The outcomes of learning differ in each of the four specialisations in the Graduate Study of Geography:
	Physical Geography with Geo-ecology Specialisation:
	Professional knowledge, capabilities and skills:
	Familiarity with and the capability to apply the theoretical approaches and the methodology of Physical Geography.
	Analysis of geographical influences on climate extremes and climate changes Analysis and evaluation of climatic influences in the natural and geographical and socio-geographical environment
	Analysis of hydrometrical data, the outflow regime and calculation of the water balance
	Evaluation of water as a key element in sustainable development
	Application of geomorphological methods in research and mapping
	Analysis of geomorphological processes and evaluation of relief forms
	Knowledge and analysis of the geomorphological, hydrographic and micro-climatic specificities of karst
	Knowledge of environmental history and, particularly, examples of significant modifications
3.5. Learning outcomes of the study programme	Geo-ecological analysis, planning and evaluation of landscape
(name 15-50 learning outcomes)	Knowledge of the application of sustainable management principles and nature and environmental protection
	Knowledge, capabilities and skills in analysis and evaluation of the natural base in the compilation of spatial and
	regional plans, specialist foundations, studies of environmental influences and other documentation
	Cognitive capabilities and skills:
	Identification and solution of highly complex spatial issues
	Identification and analysis of phenomena and processes that are crucial for the stability of the geo-system
	Interpretation of relevant and actual geographic phenomena and processes and specialist discussion on the same.
	Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of information and data
	Presentation and argumentation of scientific content
	Application of appropriate survey procedures in practice
	Practical capabilities and skills:
	Skills in preparation and performance of field work





Measurement of climatic elements
Measurement and calculation of hydrographic and hydrological elements
Measurement of relief forms and geomorphological processes
Mapping and visualisation of physical geographic content
Application of statistical and graphical methods in results analysis and presentation
Making thematic maps in analogue and digital form
Compiling a geo-spatial data base
Application based on GIS technique
Analysis of physical geographic location factors
Generic capabilities and skills:
Knowledge and planning of research work
Knowledge and application of statistical and graphical methods
Solution of assignments linked with qualitative and quantitative geographical information
Information-technological skills
Efficacious work, both independently and as part of a team
Independent work necessary for professional advancement
Spatial Planning and Regional Development Specialisation:
Specialist knowledge, capabilities and skills:
Knowledge and understanding of:
The process of research work in geography
Theoretical bases of cartographic, statistical and graphic methods in regional and spatial planning
Theoretical bases of regional and spatial planning
Methods and techniques of regional and spatial planning
The role of the natural bases of spatial planning, particularly the climate, water and relief
Social-deographical factors in spatial planning, particularly population, settlement and the form of population density
and economic activities
Contemporary processes and urban development issues
Factors and processes of rural restructuring and regional differentiated examples of rural restructuring



Traffic and spatial organisation at the local, regional and national level
Subjects and factors of regional development
Models of regional development
The role of local and State administration in regional development
The regional development of Croatia
Environmental and nature protection and spatial planning with particular purposes
Identification and evaluation of resources at the local, regional and national level
Cognitive capabilities and skills:
Application of knowledge in establishing, defining and solving highly complex spatial issues
The capability of recognising and singling out phenomena and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning
The capability of interpreting and discussing geographical phenomena and processes
Skills required for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of information and data
Skills in presentation of scientific content and argumentation, both written and oral
Practical capabilities and skills:
Spatial orientation and the skills required for field work
Mapping geographical content, geo-referencing
Application of the appropriate statistical and graphical methods in analysis and presentation of results; particularly:
quantitative analysis of traffic networks
Application of the appropriate maps and cartographical methods in analysis and presentation of results
Application of the appropriate methods in spatial planning
Application of the appropriate GIS methods and techniques
Design of spatial organisational models
Generic capabilities and skills:
Solution of assignments linked with qualitative and quantitative geographic information
Information-technological skills
Efficacious work, both independently and as a member of a team
Independent work necessary for professional advancement and professional development
Cultural Havitana and Tauriana
Cultural Heritage and Tourism:





Specialist knowledge, capabilities and skills:
<u>Knowledge and understanding of;</u> The theoretical and methodological geographical system The research work process in general and in geography
Specific statistical and graphic methods Environmental history and large scale environmental modification
Issues of landscape conservation, renewal and design
Tourism evaluation of natural elements and social components and cultural offer Importance of the climate in tourism, bio-metrological indices, and climate therapy
Importance of manifested forms of water in tourism and water resources as a limiting factor Geo-ecological evaluation of relief as an aspect of tourism, the possibility of tourism development on the relief basis
Tourism forms and their features: developmental trends, their role in spatial transformation and importance on the tourism market
The inter-relation between natural and cultural heritage and tourism, particularly the selective forms of tourism deriving from that inter-relationship: eco-tourism, geo-tourism, rural tourism, cultural tourism and the like
Heritage and tourism in urban centres, the cultural capital of cities, the culture industry and creation of a culture offer The concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation.
Cognitive capabilities and skills:
Application of knowledge in establishing, defining and solving highly complex spatial issues The capability of recognising and singling out phenomena and processes crucial for the stability of the geo-system
The capability of interpreting and discussing relevant and actual geographical phenomena and processes Skills required for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of information and data
Skills in presentation of scientific content and argumentation, both written and oral
Practical capabilities and skills: Spatial orientation with the aid of contemporary technology and skills needed for field work
Mapping geographical content, geo-referencing
Application of the appropriate statistical and graphical methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of results



Application of the appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and presentation of results
Application of the corresponding GIS methods and techniques
Drawing up design proposals
Generic capabilities and skills:
Solution of assignments linked with qualitative and quantitative geographic information
Information-technological skills
Efficacious work, both independently and as a member of a team
Independent work necessary for professional advancement
Geographical Information Systems:
Specialist knowledge, capabilities and skills:
Knowledge and understanding of:
The theory and methodology of Geography
The process of research work overall and in geography
Appropriate advanced statistical and graphical methods
Creation and the technique of organisation and work with a spatial data base
Real estate cadastral offices, content and purpose, insertion, maintaining and managing data, accountability
Methods and techniques of spatial analysis of vector data
Methods and techniques of spatial analysis of raster data
Digital relief models and digital relief analysis
Spatial interpolation method
Cartographic semiotics
Visualisations of continuous and discontinuous geographical data
Cartographic presentation method
Theories, methodologies and techniques of distance research
Cognitive capabilities and skills:
Capability of recognising spatially relevant issues and the possibilities for their and analysis and solution with the



# FORM 1 Evaluation of university study programmes of undergraduate, graduate and integrated undergraduate and graduate studies, and vocational studies

	application of GIS
	Application of knowledge in establishing, defining and solution of highly complex spatial issues
	Capability of recognising and singling out phenomena and processes crucial for the stability of the geo-system
	Capability of interpreting and discussing relevant and actual geographic phenomena and processes
	Skills necessary for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of information and data
	Skills in presentation of scientific content in argumentation, both written and oral
	Identification and implementation of sound surveying procedures in practice
	Selection and interpretation of data collected in distance research
	Practical capabilities and skills:
	Spatial orientation with the aid of contemporary technologies and skills necessary for field work
	Mapping geographic content, geo-referencing.
	Collection, selection, processing and integration of data in GIS
	Application of the appropriate statistical and graphical methods and techniques in presentation of results
	Application of the appropriate GIS methods and techniques
	Capability of cartographic visualisation and application of the appropriate cartographic methods in presentation of
	research results
	Skill in processing and analysis of data collected in distance research
	Generic capabilities and skills:
	Solution of assignments connected with qualitative and quantitative geographical information
	Information-technological skills, work in the ArcGIS computer package, work in the SPSS computer package
	Processing of graphic data bases
	Conversions of data formats
	Coordinating spatial data from several different sources.
	Making thematic maps as a means of presentation of research outcomes
	Efficacious work, both independently and as a member of a team
	Independent work necessary for professional advancement
3.6. Employment possibilities (list of potential	Depending on the completed specialisation, Masters of Geography who complete Graduate University Study in
employers) and opinion of three organizations	Geography shall, on the basis of their acquired knowledge and skills, be qualified for employment by State
associated with the labour market on the	administration bodies (the Ministry of the Economy, Ministry of Regional Development and European Union Funds,
adequacy of anticipated learning outcomes	Ministry of Tourism, Ministry of Culture, Ministry of Environmental Protection and Nature, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
(attach)	and European Affairs, Ministry of Maritime Affairs, Traffic and Infrastructure, Ministry of Defence ) and local



	government and self-government entities, companies involved in spatial management (Croatian Water, Croatian
	Forests, Croatian Roads ), institutes of spatial planning and design, cadastral offices, tourism organisations
	(national, regional and local), tourism subjects (hotels and other accommodation capacities, tour operators, tourist
	agencies), institutions for cultural and historical heritage protection, cultural institutions, public nature protection
	institutions (e.g. national parks, nature parks, public institutions engaged in protected natural assets management),
	companies authorised to draw up tourism development plans and programmes, statistical institutes (State, county,
	municipal), developmental agencies and enterprises connected with drawing up project documentation for the EU,
	cartographic and geo-informational institutions, the Croatian Army, scientific and higher-education institutions,
	particularly those involved in spatial management, lexicography, publishing, the media, etc.
	We are attaching the opinions of three organisations linked with the labour market on the suitability of the foreseen
	learning outcomes for each specialisation of the Graduate University Study in Geography proposal.
	After completion of the Graduate University Study in Geography students may enrol in the Postgraduate Doctoral
	Study of "The Geographical Bases of Spatial Planning and Design" that represents a continuation of the post-
3.7. Possibilities of continuing studies at a higher	graduate study established as early as 1960/61, which has been expanded since then, augmented with new subjects
level	and innovated. The Postgraduate Doctoral Study Programme of "The Geographical Bases of Spatial Planning and
	Design" lasts for three years, and on its completion the candidate attains the academic title of Doctor of Science
	(DSc). Students may also enrol in doctoral study in other doctoral study programmes in Croatia and abroad.
	Candidates for Graduate University Study of Geography who have completed the following studies may apply for
	competitive enrolment:
	Undergraduate Research Study of Geography, Provider of the Study Programme: the Faculty of Science of the
	University of Zagreb
3.8. If submitting proposals for graduate studies,	Undergraduate Research Study in Environmental Science, Provider of the Study Programme: the Faculty of Science
other institutions that qualify for admission to the	(Mathematics) of the University of Zagreb
proposed graduate study	Undergraduate Research Study in Geography-Geology/Geology-Geography, Provider of the Study Programme: the
	Faculty of Science (Mathematics) of the University of Zagreb
	Any university-level undergraduate study whatsoever, if the students' average grade in all subjects passed was 3.5 at
	the least, under the condition that they first sit for and pass differential exams with a total encumbrance of up to a
	maximum total number of 60 ECTS scale grades, may enrol in the courses of the corresponding specialisation.

## 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE STUDY PROGRAMME

4.1. List of mandatory and elective courses and/or modules with class hours and ECTS credits (appendix: Table 1)

4.2. Description of each course (appendix: Table 2)





4.3. Structure of the study (number of semesters,	Number of semesters: 4					
trimesters, class size for lectures, seminars,	Size of lecture groups: 20 students					
exercises)	Size of seminar/exercise groups: 20 students					
4.4. Requirements for enrolment in successive	Lectures on all subjects attended and passed shall forego the subjects upon which lectures are given in the following					
semesters or trimesters	semester.					
	Extra-curricula subjects from other study programmes of the Faculty of Science of the University of Zagreb may be					
4.5. List of courses and/or modules that the	enrolled in by students from the Physical Geography with Geo-ecology specialisation, while students of the					
student can take in other study programmes	Geographic Information Systems specialisation may enrol in extra-curricular subjects from other study programmes					
	that are components of the University of Zagreb programmes.					
4.6. List of courses and/or modules offered in a	-					
foreign language as well (name which language)						
4.7. Completion of study:						
a. Final requirement for completion of study	Final thesis   Diploma thesis   X   Final exam   Diploma exam   X					
b. Requirements for final/diploma thesis or	All exams passed and fulfilment of all other foreseen programme obligations and a Graduate/Diploma Thesis certified					
final/diploma/exam	by the mentor/supervisor.					
c. Procedure of evaluation of final/diploma exam and evaluation and defence of final/diploma thesis	The procedure commences with submission of the Graduate/Diploma Thesis theme of the student's own choice (on the appropriate form from the Student Office of the Dept. of Geography) as agreed with the lecturer – supervisor. The student shall be obliged to submit the Diploma Thesis theme to the asst. Head Lecturer, prior to the last sitting of the Dept. of Geography Council (the VGO) at the latest, in the semester prior to the one in which he/she shall be defending his/her Diploma Thesis. In agreement with the supervisor and in keeping with the general guidelines of the Dept. of Geography, the candidate shall commence work on the Diploma Thesis in an optimal scope of 50 pages. The main objective of the Diploma Thesis in the Graduate University Study of Geography shall be the application of the research approach in collecting, processing and interpreting information, by which the level of attained specialist competence of the student shall be demonstrated. On condition that the student has passed all the prescribed examinations and fulfilled all other mandated study obligations, at the approval of the sudent's Diploma Thesis shall be deposited at the Student Office of the Dept. of Geography by 5 working days at the latest prior to the meeting of the Depamentt of Geography Council (the VGO) at which a three-member committee shall be elected to assess the defence of the Diploma Thesis. The Diploma Thesis Committee may request additional changes and approve the compilation of a final version of the thesis and set a date for its defence. The defence date shall be made public over at least one week. Prior to such defence, the student shall be obliged to deposit at least one final copy with the Student Office of the Dept. of Geography, and such version shall be in a hard copy and accompanied by a					



digital version, for the library archive. Defence of the thesis shall consist of a brief presentation of the paper, lasting no
longer than 20 minutes, and oral responses to the question of the Committee's members, which shall relate to the
paper, but could also encompass mandatory material from the overall study programme. The defence procedure shall
last for 60 minutes at the most. The Committee shall separately assess the Diploma Thesis and the oral part of the
examination and shall on that basis (but not necessarily by taking an arithmetic mean of those two grades) issue its
final assessment of the Diploma Thesis. The supervisor shall enter the final grade in the student's Index/Graduation
Book and in the ISVU [Information System of Higher Education].

#### List of required and elective courses and/or modules with class hours and ECTS credits, course: PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY AND GEOECOLOGY

	LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES									
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year										
Semester: 1 <sup>st</sup> (Winter)										
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER		S	F	e-	FCTS	Required/		
MODOLL	COURCE			Ŭ	- <b>-</b>	learning	LOIO	elective		
	Introduction to Scientific Research	S. Šterc	1	0	1	0	3	required		
	Applied Geoecology	N. Buzjak	3	1	2	0	9	required		
	Elective 1	See the table					5	required		
	Elective 2	See the table					5	required		
	Elective (from Faculty of Science)	*					8	required		

\*Student's choice, one or more courses from undergraduate and graduate study programme at the Faculty of Science in Zagreb, outside the Department of Geography

	LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES FROM STUDY	PROGRAMME AT THE FACULTY OF S	CIEN	CE				
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year								
Semester: 1 <sup>st</sup> (Winter)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Biogeography	I. Ternjej R. Šoštarić	2	1	1	0	5	elective



Marine Biology	T. Bakran-Petricoli	2	0	1	0	4	elective
Marine Geology	M. Juračić	2	0	1	0	4	elective
Geological Hazards	T. Marjanac	2	1	0	0	4	elective
Environmental Chemistry	T. Cvitaš	2	1	0	0	3	elective
National Parks	J. Lajtner, M. Špoljar	2	2	0	0	5	elective
Fundamentals of Geophysics	S. Markušić	2	1	0	0	3	elective
Basics of environmental and nature prote	ection M. Mrakovčić	2	0	0	0	3	elective
Introduction to Astronomy	K. Pavlovski	2	1	0	0	3	elective
Protected species and areas in Croatia	V. Hršak, M. Mrakovčić, M. Kučinić	2	1	1	0	6	elective
Protection of the biological and landscape	e S. Cottetoin	2	1	1	0	Б	oloctivo
diversity	S. Gousiem	2			0	5	elective
Nature protection	M. Mrakovčić	2	1	0	0	4	elective

	LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES										
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year											
Semester: (Winter)											
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER		S	S E . e- ECTS Requi	Required/					
MODOLL	0001102			Ŭ		learning	LOIO	elective			
	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective			
	Biogeography	R. Šoštarić, I. Ternjej	2	1	1	0	5	elective			
	Pedogeography	S. Husnjak	2	0	1	0	5	elective			
	Analyses in GIS	A. Toskić	1	0	2	0	5	elective			
	Digital Terrain Analysis	M. Pahernik	1	0	2	0	5	elective			

	LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES								
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year									
Semester: 2 <sup>nd</sup> (Summer)									
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e-	ECTS	Required/	



FORM 1 Evaluation of university study programmes of undergraduate, graduate and integrated undergraduate and graduate studies, and vocational studies

					learning		elective
Applied Climatology	A. Filipčić	2	2	0	0	5	required
Applied Hydrogeography	D. Orešić	2	0	2	0	5	required
Elective 3	See the table					5	required
Elective 4	See the table					5	required
Elective 5	See the table					5	required
Fieldwork in physical geography (60 hours/year)	According to decision of Geography Department Council					5	required

	LIST OF ELEC	TIVE COURSES						
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year								
Semester: 2 <sup>nd</sup> (Summer)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Climate Change	A. Filipčić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Geomorphological Mapping	M. Pahernik	1	0	2	0	5	elective
	Speleology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Natural Hazards	D. Orešić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Restructuring of Rural Areas	D. Pejnović	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Coast and Coastal Water Management	D. Orešić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Military Geography	M. Pahernik	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Geography of Karst	D. Pejnović	2	1	0	0	5	elective

LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES								
Year of study: 2 <sup>nd</sup> year								
Semester: 3 <sup>rd</sup> (Winter)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective



Environmental History	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš	2	2	0	0	5	required
Applied Geomorphology	N. Bočić	3	3	0	0	10	required
Elective 6	See the table					5	required
Professional student training (90 hours/year)	*					5	required
Graduate seminar	**	0	5	0		5	required

\* Institution of Professional student training is reported to coordinator for Professional student training, who gives the signature according to confirmation about properly done student training.

\*\*In the third semestre student choose a menthor, consults with the menthor about the subject of Master thesis, makes a concept of Master thesis and is obligatory to report the theme of Master thesis.

	LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES							
Year of study: 2 <sup>nd</sup> year								
Semester: (Winter)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Biogeography	R. Šoštarić, I. Ternjej	2	1	1	0	5	elective
	Pedogeography	S. Husnjak	2	0	1	0	5	elective
	Analyses in GIS	A. Toskić	1	0	2	0	5	elective
	Digital Terrain Analysis	M. Pahernik	1	0	2	0	5	elective

LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES								
Year of study: 2 <sup>nd</sup> year								
Semester: 4 <sup>th</sup> (Summer)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Master Thesis with defence	Mentor according to student's choice					30	required



#### **REQUIRED COURSES**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1.Course teacher	Stjepan Šterc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Introduction to Scientific Research	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	3	
1.3. Associate teachers		1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	15+0+15+0 (1+0+1+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-		-	
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>Enable students for independant scientific-research work.</li> <li>Introduce students with the structure and stages of the scientific-research proceeding.</li> <li>Train students for the appliance of standard and special research methods and techniques.</li> <li>Explain students the specificities of geographical methodology in research process.</li> <li>Teach students how to define main research aims, tasks, hypothesis, spatial laws, models, projections and conclusions.</li> <li>Capacitate students with the particularities of the geographical research approach.</li> </ul>			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	This course contribution to the programme is held in the definition of outer and inner research frame, in directioning the inquiry towards crucial processes in space and in the comprehension of spatial laws and objective spatial reality. Very complex context, relationship and link conditionality in geographical space, unique methodology and theoretical concept, research task definitions, individual practice in the research steps, and the recognition of spatial complexity have been validated. Also, the spatial allocate and function determination, spatial typization and regionalization, spatial modeling, projections of future changes, applicability of pertinent methodology, research epistemology comprehension etc., have been appointed.			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Outcomes expected on the level of this course are linked with the high-level education in which the concerned knowledge points out the folowing abilities. 1. The ability of spatial content observing, defining, categorizing, mapping and clarifying. 2. The research ability of spatial law consideration, discussion, detection, definition, projection and direction.			



	3. Extended epistemology and	coverage o	f the special approach.					
	4. Cognitive and cognition ability of revealing conditioned spatial links among complex contexts in geographical space, its							
	causal clarification and resolvement.							
	5. The ability of complex methodological system appliance in interdisciplinary approach and in logicaly settled fundamental					amental		
	spatial relations.							
	6. Individual approach in spatia	al disproporti	ion perceivement and in resea	arch task defi	nition.			
	7. The ability of the empiric res	search which	can be applicable in basic sp	patial planns.				
	8. Spatial functional organizati	8. Spatial functional organization ability in accordance with the phylosophy and logics of space.						
	1. Scientific systems.							
	2. Sistematizations and approa	aches within	scientific system.					
	3. Example of geographical re	search subje	ect-matter.					
	4. Work definitions and atribut	ons.						
	5. Approach to the research a	nd to the pap	per writing.					
	6. Research methods and techniques.							
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Data analysis.							
detail by weekly class schedule	8.Geographical approach to the research.							
(syllabus)	9. Field work inquiries.							
	10. Research task definition.							
	11.Scientific knowledge presentation and popularising.							
	12. The role of research in educational system.							
	13. Process of scientific work publication.							
	14. The meaning of geographical cognitions for objective geographical reality comprehension.							
	15. Theme elaboration through	n the researc	h proceeding.					
	X lecture		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	This course aims to learn stu	udents how		
2.6. Format of instruction:			laboratory		to independently enter in the	research		
	partial e-learning		X work with mentor		proceeding.			
	X field work		(other)					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, pas	sed prelimin	ary exam, reserach discussio	n and indepe	ndent research issue elaborati	ion.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	1	Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)			



credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	0.5	Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	0.5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance and discussi	Class attendance and discussion in research groups, tests, written exam and seminar essay.					
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
	Montello, D. R., Sutton, P. C., Geography, SAGE Publication	10	yes				
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Zelenika, R., 2000: <i>Metodologija i tehnologija izrade znanstvenog i stručnog djela</i> , Ekonomski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, Rijeka.				10	yes	
	Milas, G., 2009: <i>Istraživačke metode u psihologiji i drugim društvenim znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Zagreb.				10	yes	
	Mejovšek, M., 2008: <i>Metode znanstvenog istraživanja u društvenim i humanističkim znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Zagreb.				10	yes	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Robinson, G. M., 1998: Methods and Techniques in Human Geography, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	Among classical ways of student evaluation, independent research works with mentors instruction have been especially evaluated and revolted on the level of potential student involvement in scientific and professional meetings.						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Research tasks have been ass	esearch tasks have been assigned by students individual choice (associated with their course).					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Nenad Buzjak	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Geoecology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	9		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	45+15+30+0 (3+1+2+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
2.1. Course objectives	Get to know the concept and issues of geoheritage, geodiversity and geomorphological sites, methods of their research, visualization and presentation. Get to know issues of relief, as a resource in the economy and elements of spatial and regional planning, the use of landscape and environmental management. Learn to use the methods and techniques of sustainable management and protection of karst geoecosystems. Get to know the principles and methods of geomonitoring. Master the planning and execution of geoecological research, development and use of geospatial databases with applications in Geoecology and environmental protection, application of method of geoecological evaluation on selected examples. Become familiar with the types and effects of anthropogenic influences in the environment with an emphasis on practical problem-solving. Students will be introduced to interdisciplinary approaches and basic planning methods that will enable them to actively work in existing and future planning cells, military and security institutions, government agencies and private businesses				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	earning outcomes at the level of ogramme to which the course butes Understanding and analysis of geomorphologic, hydrographic and microclimate specifics in karst. Geoecologic analysis, planning and landscape evaluation. Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection. Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and environmental expertise documentation. Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems. Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information. Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.				



	Measurement of climatic elements.					
	Location factors analysis in physical geog	raphy.				
	Understanding the role of major physical geography (abiotic) elements in geoecosystems.					
	Get to know objects, aims and methodology of the geoecological research, evaluation, management and protection of the					
	landscape.					
	Get to know types and methods of measurement instruments for research in Geoecology.					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowing the distribution and features of g	eoheritage, geodiversity and geomorpholog	ical sites.			
outcomes)	Get to know types and features of educati	onal paths and methods of their planning.				
	To understand and apply the methods of s	self of geomonitoring and geoecological eva	luation of relief.			
	Knowledge and understanding of geomor	phological problems in urban areas.				
	Adoption of craftsmanship and interpretati	on of thematic maps in geoecological resea	ırch.			
	Practical application of knowledge in ident	ifying and solving spatial problems.				
	1. Geodiversity and Geoheritage - concep	1. Geodiversity and Geoheritage - concepts and characteristics				
	2. Mapping and evaluation of geoheritage and geodiversity					
	3. Relief as an economic resource					
	4. Relief and landscape in regional and spatial planning					
	5. Evaluation and protection of landscape					
	6. Presentation and interpretation of the natural values					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Sustainable management of karst geoecosystems					
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Microclimate of Karst geoecosystems					
(syllabus)	9. Principles and methods of geomonitoring					
	10. Principles of the geoecological evaluation of geospace					
	11. Methods for geoecological evaluating	of the geospace				
	12. Anthropogenic Geomorphology and Geoecology I.					
	13. Anthropogenic Geomorphology and Geoecology II.					
	14. Geoecological Research - cabinet and	I laboratory methods				
	15. Geoecological research - field method	S				
	X lectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet				
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\square$ on line in entirety	laboratory				
	partial e-learning	work with mentor				
	X field work					



2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, completed exercises, independent assignments and field work						
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training	2	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		Field work	2	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1,5	(other)		
course )	Written exam	1,5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	It is valued regularly attending	the lectures	s and tutorials and active partic	ipation in class	, the performance of	oractical work,	
work in class and at the final exam	participation in field work, writt	en and oral	exam.				
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability vi other media	ria a
	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: Geoekologija XXI vijeka, Zbori	Geoekološk nik referata,	ko vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš	ske. ić.	10	pdf	
	Buzjak, N., 2008: Geokološko (Geoecological evaluation of tl Croatia). <i>Hrv. geografski glasr</i>	10	pdf, web				
library and via other media)	Buzjak, N., 2008: Mikroklima k primjer Spilje u Belejskoj komu	10	pdf, web				
	Fleury, S., 2009: Land Use Policy and Practice on Karst Terrains. Springer, New York.				1	pdf	
	Reynard, E., Coratza, P., Regolini-Bissig, G., 2009: <i>Geomorphosites</i> . Verlag Dr. F. Pfeil, München.				il, 1	pdf	
	Szabo, J., David, L., Loczy, D., 2010: <i>Anthropogenic Geomorphology: A Guide to Man-</i> <i>Made Landforms</i> . Springer, New York.				1	pdf	
	Van Beynen, P., Townsend, K Environmenatal management,	Van Beynen, P., Townsend, K., 2005: A disturbance index for karst environments. <i>Environmenatal management</i> , vol. 36, no. 1, 101-116.				pdf, web	
	Bathrellos, G. D., 2007: An overview in urban geology and urban geomorphology. <i>Bulletin of the Geological society of Greece</i> , vol. XXXX, 1354-1364.						
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Buzjak, N., Buzjak, S., Orešić, D., 2011: Florističke, mikroklimatske i geomorfološke značajke ponikve Japage na Žumberku (Hrvatska). <i>Šumarski list</i> , 3-4, 127-137.						
μομοσαι)	Farina, A., 2007: Principles and methods in landscape ecology. Springer, New York.						
	Grupa autora, 2012: Karstology and development challenges on karst II, Construction, tourism, ecology, protection. Založba						



	ZRC, Postojna-Ljubljana
	Grupa autora 1999: <i>Krajolik. Sadržajna i metodska podloga krajobrazne osnove Hrvatske</i> . Min. prostornog uređenja, graditeljstva i stanovanja i Agronomski fakultet Sveuč. u Zagrebu.
	Grupa autora 2012: Stručni skup o zaštiti špilja i podzemne faune (Ogulin 3031. siječnja 2010). Zbornik radova, Samobor.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science. - University and college student survey - Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives and subject content, teaching and learning strategies, assessment of learning outcomes by analyzing student performance based on the data from the Student Administration Office and own records - Exit polls: evaluation of graduate studies
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Anita Filipčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Climatology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	Mladen Maradin	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	•		
2.1. Course objectives	One of the most important objectives is to determine the way the climate influence on the development and relationships between physical and social elements. One must determine the predictible changes in geographical systems influenced by climatic changes as well as the climatic consequences of anthropogenic influences and influences of natural hazards.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities, ar</li> <li><u>Knowledge and understanding of</u>:</li> <li>The research process in geography.</li> <li>The integrity of geographical area.</li> <li>Climate influence on other geographical election of the role of natural elements in spatial plan</li> <li>Protection of environment and nature, and</li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities</li> <li>Applying knowledge of climatology in deter</li> <li>Recognition and isolation of objects and pr</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss climate</li> </ul>	ements. ctivities. ning, especially of climate. spatial planning of protected areas. <b>s and skills:</b> mining, defining, and solving spatial problems ocesses crucial for spatial and regional plannin changes and climatic consequences of antropo	of high complexity. g. ogenic influences and climatic		





	hazards.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of climate data and climate changes.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.
	Mapping of climatic data and climate change consequences
	Applying appropriate statistical and graphic methods in analysis and in the presentation of climate research.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the climate research.
	Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Knowing, undestanding and independent realization of statistical analyses of climatic data.
	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on hidrological processes.
	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on geomorphological processes.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on vegetation.
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on fauna.
outcomes)	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on human.
	Knowing, understanding and independent interpretation of climate influence on human activities.
	Knowing, understanding and independent interpretation of urban climate.
	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate extremes, differing them from climate change.
	1. Applied climatology: definition and development
	2. The research methods in applied climatology. The measurements of climatic elements
	3. The statistical analyse of climatic data. Climatic models
	4. Climate changes and hidrological processes
	5. The climate influence on geomorphological processes
	6. Climate and vegetation
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Climate and fauna
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Climate and human
(syllabus)	9. The climate influence on urban planning and architecture
	10. The climate influences on agriculture
	11. The climate influence on industrial activities
	12. The climate influence on transport services
	13. Climatic changes
	14. The urban climate
	15. Climatic extremes



	X lectures		independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
2.6. Format of instruction:	exercises     on line in entirety		X multimedia and the interne laboratory work with mentor	et			
	field work		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to lectures and ser	minar prese	ntations. Seminar paper and p	resentation.			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.25	Research	F	Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0.75	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	4.0	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Attendance and active contribution to class, seminar writing and presentation, written exam.						
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	R. D. Thompson, A. Perry (ed.), 1997: <i>Applied Climatology</i> . Routledge. London. 352 pp.				5	yes	
	McLeman, R. A., 2013: <i>Climate and Human Migration: Past Experiences, Future Challenges</i> . Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.				5		
	Dahl, T., 2009: Climate and Architecture. Routledge, New York.			5			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Articels from relevant publication	ons.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.						
2.14 Other (as the proposer wishes to							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Hydrogeography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Ivan Čanjevac	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+0+30+0 (2+0+2+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	÷	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
2.1. Course objectives	Understanding of the role of the water reso Philosophically, the aim is to deepen the av students in independent hydrogeographic a	urces in spatial systems, especially as a key el wareness about water as a strategic good in 21 analysis of a given area.	ement of a sustainable development. th century. Practical goal is to train
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.</li> <li>Hydrometric data analysis, river regimes analysis and catchment's water balancing.</li> <li>Water resources evaluation as a key element of sustainable development.</li> <li>Knowledge of environmental history and large-scale environmental modifications.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection.</li> <li>Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and environmental expertise documentation.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>Evaluation interpret and synthesis of relevant information</li> </ul>		



	Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents
	Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Measurement and calculation of river and catchment's elements.
	Mapping and visualization of physical environment.
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.
	Analogue and digital thematic maps making.
	Location factors analysis in physical geography.
	Generic shilities and skills:
	Application and planning of the research process
	Knowledge and application of statistic and visualisation techniques
	Problem solving relating to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	Understanding the position and role of applied hydrogeography.
	Advanced understanding of water as a natural element and of its role in geosystems.
	Knowing main causal links between waters and societes.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Abilities and skills needed for independent processing of hydrologic data and for presenting results in relevant graphic and
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	cartographic ways.
oucomes	Ability to interpret and discuss the need of the preservation of the public rights to water resources and the need to observe the
	principles of just distribution of water resources.
	Understanding of the principles of sustainable development and of the key role of water resources in sustainable development.
	1 Applied hydrogeography – definitions, terms, goals.
	2 Historical geographic outline on the role of water resources in human development.
0.5. Oourse content broken down in	3 The usage of water, disposition, withdrawal, consumption.
2.5. Course content proken down in detail by weekly class schedule	4 Water supply; needs, consumption structure, planning.
(svllahus)	5 Fresh-water sources, protection, potable water treatment.
	6 Case studies of problems and solutions in water supply of settlements.
	7 Irrigation; needs, systems and agricultural consumption.
	8 Case studies of problems and solutions in irrigation.



	<ul> <li>9 Hydroelectric power water use.</li> <li>10 Hydropower and the environment.</li> <li>11 and 12 Water pollution; types, sources, protection, reclamation.</li> </ul>						
	13 Valley as a living space; hy	13 Valley as a living space; hydrotechnic works and objects.					
	14 Ecoremediation in river bas	sins. Wetlar	nds conservation.				
	15. Water resources managem	nent as a ke	ey element of sustainable deve	lopment.			
	Exercises:						
	1 Hydrologic data series, inter	polation, ho	omogeneity				
	2 Analyses of river discharge	trends.					
	3 Analyses of river discharge	variations.					
	4 Hydrograph analyses.						
	5 River regimes.						
	6 Cluster analysis in river regi	me typology	y – example of Croatia.				
	7 Thematic maps in hydrogeo	7 Thematic maps in hydrogeography.					
	Seminar project: Written semir	nar paper or	n a given theme with consultati	ons.			
	X lectures		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
	Seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet laboratory work with mentor				
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\square$ on line in entirety						
	partial e-learning						
	ield work (other)						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, completed exercises.						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.5	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1.25	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project	3.25	(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	Seminar paper evaluation, oral examination.						
work in class and at the final exam	Attendance to class 10 % + se	minar proje	ct 65 % + oral examination 25	%.			
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)			Title		Number of copies in the library	Ava oti	ilability via her media



	Žugaj, R., 2000: <i>Hidrologija</i> . Sveučilište u Zagrebu, RGN, Zagreb, 407 pp, selected parts.	10	yes
	Dukić, D., 1984: Hidrologija kopna. Naučna knjiga, Beograd, 498 pp.	10	yes
	Bonacci, O., 2003: <i>Ekohidrologija vodnih resursa i otvorenih vodotoka</i> . Građevinsko- arhitektonski fakultet Sveučilišta u Splitu, IGH, Zagreb, 492 pp selected parts.	10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles in scientific journals and on internet.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fa	culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-		



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Borna Fuerst-Bjeliš	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Environmental History	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Marin Cvitanović	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	-
2.1. Course objectives	Man – environment relations in holocene. C as a base of man's relation towards the nat quantities and types of used energy. Size a	Changes in material world as well as in the wor ture: actions, politics and consequences. Main and types of environmental change.	ld of ideas and worldviews. Worldview phases of availability, access,
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge of environmental history and large-scale environmental modifications.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection.</li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:</li> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes in environmental history</li> <li>Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents</li> <li>Skills needed in fieldwork planning and realisation.</li> <li>Mapping and visualization of physical environment.</li> <li>Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.</li> <li>Analogue and digital thematic maps making.</li> <li>Making of geospatial databases</li> </ul>		



	Application and planning of the research process.
	Knowledge and application of statistic and visualisation techniques.
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	Understanding of causal relations of man –environment relations.
	Understanding of relation between rising energy use and environmental imapact through main phases of technological
	evolution of mankind.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Understanding of connection between worldviews with concrete actions and politics towards nature/ environment, and their
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	consequences.
outcomes)	Knowing the research field of environmental history, main themes, its position in science fields and knowing the basic
	environmental historical bibliography and periodics.
	Fundamentals of remote sensing in the analysis of environmental change.
	1. Mustering the marks: states of change – ways of life / economies. Population and degradation? Availability and acess to
	energy/energy consumption.
	2. Access to energy/phases of technological evolution of humankind (hunters/gatherers; preindustrial agriculture; industrial
	era;post-industrial economies).
	3. Development of the scientific field and research; history of human – nature worldviews. Differencies with regard to the time,
	space, culture and religions.
	4. Research themes and approaches. Environmental history in Croatia.
	5. Environmental regionalization of Europe. Basic presumptions: opportunities; constraints; environmental change types;
2.5. Course content broken down in	hazards. Characteristic relic landscapes according to main phases od development (hunter-gatherers, traditional-agricultural,
detail by weekly class schedule	industrial), and post-industrial.
(syllabus)	6. Environmental management: protection, restoration, reconstruction.
	7. Environmental restoration, green urbanism and post-modern landscapes.
	8. Urban environmental restoration project in Seoul (restoration-reconstruction?).
	9. Hundertwasser and ecological programme of urban re-afforestation.
	10. Main environmental history phases: Hunthers/gatherers.
	11. Pre-industrial agriculture.
	12. Industrial era.
	13. Post-industrial era.
	14. Globally important issues.



	15. Contemporary problems and questions: media analysis (degradation narratives, advocacy, professionalism, determinism)					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		X independent assignments X multimedia and the interne laboratory work with mentor (other)	t	2.7. Comments:	
2.8. Student responsibilities	Preparation and presentation of selected chapters from the bibliography. Active contribution in discussion. Writing short essays on selected topics. Taking part in the field trip (area of Zagreb city; museums). Completion of the project on the environmental change of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal presentation.			iting short essays he environmental		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)	
course )	Written exam	2	Project	1	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Active discussion 10%, seminar attendance, completed project and written essays 35%, wrritten exam 55%.					
	Number of     Availability via       Title     copies in the       library     other media					
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M., Petrić, H., 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u Hrvatskoj?, u: Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest okoliša</i> , 175-198, Disput, Zagreb.				10	yes
library and via other media)	Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je povijest okoliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 198			10	yes	
	Simmons, I. G., 2010: Globalna povijest okoliša, Disput, Zagreb, 306.				10	yes
	Atkins, P., Simmons, I., Roberts, B., 2003: People, Land & Time, Arnold.					
	Diamond, J., 2007: Sva naša oružja, Algoritam.					
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Diamond, J., 2008: Slom, Algoritam.					
submission of study programme	Diamond, J., 2008: Slom, Algo	ritam.				
proposal)	Diamond, J., 2008: Slom, Algo Higgs, E., 2003: Nature by De	ritam. s <i>ign</i> , The N	IIT Press, Cambridge, Mass., Lo	ondon.		



	ovelock, J., 2005: <i>Geja – novi pogled na život Zemlje</i> , Izvori.		
	e, Stephen J., 2010: <i>Vatra – sažeta povijest</i> , Prosvjeta.		
	Uekotter, F. (ur.), 2010: Turning Points of Environmental History, University of Pittsburgh Press, Pittsburgh.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University and faculty student questionnaire, self-evaluation, continued revision and other University documents.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-		


1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Geomorphology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	10		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	45+0+45+0 (3+0+3+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>The main objectives of the course are to provide students with knowledge and skills related to the application of geomorphological research. The emphasis is on exploring and evaluating features and principles of action of recent geomorphological processes and landforms, their mapping and graphical presentation.</li> <li>The specific objectives are:     <ul> <li>Be familiar with the sources and methods applied geomorphological research</li> <li>Understanding of the earth's surface systems including features, terms, processes, and changes</li> <li>Ability to conduct fundamental research morphostructural and exogenously-morphological features of the relief</li> <li>Ability to plan, organize and implement applied geomorphological research, engineering - geomorphological mapping and making geomorphological studies</li> <li>The ability to evaluate lanscape, particularly with regard to the protection of geodiversity and tourist exploitation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and application of theories and Knowledge and application of geomorpholo Geomorphologic processes analysis and la Geoecologic analysis, planning and landsc Knowledge and application of nature and e	<b>kills:</b> methodology in physical geography. ogic research methods and mapping. Indforms evaluation. ape evaluation. nvironment sustainable management and prote	ection.		



	Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and
	environmental expertise documentation.
	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:
	Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.
	Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents
	Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.
	Skills needed in fieldwork planning and realisation.
	Measurement of relief forms and geomorphologic processes.
	Mapping and visualization of physical environment.
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.
	Analogue and digital thematic maps making.
	Applying GIS methods and techniques.
	Application and planning of the research process.
	Knowledge and application of statistic and visualisation techniques.
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	Explain the purpose, tasks and the division of applied geomorphology
	Independently apply the approaches and methods of the applied geomorphology used in the preparation of geomorphic studies
	To explain the characteristics of recent geomorphological processes and their impact on the types and forms of relief
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	To explain the distribution and characteristics of slope, fluvial, coastal and karst processes in engineering geomorphology
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Evaluate the relief forms and processes from various aspects, especially in terms of environmental protection and tourism
outcomes)	Apply appropriate mapping and measurement procedures in practice
	Organize and implement field work and geomorphological mapping
	Make a geomorphological regionalization of the area on several levels
	Make an example geomorphological studies
2.5. Course content broken down in	1 Applied Geomorphology - definition, objectives, tasks and division, Fundamentals of geomorphology of Croatia
detail by weekly class schedule	2 Introduction into making of geomorphological studies
(syllabus)	3 Sources of data in applied geomorphological research



	4 Field work in geomorphology	/	factora changes				
	6 Basic knowledge of geology	6 Basic knowledge of geology for geomorphological research					
	7 Morphometric and morphographic methods in applied geomorphological research						
	8 Structural-geomorphological	7 Morphometric and morphographic methods in applied geomorphological research					
	9 Slopes and slope processes	Structural-geomorphological research					
	10 Eluvial processes	<ul> <li>Slopes and slope processes</li> <li>Slopes and slope processes</li> </ul>					
	11 Coasts and coastal process	200					
	12 Karst and karst processes	503					
	13 Evaluation methods of land	lecano and	landforms. Geoberitage and g	ootouriem			
	14 Engineering-geomorpholog	iical mannir	a and applied deomorphologic				
	15 Geomorphological regional	ization		armap			
	X lectures		independent assignments	3 2.	7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet				
2.6. Format of instruction:			laboratory				
	partial e-learning		X work with mentor				
	X field work		(otner)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d exercises	and field work.				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	P	Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	3	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	3	(other)		
course )	Written exam	3	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 10 %; Writte	en exam 30	%; Essay 30 %; Oral exam 30	%.			
	Number of copies in the libraryAvailability via other media					ilability via her media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Marković, M., 1983, <i>Osnovi p</i> Knjiga 8, Beograd.	orimijenjene	geomorfologije, Geoinstitut, p	posebno izdanje,	10		yes
	Uputstva za izradu detaljne ge	eomorfološk	e karte 1:100.000 (Grupa auto	ra)	5		CD
	Fookese, P. G:, Lee, E. M., Gr and practice. Whittles publishing	Fookese, P. G:, Lee, E. M., Griffiths, J. S., 2007: <i>Engineering Geomorphology – theory</i> and practice. Whittles publishing, Dunbeath, 281 str. (selected chapters)			5		yes



	Regolini-Bissig G., Reynard, E. (Eds), 2010: Mapping Geoheritage. Institut de1géographie, Université de Lausanne (selected chapters)1					
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Fookese, P. G, Lee, E. M., Griffiths, J. S., 2007: <i>Engineering Geomorphology –theory and</i> Dunbeath, 281 pp.	<i>d practice</i> . Whittles	l publishing,			
proposal)	Allison, R. J. (ed.), 2003: Applied Geomorphology. John Wiley&Sons LTD.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University students survey Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and assessment of learning outcomes Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform their work p Other procedures required by the University and the Faculty about the internal quality ass	d teaching strategie practices surance	s, learning and			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



# ELECTIVE COURSES

1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	-		
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectives of this course are that students learn basic knowledge on karst geomorphology and hydrography with application to the significant karst areas of the world and focus on the Dinaric karst that is part of Croatia. The specific objectives are: Understanding of the conditions and processes of karstification Understanding the specifics of karst hydrography Recognition of surface and underground karst landforms, and an understanding of their origin Knowledge about geomorphologic - hydrographical features of Croatian karst and important karst areas in the world Understanding the importance of karst areas, identifying specific problems and the ability of their solutions The ability to evaluate karst areas				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and set Knowledge and application of theories and Knowledge and application of geomorpholo Geomorphologic processes analysis and la Understanding and analysis of geomorpholo Knowledge and application of nature and e	<b>kills:</b> methodology in physical geography. ogic research methods and mapping. andforms evaluation. logic, hydrographic and microclimate specifics nvironment sustainable management and prote	in karst. ection.		



	Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and			
	environmental expertise documentation.			
	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:			
	Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.			
	Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.			
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.			
	Skills needed in fieldwork planning and realisation.			
	Application and planning of the research process.			
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.			
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.			
	Continuous professional development.			
	Explain the concept, history, research and distribution of karst in Croatia and the world			
	In selected cases to extract and interpret the factors that affect the karst process			
	Explain the specificity of karst hydrography and its relation to the geomorphology of karst			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Field work and cabinetmaking determine surface and underground karst relief forms			
outcomes)	Distinguish types of karst in Croatia and abroad, and their special values			
	Evaluate the significance of karst areas			
	Provide effective measures for the protection and management of karst areas with the concept of sustainable development			
	Apply basic geomorphological research methods and protection of karst			
	1 Introduction, history of study of karst			
	2 Terms and geomorphological processes in karst			
	3 Karst hydrography (Part 1)			
	4 Karst hydrography (Part 2)			
	5 Karst Geomorphology - grikes			
2.5. Course content broken down in	6 Karst Geomorphology - dolines			
detail by weekly class schedule	7 Karst Geomorphology - large depressions and poljes			
(syllabus)	8 Karst Geomorphology - karst plateau			
	9 Speleological objects - the origin and typology			
	10 Karst sediments and residual hills			
	11 Fluviokarst, glaciokarst and coastal karst			
	12 Morphogenesis and typology of karst			
	13 Threats and protection of karst			



	14 Croatian karst – an overview						
	15 Significant karst areas in the world						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		X independent assignments X multimedia and the internet I laboratory X work with mentor (other)		2.7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, completed	d seminars	, independent assignments and	l field work			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
course )	Written exam	1	Project	1	(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 20 %; Writte	n exam 20	%; Oral exam 40 %; Project 20	)%.			
2.11 Required literature (available in the	Number of copies in the libraryAvailability via other media						
2.11. Required literature (available in the			Title		copies in the library	othe	er media
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Ford, D., Williams, P., 2007: K Wiley i Sons, Chichester, West	arst Hydrog t Sussex, E	<b>Title</b> geology and Geomorphology. 5 ingland.	62 pp, John	copies in the       library       10	othe	yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Ford, D., Williams, P., 2007: K Wiley i Sons, Chichester, West	arst Hydrog t Sussex, E	Title geology and Geomorphology. 5 ngland.	62 pp, John	10	ord	yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Ford, D., Williams, P., 2007: K Wiley i Sons, Chichester, West White, W. B., 1988: <i>Geomorph</i> Herak, M. i Stringfield, V. T., 19 Amsterdam-London-New York Gines, A., Knez, M., Slabe, T., SAZU, Postojna.	arst Hydrog t Sussex, E hology and 972: Karst Dreybrodt,	Title geology and Geomorphology. 5 Ingland. Hydrology of Karst Terrains. Ox - Important Karst Regions of th W., 2009: Karst rock features	62 pp, John xford university be Northern He – karren sculpt	copies in the library 10 press, New York-Oxfe misphere. Elsevier pul turing. Carsologica 9, 2	ord. Založba ž	yes company, ZRC



2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Stjepan Husnjak	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Pedogeography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+0+15+0 (2+0+1+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2.1. Course objectives	The main objective of this course is gaining active knowledge on soil as one of the most important natural resources both in Croatia and in the world, that is knowledge on soil fomation, its morphological, physical and chemical properties, knowledge on soil classification and characteristics of main soil types in Croatia.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.</li> <li>Analysis and evaluation of climatic influences on physical and social environment.</li> <li>Geomorphologic processes analysis and landforms evaluation.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection.</li> <li>Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and environmental expertise documentation.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> </ul>			



	Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.					
	Practical abilities and skills:					
	Skills needed in fieldwork planning and realisation.					
	Mapping and visualization of physical environment.					
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.					
	Making of geospatial databases.					
	Generic abilities and skills:					
	Application and planning of the research pr	OCESS.				
	Knowledge and application of statistic and	visualisation techniques.				
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and	quantitative geographic information.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Continuous professional development.					
	Understand and critically evaluate the impo	ortance of land as a resource in the econon	nic development of the country			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Understand the role and importance of the	pedosphere formation in the geosphere				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Understand the effect of physical, chemical and biological processes in the genesis and the development of the pedosphere					
outcomes)	Gain knowledge on soil geography ie on sp	batial distribution of soil in Croatia in terms	of typology and assignment			
	Introduction (2)					
	Soil genesis – Soil forming factors (3)					
	Soil genesis – Pedogenesis process (2)					
	Composition and properties of soils (6)					
2.5. Course content broken down in	Morphological characteristics of soil (2)					
detail by weekly class schedule	Soil clasification (8)					
(syllabus)	The laws of spatial distribution of soil (2)					
	Pedoregions in Croatia (2)					
	World Reference Rase for Soil Resources (3)					
	Field and laboratory exercises (9)					
	Sominar (6)					
	X loctures	independent appignments				
	A lectures X seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	2.7. Comments:			
2.6. Format of instruction:	X exercises	X laboratory				
	$\square$ on line in entirety	work with mentor				



	partial e-learning     X field work		(other)			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attending lectures and exercises, and making seminars.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	F	Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0.5	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	0.5	Oral exam	2	(other)	
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Attendance and active contribution	ution to clas	ss, seminar and exercises, writt	ten and oral exa	ım.	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	Husnjak, S., 2008: <i>Pedogeografija</i> , Internal course materials, Zavod za pedologiju Agronomskog fakulteta Sveučilišta u Zagrebu.				10	yes
	Husnjak, S., 2014: Sistematika naklada, Zagreb.	a 10	yes			
	Škorić, A., 1991: <i>Sastav i svoj</i> s Zagreb.	10	yes			
	Škorić, A., 1986: <i>Postanak, razvoj i sistematika tla</i> . Udžbenik, Fakultet poljoprivrednih znanosti, Zagreb.				10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Spargaren, O. C., Deckers, J. A., 2009: Soil Geograpy and Classification. Land use, Land Cover and Soil Science. Vol. VI.					ence. Vol. VI.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University students survey Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and teaching strategies, learning and assessment of learning outcomes Interviews with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform their work practices Other procedures required by the University and the Faculty about the internal quality assurance					s, learning and
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					





1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Aleksandar Toskić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Analyses in GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	Luka Valožić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	1+0+2+0 (15+0+30+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Capability for conducting analyses in GIS f	or practical purposes.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:         Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.         Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents         Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.         Practical abilities and skills:         Making of geospatial databases.         Applying GIS techniques.         Mapping and visualization of physical environment.         Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.         Analogue and digital thematic maps making.				





	Generic abilities and skills:				
	Application and planning of the research p	rocess.			
	Knowledge and application of statistic and	visualisation techniques.			
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and	I quantitative geographic information.			
	Information-technology skills.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and	d as a team member.			
	Autonomous continuous professional impr	ovement.			
	- knowledge of user - spatial data interact	ion			
2.4 Learning outcomes expected at the	- independently conduct spatial analysis c	on given examples			
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- differentiate and analyse vector and rast	er data			
outcomes)	- know and apply the methods of transform	mation and overlay, display and analysis of	relief		
,	- overlay error correction				
	- know and apply methods of spatial inter	polation			
	1. Interaction between user and spatial da	ta. Spatial analysis.			
	2. Selections and data mining.				
	3. Reclassification of vector and raster data.				
	4. Measurements: length, area. Polygon complexity. Slope and aspect.				
	5.Transformations: Buffering (vector)				
	6. Polygon overlay. Overlay methods. Overlay errors and their correction				
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Analysis of raster data. Methods for spatial interpolation				
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Map algebra, local operations, neighborhood operations, zonal operations				
(syllabus)	9. Overlaying, Weighted overlaying. (raster)				
	10. Buffering (raster)				
	11. Cost distance analysis				
	12. Digital elevation model. Display and analysis of the relief. Triangular irregular network (TIN)				
	13. Methods of spatial statistics. Controid Weighted mean center				
	13. Methods of spatial statistics. Centroid. Weighted mean center.				
	14. Stanuaru ueviational ellipse.				
	15. Point pattern analysis. Moran's index.				
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:		





	<ul> <li>seminars and workshops</li> <li>x exercises</li> <li>on line in entirety</li> <li>partial e-learning</li> </ul>		multimedia and the intern  laboratory  work with mentor  (other)	et		
	field work					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Observation of class attendance	ce and mak	ing exercises. The final grade i	s made on the	basis of test, written e	xam, oral exam
	results and quality of seminar	essay.				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.2	Research		Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	
ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS	Tests	2.4	Oral exam	2.4	(other)	
value of the course )	Written exam		Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Observation of class attendance exam results.	ce and mak	ing exercises. The final grade i	s made on the	basis of test, written e	exam and oral
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. F., Maguire, D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2005; 2010: Geographic Information Systems and Science, John Wiley & Sons., Chichester.			10	yes	
library and via other media)	Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., Goodchild, M. (ed.), 2005: GIS, <i>Spatial analysis and Modeling</i> , ESRI Press, Redlands.			5	yes	
	Maantanay, J., Ziegler, J., 2006: GIS for the Urban Environment, ESRI Press, Redlands.			5	yes	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule bo	ook and Ma	nual of quality management at	the University	of Zagreb and the Fa	culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Mladen Pahernik	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Digital Terrain Analysis	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+30+0 (1+0+2+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge about the application of GIS spatial analysis in geomorphological research; define the concept of digital terrain analysis; acquire knowledge about the application of methods of geomorphological research in the GIS environment; define the concept of a digital elevation model and interpolation elevation data; define methods of morphometric analysis of relief on the basis of a digital elevation model.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.         Geomorphologic processes analysis and landforms evaluation.         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.         The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.         Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents         Practical abilities and skills:			



	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.						
	Analogue and digital thematic	maps makir	ng.				
	Making of geospatial database	es.					
	Applying GIS methods and tec	hniques.					
	Generic abilities and skills:						
	Problem solving, relating to qu	alitative and	d quantitative geographic infor	mation.			
	Information-technology skills.						
	Functioning effectively as an ir	ndividual an	d as a team member.				
	Continuous professional devel	opment.					
	- explain the purpose and task	s of digital t	errain analysis				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- individually apply the method	s of digital t	errain analysis				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- evaluate the results of digital	terrain anal	lysis within a spatial analysis				
outcomes)	- produce digital elevation mod	del by interp	olation elevation data				
	- perform morphometric analysis of the area based on a digital elevation model						
	1 Introduction to digital relief a	nalysis					
	2 Overview of the development of digital terrain analysis						
	3 Digital analysis of the relief and Geoinformatics						
0.5. Osumos esertent basken deum in	4 Digital data on relief (geospatial concepts and data structures)						
2.5. Course content broken down in	5 Digital terrain models DMR (realization of digital terrain models, methods of interpolation surfaces, precision and accuracy						
(syllabus)	DEM)						
	6 - 8 Digital analysis of landforms - vector analysis (distance, direction, connectivity, neighborhood, distribution)						
	9 - 11 Spatial analysis of relief - raster analysis (local Functions neighborhood, zonal functions, global functions)						
	12 - 15 Modeling geomorphological data - geomorphometry (geomorphological models, hydrological models, climatological						
	models, pedological models, e	etc.)	1				
	X lectures		X independent assignments	;	2.7. Comments:		
	Seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	net			
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\square$ on line in entirety		laboratory				
	partial e-learning		work with mentor				
	ield work		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d exercises	and assignments.				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research		Practical training		



FORM 1 Evaluation of university study programmes of undergraduate, graduate and integrated undergraduate and graduate studies, and vocational studies

proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)	
course )	Written exam	2	Project	1	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written exam 38 % + Oral exa	ım 38 % + I	Project 24 %.			
		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
	Wilson, J. P., Gallant, J. C., 20 Wiley & Sons.	10	yes			
library and via other media)	Bonham-Carter, G. F., 2002: 0 Pergamon.	10	yes			
	O'Sullivan, D. Unwin, D. J., 20	s. 10	yes			
	Pahernik, M., 2007: Digitalna a	10	yes			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles from journals Croatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria, Polemos.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.					culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Anita Filipčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Climate Change	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	Mladen Maradin	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		-	-		
2.1. Course objectives	One of the most important objectives considers the potential causes and effects of climate change on Earth. The students are supposed to get all the needed informations in order to take an attitude about climate change.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Developing of cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills: knowing and understanding interactions between climate, relief and waters, knowing and understanding interactions between climate and other elements, knowing and understanding the human influence on climate, developing competencies for research work.				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Knowing, understanding and independent performing of statistical analyses of climatic data. Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate change theories. Knowing, understanding and independent explanation the climate changes during the geological time. Knowing, understanding and independent interpretating the evidences of climate change. Knowing, understanding and critical thinking about the causes of climatic change				
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ol> <li>Terminology of climate changes</li> <li>Teories of climate changes</li> <li>The methodology of climate change research</li> <li>Climate in the past</li> <li>The Cenozoic glaciation</li> </ol>				



	6. The climate change in histo	6. The climate change in historic and holocene time					
	7. The climate change in instrumental period						
	8. From global cooling to globa	8. From global cooling to global warming					
	9. IPCC						
	10. Time series analyses						
	11. The natural causes of clim	atic change	9				
	12. The anthropogenic causes	of climatic	change				
	13. Evidence of climate chang	е					
	14. Effects of climate change						
	15. Climate change prediction						
	X lectures			2.	7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		X multimedia and the interne	et			
2.6. Format of instruction:							
	□ on line in entirety □ work with mentor						
	☐ field work (other)						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class and prese	ntations w	riting and presentation of a sen	ninar paper			
	Class attendance	0.25	Research	Pi	actical training		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Experimental work	0.20	Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0.75	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	4.0	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Attendance and active contribution	ution to clas	ss, seminar writing and present	ation, written exa	ım.		
					Number of	A	
			Title		copies in the	Availability vi	a
					library	other media	i
	Archer, D., Rahmstorf, S., 201	0: The Clin	nate Crisis. Cambridge Univers	ity Press, New	r.		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	York.				5	yes	
library and via other media)	Dow, K., Downing, T. E., 2011	: The Atlas	of Climate Change: Mapping th	he World's	F	200	
	Greatest Challenge. University	of Californ	ia Press, Berkely and Los Ang	eles.	5	усэ	



2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Horner, C. C., 2007: The Politically Incorrect Guide to Global Warming. Regnery Publishing, Inc.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Mladen Pahernik	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Geomorphological Mapping	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+30+0 (1+0+2+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge and skills for the observation of individual landforms with a view to their identification, analysis, and problem solving of cartographic representation. Define methodology of geomorphological mapping, and the content and presentation of information on the geomorphological map. Acquiring knowledge about the methods of field geomorphological mapping			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills</li> <li>Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of geomorphologic research methods and mapping.</li> <li>Geomorphologic processes analysis and landforms evaluation.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> <li>Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents</li> <li>Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.</li> </ul>			



	Skills needed in fieldwork planning and realisation.					
	Measurement of relief forms and geomorp	hologic processes.				
	Mapping and visualization of physical envi	ronment.				
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.					
	Analogue and digital thematic maps makir	ng.				
	Making of geospatial databases.	•				
	Applying GIS methods and techniques.					
	Generic abilities and skills:					
	Application and planning of the research p	process.				
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and	d quantitative geographic information.				
	Information-technology skills.					
	Functioning effectively as an individual and	d as a team member.				
	Continuous professional development.					
	- explain the goals and tasks of geomorph	ological mapping				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- apply appropriate mapping and measurement procedures in practice					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- organize and implement field work and geomorphologic mapping in selected area					
outcomes)	- prepare a geomorphological map of the s	selected area				
	1 Introduction to geomorphological mappin	חמ				
	2-3 Methodology geomorphological mappi	ing				
	4 Phase of geomorphological research					
	5 Phase of preparatory work					
2.5. Course content broken down in	6 Phase of field research					
detail by weekly class schedule	7 Final Phase of works					
(syllabus)	8-9 Contents of geomorphological map					
	10.11 Display data					
	12-13 Field geometrical research					
	14-15 Making geomorphological map					
	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Commontor			
	Seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	Z.7. Comments:			
2.6. Format of instruction:	X exercises	aboratory				
	on line in entirety	work with mentor				
	partial e-learning	(other)				



	X field work				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attending lectures and field work	and preparation of geomorphological n	nap of range.		
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	Research		Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work	Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay	Seminar essay		(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	Oral exam	2	(other)	
course )	Written exam	Project	3	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Project 60 % + oral exam 40 %.				
	Title Number of copies in the library				Availability via other media
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Easterbrook, D., Kovanen, D., 1999: Interpretation of Landforms from Topographic Maps and Air Photographs, Laboratory Manuel, Prentice Hall.			10	yes
library and via other media)	Blume, H., 1992: Colour atlas of surface forms of the Earth, Harvard University Press.			10	yes
	Grupa autora (1985) Upute za izradu detaljne geomorfološke karte u mjerilu 1: 100 000.			0. 10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles from journals C	roatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria	a, Polemos.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book	< and Manual of quality management at	the University	of Zagreb and the Fa	culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Speleology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L $+$ S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	• • • •	•	
2.1. Course objectives	Learning objectives of the course are that students gain basic knowledge about the goals and methods of speleology, on the position of speleology in science, the physical speleology, on other scientific aspects of speleology, regional speleology of Croatia and the world, on the socio-economic importance of the caves and their threaten, evaluation and protection in accordance with sustainable development.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:         <ul> <li>Knowledge and application of geomorphologic research methods and mapping.</li> <li>Geomorphologic processes analysis and landforms evaluation.</li> <li>Understanding and analysis of geomorphologic, hydrographic and microclimate specifics in karst.</li> <li>Geoecologic analysis, planning and landscape evaluation.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection.</li> <li>Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and environmental expertise documentation.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:         <ul> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.</li> <li>Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			



	Skills needed in fieldwork planning and realisation.					
	Measurement of relief forms and geomorp	hologic processes.				
	Mapping and visualization of physical environment.					
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.					
	Application and planning of the research p	rocess.				
	Knowledge and application of statistic and visualisation techniques.					
	Continuous professional development.					
	Explain the development of speleology					
	Interpret the factors that influence the proc	cess and development of karst caves in sele	ected cases			
	Apply skills in the use and interpretation of	caving survey maps				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Apply the concepts and methodology of the geospeleology					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	To compare the specifics of caves in Croatia and the world					
	Evaluate the significance of caves					
	Evaluate and compare the level of protection of caves in Croatia					
	Separate and explain the specific threat caves					
	Provide effective measures to protect caves and karst					
	1 Introduction to speleology					
	2 Karst- conditions for development, karst hydrography					
	3 Karst geomorphology					
	4 Methods of measurement and graphical representation of caves, speleomorphometry					
	5 Caves - concepts and classification, macromorphology					
	6 Mesomorphology of caves					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Micromorphology caves					
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Sediments in caves					
(syllabus)	9 Speleogenesis					
	10 Biospeleology and speleoclimatology					
	11 Archaeology and paleontology in caves					
	12 Regional speleology of Croatia					
	13 Regional speleology of the world					
	14 Significance and evaluation of caves					
	15 Threats and protection of caves					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:			





	X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work		multimedia and the intern     laboratory     X work with mentor     (other)	et			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d exercises	and independent assignments	5.			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	3	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project	1	(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 20 %; Oral e	exam 60 %;	Project 20 %.				
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
library and via other mediaj	Palmer, A., 2006: <i>Cave geology</i> . Cave books, Dayton, 454 pp.			10	yes		
2.12 Optional literature (at the time of	Klimchouk, A., Ford, D., Palmer, A. i Dreybrodt, W. (urednici), 2000: Speleogenesis – Evolution of Karst Aquifers. National Speleological Society, Huntsville.						
submission of study programme proposal)	Ford, D. i Williams, P., 2007: Karst Hydrogeology and Geomorphology. 562 str., John Wiley i Sons, Chichester, West Sussex, England.						
	White, W. B., 1988: Geomorphology and Hydrology of Karst Terrains. Oxford university press, New York-Oxford.						
	University students survey						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and teaching strategies, learning and						
ensure the acquisition of exit	assessment of learning outcomes						
competences	Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform their work practices						
	Other procedures required by the University and the Faculty about the internal quality assurance						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Natural Hazards	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-	-			
2.1. Course objectives	Understanding of main types of natural hazards, of the probability of their occurrence, expected and real damage. Understanding of prevention possibilities and of management possibilities after disasters.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.</li> <li>Knowledge of environmental history and large-scale environmental modifications.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection.</li> <li>Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and environmental expertise documentation.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> <li>Presentation and elaboration of scientific contents</li> <li>Implementation of appropriate measurement practice.</li> </ul>				





	Practical abilities and skills:			
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results.			
	Analogue and digital thematic maps making.			
	Location factors analysis in physical geography.			
	Generic abilities and skills:			
	Application and planning of the research process.			
	Knowledge and application of statistic and visualisation techniques.			
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.			
	Information-technology skills.			
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.			
	Continuous professional development.			
	Understanding of the definitions and the terminology in the field of natural hazards.			
	Recognising of types of natural hazards, understanding of their occurrence.			
	Knowledge and ability of accessing the probability of main types of natural hazards.			
	Understanding and interpreting of natural hazards probability maps.			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowledge of prevention methods.			
evel of the course (4 to 10 learning	Ability to cooperate in planning and proposing risk management measurements and measurements of reducing effects of			
outcomes)	natural catastrophes.			
	Ability to cooperate in planning of spatial management immediately after catastrophes.			
	Ability of simple damage assessments.			
	Ability of independent browsing and consulting of relevant literature.			
	1 Natural hazards – definitions, terminology.			
	2 Classifications according to origin, location, size and time scales.			
	3 Trends in natural catastrophes.			
	4 Paradigms in natural hazards.			
2.5. Course content broken down in	5 Natural exposition and vulnerability to natural hazards.			
detail by weekly class schedule	6 Risk assessments and risk management.			
(syllabus)	7 Reduction of effects of catastrophes.			
	8 – 15 Types of hazards, causes, historic records, examples, consequences, reactions, possibilities of prediction and			
	prevention:			
	8 Geologic hazards.			
	9 Geomorphologic hazards.			





	<ul> <li>10 - 12 Hydrometeorologic hazards.</li> <li>13 Marine hazards.</li> <li>14 Biologic hazards.</li> <li>15 Chronic and rare global hazards.</li> </ul>						
2.6. Format of instruction:	Seminar: written seminar pape X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work	2.7. Comments:					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar	paper.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each	Class attendance Experimental work	0,5	Research Report		Practical training (other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1,25	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	3,25	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar evaluation, written ex Attendance to class 10 % + se	amination, open series and the series of the	oral examination optional. r 25 % + written examination 4	0 - 65 %, oral	examination 0 - 25 %		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Title				Number of copies in the library	Avai oth	ilability via ıer media
library and via other media)	Smith, K., Petley, D. N., 2009: <i>Environmental Hazards, Assessing Risk and Reducing Disaster</i> . Routledge, 5th edition.				5		yes
	Bryant, E., 2006: Natural Haza	ards. Cambi	idge Univ. Press, 2nd edition.		5		yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles in scientific literature and on internet.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Dane Pejnović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Restructuring of rural areas	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	Petra Radeljak	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology 1.9. Expected enrolment in the course			
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•			
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring advanced knowledge on rural areas, the process of its transformation and the current problems of sustainable development. Understanding the structural and dynamic problems in rural areas, training for integrated planning of their development.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	Demogeography (pass the exam) and rural geography (completed course).				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills: Knowledge and understanding of: The research process in geography. The role of natural elements in spatial planning. Human geographic factors in spatial planning. Contemporary processes and problems in urban development. Factors and processes of rural restructuring and regionally differentiated cases of rural restructuring. Subjects and factors of regional development. The role of local and state government in regional development. Regional development of Croatia. Protection of environment. Identification and evaluation of resources on local, regional and national level.				



	Orientation in space and other skills needed in fieldwork.
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.
	Cognitive abilities and skills:
	Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.
	The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Ability to:
	Apply geographic methodology in the study and research of rural areas
	Differentiate discourses in defining rural areas as well as models, criteria and functions of rural areas
2.4. Learning outcomes our stad at the	Compare features of rural areas at the local, regional, national, continental and global levels
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Analyze the factors of transformation of rural areas in conditions of modernization and globalization
outcomes)	Evaluate demographic resources and social capital in rural areas
	Recognize socio-geographic features and explain the lifestyle and identity of rural areas
	Distinguish between types of rural areas and apply the typology to given space
	Explain the causes of the problem of sustainable development of rural areas
	Create plan for revitalization and integrated development of rural areas on the basis of the analysis of their resources
	1 Introduction
	2 Restructuring of the population in rural areas
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule	3 Restructuring of settlements in rural areas
(syllabus)	4 Re-evaluation of resources and functional changes in the rural areas
	5 Changes in the rural economy
	6 Changes in the environment and landscape of rural areas



	7 Rural areas and functional c	organization	ו					
	8 Rural areas in regional deve	elopment						
	9 Typology and its importance	Typology and its importance for the development of rural areas						
	0 Rural Development and Planning (change management in rural areas)							
	11 Rural policy or policies for r	1 Rural policy or policies for rural areas?						
	12 Models of rural developmer	2 Models of rural development - Case studies: The World, Europe						
	13 LEADER's approach to rura	3 LEADER's approach to rural development						
	14 Project teaching: projects for	or integrate	d rural development					
	15 Models and revitalization pr	ojects of C	roatian rural areas					
	X lectures			2	.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	net				
2.6. Format of instruction:								
	C nortial a learning		X work with mentor					
	X field work		(other)					
	Regular attendance of classes	and semin	ars. Active participation in the	classroom. Sem	nars. Application of	peographic		
2.8 Student responsibilities	graphical, statistical and mapp	ina methoc	ls in field research in rural area	s. Oral and writt	en reports on the res	ults of field studies		
	over other students.							
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	F	ractical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)			
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	The final score is determined b	by the total	scores in written and oral exan	ninations and ev	aluation seminar.			
				Number of	Availability via			
			Title		copies in the	other media		
					library			
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Lukić, A., 2012: Mozaik izvan grada: tipologija ruralnih i urbaniziranih naselja Hrvatske,			15	yes			
library and via other media)	Lukić, A., Peinović, D., 2010: N	/letodološk	e osnove izrade tipologije rural	nih područia				
	Hrvatske, Zbornik znanstvenog	g skupa Ru	iralni prostori Jugoistočne Euro	pe između	10	VOC		
	lokalizacije i globalizacije (ed.	Snježana N	/lusa), Geografsko društvo Her	cegovine,	10	уез		
	Aostar, 95-121.							



	Pejnović, D., Lukić, A., 2010: Dinamički i strukturni problem ruralnih područja u tranzicijskim zemljama: primjer Hrvatske, <i>Zbornik znanstvenog skupa Ruralni prostori</i> <i>Jugoistočne Europe između lokalizacije i globalizacije</i> (ed. Snježana Musa), Geografsko društvo Hercegovine, Mostar, 73-93.					
	LEADER – od inicijative do metode: vodič za poduku o LEADER-ovu pristupu (ed. l. Laginja), ZOE – Centar za održivi razvoj ruralnih krajeva, Zagreb, 2004.	10	yes			
	Woods, M., 2005: <i>Rural Geography: Processes, Responses and Experiences in Rural Re</i> Aberystwyth	structuring, Univers	ity of Wales,			
	Robinson, M. G., 1990: Conflict and change in the countryside, Rural society, economy and planning in the developed world, Chichester.					
2.12 Optional literature (at the time of	Hoggart, K., Buller, H., Black, R., 1995: Rural Europe, Identy and Change, London.					
	Haan, de H., Kasimis, B., Redelift, M., 1997: Sustainable Rural Development, Aldershot.					
submission of study programme	Butler R., Hall C. M., Jenkins J. (ur.), 1998: Tourism and Recreation Rural Areas, John Wiley & Sons, Chicheste					
proposal)	Other sources and databases: 1) Scientific journals					
	<ul> <li>a) Croatian scientific and professional journals (Croatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria, Acta Geographica Croatica, The geographical Horizon, Rural Sociology, Journal for General Social Issues)</li> <li>b) Foreign scientific journals (Journal of Rural Studies, Sociologia Ruralis)</li> </ul>					
	2) Relevant articles from the portal http://www.geografija.hr/ and http://hrcak.srce.hr/					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	culty of Science.			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Coast and Coastal Water Management	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	•		
2.1. Course objectives	Understanding coastland as a geographic space where different processes, activities and functions occur, intertwine, support each other or come into conflict. Developing of critical thought aimed at coordination of activities and planning and possibilities of coastal management.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge and application of theories and methodology in physical geography.</li> <li>Water resources evaluation as a key element of sustainable development.</li> <li>Geoecologic analysis, planning and landscape evaluation.</li> <li>Knowledge and application of nature and environment sustainable management and protection.</li> <li>Knowledge, abilities and skills of physical environment analysis and evaluation in spatial and regional planning and environmental expertise documentation.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Recognition and analysis of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>Evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> </ul>				





	Practical abilities and skills:
	Mapping and visualization of physical environment
	Applying statistic and visualisation methods and techniques in analysis and presentation of the research results
	Location factors analysis in physical geography
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Application and planning of the research process.
	Knowledge and application of statistic and visualisation techniques.
	Problem solving, relating to gualitative and guantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	Knowledge of the properties and dynamics of coastal waters and understanding of the oceans geoecologic role.
	Knowledge of coast types and basic coastal natural processes.
	Knowledge of the maritime law basics and the regimes of exploitation on the sea.
	Understanding of the litoralisation processes.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Ability to interpret and discuss the historic and geographic role of the world ocean, especially in relation to globalisation
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	processes.
outcomes)	Ability to interpret and discuss the need of ocean protection.
	Ability of independent browsing and consulting of relevant literature.
	Abilities and skills related to recognising of potential and actual conflicts of interest in coastland area and management
	possibilities.
	1 Introduction, terminology.
	2 The properties and dynamics of coastal waters.
	3 Coast types.
	4 and 5 Litoralization, coast as a living areas. Ecological aspects of litoralization.
2.5. Course content broken down in	6 and 7 Coast as a touristic resource.
(syllabus)	8 Fishery and mariculture.
(Syllabus)	9 Off-shore mining.
	10 and 11 Maritime affairs, world harbours, shipping.
	12 Sea boundaries. Exclusive economic zones.
	13 Strategic aspects of the world ocean.



	14 and 15 Management of coast and coastal waters, examples from the World and from Croatia.						
	Seminar: written seminar pape	Seminar: written seminar paper on a given theme.					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures       X         X seminars and workshops       X         exercises       C         on line in entirety       C         partial e-learning       C         field work       C		X independent assignments I multimedia and the internet I laboratory Work with mentor (other)		2.7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar	paper.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	2,5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar evaluation, written ex Attendance to class 10 % + se	kamination. eminar pape	er 40 % + written examination 5	50 %.			
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Beatley T., Brower, D. J., Schwab, A. K., 2002: <i>An Introduction to Coastal Zone Management</i> . 2nd edit. Island Press, Washington, 342 pp.			10	yes		
	Barnabe, G., Barnabe-Quet, R., 2000: <i>Ecology and Management of Coastal Waters</i> . Engl. izdanje: Springer Praxis Publishing Ltd., Chichester, 396 pp.			10	yes		
2.42 Optional literature (at the time of	<u> </u>						
submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles in scientific jo	ournals and	on internet.				
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Passive knowledge of English language needed.						


1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Mladen Pahernik	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Military Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	•
2.1. Course objectives	Acquire basic knowledge about the military the various geographic factors for military- space (militarism). Analyze the significance of military geographic problems in the work	r-geographical analysis of space. Emphasize in geographical analysis of space and the analysis of the idea of global geostrategy. Develop an d.	terdependence analysis function of s of the impact of military operations in interest in the continuous monitoring
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and slich Knowledge and application of theories and Defining and solving spatial problems of his</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual generation, interpretation and synthesis of Presentation and elaboration of scientific compression of statistic and visualisation methods:</li> <li>Applying statistic and visualisation methods:</li> </ul>	<b>kills:</b> methodology in physical geography. gh complexity. eography-related problems and processes. relevant information. ontents s and techniques in analysis and presentation o g.	of the research results.





	Generic abilities and skills:							
	Application and planning of the	e research p	process.					
	Knowledge and application of	statistic and	l visualisation techniques.					
	Problem solving, relating to qu	alitative and	d quantitative geographic inform	mation.				
	Information-technology skills.							
	Functioning effectively as an ir	ndividual an	d as a team member.					
	Continuous professional devel	opment.						
	- explain the goals and tasks o	of military ge	eography					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- independently apply the meth	nods of the i	military-geographical terrain ar	nalysis				
ever of the course (4 to 10 learning	- evaluate the results of analys	sis of the im	pact space on modern military	action				
oucomes)	- make requests for information	n about geo	graphic space needed for milit	tary geograph	ic analysis			
	1 Introduction to Military Geog	raphy: Cond	cept, development and distribu	ition of military	y geography.			
	2 Military meaning study area.							
2.5. Course content broken down in	3 Military geographic area cate	3 Military geographic area categories.						
	4-5 Definition of basic military geographic categories; battlefield, battlefield, military geographic focus, geographic orientation of							
	the military and others.							
detail by weekly class schedule	6-7 Evaluation of military geographic elements and factors.							
(Syllabus)	8-9 Military geographic judgment impact natural geographic factors in military operations.							
	10-11 Military geographic judgment the influence of socio-economic factors on military operations.							
	12 The interaction of geographical and military factors in space.							
	13-15 Military geographical an	alysis of pa	rticular historical battles and m	nilitary operation	ons.			
	X lectures			2	2.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et				
2.6. Format of instruction:								
	On line in entirety		work with mentor					
			(other)					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d seminars.						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)			
ocureo l			Designat					



2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 20 % + seminar essay 40 % + oral exam 40 %.		
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Collins J. M., 1998: <i>Military Geography: For Professionals and the Public</i> , Potomac Books	10	yes
	Glassner, M., 1993: Political Geography, John Wiley. New York.	10	yes
	Pahernik, M. Kereša, D., 2007: Primjena geomorfoloških istraživanja u vojnoj analizi terena - indeks zaštitnog potencijala zemljišta, <i>Hrvatski geografski glasnik</i> . 69(1); 41-56.	10	yes
	Atlas Europe, Leksikografski Zavod "Miroslav Krleža", Zagreb, 1997.	10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles from journals Croatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria, Polemos.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fa	culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-		



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Dane Pejnović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Geography of Karst	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Petra Radeljak	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Physical Geography and Geoecology	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	•
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge and developing skills development of karst areas in Croatia and Understanding the principles of sustainable role in regional development and spatial pla of karst areas.	on the structures, processes, and problems an abroad. e development and problems of the developme anning. Adoption of research methods and tech	d opportunities for sustainable nt of karst areas, and their place and nniques for sustainable development
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge and skills</li> <li><u>Knowledge and understanding:</u></li> <li>Process of research work in the study of kassis of karst areas in regional period features of karst areas in regional period period.</li> <li><b>Cognitive, practical and generic skills an</b></li> <li>Application of knowledge in determining, id</li> <li>Ability to identify and separation phenomer planning.</li> <li>Ability to interpret and discuss the evolution Croatian karst areas.</li> </ul>	arst areas. blanning. t of karst areas. <b>nd abilities:</b> entifying and solving the problem of high spatia ha and processes in the Croatian karst areas in n of landscape, environmental degradation and	al complexity in karst areas. nportant for spatial and regional sustainable development issues of



	Skills in presenting scientific content and arguments in writing and orally.
	The skills needed for field work.
	Application mapping geographic content.
	Choosing appropriate prediction methods of changes in the karst areas of Croatia.
	Application of the model and creating sustainable development projects karst areas.
	Work effectively, independently and in a team.
	Independent work required for professional advancement and professional development.
	Ability to:
	- Define and explain the objects, approaches, methods, and research purposes karst geography
	- Explain the elements, characteristics and distribution of karst
	- Identify and evaluate the role of relief and visual elements as well as the factors of karst areas
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- Explain the particularities of karst ecosystem
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- Interpret the evolution of the landscape and environmental degradation in karst regions
outcomes)	- Recognize the problems of sustainable development of karst areas
	- Identify and implement models for sustainable development of karst areas
	- Create a project for sustainable development of karst areas
	- Explain the benefits and management of protected areas in Dinaric karst in Croatia
	- Evaluate the educational potential of karst and karst areas
	1. Introduction: The scientific basis of the subject
	2. Geospatial System of Karst
	3. Relief as an element and factor in karst areas
	4. Water as an element and a factor in karst areas
	5. Environment and ecosystems in karst areas
	6. Population and social functions as factors in karst areas
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Role of historical and spatial development in environmental degradation and the evolution of the landscape of karst areas
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Problems of sustainable development in karst areas in modern conditions
(syllabus)	9. Geographical features of karst areas in Europe
	10. Geographical features of karst areas in non-European continents
	11. Croatian karst area
	12. Croatian Dinaric karst: case studies of sustainable development issues
	13. Protected areas of the Dinaric Karst: meaning and problems of sustainable management
	14. Models and projects for sustainable development in karst areas
	15. Didactic potential of karst and karst areas



	X lectures			2.7. Comments:				
2.6. Format of instruction:	<ul> <li>seminars and workshops</li> <li>exercises</li> <li>on line in entirety</li> <li>partial e-learning</li> <li>X field work</li> </ul>		multimedia and the intern     laboratory     X work with mentor     (other)	et				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Hor thematic discussions.	nework and	seminar work. Leaving the se	minar before th	e study group ar	id to particip	oate in	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0,5	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)			
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Regularity of attendance and c	lass particip	pation to 10 % + seminar 20 %	+ written exan	n 30 % + oral exa	ım 40 %.		
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availabili m	ty via other edia	
	Roglić, J., 2004: Krš i njegovo značenje, sabrana djela, 360 pp.			10		/es		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske: geografski pregled i značenje</i> , Hrvatsko geografsko društvo – Split, Split, 264 pp.			10		/es		
library and via other media)	Pravdić, V., 2003: Održivi razvoj: značenje, poimanje i primjena, u: Društvena istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrvatske, 65-66, Zagreb, 285-309.			10	y	/es		
	Pejnović, D., 2005: Održivi raz prvog savjetovanja Hrvatski kr. Centar za krš, Gospić/Zagreb,	voj naseljer š i gospoda Zagreb, 19	nosti na krškom području Hrvat rski razvoj (ur. B. Biondić i J. B -31.	ske, Zbornik ožičević),	10	X	/es	
	Butula, S., 2003: Planiranje za za krajobraz, u: <i>Društvena istra</i>	održivi razv a <i>živanja: o</i> d	voj: značenje različitosti društv <i>Irživi razvoj Hrvatske</i> , 65-66, Z	enog interesa agreb, 427-441	. 10	y	/es	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	<ul> <li>Brinkmann, R., 2010: Karst and sustainability in Florida, U.S.A., u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 25-32.</li> <li>Dörflinger, N., Plagnes, V., Kavouri, K., 2010: PaPRIKa a multicriteria vulnerability method as a tool for sustainable</li> </ul>							
	management of karst aquifers Dinaric karst and other karst re	management of karst aquifers – Example of application on a test site in SW France, u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26						



	September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 49-56.
	Guo Fang, J. G., 2010: The resources, environment and development in Fengshan Geopark karst area, u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 75-82.
	Maleković, S., Tišma, S., Farkaš, A., 2010: Capacity for managing local development in karst areas, u: <i>Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions</i> , International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 129-136.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	The procedures set forth in the Rules and the Manual of Quality Management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science: - University and college student survey - Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives and subject content and teaching and learning strategies, assessment of learning outcomes analysis of the student's success in the tasks they perform, the colloquia, seminars, written and oral exams - Exit polls for graduates - Telephone and mail surveys after the first year of service (tracking employment after graduation and success in the profession) - Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform internships
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



List of required and elective courses and/or modules with class hours and ECTS credits, course: SPATIAL PLANNING AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

	LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES										
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year											
Semester: 1 <sup>st</sup> (Winter)											
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective			
	Introduction to Scientific Research	S. Šterc	1	0	1		3	required			
	Physical Geography in Spatial Planning	N. Buzjak, A. Filipčić, D. Orešić	3	3	0		7	required			
	Fundamentals of Regional and Spatial Planning	A. Lukić	2	2	0		5	required			
	Elective 1	See the table					5	required			
	Elective 2	See the table					5	required			
	Elective 3	See the table					5	required			

	LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES									
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year										
Semester: 1 <sup>st</sup> (Winter)										
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective		
	Applied Geomorphology	N. Bočić	2	1	0		5	elective		
	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	N. Bočić	2	1	0		5	elective		
	Geographic Analysis of Small-Area Population	K. Bašić	2	1	0		5	elective		
	Tourism and Recreation in Spatial Planning	Z. Curić	2	1	0		5	elective		
	Factors of industry and management location	Z. Stiperski	2	1	0		5	elective		
	International Organizations	Z. Stiperski	2	1	0		5	elective		
	Analyses in GIS	A. Toskić	1	0	2		5	elective		
	Population of Croatia	S. Šterc	2	1	0		5	elective		



	LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES									
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year										
Semester: 2 <sup>nd</sup> (Summer)										
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective		
	Methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning	D. Pejnović	2	2	0		5	required		
	Restructuring of rural areas	D. Pejnović	2	2	0		5	required		
	City in the regional planning	D. Njegač	3	1	0		5	required		
	Elective 4	See the table					5	required		
	Elective 5	See the table					5	required		
	Fieldwork in geography IV (60 hours/year)	According to decision of Geography Department Council					5	required		

	LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES								
Year of study: 1 <sup>st</sup> year									
Semester: 2 <sup>nd</sup> (Summer)									
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective	
	Urban-social Geography	V. Prelogović	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Contemporary Themes in Social Geography	S. Klempić Bogadi	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Real Estate Cadastre	M. Roić	3	0	1		5	elective	
	Applied Climatology	A. Filipčić	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Natural Hazards	D. Orešić	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Urban Regions	V. Prelogović	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Heritage and Tourism in Rural Areas	A. Lukić	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Geography of Trade	M. Jakovčić	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Cross-border cooperation and regional policy EU	Z. Stiperski, D. Stilinović	2	1	0		5	elective	
	Geography of Karst	D. Pejnović	2	1	0		5	elective	



	LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES									
Year of study: 2 <sup>nd</sup> year										
Semester: 3 <sup>rd</sup> (Winter)										
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective		
	Transport and spatial organization	M. Jakovčić	2	2	0		5	required		
	Regional Develpment	Z. Stiperski	2	2	0		5	required		
	Elective 6	See the table					5	required		
	Elective 7	See the table					5	required		
	Professional student training (90 hours/year)	*					5	required		
	Graduate seminar	**	0	5	0		5	required		

\* Institution of Professional student training is reported to coordinator for Professional student training, who gives the signature according to confirmation about properly done student training.

\*\*In the third semestre student choose a menthor, consults with the menthor about the subject of Master thesis, makes a concept of Master thesis and is obligatory to report the theme of Master thesis.



LIST OF ELECTIVE COURSES								
Year of study: 2 <sup>nd</sup> year								
Semester: 3rd (Winter)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Applied Geomorphology	N. Bočić	2	1	0		5	elective
	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	N. Bočić	2	1	0		5	elective
	Geographic Analysis of Small-Area Population	K. Bašić	2	1	0		5	elective
	Tourism and Recreation in Spatial Planning	Z. Curić	2	1	0		5	elective
	Factors of industry and management location	Z. Stiperski	2	1	0		5	elective
	International Organizations	Z. Stiperski	2	1	0		5	elective
	Analyses in GIS	A. Toskić	1	0	2		5	elective
	Population of Croatia	S. Šterc	2	1	0		5	elective

LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES								
Year of study: 2 <sup>nd</sup> year								
Semester: 4 <sup>th</sup> (Summer)								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Master Thesis with defence						30	required





### **REQUIRED COURSES**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Stjepan Šterc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Introduction to Scientific Research	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	3	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+15+0 (1+0+1+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>Enable students for independant scientific-research work.</li> <li>Introduce students with the structure and stages of the scientific-research proceeding.</li> <li>Train students for the appliance of standard and special research methods and techniques.</li> <li>Explain students the specificities of geographical methodology in research process.</li> <li>Teach students how to define main research aims, tasks, hypothesis, spatial laws, models, projections and conclusions.</li> <li>Capacitate students with the particularities of the geographical research approach.</li> </ul>			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	This course contribution to the programme is held in the definition of outer and inner research frame, in directioning the inquiry towards crucial processes in space and in the comprehension of spatial laws and objective spatial reality. Very complex context, relationship and link conditionality in geographical space, unique methodology and theoretical concept, research task definitions, individual practice in the research steps, and the recognition of spatial complexity have been validated. Also, the spatial allocate and function determination, spatial typization and regionalization, spatial modeling, projections of future changes, applicability of pertinent methodology, research epistemology comprehension etc., have been appointed.			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Outcomes expected on the level of this coupoints out the folowing abilities. 1. The ability of spatial content observing, of 2. The research ability of spatial law considered a	urse are linked with the high-level education in defining, categorizing, mapping and clarifying. deration, discussion, detection, definition, projection, definition, definiti	which the concerned knowledge	



	3. Extended epistemology and coverage of the special approach.						
	4. Cognitive and cognition abil	ity of reveali	ng conditioned spatial links ar	nong complex	x contexts in geographical spa	ce, its	
	causal clarification and resolve	ement.					
	5. The ability of complex meth	odological sy	stem appliance in interdiscipl	inary approad	ch and in logicaly settled funda	amental	
	spatial relations.						
	6. Individual approach in spatial disproportion perceivement and in research task definition.						
	7. The ability of the empiric research which can be applicable in basic spatial planns.						
	8. Spatial functional organization ability in accordance with the phylosophy and logics of space.						
	1. Scientific systems.	1. Scientific systems.					
	2. Sistematizations and approa	aches within	scientific system.				
	3. Example of geographical re	search subje	ect-matter.				
	4. Work definitions and atribut	ons.					
	5. Approach to the research a	nd to the pap	per writing.				
	6. Research methods and tech	nniques.					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Data analysis.						
detail by weekly class schedule	8.Geographical approach to th	e research.					
(syllabus)	9. Field work inquiries.						
	10. Research task definition.						
	11.Scientific knowledge prese	ntation and p	oopularising.				
	12. The role of research in edu	ucational sys	tem.				
	13. Process of scientific work	oublication.					
	14. The meaning of geographi	cal cognition	s for objective geographical re	eality compre	hension.		
	15. Theme elaboration through	h the researc	ch proceeding.				
	X lecture		X independent assignments	i i	2.7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	This course aims to learn stu	udents how	
2.6. Format of instruction:			laboratory		to independently enter in the	e research	
	partial e-learning		X work with mentor		proceeding.		
	x field work		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, pas	sed prelimin	ary exam, reserach discussio	n and indepe	ndent research issue elaborat	ion.	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	1	Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		



credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	0.5	Oral exam		(other)	
course )	Written exam	0.5	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance and discussi	Class attendance and discussion in research groups, tests, written exam and seminar essay.				
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	Montello, D. R., Sutton, P. C., Geography, SAGE Publication	10	yes			
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Zelenika, R., 2000: <i>Metodologi</i> Ekonomski fakultet Sveučilišta	10	yes			
	Milas, G., 2009: <i>Istraživačke metode u psihologiji i drugim društvenim znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Zagreb.				10	yes
	Mejovšek, M., 2008: <i>Metode z</i> <i>znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Zag	10	yes			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Robinson, G. M., 1998: Methods and Techniques in Human Geography, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	Among classical ways of stude	nt evaluatio	on, independent researc	h works with mentors ins	struction have been	especially
competences	evaluated and revolted on the	level of pote	ential student involveme	nt in scientific and profe	ssional meetings.	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Research tasks have been ass	signed by st	udents individual choice	e (associated with their c	ourse).	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Nenad Buzjak Anita Filipčić, Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Physical Geography in Spatial Planning	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	7		
1.3. Associate teachers	Ivan Čanjevac Mladen Maradin	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	45+45+0+0 (3+3+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	To accuire knowlede about tight causality and interaction between physical environmnet and spatial planning and about the role of physical geographic elements in regional development.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills Knowledge and understanding of: The research process in geography. Theoretical basis in regional and spatial pla Methods and techniques in regional and sp The role of natural elements in spatial plan Protection of environment and nature, and Identification and evaluation of resources of Cognitive abilities and skills: Applying knowledge in determining, definin Recognition and isolation of objects and pr The ability to interpret and discuss geograp The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta The skills needed for presenting scientific of Practical abilities and skills:	anning. batial planning ning, especially of climate, water and relief. spatial planning of protected areas. on local, regional and national level. g, and solving spatial problems of high comple ocesses crucial for spatial and regional plannin ohy-related problems and processes. tion, and synthesis of relevant information. contents and arguments in written and oral form	nxity. Ing.		



	Orientation in space and other skills needed in fieldwork.
	Applying appropriate statistical and graphic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results; especially quantitative
	analysis of transport networks.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Understanding and interpreting the role of physical geography elements in geosystems.
	Knowing, understanding and interpreting of climatic and hydrologic extremes and connected geomorphologic hazards.
	Knowing and understanding water supply issues.
	Knowing, understanding and interpreting the speciphics of urban climate.
	Knowing and understanding od gemorphologic issues in urban and economicaly active areas.
	Understanding of the need for water resources preservation and of waters a strategic good in 21st Century.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Ability to interpret and discuss the need of the preservation of the public rights to water resources and the need to observe the
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	principles of just distribution of water resources.
outcomes)	Knowing, understanding and interpreting of interdepende relations between climatic, hydrologic and geomorphologic objects
,	and processes.
	Knowing issues concerning reserch, evaluation, protection and presentation of geoheritage and geodiversity.
	Knowing and interpreting of the causal links betweenbetween physical environment and social environment; especcialy
	understanding the relations between natural elements and agriculture, ore mining and energy production, industry and
	trasportation.
	Understanding of the principles of sustainable development in planning.
	1 Importance of climate elements in spatial planning
	2 Alternative energy sources (solar energy, wind energy)
	3 Climate and architecture. Climate and urban planning.
	4 Planning of agricultural production
	5 Climate-industry interaction. Climatic elements and transport systems.
	6 Water resources in the world and in Croatia – water as economic and strategic resource.
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Water withdrawal.
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Spatial and economic problems in water alocation. Conflicts and/or agreements about water resources.
(syllabus)	9 Water polution.
	10 Ecohydrologic management – holistic management of basins. Wetlands preservation.
	11 Relief as an element of spatial planning and regional development.
	12 Geodiversity and Geoheritage
	13 Visualization and presentation of geoheritage and geodiversity
	14 Anthropogenic geomorphology in spatial planning





	15 Geoecological evaluation of space							
	Seminar: written paper and presentation on a chosen theme, discussion.							
	<ul> <li>☑ lectures</li> <li>☑ seminars and workshops</li> <li>☑ independent assignments</li> <li>2.7.</li> </ul>			2.7. Comments:				
2.6. Format of instruction:	<ul> <li>exercises</li> <li>on line in entirety</li> <li>partial e-learning</li> <li>field work</li> </ul>		multimedia and the internet     laboratory     work with mentor     (other)					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar p	paper and p	resentation.	-				-
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,7	Research		Pract	tical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report	0.4		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2,1		(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	lests		Oral exam	4,2		(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project			(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar paper, presentation and activity evaluation, written examination. Attendance to class 10 % + seminar 30 % + written examination 60 %							
			Title			Number of copies in the library	Ava oth	ilability via her media
	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: <i>Geoekologija XXI vijeka</i> , Zborr	Geoekološi nik referata,	Title o vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš	ske. ić.		Number of copies in the library 10	Ava otł	ilability via her media pdf
2.11 Paguired literature (quailable in the	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: Geoekologija XXI vijeka, Zborr Cech, T. V., 2002: Principles c and Policy. 2. edit., John Wiley	Geoekološk nik referata, of Water Re y & Sons, 48	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp.	iske. ić. t, Managemer	nt I	Number of copies in the library 10 1	Ava otł	ilability via her media pdf yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: Geoekologija XXI vijeka, Zborn Cech, T. V., 2002: Principles of and Policy. 2. edit., John Wiley Cooke, R. U., Brunsden, D., D geomorphology in drylands. O	Geoekološk nik referata, of Water Re y & Sons, 48 oornkamp, xford Unive	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp. J. C., Jones, D. K. C., 1982: U rsity Press.	iske. ić. t, Managemer Irban	ot	Number of copies in the library 10 1 1	Ava otł	ilability via her media pdf yes pdf
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: <i>Geoekologija XXI vijeka</i> , Zborn Cech, T. V., 2002: <i>Principles c</i> <i>and Policy</i> . 2. edit., John Wiley Cooke, R. U., Brunsden, D., D <i>geomorphology in drylands</i> . O Pacione, M., 1999: <i>Applied Ge</i>	Geoekološi nik referata, of Water Re y & Sons, 48 oornkamp, xford Unive eography: P	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp. J. C., Jones, D. K. C., 1982: U rsity Press. rinciples and Practice, Routled	iske. ić. t, Managemer Irban Ige, 672 pp.	nt	Number of copies in the library 10 1 1 1 1	Ava oth	ilability via ner media pdf yes pdf yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: Geoekologija XXI vijeka, Zborn Cech, T. V., 2002: Principles of and Policy. 2. edit., John Wiley Cooke, R. U., Brunsden, D., D geomorphology in drylands. O Pacione, M., 1999: Applied Ge Reynard, E., Coratza, P., Rege München.	Geoekološk nik referata, of Water Re y & Sons, 48 oornkamp, xford Unive eography: P olini-Bissig,	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp. J. C., Jones, D. K. C., 1982: U risity Press. rinciples and Practice, Routled G., 2009: Geomorphosites. Ve	iske. ić. t, Managemer Irban Ige, 672 pp. erlag Dr. F. Pf	eil,	Number of copies in the library 10 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ava oth	ilability via her media pdf yes pdf yes pdf
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: Geoekologija XXI vijeka, Zborn Cech, T. V., 2002: Principles c and Policy. 2. edit., John Wiley Cooke, R. U., Brunsden, D., D geomorphology in drylands. O Pacione, M., 1999: Applied Ge Reynard, E., Coratza, P., Rege München. Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed pp.	Geoekološk nik referata, of Water Re- y & Sons, 48 oornkamp, xford Unive eography: P olini-Bissig, d.), 1997: A	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp. J. C., Jones, D. K. C., 1982: U rsity Press. rinciples and Practice, Routled G., 2009: Geomorphosites. Ve oplied Climatology. Routledge.	iske. ić. t, Managemer Irban Ige, 672 pp. erlag Dr. F. Pfr . London. 352	ot eil,	Number of copies in the library 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ava otł	ilability via her media pdf yes pdf yes pdf yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: <i>Geoekologija XXI vijeka</i> , Zborr Cech, T. V., 2002: <i>Principles c</i> <i>and Policy</i> . 2. edit., John Wiley Cooke, R. U., Brunsden, D., D <i>geomorphology in drylands</i> . O Pacione, M., 1999: <i>Applied Ge</i> Reynard, E., Coratza, P., Rege München. Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed pp. Dahl, T., 2009: <i>Climate and Ar</i>	Geoekološk nik referata, of Water Re y & Sons, 48 oornkamp, xford Unive eography: P olini-Bissig, d.), 1997: A rchitecture.	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp. J. C., Jones, D. K. C., 1982: U rsity Press. rinciples and Practice, Routled G., 2009: Geomorphosites. Ve oplied Climatology. Routledge. Routledge, New York.	iske. ić. <i>t, Managemer</i> Irban Ige, 672 pp. erlag Dr. F. Pf. . London. 352	eil,	Number of copies in the library 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5	Ava oth	ilability via her media pdf yes pdf yes pdf yes pdf yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme property)</li> </ul>	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: <i>Geoekologija XXI vijeka</i> , Zborr Cech, T. V., 2002: <i>Principles c</i> <i>and Policy</i> . 2. edit., John Wiley Cooke, R. U., Brunsden, D., D <i>geomorphology in drylands</i> . O Pacione, M., 1999: <i>Applied Ge</i> Reynard, E., Coratza, P., Rege München. Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed pp. Dahl, T., 2009: <i>Climate and Ar</i> Allison R. (ed.), 2002: <i>Applied</i>	Geoekološk nik referata, of Water Re- y & Sons, 48 oornkamp, xford Unive eography: P olini-Bissig, d.), 1997: A rchitecture. Geomorphy	Title to vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvat 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikš sources: History, Development 30 pp. J. C., Jones, D. K. C., 1982: U rsity Press. rinciples and Practice, Routled G., 2009: Geomorphosites. Ve oplied Climatology. Routledge. Routledge, New York. blogy: Theory and Practice, Wi ant information in literature. on	iske. ić. <i>t, Managemer</i> Irban Ige, 672 pp. erlag Dr. F. Pf. London. 352 iley and Sons,	eil, 568 p	Number of copies in the library 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 0. er sources.	Ava oth	ilability via her media pdf yes pdf yes pdf yes yes



2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.
competences	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Passive knowledge of English language needed.



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Aleksandar Lukić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Fundamentals of Regional and Spatial Planning	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-		-	
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretical foundations of regional and spatial planning. Process and system of regional and spatial planning in Croatia and in the EU. Theoretical aspects of methods in planning and management of space.</li> <li>Acquiring key competences for active participation in creating spatial and regional development plans and strategies on national, regional and local level.</li> <li>Developing skills for critical thinking and applying knowledge in: 1. Defining aims and objectives in regional and spatial planning. 2. Analyzing spatial development trends. 3. Decision-making process in planning. 4. Defining politics and measures in planning.</li> </ul>			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretical basis in regional and spatial pla Methods and techniques in regional and sp Human geographic factors in spatial planni factors.	<u>s:</u> anning. batial planning. ng, especially population, settlements, form of	population distribution, and economic	



	Models of regional development.
	The role of local and state government in regional development.
	Regional development of Croatia.
	Protection of environment and nature, and spatial planning of protected areas.
	Identification and evaluation of resources on local, regional and national level.
	Practical abilities and skills: Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results. Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.
	Cognitive abilities and skills: Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity. Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.
	The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.
	I he skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Understanding of theoretical foundations of regional and spatial planning.
	Understanding the role of regional and spatial planners and other actors within different theoretical approaches.
	Knowledge of regional and spatial planning systems on different spatial levels (international, national, regional, local), with the
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	special focus on Croatia and the EU.
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Understanding and ability to explain advantages and disadvantages of different planning methods (typologies, regionalization,
outcomes)	central settlement system).
	Ability to evaluate spatial developmental resources and define aims and objectives of spatial planning.
	Ability to participate in teamwork on preparing spatial plans and developmental strategies.
2.5 Course content broken down in	INTRODUCTION. Terminology. Space and places as development resources. Regional and spatial planning - terms, definitions
detail by weekly class schedule	and goals. Interdisciplinarity in regional and spatial planning.
(syllabus)	SPATIAL IDENTITY AND ITS ROLE IN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT. Space and place: theoretical foundations. Place identity.



	Geographical marketing, commodification	of space and their role in regional and spati	ial planning.		
	HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF REGIC	ONAL AND SPATIAL PLANNING. Urbanizat	tion and industrialization and their role in		
	institutionalization of planning. Pioneers of	spatial planning. Evolution of theories and	paradigms in regional development and		
	planning: classical theories (central settlem	nents, development poles, centre - peripher	y et al.) and new paradigms (cohesion,		
	territorial cohesion).				
	INTERNATIONAL AND EUROPEAN REG		on, historical development, aspects of		
	NATIONAL PLANNING Definition and hist	torical development of spatial and regional	planning in Croatia		
	NATIONAL PLANNING - PLANNING SYS	STEM Contemporary legal framework of sp	atial regional and rural planning in		
	Croatia Types and hierarchy of plans. Ver	tical and horizontal integration of plans			
	Historical and geographical development c	of Zagreb (analysis of planning documents	1850-2011) First documents Planning in		
	the first half on 20 <sup>th</sup> century. Socialist plan	ning Planning in the transition and recent p	eriod		
	PHASES OF REGIONAL AND SPATIAL P	PLANNING (analysis planning implementat	tion evaluation) Evaluation of spatial		
	resources Defining aims and objectives of planning. Spatial analysis, Implementation and evaluation				
	CENTRAL SETTLEMENTS SYSTEM Cer	ntral settlement theory. Fuclidian and relation	and concepts in applicative geography		
	and planning. Methodological and analytic	al framework. Central settlement system of	Croatia		
	REGIONS AND REGIONALIZATION IN P	I ANNING Planning region – definition met	thods of regionalization Regional		
	analysis				
	TYPOLOGIES IN REGIONAL AND SPATI	AL PLANNING. Aims and objectives of type	ological approach. Aggregative and		
	disaggregative approaches. Factor and clu	uster analysis. Advantages and disadvantage	ues of typological approach in planning.		
	THEORIES OF REGIONAL AND SPATIAL	PLANNING I. System and rational theories	s. Marxist and critical theories. Neoliberal		
	theories. Pragmatic theories. Collaborative	and participative theories. Aims of planning	a. Roles of planners.		
	THEORIES OF REGIONAL AND SPATIAL	PLANNING II. System and rational theorie	es. Marxist and critical theories. Neoliberal		
	theories. Pragmatic theories. Collaborative	and participative theories. Aims of planning	g. Roles of planners.		
	PRACTICE OF REGIONAL AND SPATIAL	PLANNING I – SELECTED EXAMPLES.	Planning in nature protected areas. Rural		
	planning. Planning in transborder regions.		<b>č</b>		
	PRACTICE OF REGIONAL AND SPATIAL	PLANNING II – SELECTED EXAMPLES.	Planning in nature protected areas. Rural		
	planning. Planning in transborder regions.				
	x lectures	x independent assignments	2.7. Comments:		
2.6 Format of instruction:	x seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	-		
2.0.1 611140 01 1161 00001.					
	on line in entirety	x work with mentor			



	x partial e-learning		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class completed and presented seminar and independent assignments. Participation in classroom and online discussions.						
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		E-learning disscussion	ns 1	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Attendance and active contributed	ution to clas	ss, seminar and exercises, writt	en and oral e	xam.		
		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
	Allmendinger, P., 2009: <i>Planni</i> chapters).	10	yes				
	Dühr, S., Colomb, C., Nadin, V Cooperation, Routledge, Oxon	10	yes				
2.11. Required literature (available in the	European Spatial Planning and	-	yes				
library and via other media)	Friedmann, J., 2011: <i>Insurgen</i> (selected chapters).	10	yes				
	Hall, P., 2004: Urban and Reg London (selected chapters).	10	yes				
	Lukić, A., 2012: <i>Mozaik izvan</i> ( Meridijani, Samobor (selected	<sup>(e,</sup> 15	yes				
	Vresk, M., 1990: <i>Grad u regionalnom i urbanom planiranju</i> , Školska knjiga, Zagreb (selected chapters).				10	yes	
	Fürst, D., Scholles, F., (ur.), 20	08: Handb	ouch Theorien und Methoden de	er Raum- und	Umweltplanung, Rohr	, Dortmund.	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Healey, P. 2006: Collaborative Planning: Shaping Places in Fragmented Societies, Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke.						
submission of study programme	Hillier, J., Healey, P. (ur.), 200	8: Critical E	Essays in Planning Theory, Ash	gate.			
proposal)	Perdicoúlis, A., 2011: Building Competences for Spatial Planners, Methods and techniques for performing tasks with efficiency, Routledge, London i New York.						



	Selected regional and spatial planning documents
	Selected papers from relevant journals and publications
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	





1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Dane Pejnović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Petra Radeljak	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20			
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		-	-			
2.1. Course objectives	Introducing students to basic methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning, emphasising knowledge applicable to plan making on state, regional, and local levels. Qualifying students for participation in the defining of regional and spatial planning goals, predicting spatial change, evaluation and decision-making in the planning process, and defining development measures. Students will be able to understand different approaches and roles of planners, and critically choose appropriate planning methods and techniques.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>The research process in geography.</li> <li>Theoretical basis of cartographic, statistical and graphic techniques in regional and spatial planning.</li> <li>Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning.</li> <li>Methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning</li> <li>Subjects and factors of regional development.</li> <li>Models of regional development in regional development.</li> <li>Cognitive, practical, and generic abilities and skills:</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> </ul>					



	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.			
	The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.			
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.			
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.			
	Skills needed in fieldwork.			
	Mapping of geographic data.			
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.			
	Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.			
	Designing of organisational models in space.			
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.			
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.			
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.			
	- differentiating and applying different approaches in planning and decision-making;			
	- understanding of basic legal articles for spatial planning and regional development in Croatia;			
	- explaining spatial planning and regional development systems in Croatia;			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- differentiating and explaining plan making phases;			
outcomes)	- clarifying advantages and disadvantages of specific methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning;			
outcomes)	- offering solutions to planning problems;			
	- evaluating development resources and defining spatial planning goals and development measures;			
	- applying and clarifying, in written and oral form, steps in the application of chosen planning methods and techniques.			
	1. INTRODUCTION – Basic concepts; Principles of spatial planning and regional development; Spatial planning systems;			
	Actors; Types of planning documents.			
	2. APPROACHES IN PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING (1) – Instrumental rationality – planning goals; planner's roles and			
	tasks; advantages and disadvantages of this approach.			
	3. APPROACHES IN PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING (2) – Communicative and substantive rationality – planning goals;			
2.5. Course content broken down in	planner's roles and tasks; advantages and disadvantages of this approach.			
detail by weekly class schedule	4. PLANNING DOCUMENTS – Planning documents on the state, regional, and local levels; Components of plans.			
(syllabus)	5. METHODS AND TECHNIQUES IN PLANNING (1) – Methods of analyses, forecasting and evaluation; Qualitative and			
	quantitative forecasting methods; Explorative and normative forecasting methods; Trend analysis; Analogies; Delphi method;			
	Steps in application, advantages and disadvantages of specific methods; Selected examples.			
	6. METHODS AND TECHNIQUES IN PLANNING (2) – Scenarios in planning; Types and elements of scenarios; Steps in			
	developing scenarios; Advantages and disadvantages; Modelling; Simulation in planning; Selected examples.			
	7. METHODS AND TECHNIQUES IN PLANNING (3) – Evaluation methods; Cost-benefit analysis; SWOT analysis; Steps in			



	<ul> <li>application, advantages and disadvantages of specific methods; Selected examples.</li> <li>8. PLAN MAKING (1) – Defining ground problems; Defining planning tasks; Analysis of existing conditions; The planning list.</li> <li>9. PLAN MAKING (2) – Defining expected outcomes; Realising planned outcomes; Evaluation and implementation.</li> <li>10. PROCEDURE OF ISSUING SPATIAL PLANS IN CROATIA – Plan making; Previous and public debates; Plan adoption.</li> <li>11. PROJECT PLANNING – Project definition; Project goals; Project planning and management; Conclusion phase.</li> <li>12. LAND-USE PLANNING – Land-use; Functional zoning.</li> <li>13. APPLICATION OF GIS IN REGIONAL AND SPATIAL PLANNING – Data management; Analyses in GIS.</li> <li>14. METHODOL OGY OF SPATIAL PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT IN PROTECTED AREAS – Concepts of protected area</li> </ul>						
	management; Elements of plar 15. EVALUATION OF SPATIA Integral development; Coopera	management; Elements of plans; Implementation; Selected examples. 15. EVALUATION OF SPATIAL RESOURCES – Social, economic, and environmental resources in spatial development; Integral development; Cooperation with stakeholders; Sustainable development measures.					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work		X independent assignments multimedia and the intern laboratory X work with mentor (other)	et 2.	7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular attendance, independe discussions.	ent assignn	nents, a seminar paper which v	will be presented	in class, and partici	bation in	
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )	Class attendance Experimental work Essay Tests Written exam	2	Research Report Seminar essay Oral exam Project	Pi 1 1	ractical training (other) (other) (other) (other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	The exam consists of written and oral parts. The final grade combines points achieved on assignments, and writing and presenting the seminar paper.						
2.11 Dequired literature (evolights in the	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
library and via other media)	Perdicoúlis, A., 2011: <i>Building Competences for Spatial Planners, Methods and techniques for performing tasks with efficiency</i> , Routledge, London i New York.			5	yes		
	Hillier, J., Healey, P. (Ed.), 200 chapters)	8: Critical I	Essays in Planning Theory, Asl	hgate. (selected	5	yes	



	Marinović-Uzelac, A., 2001: Prostorno planiranje, Dom i svijet, Zagreb.	10	yes			
	Allmendinger, P., 2009: <i>Planning Theory</i> , Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke.					
	Vresk, M., 1990: <i>Grad u regionalnom i urbanom planiranju</i> , Školska knjiga, Zagreb.					
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Fürst, D., Scholles, F. (Ed.), 2008: Handbuch Theorien und Methoden der Raum - und Umweltplanung, Rohn, Dortmund.					
submission of study programme	Akademie für Raumforschung und Landesplanung, 2005: Handwörterbuch der Raumordnung, ARL, Hannover.					
	Selected planning documentation.					
	Selected articles from scientific and professional journals.					
	- University student questionnaire survey;					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	- Self-evaluation of the class: updating and revising class goals and content and strategies of teaching, learning, and evaluating					
ensure the acquisition of exit	learning outcomes;					
competences	- Questionnaire survey for graduated students;					
	- Other procedures prescribed by the University and Faculty acts on internal quality assurance.					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Dane Pejnović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Restructuring of rural areas	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Petra Radeljak	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate Study - Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20			
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring advanced knowledge on rural areas, the process of its transformation and the current problems of sustainable development. Understanding the structural and dynamic problems in rural areas, training for integrated planning of their development.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills:         Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in geography.         The role of natural elements in spatial planning.         Human geographic factors in spatial planning.         Contemporary processes and problems in urban development.         Factors and processes of rural restructuring and regionally differentiated cases of rural restructuring.         Subjects and factors of regional development.         The role of local and state government in regional development.         Regional development of Croatia.         Protection of environment.         Identification and evaluation of resources on local, regional and national level.         Practical abilities and skills:         Orientation in space and other skills needed in fieldwork.					



Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.				
Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.				
Cognitive abilities and skills:				
Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.				
Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.				
The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.				
The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.				
The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.				
Generic abilities and skills:				
Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.				
Information-technology skills.				
Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.				
Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.				
Ability to:				
Apply geographic methodology in the study and research of rural areas				
Differentiate discourses in defining rural areas as well as models, criteria and functions of rural areas				
Compare features of rural areas at the local, regional, national, continental and global levels	Compare features of rural areas at the local, regional, national, continental and global levels			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the Analyze the factors of transformation of rural areas in conditions of modernization and globalization				
Evaluate demographic resources and social capital in rural areas				
Recognize socio-geographic features and explain the lifestyle and identity of rural areas				
Distinguish between types of rural areas and apply the typology to given space				
Explain the causes of the problem of sustainable development of rural areas				
Create plan for revitalization and integrated development of rural areas on the basis of the analysis of the	eir resources			
1 Introduction				
2 Restructuring of the population in rural areas				
3 Restructuring of settlements in rural areas				
4 Re-evaluation of resources and functional changes in the rural areas				
2.5. Course content broken down in 5 Changes in the rural economy				
detail by weekly class schedule 6 Changes in the environment and landscape of rural areas				
7 Rural areas and functional organization				
8 Rural areas in regional development				
9 Typology and its importance for the development of rural areas				
10 Rural Development and Planning (change management in rural areas)				



	11 Rural policy or policies for rural areas?						
	12 Models of rural development - Case studies: The World, Europe						
	13 LEADER's approach to rural development						
	14 Project teaching: projects for integrated rural development						
	15 Models and revitalization pr	rojects of Ci	roatian rural areas				
	X lectures				2.7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	-		
2.6. Format of instruction:			☐ laboratory				
	On line in entirety		X work with mentor				
	X field work		(other)				
	Regular attendance of classes	and somin	ars. Active participation in the	lassroom Ser	ninars Application of	pographic	
2.8. Student responsibilities	araphical statistical and mann	ing method	s in field research in rural area	s Oral and wri	tten reports on the res	ulte of field studies	
2.0. Student responsibilities	over other students	ing method		S. Oral and wi	lien reports on the res		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Experimental work	I	Research		(other)		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Essav		Seminar essav	1	(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
course )	Written exam	1	Project	-	(other)		
2.10. Creding and evaluating student	Whiteh exam	I	110,000		(other)		
work in class and at the final exam	The final score is determined by the total scores in written and oral examinations and evaluation seminar.						
	Number of						
		copies in the					
		library	other media				
	Lukić, A. (2012): Mozaik izvan	grada: tipo	logija ruralnih i urbaniziranih na	aselja Hrvatske	, 45		
	Meridijani, Samobor, 256 p.	15	yes				
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Lukić, A., Pejnović, D. (2010): Metodološke osnove izrade tipologije ruralnih područia						
library and via other media)	Hrvatske, Zbornik znanstvenog skupa Ruralni prostori Jugoistočne Europe između					VOS	
	lokalizacije i globalizacije (ed. Snježana Musa), Geografsko društvo Hercegovine,				10	yes	
	Mostar, 95-121.						
	Pejnović, D., Lukić, A. (2010):	Dinamički i	strukturni problem ruralnih poo	lručja u			
	tranzicijskim zemljama: primje	r Hrvatske, kolizoojie i r	∠bornik znanstvenog skupa Ri	uralnı prostori	10	yes	
	Jugoistočne Europe između lokalizacije i globalizacije (ed. Snježana Musa), Geografsko				υ		



	društvo Hercegovine, Mostar, 73-93.					
	LEADER – od inicijative do metode: vodič za poduku o LEADER-ovu pristupu (ed. l.	10	VOS			
	Laginja), ZOE – Centar za održivi razvoj ruralnih krajeva, Zagreb, 2004.	10	yes			
	Woods, M., 2005: <i>Rural Geography: Processes, Responses and Experiences in Rural Restructuring</i> , University of Wales, Aberystwyth					
	Robinson, M. G., 1990: Conflict and change in the countryside, Rural society, economy and planning in the developed world, Chichester.					
	Hoggart, K., Buller, H., Black, R., 1995: Rural Europe, Identy and Change, London.					
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Haan, de H., Kasimis, B., Redelift, M., 1997: Sustainable Rural Development, Aldershot.					
submission of study programme	Butler R., Hall C. M., Jenkins J. (ur.), 1998: Tourism and Recreation Rural Areas, John Wiley & Sons, Chicheste					
proposal)	Other sources and databases: 1) Scientific journals					
	<ul> <li>a) Croatian scientific and professional journals (Croatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria, Acta Geographica Croatica, The geographical Horizon, Rural Sociology, Journal for General Social Issues)</li> <li>b) Foreign scientific journals (Journal of Rural Studies, Sociologia Ruralis)</li> </ul>					
	2) Relevant articles from the portal http://www.geografija.hr/ and http://hrcak.srce.hr/					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Dražen Njegač	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	City in the regional planning	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		-	-		
2.1. Course objectives	Knowledge of the regional planning in general and the meaning of city as an instrument of the regional planning and focus of the spatial transfomation. Students have to learn about the development of the regional planning doctrine, planning levels, uneven regional development, role of the city in spatial organization, the mechanisms of the city and city regions governance.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills:</li> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>The research process in geography connected with the meaning of city in the regional planning .</li> <li>Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning.</li> <li>Methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning.</li> <li>Human geographic factors in spatial planning, especially population, settlements, form of population distribution, and economic factors.</li> <li>Contemporary processes and problems in urban development.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity on the regional and national levels.</li> <li>Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.</li> </ul>				





	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.						
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form. <b>Practical abilities and skills:</b> Applying appropriate statistical and graphic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.						
	Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning Generic abilities and skills:						
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.						
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.						
	-to explain the notion and development of	the regional planning doctrine					
	-to evaluate the role of the cities as cause	for and solution of the uneven regional dev	/elopment				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	-to evaluate the role of the city as a pivota	I factor and instrument of the regional planii	ng and spatial organization				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	-to compare the role of the cities in the rec	ional planning of selected countries					
outcomes)	-to differentiate the role of monocentric and policentric city regions in the regional planning						
	-to develop critical thought about the solving of the regional disparities on different levels in Croatia						
	1. Notion and development of the regional planning doctrine.						
	2. Levels of the regional planning.						
	3. Development of the regional planning in the world.						
	4. Uneven regional development.						
	5. Theory of polarized development.						
	6. Growth centers concept.						
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Core-periphery concept.						
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Optimum and minimum city size concept. Rank size rule.						
(syllabus)	9. City as an instrument of regional planning.						
	10. City as a focus of spatial transformation.						
	11. The role of the city in the functional organization.						
	12. Monocentric and policentric urban regions.						
	13. City and urban regions governance.						
	14. Urban growth and policy of big cities.						
	15. Small aglomerations urban policy.						
	x lectures	x independent assignments	2.7 Comments:				
2.6. Format of instruction:	x seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	2.1. 00mmonto.				
2.6. Format of instruction:		laboratory					
	on line in entirety	x work with mentor					



	<pre>partial e-learning field work</pre>		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, oral presentation of written essay.						
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training		
	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
	Written exam	1,5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	The final grade is based on the written exam, oral exam and written essay. Each component has to be evaluated positively.						
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Vresk, M., 1990: Grad u regionalnom i urbanom planiranju, Školska knjiga, Zagreb.				10	yes	
	Hall, P., Tewdwr-Jones, M., 20	5	yes				
	Newman, P., Thornley, A., 199	5	yes				
	Badcock, B., 2002: Making Sense of Cities – A Geographical Survey, Arnold.						
	Braam, W., 1987: Stadtplanung – Aufgabenbereiche, Planungsmethodik, Rechtsgrundlagen; Werner-Verlag.						
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Hall, P., 2013: Good Cities, Better Lives: How Europe Discovered the Lost Art of Urbanism, Routledge. Herrschel, T., Newman, P., 2002: Governance of Europe's City Regions – Planning, Policy and Politics, Routledge.						
	Wannop, U. A., 1995: The Regional Imperative – Regional Planning and Governance in Britain, Europe and the United States, RSA-JKP.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						





1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Martina Jakovčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Transport and spatial organization	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Slaven Gašparović	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20			
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	General aim of the course is to explain the role of transport in spatial organization and its impact on development of system of settlement and spatial organization of various economic activities. Students should acquire knowledge on the position and role of transport system in development of spatial plans and master plans. To develop ability to apply complex methods of analysis of transportation networks and systems such as transportation accessibility, node hierarchy, transportation network hierarchy etc.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	The research process in geography. Theoretical basis of cartographic, statistical and graphic techniques in regional and spatial planning. Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning. Transport and spatial organization on local, regional and national levels. Differentiation of transportation networks and systems and ability to apply methods of analysis of transportation networks. Planning future requirements of transportation networks. Applying appropriate methods and techniques. Information-technology skills. Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member. Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Analyse and explain transportation network	s and systems on selected examples.				



outcomes)	Apply models and methods of the analysis of transportation network.						
	Research and explain the role of transportation and its influence of location and development of primary, seco						
	and quarterly economic activities.						
	Explain the role of transportation on spatial organization at various levels. Explain the role of transportation on urbanization and spatial mobility of people.						
	Explain relationship of transportation and urban systems. Differ differences of transportation in rural and urban areas. Use relevant methods and approaches of transportation geography in colleting, processing and interpretation of spatial data.						
	Apply knowledge in determining, and solving spatial problems of medium level complexity.						
	1. Transportation network and system. Models and methods of analysis of the transportation network						
	2. Transport, transportation accessibility and location						
	3. Role of transport on development of primary, secondary, tertiary and quarterly economy activities						
	4. Transport and spatial organization at global, regional and local level						
	5. Role of transportation on social processes – urbanization, migrations etc.						
	6. Transport and spatial planning						
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Transport and transportation planning						
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Transportation system and urban system						
(syllabus)	9. Transportation in the city – part I						
	10. Transportation in the city – part II						
	11. Transportation in the city – part III						
	12. Transportation in the city – part IV						
	13. Transportation in the city – part V						
	14. Transportation in rural areas						
	15. Transportation and transportation marginalization and social exclusion						
2.6. Format of instruction:		independent assignments	2.7. Comments:				
	Seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	-				
		laboratory					
	partial e-learning	Work with mentor					
	ield work	(other)					
	Regular attending of lecture and seminars. Acitive participation in lectures. Preparation of seminar esseay. Application of						
2.8. Student responsibilities	cartographic methods in filed research (o organization and conduction of mapping). Oral and written report on the results of field						
	work.						


2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS	Class attendance	0,5	Research	F	Practical training		
	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	3	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	Notes on attendance of lecture	s, seminar	s and mapping and noting stud	ent activities. Fi	nal mmark will be a re	esult of a written	
work in class and at the final exam	exam and seminar essay.						
		Title Number of copies in the library					
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Hoyle, B. S., Knowles, R. D. (u &Sons.	5	yes				
library and via other media)	Black, W. R., 2003: <i>Transporta</i> York.	5	yes				
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Optional literature will be deter	mined acco	ording to students preferences.				
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science - University student questionnaire survey; - Self-evaluation of the class: updating and revising class goals and content and strategies of teaching, learning, and evaluating learning outcomes;					ulty of Science	
	- Questionnaire survey for graduated students,						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-	2, 110 011					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Zoran Stiperski	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Regional Development	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Jelena Lončar	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20			
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-					
2.1. Course objectives	The analysis of the regional development. Offering development models. Specifically review regional development of Croatia. Understanding of important economic topics.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:         Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in geography         Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning, terminology and economic theories important for regional development.         The role of human geographic factors in spatial planning, especially economic factors         Subjects and factors of regional development.         Causes of uneven regional development at the local and regional level.         The role of local and state government in regional development.         Regional development of Croatia.         Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.					



	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate prediction methods of spatial changes. Evaluation and decision-making in preparing relevant
	documents of spatial planning and regional development.
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	- Explain economic terms and concepts important for regional development
	- Explore the impact of government (state and local) on regional development
	- Analyze the causes and consequences of polarized development at local and regional level
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at	- Explain the importance of international exchange of goods and services for the local community
the level of the course (4 to 10	- Identify and compare the economic development strategies
learning outcomes)	-Explore the issue of natural resources and environmental management, written and oral presentation of research
	results
	- Explore the possibilities of financing local projects
	- Predict measures for increasing involvement of local and regional governments in international projects
	1 Basic concepts of regional development
	2 Production and business organization
	3 Production factors: the importance of space
	4 The labour market: the importance of space
	5 The relation between land (space) and capital
	6 State, local comunity and the problem of choice
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Systems of taxation: state and local levels
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Natural resources and environmental management
(syllabus)	9 Solving the problems of poverty in the local community
	10 Relation between consumption and the importance of investing
	11 Basics of banking and financing local projects
	12 Impact of business cycles on regional development
	13 The economic consequences of mortgaging
	14 Understanding the international exchange of goods and services
	15 Economic development strategies



	lectures		independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\square$ exercises		multimedia and the internet laboratory		-		
	partial e-learning		work with mentor (other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attending classes and semi	nars regula	rly. Written seminar based o	on individually o	collected and analyzed literature.		
2.9 Screening student work (name	Class attendance	0,5	Research	F	Practical training		
the proportion of ECTS credits for	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
each activity so that the total number	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)		
of ECTS credits is equal to the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
ECTS value of the course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	The final grade is determine elements of evaluation exce	The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.					
		-	Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Stiperski, Z., 2014: Regiona of Geography, Faculty of Sc	10	Web				
2.11 Required literature (available in							
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. development, Springer.	., Roberts,	B. H., 2006: Regional econ	omic	5	yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York.	omic al	5	yes yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York.	omic al	5	yes yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econ</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York.	omic al	5	yes yes	
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo Vietor, R. H. K., 2010: <i>Kako</i> MATE, Zagreb.	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New se zemlje i	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York. natječu – strategija, struktur	omic al ra i državno upr	5 5 ravljanje u globalnoj	yes yes ekonomiji,	
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo Vietor, R. H. K., 2010: <i>Kako</i> MATE, Zagreb. The procedures listed in the	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New se zemlje i Rule Book	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York. natječu – strategija, struktur and the Manual of Quality	omic al ra i državno upr Management a	5 5 <i>avljanje u globalnoj</i>	yes yes ekonomiji, agreb and the	
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> <li>2.13. Quality assurance methods</li> </ul>	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo Vietor, R. H. K., 2010: <i>Kako</i> MATE, Zagreb. The procedures listed in the Faculty of Science:	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New se zemlje i Rule Book	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York. natječu – strategija, struktur and the Manual of Quality	omic al ra i državno upr Management a	5 5 <i>avljanje u globalnoj</i> t the University of Za	yes yes ekonomiji, agreb and the	
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> <li>2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit</li> </ul>	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo Vietor, R. H. K., 2010: <i>Kako</i> MATE, Zagreb. The procedures listed in the Faculty of Science: - University and college stud	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New se zemlje i Rule Book dent survey	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York. <i>natječu – strategija, struktur</i> and the Manual of Quality	omic al ra i državno upr Management a	5 5 <i>avljanje u globalnoj</i> t the University of Za	yes yes ekonomiji, agreb and the	
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> <li>2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences</li> </ul>	Stinson, R. J., Stough, R. R. <i>development</i> , Springer. Pike, A., Rodrigez-Pose, A., <i>development</i> , Routledge, Lo Vietor, R. H. K., 2010: <i>Kako</i> MATE, Zagreb. The procedures listed in the Faculty of Science: - University and college stud - Self-evaluation of teaching	., Roberts, Tomaney, ondon, New se zemlje i Rule Book dent survey : updating a	B. H., 2006: <i>Regional econo</i> J., 2006: <i>Local and Region</i> York. <i>natječu – strategija, struktur</i> and the Manual of Quality	omic al ra i državno upr Management a ubjects of cours	5 5 <i>avljanje u globalnoj</i> t the University of Za	yes yes ekonomiji, agreb and the g and learning	



	the Student Administration Office
	- Exit polls: evaluation of graduate study
	- Interview with companies, institutions and institutes where students perform their practical work
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes	-
to add)	



# ELECTIVE COURSE

1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Geomorphology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		• •	-		
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>The main objectives of the course are to provide students with knowledge and skills related to the application of geomorphological research. The emphasis is on exploring and evaluating features and principles of action of recent geomorphological processes and landforms, their mapping and graphical presentation.</li> <li>The specific objectives are:</li> <li>Be familiar with the sources and methods applied geomorphological research</li> <li>Understanding of the earth's surface systems including features, terms, processes, and changes</li> <li>Ability to conduct fundamental research morphostructural and exogenously-morphological features of the relief</li> <li>Ability to plan, organize and implement applied geomorphological research, engineering - geomorphological mapping and making geomorphological studies</li> <li>The ability to evaluate lanscape, particularly with regard to the protection of geodiversity and tourist exploitation</li> </ul>				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skill Knowledge and understanding of: The role of natural elements in spatial plan Protection of environment and nature, and Identification and evaluation of resources of	I <u>ls:</u> ning, especially of climate, water and relief. spatial planning of protected areas. n local, regional and national level.			



	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:				
	Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.				
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.				
	The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.				
	The skills needed for presenting acientific contents and erguments in written and cral form				
	Manning of geographic data, georeferencing				
	Applying of geographic data, georererencing.				
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.				
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.				
	Explain the purpose, tasks and the division of applied geomorphology				
	Independently apply the approaches and methods of the applied geomorphology used in the preparation of geomorphic studies				
	To explain the characteristics of recent geomorphological processes and their impact on the types and forms of relief				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	To explain the distribution and characteristics of slope, fluvial, coastal and karst processes in engineering geomorphology				
	Evaluate the relief forms and processes from various aspects, especially in terms of environmental protection and tourism				
	Apply appropriate mapping and measurement procedures in practice				
	Make a geomorphological regionalization of the area on several levels				
	Make an example geomorphological studies				
	1 Applied Geomorphology - definition, objectives, tasks and division, Fundamentals of geomorphology of Croatia				
	2 Introduction into making of geomorphological studies				
	3 Sources of data in applied geomorphological research				
	4 Field work in geomorphology				
	5 Landscape as system (ESS) - features, factors, changes				
	6 Basic knowledge of geology for geomorphological research				
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Morphometric and morphographic methods in applied geomorphological research				
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Structural-geomorphological research				
(syllabus)	9 Slopes and slope processes				
	10 Fluvial processes				
	11 Coasts and coastal processes				
	12 Karst and karst processes				
	13 Evaluation methods of landscape and landforms. Geoberitage and geotourism				
	14 Engineering-geomorphological manning and applied geomorphological man				



	15 Geomorphological regionalization						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work		<ul> <li>independent assignments</li> <li>multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>X work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>		2.7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	Attendance to class, completed exercises and field work.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Class attendance     1       Experimental work       Essay       Tests		Research Report Seminar essay Oral exam	1 2	Practical training (other) (other)		
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 10 %; Written exam 30 %; Essay 30 %; Oral exam 30 %.						
	Title				Number of copies in the library	of the other media	
	Marković, M., 1983: <i>Osnovi primijenjene geomorfologije</i> , Geoinstitut, posebno izdanje, Knjiga 8, Beograd.				10	yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Uputstva za izradu detaljne ge	5	CD				
library and via other media)	Fookese, P. G, Lee, E. M., Griffiths, J. S: 2007: <i>Engineering Geomorphology – theory and practice</i> . Whittles publishing, Dunbeath, 281 pp (selected chapters).				5	yes	
	Regolini-Bissig G., Reynard, E géographie, Université de Lau	1	CD				
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Fookese, P. G., Lee, E. M., Griffiths, J. S., 2007: <i>Engineering Geomorphology –theory and practice</i> . Whittles publishing, Dunbeath, 281 pp.						
proposal)	Allison, R. J. (Eds), 2003: Applied Geomorphology. John Wiley&Sons LTD.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University students survey Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and teaching strategies, learning and assessment of learning outcomes					s, learning and	



	Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform their work practices
	Other procedures required by the University and the Faculty about the internal quality assurance
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers		1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectives of this course are that students learn basic knowledge on karst geomorphology and hydrography with application to the significant karst areas of the world and focus on the Dinaric karst that is part of Croatia. The specific objectives are: Understanding of the conditions and processes of karstification Understanding the specifics of karst hydrography Recognition of surface and underground karst landforms, and an understanding of their origin Knowledge about geomorphologic - hydrographical features of Croatian karst and important karst areas in the world Understanding the importance of karst areas, identifying specific problems and the ability of their solutions The ability to evaluate karst areas				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills: Knowledge and understanding of: The research process in geography. Theoretical basis of cartographic, statistical and graphic techniques in regional and spatial planning. The role of natural elements in spatial planning, especially of climate, water and relief. Protection of environment and nature, and spatial planning of protected areas. Identification and evaluation of resources on local regional and national level				



	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities ar	nd skills:						
	Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.							
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.							
	The ability to interpret and discuss geogra	phy-related problems and processes.						
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta	tion, and synthesis of relevant information.						
	The skills needed for presenting scientific	contents and arguments in written and oral	form.					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and	quantitative geographic information.						
	Functioning effectively as an individual and	d as a team member.						
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.							
	Explain the concept, history, research and	distribution of karst in Croatia and the world	1					
	In selected cases to extract and interpret t	he factors that affect the karst process						
	Explain the specificity of karst hydrography	and its relation to the geomorphology of kar	arst					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Field work and cabinetmaking determine s	urface and underground karst relief forms						
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Distinguish types of karst in Croatia and al	proad, and their special values						
outcomes)	Evaluate the significance of karst areas							
	Provide effective measures for the protection and management of karst areas with the concept of sustainable development							
	Apply basic geomorphological research methods and protection of karst							
	1 Introduction, history of study of karst							
	2 Terms and geomorphological processes in karst							
	3 Karst hydrography (Part 1)							
	4 Karst hydrography (Part 2)							
	5 Karst Geomorphology - grikes							
	6 Karst Geomorphology - dolines							
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Karst Geomorphology - large depressions and polies							
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Karst Geomorphology - karst plateau							
(syllabus)	9 Speleological objects - the origin and typ	ology						
	10 Karst sediments and residual hills							
	10 Naisi seumenis and residual mis							
	11 Fluviokarst, glaciokarst and coastal karst							
	12 Morphogenesis and typology of karst							
	13 I nreats and protection of karst							
	14 Croatian karst - an overview							
	15 Significant karst areas in the world							
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:					





	X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety		X multimedia and the interne laboratory X work with mentor	t	-		
	☐ partial e-learning ☐ field work		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d seminars	, independent assignments and	field work			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	_	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
course )	Written exam	1	Project	1	(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written and oral exam, project						
	Number of     Availability v       Title     copies in the       library     other media					ilability via ner media	
library and via other media)	Ford, D., Williams, P., 2007: K Wiley i Sons, Chichester, Wes	5	yes				
	White W B 1988: Geomorph	bology and	Hydrology of Karst Terrains O	xford university	/ press New York-Oxf	ord	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Herak, M., Stringfield, V. T., 19 Amsterdam-London-New York	)72: Karst-	<ul> <li>Important Karst Regions of th</li> </ul>	e Northern He	misphere. Elsevier put	olishing	company,
proposal)	Gines, A., Knez, M., Slabe, T., Dreybrodt, W., 2009: Karst rock features – karren sculpturing. <i>Carsolodica</i> 9, Založba ZRC SAZU, Postojna.						
	University students survey						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and teaching strategies, learning and						
ensure the acquisition of exit	Interview with companies inst	nes itutos ond i	natitutiona in which atudanta na	rform their way	de prostigos		
	Other procedures required by	the University	sity and the Faculty about the in	iternal quality a	assurance		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Ksenija Bašić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Geographic Analysis of Small-Area Population	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	General objective is to comprehend population as the maker and the user (consumer) of the space, both in quantitative indicators as well as in qualitative aspects. Accordingly, students are expected to acquire knowledge and skills to gather and use relevant data to make qualitative population study of a particular area or place, that includes the analysis of changes in the past, presentation of the actual situation and projection for the interval for which regional plan is being made.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         <ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>The research process in general and in geography.</li> <li>Human geographic factors in spatial planning, especially population, settlements, form of population distribution, and economic factors.</li> <li>Regional development of Croatia.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:         <ul> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> <li>The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Practical abilities and skills:         <ul> <li>Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				



Generic abilities and skills:						
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.					
	Using thematic maps for visua	I presentation	on of research results.			
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Continuous professional devel	opment.				
	Understanding the significance	e of demogra	aphic aspects in regional plani	ng.		
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowledge of the basic units in	n population	research.			
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Knowledge of the data sources	s on populat	tion.			
outcomes)	Knowledge and application of	the basic m	ethods in analysing dynamic a	nd structural	features of population.	
	Knowledge and application of	the basic me	ethods of population projectior	۱.		
	1 The objectives and course c	ontent, learr	ning outcomes; concept and w	ork plan; eval	luation of the achievements of	f students.
	2 Demographic aspects in reg	ional planing	g.			
	3 Notion and distinguishing fea	atures of the	geographic analysis of small-	area populati	on in regional planing.	
	4 Basic units in population res	earch and d	ata sources.			
	5 Distribution of population and	d population	n density.			
	6-7 Total population change.					
2.5. Course content broken down in	8 Natural change of population	າ.				
detail by weekly class schedule	9 Mobility of population					
(syllabus)	10 Age and sex composition of population					
	11 Socio-economic composition of population					
	12 Cultural and anthropological composition of population					
	13 Synthetic indicators of demographic resources					
	14 Projections of small-area population					
	15 Population policies	opulation				
	$\boxtimes$ lectures				2.7. Commonto:	
	Seminars and workshops		independent assignments		2.7. Comments.	
			multimedia and the internet			
2.6. Format of instruction:						
	partial e-learning		$\boxtimes$ work with mentor			
	☐ field work		(other)			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Inde	ependent pr	oject of geographic analysis o	f chosen sma	II-area population.	
2.0. Servening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research		Practical training	
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	3	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)	
COURSE )	14/ 14					



2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Positive project evaluation is a requirement for taking oral examination.				
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
	Breznik, D., 1988: Demografija: analiza, metode, modeli, Naučna knjiga, Beograd.	10	yes		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Nejašmić, I., 2005: <i>Demogeografija: stanovništvo u prostornim odnosima i procesima</i> , Školska knjiga, Zagreb.	10	yes		
library and via other media)	Nejašmić, I., 2008: Stanovništvo Hrvatske: demogeografske studije i analize, Hrvatsko geografsko društvo, Zagreb.	10	yes		
	Plane, D. A., Rogerson, P. A., 1994: <i>The geographical analysis of population with applications to planning and business</i> . Wiley, New York	5	yes		
	Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 1999: Stanovništvo i razvoj, Mate, Zagreb.	10	yes		
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Nejašmić, I., 1991: Depopulacija u Hrvatskoj: korijeni, stanje, izgledi, Globus, Zagreb.				
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	culty of Science.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Zoran Curić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Tourism and Recreation in Spatial Planning	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	To get the students acquainted with modern trends in tourism, tourism impact on space and geographic aspects of planning tourism and recreation.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:         <ul> <li>theoretical and methodological geographic systems</li> <li>research work process (generally and in geography)</li> <li>specific statistical and graphical methods</li> <li>tourist evaluation of natural elements and social constituents, as well as of cultural offer</li> <li>concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic capabilities and skills:         <ul> <li>Application of knowledge in establishing, defining and solving the spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Capability of recognizing and singling out the phenomena and processes crucial for the geosystems' stability.</li> <li>Capability of interpretation and discussing relevant and actual geographic phenomena and processes.</li> <li>Skills necessary for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of information and data.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				



	Use of thematic maps and cartographic methods in the analysis and presentation of research results.							
	Formation of project suggestions and making of elaborates.							
	Solving of the tasks connected	d with qualit	ative and quantitative geograpl	hic informatio	n.			
	Effective work (individual and team).							
	Individual work necessary for professional progress.							
	Having attended the course ar	nd passed tl	he exam the students will be al	ble to:				
	- understand and explain modern trends in tourism							
	- define the basic notions and	elements of	a spatial system					
	- define regional planning and	distinguish	the kinds of its plans					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- take part in the planning tear	n for the an	alysis and evaluation of tourisn	n potentials ir	n an area			
outcomes)	- adopt the methodology and s	stages of the	e regional plans elaboration					
oucomes	- recognize a geographer's rol	e in regiona	I planning					
	- explain the nature protection	categories						
	- come to know the ways of the protected areas management							
	- define the areas intended for recreation and tourism development							
	1. Contemporary trends in th	e world, Eu	ropean and Croatian tourism.					
	2. Geographic aspect of planning tourism and recreation in an area.							
	3. Elements of tourist offer and demand.							
	4. Needs and possibilities of tourism development in an area.							
2.5. Course content broken down in	5. Concept of sustainable development in theory and practice.							
(syllabus)	6. Regional tourist plans and tourism development strategy.							
(Syllabus)	7. Recreation and spatial planning.							
	8. Kinds of the regional planning plans.							
	9. Methodology and stages of the regional plan elaboration.							
	10. – 15. Nature protection an	d regional p	lanning.					
	X lectures		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops		X multimedia and the interne	et	-			
2.6. Format of instruction:								
	On line in entirety		work with mentor					
	field work		(other)					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attending classes and semina	rs regularly	Written seminar based on ind	ividually colle	cted and analyzed literature			
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training			
2.0. Corcerning student work prame the			Rooodion		r rasaour truining	1		



proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	1	Oral exam	1	(other)	
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	Class attendance, activity in m	aking semi	nars and writing essays, taking	part in the disc	ussions during the lea	ctures, evaluation
work in class and at the final exam	of preliminary, written and oral	exams.				
	Title Copie					Availability via other media
	Kušen, E., 2002: Turistička atr	akcijska osi	<i>nova</i> , Institut za turizam, Zagre	eb.	10	yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Čavlek, N. i suradnici, 2011: <i>T</i> Školska knjiga, Zagreb.	10	yes			
library and via other media)	Marinović-Uzelac, A., 2001: Prostorno planiranje, Dom i svijet, Zagreb.				10	yes
	Vidaković, P., 2003: <i>Nacionalni parkovi i zaštićena područja u Hrvatskoj</i> , Fond za stipendiranje mladih za zaštitu prirode i turizam - Zagreb 1990., Zagreb.				10	yes
	Vukonić, B., Čavlek, N. i dr., 2001: <i>Rječnik turizma</i> , Masmedia, Zagreb.				10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Hall, C. M., Page, S. J., 2002: The geography of tourism and recreation: enviroment, place, and space, Routledge, London – New York.					edge, London –
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul> <li>Self-evaluation of the teaching process: revision of the teaching purposes, modernization of the course contents, teaching strategies' use, evaluation of the learning results by the students' successfulness analysis (on the basis of their own documentation)</li> <li>University and/or faculty students' questionnaires</li> <li>Questionnaires after employment, i. e. after the first year of work (survey of employment possibilities after the study and progress in profession)</li> </ul>					ents, teaching eir own e study and
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Zoran Stiperski	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Factors of industry and management location	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	Jelena Lončar	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	The objective is to introduce students with development of location theory, most significant theoriticans and development of doctrins in industry location. The goal is also to get insight in the role and significance of natural and technical factors in choosing location, structural changes in industry and criteria for location selection, as in spatial models and basics of spatial economy. One of the main goals is also knowing place and significance of spatial economy in economic and development policy, industrial organisation and corporative structure and strategy.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills:         Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in geography.         Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning.         Human geographic factors in spatial planning, especially population, settlements, form of population distribution, and economic factors.         Subjects and factors of regional development.         Models of regional development.         The role of local and state government in regional development.			



	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Abilities needed for the field work.
	The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	- understanding of theoretical bases in location theory
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- interpreting the role of natural and other factors in selection of individual and group industry location
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- differentiate factors of contemporary requirements and needs in industry location
outcomes)	- recognize and argument solutions of geospatial problems especially industry location
	- explain problems and validity of other science disciplines in the same field of work.
	1. Historical development of doctrins and location theories in industry
	J. H. Von Thünen: Origins of space economy, Model of concentric circles
	Predecessors of A.Weber: Historical and theoretical frame of Weber theory emergence
	Andreas Predohl: Marginalism and industry location, Supstitution of factors in industry location
	Tord Palander: Goals and methods in Palander's theory
	August Loesch: Basic problematics of A. Loesch theory
	2. Afterwar development of theories and doctrins of industry location
	War and after war period
2.5. Course content broken down in	Contribution of French authors to location theory
detail by weekly class schedule	Development of theories and doctrines of industry location between 1957 and 1970
(syllabus)	3. Response of industry location construction on practical concepts in locational decision making
(Syllabus)	The role and significance of natural factors in location selection
	Structural changes in industry and criteria for location selection
	Choosing new places for one single industrial firm location
	Significance of firm size and its influence in new places of location selection
	Influence of technical integration and specialization on location in industry
	4. Significance and location of industry in regional planning and programming
	Industry location and problem of undeveloped regions
	Industry location in depressive regions
	Industry location in agglomerations



5. Space in economics
Contents and division of space in economics
Location models: individual location models, models of group locations: industrial zones, industrial complexes; Specific
location relevant validity
6. Spatial models
Concept and types of spatial models
Goals and tasks of spatial models
Principles of topology in space
7. Basics of polycentric system
Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion
Axes of development
Theory of threshold
8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy
Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world
Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry
Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry
9. Industrial clusters and economic development
Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy,
Analysis of industrial clusters
10. Industrial districts (fields)
Definition and emergence
Multisector analysis
Infrastructure
11. Industrial organization
Environment and organizational structures
Location and organization
12. Corporative structure and strategy
Competition and strategy: Monopoly
Multinational (international) corporations
Restructuring of companies
Corporative form and space
Geographic concentration of economic activities
13. Innovations
National business systems
Location and innovation
Innovation networks, regions and globalization
14. Regional economy and location component of development
Regional economy – definition





	Markets and company location analysis Location of production Agglomeration (cluster) economies Life cycle of product 15. Work force: Regional labor market						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises		X independent assignments multimedia and the intern laboratory	et	2.7. Comments:		
	partial e-learning     X field work		work with mentor (other)	work with mentor (other)			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, pas	sed prelimi	nary exam, reserach discussio	n and indepen	ident research elabo	ration.	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	The final grade is determined	on the basis	s of the seminar evaluation, co	lloquium result	ts, written and oral e	xams. Al	l elements of
work in class and at the final exam	evaluation except colloquium	must be pos	sitive.				
2.11 Paguirad literature (available in the	Number of     Availab       Title     copies in the     other       library     library     Iibrary					ailability via her media	
library and via other media)	McDermott Taylor; Michael, 2009: Industrial organisation and location, Cambridge University Press, London, New York, New Rochelle, Melbourn, Sidney.			5		yes	
	Blair, J. P., Carroll, M. C., 2009: Local Economic Development; Analysis, Practices and Globalization, Sage. L. Angeles London, N.Delhi, Singapore.					jeles,	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Boglicino, F., Pinata, M., 2011: <i>Engines of growth. Innovation and productivity in industry groups</i> , Structural and Economic Dynamics.						
proposal)	Bodas Freitas, I. M., Marques, R. A., De Paula e Silva, E. M., 2012: University-industry collaboration and innovation in emergent and mature industries in new industrialized countries, Research Policy.						
	Edwards, E. M., 2007: Regional and urban Economics and Development; Theory and Methods, Auerbach Publications.						



	Strauss-Khan, V., Vives, X., 2009: Why and where do headquaters move?, <i>Regional science and Urban economics</i> , 39, 168-186.
	Zdrilić, I., Puvača, M., Roso, D., 2010: <i>Utjecaj globalizacije na promjene u načinu poslovanja i organizacijskoj strukturi</i> , Ekonomski vjesnik.
	University student questionnaire survey;
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	- Self-evaluation of the class: updating and revising class goals and content and strategies of teaching, learning, and evaluating
ensure the acquisition of exit	learning outcomes;
competences	- Questionnaire survey for graduated students;
	- Other procedures prescribed by the University and Faculty acts on internal quality assurance.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Zoran Stiperski	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	International Organizations	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-	-	-		
2.1. Course objectives	Understanding the importance and role of international organizations in today's society, economy, and especially for regional development in Croatia.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	The subject contributes to understanding of international issues of the international organizations, its importance and role in regional development. The course contributes to the development of professional competence in geography science, the development of competence for independent research and application of knowledge in determining, identifying and solving spatial problems of high complexity and the ability to recognize and separation phenomena and processes which are crucial for regional development.				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>-explore the importance of international organizations in the development of the world and the local comunities</li> <li>-understand the policies and activities of international organizations such as the International Monetary Fund and the World Trade Organization</li> <li>-explore the development and activities of transnational corporations</li> <li>-understand the concept of Glocal - think globally, act locally, often applied by multinational corporations</li> <li>-explore the share of multinational corporations in the development of industrial production</li> </ul>				
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ol> <li>International organizations: the importance, structure, development</li> <li>The International Monetary Fund</li> <li>Policies of the International Monetary Fund on several examples</li> </ol>				



5 Other important international organizations: the World Bank, OPEC         6 The issue of governance at the global level without global government         7 transnational Corporations         8 Relation between space and multinational organizations         9 The role of multinational corporations in the world industry         10 Multinational corporations in the world industry:         11 The role of international organizations in mass and lean manufacturing process         12 Toyota: trends in production, services in Japan and around the world         13 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, cat locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Electures         In lein e netritety       Independent assignments         Isozerening student work (name       Calsa attendance         2.9. Screening student work (name       Class attendance         2.9. Screening student work (name       Class attendance         0.5 Research       Practical training         Experimental work       Report         Class attendance       0.5 Research       Practical training         Experimental work       Report       (other)       Image: Cother		4 The World Trade Organisation					
6 The issue of governance at the global level without global government 7 transnational Corporations       6 The issue of governance at the global level without global government 7 transnational Corporations         8 Relation between space and multinational organizations       9 The role of multinational corporations in the auto industry: 10 Multinational corporations in the auto industry: the development, changes, influences 11 The role of international organizations in mass and leam manufacturing process 12 Toyota: trends in production, services in Japan and around the world 13 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation 14 Glocal concept: think globally, act tocally, using the example of international organizations 15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:		5 Other important international organizations: the World Bank, OPEC					
7 transnational Corporations       8 Relation between space and multinational organizations         9 The role of multinational corporations in the world industry       10 Multinational corporations in the auto industry: the development, changes, influences         11 The role of international organizations in mass and lean manufacturing process       12 Toyota: trends in production, services in Japan and around the world         13 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation       14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shosh: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Independent assignments       2.7. Comments:         9 Interview       Independent assignments       2.7. Comments:         9 apriale -learning       Independent assignments       2.7. Comments:         9 apriale -learning       Independent assignments       2.7. Comments:         9 apriale -learning       Work with mentor       10 boratory         9 apriale -learning       Other)       Vork with mentor         16 dlo work       Research       Practical training         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the total number of each activity so that the total number east       Oral exam <td< th=""><th></th><th colspan="5">6 The issue of governance at the global level without global government</th></td<>		6 The issue of governance at the global level without global government					
8 Relation between space and multinational organizations         9 The role of multinational corporations in the world industry         10 Multinational corporations in the auto industry: the development, changes, influences         11 The role of international organizations in mass and lean manufacturing process         12 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Seminars and workshops         and learning       independent assignments         and learning       2.7. Comments:         and learning       multimedia and the intermet         aboratory       work with mentor         and relating classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the Exercises       Oral exam       2 (other)         exam       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Availability via other media		7 transnational Corporations	3	-			
9 The role of multinational corporations in the world industry: the development, changes, influences         11 The role of international organizations in mass and lean manufacturing process         12 Toyota: trends in production, services in Japan and around the world         13 Toyota: global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Seminars and workshops         Imarket       Independent assignments         Inthe notice of the corres <th></th> <th>8 Relation between space a</th> <th>nd multinat</th> <th>ional organizations</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>		8 Relation between space a	nd multinat	ional organizations			
10 Multinational corporations in the auto industry: the development, changes, influences         11 The role of international organizations in mass and lean manufacturing process         12 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Seminars and workshops         anarket       Independent assignments         anarket       assignments         anarket       Independent assignments         anarket       astrenting         astrentiate       astrentiate         2.6. Format of instruction:       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.8. Student responsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training       Essay         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must		9 The role of multinational c	orporations	in the world industry			
11 The role of international organizations in mass and lean manufacturing process         12 Toyota: trends in production, services in Japan and around the world         13 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shosh: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Independent assignments exercises         Image: services       Independent assignments         Image: services       Independent		10 Multinational corporation	s in the aut	o industry: the development	t, changes, influ	iences	
12 Toyota: trends in production, services in Japan and around the world         13 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shosh: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Internet multimedia and the internet laboratory         Image: seminars and workshops       Internet multimedia and the internet laboratory         Image: seminars and workshops       Internet multimedia and the internet laboratory         Image: seminars and work shops       Internet multimedia and the internet laboratory         Image: seminars and work shops       Internet multimedia and the internet laboratory         Image: seminar seponsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course internet laboratory       Practical training         Experimental work       Research       Practical training         Tests       Oral exam       2         Attending grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Internet sof evaluation except colloquium must be positive.         2.10. Grading		11 The role of international of	organizatio	ns in mass and lean manufa	acturing proces	S	
13 Toyota's global vision: raw materials, recycling, energy conservation         14 Glocal concept: think globally, act locally, using the example of international organizations         15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Isecures         Inite in entirety       Inite in entirety         Inite in entirety       Isecures         If eld work       Isecures         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.		12 Toyota: trends in product	tion, service	es in Japan and around the	world		
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15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese corporation in charge of foreign trade, investment and research that operate in the global market         2.6. Format of instruction:       Iectures       Independent assignments       2.7. Comments:         2.6. Format of instruction:       Initial elearning       Initial elearning       Initial elearning         2.6. Format of instruction:       Initial elearning       Initial elearning       Initial elearning         2.8. Student responsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training       Experimental work       Essay       Seminar essay       1,5       (other)       Initial essay       1,5       (other)       Initial essay       1,5       (other)       Initial essay       1,5       Initial essay       Initial essay       1,5       Initial essay       Initial ess		14 Glocal concept: think glo	bally, act lo	cally, using the example of	international or	ganizations	
market		15 Sogo Shoshi: Japanese	corporation	in charge of foreign trade, i	investment and	research that opera	ate in the global
2.6. Format of instruction:       Image: Construction:		market				-	-
2.6. Format of instruction:       Seminars and workshops       Independent absignments       Independent absignments         2.6. Format of instruction:       Independent absignments       Independent absignments       Independent absignments         2.6. Format of instruction:       Independent absignments       Independent absignments       Independent absignments         2.6. Format of instruction:       Independent absignments       Independent absignments       Independent absignments         2.8. Student responsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the Ects update absignment work       Report       (other)         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.         2.11. Required literature (available in       Title       Number of copies in the library       Availability via other media		⊠ lectures			inte	2.7. Comments:	
2.6. Format of instruction:		Seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet			
2.8. Student responsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ESSay       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training         EXTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       (other)       Image: constraint of the course in the total number of the course in the total number of the course in the total number of each activity so that the total number of each activity so that the total number of each activity so that the total number of the course in the total number of each activity so that the total number of exam       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training       Image: constrained the course in the total number of exam       Image: constrained the course in the total number of exam       Constrained the course in the total number of exam       Image: constrained the course in the total number of copies in the elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Image: constrained the course in the total number of copies in the elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Image: constrained the course in the elements of the course in the elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Image: constrained the course in the elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Image: constrained the c	2.6. Format of instruction:						
2.8. Student responsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the EXPS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       1       Project       (other)       Image: College classes of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.         2.11. Required literature (available in       Title       Number of copies in the library       Availability via other media		on line in entirety		work with mentor			
2.8. Student responsibilities       Attending classes and seminars regularly. Written seminar based on individually collected and analyzed literature.         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       Number of each activity is different or exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.		$\square$ field work		(other)			
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training         2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Class attendance       0,5       Research       Practical training         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Number of copies in the library       Availability via other media	2.8. Student responsibilities	Attending classes and semir	nars regula	rlv. Written seminar based o	on individually o	collected and analyz	ed literature.
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Experimental work       Report       (other)         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       Written exam       1       Project       (other)         2.11. Required literature (available in       Title       Number of copies in the library       Availability via other media	2.0. Sereening student work (nome	Class attendance	0.5	Research	l l	Practical training	
Imploit of DECTS credits is of each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Essay       Seminar essay       1,5       (other)         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       Mritten exam       1       Project       (other)         2.11. Required literature (available in       Title       Number of copies in the library       Availability via other media	2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )       Tests       Oral exam       2       (other)         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.         2.11. Required literature (available in       Title       Number of copies in the library       Availability via other media	each activity so that the total number	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)	
ECTS value of the course )       Written exam       1       Project       (other)         2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam       The final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Number of copies in the library         2.11. Required literature (available in       Image: Availability via other media       Availability via other media	of ECTS credits is equal to the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final grade is determined on the basis of the seminar evaluation, colloquium results, written and oral exams. All elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.         2.11. Required literature (available in	ECTS value of the course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)	
student work in class and at the final elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive.       Number of copies in the library         2.11. Required literature (available in       Availability via other media	2.10. Grading and evaluating	The final grade is determine	d on the ba	asis of the seminar evaluation	on colloquium i	esults, written and o	oral exams. All
exam     Number of copies in the library     Availability via other media	student work in class and at the final	elements of evaluation except colloquium must be positive					
Number of copies in the libraryAvailability via other media	exam		pt coq				
2.11. Required literature (available in <b>Copies in the library</b> other media					Number of	Availability via	
2.11. Required literature (available in   III Brary		Title			copies in the	other media	
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The library and via other media) Stiperski, Z., 2014: International Organizations, Internal course materials, 10 Web	the library and via other media)	Stiperski, Z., 2014: Internation	Dial Organ	<i>izations</i> , internal course ma	iteriais,	10	VVeb
Stiglitz, J. E., 2004: <i>Globalizacija i dvojbe koje izaziva</i> , Algoritam, Zagreb, 10 ves		Department of Geography, Faculty of Science, Zagreb.				10	



2.12 Ontional literature (at the time	Hurd, I., 2010: International organizations: Politcs, Law, Practice, Cambridge University	ersity Press.			
of submission of study programme	Armstrong, D. 2004: International organizations in world politics, Palgrave McMillar	۱.			
proposal)	Archer, C., 2001: International organizations, Routledge.				
	The procedures listed in the Rule Book and the Manual of Quality Management at	the University of Z	agreb and the		
	Faculty of Science:				
	- University and college student survey				
2.13. Quality assurance methods	- Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the aims and subjects of course; updating teaching and learning				
that ensure the acquisition of exit	strategies; evaluation of learning outcomes by analyzing students performance based on the personal data and data of				
competences	the Student Administration Office				
	- Exit polls: evaluation of graduate study				
	- Interview with companies, institutions and institutes where students perform their practical work				
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes	-				
to add)					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Aleksandar Toskić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Analyses in GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	Luka Valožić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+30+0 (1+0+2+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			•		
2.1. Course objectives	Capability for conducting analyses in	GIS for practical purposes.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	No conditions.				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in geography.         Theoretical basis of cartographic, statistical and graphic techniques in regional and spatial planning.         Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning.         Methods and techniques in regional and spatial planning         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity         The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.         Practical abilities and skills:         Applying appropriate GIS methods and techniques.         Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.         Applying appropriate statistical and graphic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results; especially quantitative				



	Applying appropriate maps and carto	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.					
	Designing of organisational models in space.						
	Generic abilities and skills:						
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.						
	Information-technology skills.						
	Functioning effectively as an individua						
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.						
	- knowledge of user - spatial data interaction						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- Independently conduct spatial analy	sis on given examples					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- know and apply the methods of tran	sformation and overlay display and analy	sis of relief				
outcomes)	- overlay error correction	oronnation and overlay, display and analy					
	- know and apply methods of spatial	interpolation					
	1 Interaction between user and spatia	l data. Spatial analysis.					
	2.Selections and data mining.						
	3 Reclassification of vector and raster data.						
	4 Measurements: length, area. Polygon complexity. Slope and aspect.						
	5Transformations: Buffering (vector)						
	6 Polygon overlay. Overlay methods. Overlay errors and their correction						
	7 Analysis of raster data. Methods for spatial interpolation						
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	8 Map algebra, local operations, neighborhood operations, zonal operations						
	9 Overlaying, Weighted overlaying. (raster)						
	10 Buffering (raster)						
	11 Cost distance analysis						
	12 Digital elevation model. Display and analysis of the relief. Triangular irregular network (TIN)						
	13 Methods of spatial statistics. Centroid. Weighted mean center.						
	14 Standard deviational ellipse.						
	15 Point pattern analysis. Moran's ind	dex.					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:				





	<ul> <li>seminars and workshops</li> <li>x exercises</li> <li>on line in entirety</li> <li>partial e-learning</li> <li>field work</li> </ul>		multimedia and the intern laboratory work with mentor (other)	net	-		
2.8. Student responsibilities	results and quality of semi	idance and inar essay.	making exercises. The final g	grade is made	on the	basis of test, writter	n exam, oral exam
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each	Class attendance Experimental work	0,2	Research Report		Pract	ical training (other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay			(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	2,4	Oral exam	2,4		(other)	
course )	Written exam		Project			(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Observation of class atten exam results.	idance and	making exercises. The final g	grade is made	on the	e basis of test, writter	n exam and oral
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. F., Maguire, D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2010: <i>Geographic</i> Information Systems and Science, John Wiley&Sons., Chichester.						yes
	Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., Goodchild, M. (ed.), 2005: <i>GIS, Spatial analysis and Modeling</i> , ESRI Press, Redlands.					5	yes
	Maantanay, J., Ziegler, J., 2006: <i>GIS for the Urban Environment</i> , ESRI Press, Redlands.					5	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.					Faculty of Science.	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Stjepan Šterc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Population of Croatia	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development.	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		-		
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>Introduce students with the basic demographic indicators, processes and trends in the population development of Croatia.</li> <li>Insight students with the contemporary demographic state of Croatia and the terms in which it appeared.</li> <li>Develop epistemology in accordance with the particularities od Croatian demographics out of the theory of demographical transition frame.</li> <li>Insight the students with the destructional war impacts on the population structures and on the population development of Croatia.</li> <li>Explain students the meaning of Croatian demographics in contemporary spatial processes and relations.</li> <li>Introduce students with the demographic perspective sand projection proceeding in Croatia.</li> <li>Explain students the role and meaning of geographical population inquiries in different forms of planning (regional, spatial, social).</li> <li>Enable students for independant scientific-research work.</li> </ul>			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Knowledge, abilities and skills: consideration, understanding and cognition of- Geographical theoretical and methodological concept and system.			



	Logics and functional spatial organization on the surface of Earth.
	Model projectioning of spatial relations.
	Cognitive, graphic, cartographic, calculative method applicability.
	Geographical space structure as the basal for all forms of planning.
	Strategic meaning of geographical space and its spatial laws.
	Social (civilizational) structures in the spatial organization function.
	Order of conditionality in space.
	Corelation of natural ground and social superstructure in geographical space.
	Common and regional spatial organization concept.
	Regional, spatial and social planning in geographical space.
	Functional and sustainable spatial organization.
	Strategic meaning of geographical scientific approach.
	Cognitive abilities and skills:
	Spatial law spotting, defining and predictioning.
	Spatial disproportion understanding and explaining.
	Interpretation, discussion and annotation of relevant geographical spatial processes, relationships, links and models.
	Ability of written and oral geographic scientific content and approach consideration and explication.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Understanding of spatial logics.
	Geographical contex, process, relationship and link mapping.
	Pertinent calculative and graphic method appliance in the consideration and explication process.
	Cartographic method and prediction appliance in the geographical law consideration, explication and devolvation.
	Operational abilities and skills:
	Individual searching and database selection.
	The research task suggestion.
	Construction of research case study.
	Knowledge, abilities and skills: consideration, understanding and cognition of:
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at	Theoretical and methodological concept of population geography system.
learning outcomes)	Logics and population functional organization in Croatia.
learning butcomes)	Model projectioning of demographic relations in Croatian geographical space.



	Demographic space structure as the basal for all planning.
	Methodological system in population inquiries.
	Strategic meaning of population for complete development of Croatia.
	Corelation of natural ground and population in Croatia.
	Common and regional spatial organization concept of Croatia.
	Functional and sustainable population organization.
	Strategic meaning of population scientific approach.
	Cognitive abilities and skills:
	Spotting, defining, resolving and predictioning of spatial laws which came into existance through the population acting.
	Demographic spatial disproportion understanding and settlement.
	Interpretation, discussion and annotation of relevant demographic spatial processes, relationships, links and models.
	Ability of written and oral demographic scientific content and approach consideration and explication.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Understanding of spatial logics.
	Demographic content, process, relationship and link mapping.
	Pertinent calculative and graphic method appliance in the consideration and explication process.
	Cartographic method and prediction appliance in the demographic law consideration, explication and devolvation.
	Operational abilities and skills:
	Individual searching and database selection.
	The research task suggestion.
	Construction of research case study.
	1. Demographic aspects of Croatian development.
	2. Spatial distribution and regional differences of the Croatian population.
	3. Development and population movement in Croatia.
2.5. Course content broken down in	4. Intercensus and general population movement of Croatia.
detail by weekly class schedule	5. Natural population movement of Croatia.
(syllabus)	6. Population spatial mobility in Croatia.
	7. Biodiyamic features of Croatian population.
	8. Economic and social structures of Croatia. Ethnical and religious composition.
	9. Population composition and movement predictions (prognosis) and projections of Croatia.



	10. Contemporary demographic trends in Croatia. Natural decrease, depopulation and dying out.					
	11. Demographic resources and potentials of Croatia.					
	12. Population supstitution in Croatia.					
	13. Revitalisation models of	Croatian p	opulation.			
	14. Population as the fundar	ment for de	evelopment and planning.			
	15. Criterion of population p	olicy in Cro	patia.			
	X lectures		X independent assignmer	ots	2.7. Comments:	
	X seminars and workshops	6	$\Box$ multimedia and the inte	ernet	This course especia	Ilv accents
2.6. Format of instruction:				Since	students discussion	s and
2.0. Format of instruction.	🗌 on line in entirety				development of its c	ognitive abilities
	partial e-learning					oginavo abinaco.
	X field work					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, p	assed prel	iminary exam, reserach disc	ussion and inc	lependent research	elaboration.
2.0. Scrooping student work (nome	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training	
the proportion of ECTS credits for	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
each activity so that the total number	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
of ECTS credits is equal to the	Tests	1	Oral exam	1	(other)	
ECTS value of the course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance and discussion in research groups, tests, seminar essay, written and oral exam, mentor instructions.					
	Number of     Ava       Title     Ibrary					Availability via other media
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Šterc, S., 1991: The general demographic cross section of the Republic of Croatia, <i>Geographical Papers</i> , 8, 1 -38.				10	yes
	Nejašmić, I., 2008: Stanovni Hrvatsko geografsko društvo	10	yes			
	Šterc, S., Komušanac, M., 2012: Neizvjesna demografska budućnost Hrvatske- izumiranje i supstitucija stanovništva ili populacijska revitalizacija? <i>Društvena</i> 10 yes <i>istraživanja</i> , 117 (god.21., br. 3), 693-714.					yes
	Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 200 politika u Hrvatskoj, Rad HA	7: Depopul ZU, 45, 73	lacija, starenje stanovništva 3 -120.	i populacijska	10	yes



2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Gelo, J., Akrap, A., Čipin, I., 2005: <i>Temeljne značajke demografskog razvoja Hrvatske (bilanca 20. stoljeća)</i> , Ministarstvo obitelji, branitelja i međugeneracijske solidarnosti, Zagreb.				
	Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 2004: Depopulacija i starenje stanovništva - temeljni demografski procesi u Hrvatskoj, Društvena istraživanja 72 - 73, 631-651.				
	Nejašmić, I., 1991: Depopulacija u Hrvatskoj - korijeni, stanje, izgledi, Globus, Zagreb.				
	Friganović, M. A., Šterc, S., 1993: Demogeografski razvoj i populacijska politika Republike Hrvatske, <i>Društvena</i> <i>istraživanja</i> 1, 151-165.				
2.13. Quality assurance methods	Among classical ways of student evaluation, independent research works with mentors instruction have been				
that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	especially evaluated and revolted on the level of potential student involvement in scientific and professional meetings.				
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes	Croatian population has been, through history, developing under special terms, and nowadays it becomes strategic				
to add)	issue of Croatian contemporary spatial and demographic improvement.				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Vedran Prelogović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Urban-social Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	The main objective of the course is to enable students to understand complex relations City – Society, emphasised throughout transformations in the spatial structure of the city (functional, social and morphological transformations). Particular objectives of the course are: synthesis of contemporary theory and methodology on transformations of the spatial structure of the city, which are induced by the interaction of different economic, social, cultural and political factors on global, regional and local scale. On the number of examples from various cities around the world and in Croatia, problems of a transformation of the urban-social structure will be discussed and explained. Special attention within this course is given to: writing of report, reading of selected texts related to the different aspects of transformations of an urban-social structure.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: Theories and methodology in geography. The research process in general and in geo Appropriate advanced statistics and graphic Concept of sustainable development. Cognitive abilities and skills: Ability to recognize spatial relevant problem	c techniques.	and solving using GIS.	



	Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in
	the presentation of the results.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	- distinguish and explain approaches in the research of a social space of the city
	- apply theories and models of the urban-social structure, particularly the theory of the sustainable urban development
	- explain development of urban planning in Croatia and in the selected countries, and a contemporary development of the cities
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	in the context of the economic transformations
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- explain cultural and social context of a transformations within the Croatian and the cities in selected countries
outcomes)	- conduct a research on one of the selected topic: socio-spatial differentiation, segregation, inner-city migrations, revitalisation
	and gentrification in the city (using GIS)
	- make a researched based solution for the problems of the socio-spatial structure of the city
	- write a report/essay on a topic related to a changes within the socio-spatial structure of the city
	1 INTRODUCTORY LECTURE – Goals and aims of the course; Approaches in the research of the social space (positivism,
	behaviourism, structuralism, post-structuralism); Socio-spatial dialectic; City as a stage of social, economic, cultural and political
	changes
2.5. Course content broken down in	2 THEORIES AND MODELS OF URBAN-SOCIAL STRUCTURE – Chicago school and social ecology; Burgesses' model;
detail by weekly class schedule	Hoyts' model; Hariss-Ullmans' model; Other theories and models
(syllabus)	3 URBAN PLANNING AND POLICY - Emergence of urban planning; Urban planning in selected countries (USA, Western
	Europe, Post-socialist cities, Croatia); Theory of sustainable urban planning; Urban-social structure and urban planning
	4 ECONOMIC CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE CITY – Pre-capitalist and pre-industrial city; Industrial city
	(Fordism, Keynesianism); Contemporary city (Post- fordism, Post-industrial society; Globalisation)


	5 CULTURAL CONTEXT OF	TRANSFOR	MATIONS IN THE CITY - Wh	at is a culture	? Relation culture - city; Post-	-colonial
	theory; Space, power and cult	ure; Post-mo	odernism and city			
	6 SOCIAL CONTEXT OF TRA	NSFORMA	TIONS IN THE CITY – Morph	ogenesis; Mo	orphology of the city (housing, t	types of
	buildings); Socio-demographic	characteris	tics of the city; Social topograp	ohy		
	7 SOCIO-SPATIAL DIFFEREN	NTIATION A	ND SEGREGATION IN THE (	CITY – Segre	gation (USA, Western Europe,	Post-
	socialist cities, Croatia); Social	l polarisatior	1			
	8 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTU	JRE OF THE	E CITY – PROBLEMS OF DEV	/ELOPMENT	<ul> <li>Poverty; Homelessness;</li> </ul>	
	Unemployment; Social exclusion	on; Environr	mental quality			
	9 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTU	JRE OF THE	E CITY – INSTITUTIONAL FRA	AMEWORK -	<ul> <li>Socio-spatial structure and put</li> </ul>	ublic
	institutions; Public vs. Private;	Social Justic	ce and the City (importance of	David Harve	y's' research)	
	10 HOUSING AND INNERCIT	Y MIGRATI	ONS – Housing areas in the c	ity; Housing r	narket; Types of inner-city mig	rations; Life-
	cycles in the city				<i>.</i>	
	11 REVITALISATION AND GE	INTRIFICAT	ION 1 – Definition and meaning	ng of the noti	ons (revitalisation, gentrificatio	n);
	Emergence of revitalisation an	d gentrificati	ion in the city; Rent gap theory	y; Consumption	on theory; Revitalisation and g	entrification
	In selected cities (USA, Weste	rn Europe, F	Post-socialist cities, Croatia)			
	12 REVITALISATION AND GE		ION 2 – Field Work 1 (revitalis	sed/gentrified	areas in ∠agreb)	an all the af
	13 QUALITY OF LIFE IN THE		inition and meaning of the noti	on; Objective	and subjective indicators of a	quality of
			Gity, district, neighbourhood	) )thar approac	has in a research of the situ in	
	15 CONCLUDING LECTURE	– Field work	2 (urban-social structure of Z	agreb)	Thes in a research of the city in	laye
	x lectures				2.7. Comments:	
	x seminars and workshops		x independent assignments	. 1	Two fieldworks:	
2.6. Format of instructions				et	a) Revitalised/gentrified areas in Zagreb	
2.0. Format of instruction.	on line in entirety				(Cvjetni trg, Zavrtnica-Radnie	čka-
	partial e-learning				Vukovarska-Heinzelova);	
	x field work				b) Urban-social structure of 2	Zagreb
2.9. Student responsibilition	Regular class attendance. Wri	ting of the re	eport. Oral presentation of the	written report	within the thematic discussion	ns. Active
2.6. Student responsibilities	participation on the fieldwork.	GIS analysis	s of a selected topic.			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research		Practical training	1
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report	1	(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	



course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written evaluation, oral examin	nation.				
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
2.11 Required literature (available in the	Green, R. P., Pick, J. B., 2006 Pearson Prentice Hall, Upper	: <i>Exploring</i> Saddle Riv	the Urban Community: A GIS er.	Approach,	10	yes
library and via other media)	Knox, P., Pinch, S., 2006: Urb Education Limited, Harlow.	Knox, P., Pinch, S., 2006: <i>Urban Social Geography: An Indroduction</i> , Pearson Education Limited. Harlow.		earson	10	yes
	Pacione, M., 2009: Urban Geo (selected chapters).	ography: A	Global Perspective, Routledge	, London	10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Atkinson, R., Bridge, G. (ur.), 2 (selected chapters).	2005: Geni	trification in a Global Context: 1	he New Urban Co	<i>olonialism</i> , Routledg	e, London
proposal)	Paddison, R. (ur.), 2001: Hand	dbook of U	<i>rban Studies</i> , Sage, London (se	elected chapters).		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that						
ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule be	ook and Ma	anual of quality management at	the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.
competences						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-					
add)						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Sanja Klempić Bogadi	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Contemporary Themes in Social Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	Adopting basic knowledge of selected soci understanding the processes and adopting	o-geographic themes. Developing the ability of the methodology of research in geography.	one's own critical analysis of data,
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities, and s Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>The research process in geography.</li> <li>Human geographic factors in spatial planni Subjects and factors of regional developme</li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities</li> <li>Application of knowledge in one's own stud Recognition and isolation of objects and pr segregation etc.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss socio-generic exclusion and segregation.</li> <li>The skills needed for presenting scientific of Applying appropriate statistical and graphic Solving problems related to the use of differentiation</li> </ul>	kills: ng, especially population. ent. s and skills: ly of socio-geographic issues. ocesses crucial for spatial and regional plannin eographic processes. tion, and synthesis of relevant information and contents and arguments about socio-geographi c methods in analysis and in the presentation o prent sources required in research of socio-geo	g: migration, aging, social exclusion, data on migration, aging, social c processes in written and oral form f the results. graphic topics.



	Functioning effectively as an ir	ndividual and	d as a team member.				
	Autonomous continuous profe	ssional impr	ovement needed in profession	al developme	ent.		
	- knowledge and understanding of different socio-geographic processes such as migration, aging, social exclusion, segregation,						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	etc.						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- develop the habits and skills	of correlatio	n geography contents with cor	ntents of relate	ed fields of science		
outcomes)	<ul> <li>knowledge of different source</li> </ul>	es required i	n research socio-geographic	themes			
,	- acquired skill of understandir	ig and expla	ining socio-geographic proces	ses at the loc	al, regional, national and glob	al level	
	- developing communication a	nd presenta	tion skills, and critical and crea	ative thinking			
	1. Migration - basic terms and	theories					
	2. International migration						
	3. Migration policies and asylu	m					
	4. Ethnicity						
	6 Formal and non-formal care	for elderly r	persons living arrangements				
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Employment, retirement, he	alth care	concerne, in ing all angemente				
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Migration and aging						
(syllabus)	9. Quality of life - concept and theoretical approaches to the study						
	10. Quality of life of various groups of population						
	11. Quality of life in space/com	nmunities					
	12. Social inequalities						
	13. Poverty and deprivation						
	15. Segregation						
	X lectures				2.7 Commonte:		
	X seminars and workshops		X independent assignments	~ 1	2.7. Comments.		
2.C. Format of instruction				et			
2.6. Format of instruction:	🔲 on line in entirety		X work with mentor				
	partial e-learning		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Wri	ting of the re	eport. Oral presentation of the	written report	within the thematic discussion	IS.	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work	0.5	Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay	0,5	Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	lests		Oral exam	3	(otner)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		



2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Essay, seminar essay and oral exam.					
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Castles, S. & Miller, M. J., 2009: The Age of Migration - International Population Movements in the Modern World, Palgrave Macmillan.	5	yes			
	Uhlenberg, P. (ur.), 2009: International Handbook of Population Aging, Springer.	5	yes			
	Šućur, Z., 2001: Siromaštvo: teorije, koncepti i pokazatelji, Pravni fakultet, Zagreb.	5	yes			
	Butler, T., Watt, P., 2007: Understanding Social Inequality, SAGE Publications, London.	5	yes			
	Del Casino, V. J., 2009: Social Geography: A Critical Introduction, Wiley-Blackwell, Chich	ester.				
	Mesić, M., 2002: Međunarodne migracije, tokovi i teorije, Societas, Zagreb					
	Rapley, M., 2003: Quality of Life – A Critical Introduction, Sage Publications, London					
	Kazepov, Y. (ur.), 2005: Cities of Europe: Changing Context, Local Arrangements and Challenge to Social Cohesion, Blackwell, Oxford.					
	Nejašmić, I., 2005: Demogeografija: stanovništvo u prostornim odnosima i procesima, Školska knjiga, Zagreb					
2.12 Optional literature (at the time of	Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 1999: Stanovništvo i razvoj, Mate, Zagreb.					
submission of study programme	Musterd, S. & Ostendorf, W. (ur.), 1998: Urban Segregation and the Welfare State, Routledge, London.					
proposal)	Pain, R., Barke, M., Fuller, D., Gough, J., MacFarlane, R., Mowl, G., 2001: Introducing Social Geographies, Arnold, London.					
	Pacione, M. (ur.), 1987: Social Geography: Progress and Prospects, Croom Helm, Kent.					
	Platt, L., 2011: Understanding Inequalities: Stratification and Difference, Polity, Cambridge	9.				
	Podgorelec, S., 2008: Ostarjeti na otoku – kvaliteta života starijeg stanovništva hrvatskih o	o <i>toka</i> , IMIN, Zagreb				
	Smith, S. J., Pain, R., Marston, S. A., Jones, J. P., 2010: <i>The SAGE Handbook of Social</i> ( London.	Geographies, SAGE	Publications,			
	TESG-a, special issue, 2009, 100 (4)					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	The quality and success of course teaching is being registered through teacher's self-eval	uation, student surv	vey and statistical			
ensure the acquisition of exit	analysis of students success based on Student Office data.					



competences	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	





1. GENERAL INFORMATION	1		
1.1. Course teacher	Miodrag Roić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Real Estate Cadastre	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Baldo Stančić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e- learning)	45+0+15+0 (3+0+1+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e- learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		- -	- -
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge of the theory Understanding the characteristics Gaining knowledge about the pos	y and practice of registering real es of the land that is registered in the sibilities of using the registered dat	tate and rights to them Cadastre. a.
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilitie Knowledge and understanding of The research process in general a Cadastre of realties: content and Identification and evaluation of real Cognitive, practical and generic Application of knowledge in detern Skills in presenting scientific conte Application mapping geographic of Application of appropriate maps a	es and skills and in geography. purpose, data input, maintenance a sources at the local, regional and n c skills and abilities: mining, identifying and solving the p ent and arguments in writing and or content. and cartographic methods in the ana	and management, responsibility. ational levels especially land. problem of high spatial complexity. rally. alysis and presentation of real estate cadastre.





	Solving problems relat Information-technology Work effectively, indep Independent work requ	ed to the ro / skills. endently a uired for pr	eal estate cadastre. Ind in a team. ofessional advancem	ent and pro	fessional development.	
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>Detect the features o</li> <li>Explain how particula</li> <li>Connect the Register</li> <li>Apply knowledge acc</li> <li>Analyze the data register</li> </ul>	f land for th ir features is of real es juired in re istered in tl	ne registration in the of of land register in the state and interests al estate market he cadastre	official regist cadastre	ters	
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	1 Basic features of the 2 Jurisdictions. Author 3 Cadastral parcels. The 4 Cadastral territorial u 5 The basis of measur 6 Exposure data for pu 7 Technical part. Book 8 Maintaining data. Im 9 Maintenance survey 10 Recovery (revision) 11 Retention of cadast 12 Dual registration sy 13 Other registers (cad 14 Registers in the wo 15 An efficient data ac	cadastre. ization. Ad he content units. Tech ement and ublic review part. Lanc plementation ng - study. of the cad stans. Lanc stems. Lanc dastres). E rld. Cadast cess. Inter	Activity in the real es ministrative structure and purpose of the c nical methods. Defini methods. Numeratio Making cadastral d Registry Database. on of changes. Collection of docum lastre. ents. Cadastral Office nd book. Registration nter special propertie tre management and pretation of the data	tate cadastr adastre. Ca tion, borderi on of parcels ocumentatic ents. ents. e. Activity of in land bool s of parts. P accountabil registered.	e (land). dastral documentation. Parts of the ng and presentation of boundaries on. cadastral offices. Data access. <. Public goods, general goods and m ity. Finance and pricing strategy.	e cadastral documentation.
2.6. Format of instruction:	<ul> <li>lectures</li> <li>seminars and work</li> <li>exercises</li> <li>on line in entirety</li> <li>partial e-learning</li> <li>field work</li> </ul>	shops	independent ass multimedia and t laboratory work with mento (other)	ignments the internet r	2.7. Comments:	
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attend a class (min. 70 exam.	) %), to sul	omit the results of res	search, to ac	hieve the minimum number of poi	nts on mid-term exams, written and oral
2.9. Screening student work	Class attendance		Research	1	Practical training	1
(name the proportion of	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
ECTS credits for each	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	





activity so that the total	Tests	1	Oral exam	1	(other)		
number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	During classes: - Research and practic - mid-term exams / qui Final exam: - Written 50 % - Oral 50 %	al work zzes (poss	sible exemption from t	the written pa	rt of the exam)		
		т	itle		Number of copies in the library	A	vailability via other media
2.11. Required literature	Roić, M., 2012: <i>Upravlj</i> Sveučilišni udžbenik, C	<i>ianje zemlj</i> Geodetski f	<i>iišnim informacijama-</i> fakultet, Zagreb	katastar,	10 (AGG, Kačićeva 26)		yes
(available in the library and via other media)	Roić, M., 2011: Katast fakultet, Zagreb.	ar nekretni	ina - interna skripta, G	Geodetski	10		yes
	Roić, M., Medić, V., Fa <i>knjiga</i> . Skripta, Geoder	nton, I., 19 ski fakulte	999: <i>Katastar zemljišt</i> t, Zagreb 1999.	a i zemljišna	10		yes
	Official Gazette: Regul	ations			10		yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Roić, M., 2005: KATASTAR 2014 - VIZIJA BUDUĆIH KATASTARSKIH SUSTAVA, Geodetski fakult Roić, M., Fjalestad, J. B., Steiwer, F., 2008: Regionalna studija o katastru, Državna geodetska uprav					et, prijevod publikacije FIG-a. /a, Zagreb.	
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	Anonymous student surveys and other methods of quality assurance system at the University of Zagreb.						greb.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Anita Filipčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Climatology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Mladen Maradin	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	One of the most important objectives is to obe between physical and social elements. One climatic changes as well as the climatic cor and developing of research competencies.	determine the way the climate influence on the e must determine the predictible changes in ge- nsequences of anthropogenic influences and in	development and relationships ographical systems influenced by fluences of natural hazards. Getting
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and s Knowledge and understanding of: The research process in geography. The integrity of geographical area. Climate influence on other geographical elec Climate influence on human and human ac The role of natural elements in spatial plan Protection of environment and nature, and <u>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities an</u> Applying knowledge of climatology in deter Recognition and isolation of objects and pr	ements. trivities. ning, especially of climate. spatial planning of protected areas. <u>d skills</u> : mining, defining, and solving spatial problems o ocesses crucial for spatial and regional plannin	of high complexity. g.



	The ability to interpret and discuss climate changes and climatic consequences of antropogenic influences and climatic
	hazards.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of climate data and climate changes.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.
	Mapping of climatic data and climate change consequences
	Applying appropriate statistical and graphic methods in analysis and in the presentation of climate research.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the climate research.
	Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Knowing, undestanding and independent realization of statistical analyses of climatic data.
	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on hidrological processes.
	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on geomorphological processes.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on vegetation.
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on fauna.
outcomes)	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate influence on human.
	Knowing, understanding and independent interpretation of climate influence on human activities.
	Knowing, understanding and independent interpretation of urban climate.
	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate extremes, differing them from climate change.
	1. Applied climatology: definition and development
	2. The research methods in applied climatology. The measurements of climatic elements
	3. The statistical analyse of climatic data. Climatic models
	4. Climate changes and hidrological processes
	5. The climate influence on geomorphological processes
2.5. Course content broken down in	6. Climate and vegetation
detail by weekly class schedule	7. Climate and fauna
(syllabus)	8. Climate and human
	9. The climate influence on urban planning and architecture
	10. The climate influences on agriculture
	11. The climate influence on industrial activities
	12. The climate influence on transport services
	13. Climatic changes



	14. The urban climate					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work		<ul> <li>independent assignments</li> <li>X multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>		2.7. Comments:	
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to lectures and ser	minar prese	ntations. Seminar paper and p	resentation.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course )	Class attendance0.25ResearchExperimental workReportEssaySeminar essayTestsOral examWritten exam4.0			0.75	Practical training (other) (other) (other) (other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Attendance and active contribution	Attendance and active contribution to class, seminar writing and presentation, written exam.				
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed	d.), 1997: <i>A</i>	Title pplied Climatology. Routledge.	London. 352	Number of copies in the library 5	Availability via other media yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed pp. McLeman, R. A., 2013: <i>Climat</i> <i>Challenges</i> . Cambridge Univer	d.), 1997: A e and Hum rsity Press,	<b>Title</b> <i>pplied Climatology</i> . Routledge. <i>an Migration: Past Experiences</i> Cambridge.	London. 352 s, Future	Number of copies in the library55	Availability via other media yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed pp. McLeman, R. A., 2013: <i>Climat</i> <i>Challenges</i> . Cambridge Unive Dahl, T., 2009: <i>Climate and Ar</i>	d.), 1997: A e and Hum rsity Press, rchitecture.	Title pplied Climatology. Routledge. an Migration: Past Experiences Cambridge. Routledge, New York.	London. 352 s, Future	Number of copies in the library55555	Availability via other media yes yes yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ec pp. McLeman, R. A., 2013: <i>Climat</i> <i>Challenges</i> . Cambridge Univer Dahl, T., 2009: <i>Climate and Ar</i> Articels from relevant publicati	d.), 1997: A e and Hum rsity Press, rchitecture. ons.	Title pplied Climatology. Routledge. an Migration: Past Experiences Cambridge. Routledge, New York.	London. 352 s, Future	Number of copies in the library55555	Availability via other media yes yes yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> <li>2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences</li> </ul>	Thompson, R. D., Perry, A. (ed pp. McLeman, R. A., 2013: <i>Climat</i> <i>Challenges</i> . Cambridge Unive Dahl, T., 2009: <i>Climate and Ar</i> Articels from relevant publicati In accordance with the Rule bo	d.), 1997: <i>A</i> e and Hum rsity Press, rchitecture. ons.	<b>Title</b> <i>pplied Climatology</i> . Routledge. <i>an Migration: Past Experiences</i> Cambridge. Routledge, New York.	London. 352 s, Future the Universit	Number of         copies in the         library         5         5         5         5         9         y of Zagreb and the Face	Availability via other media yes yes yes



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Natural Hazards	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Understanding of main types of natural hazards, of the probability of their occurrence, expected and real damage. Understanding of prevention possibilities and of management possibilities after disasters.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills:         Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in geography.         The role of natural elements in spatial planning, especially of climate, water and relief.         Protection of environment and nature, and spatial planning of protected areas.         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.         The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.         The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation, and synthesis of relevant information.         The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form.         Practical abilities and skills:         Applying appropriate statistical and graphic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.         Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis and in the presentation of the results.         Applying appropriate methods of spatial planning.				





	Generic abilities and skills:					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.					
	Information-technology skills.					
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.					
	Understanding of the definitions and the te	erminology in the field of natural hazards.				
	Recognising of types of natural hazards, u	inderstanding of their occurrence.				
	Knowledge and ability of accessing the pro	obability of main types of natural hazards.				
	Understanding and interpreting of natural h	hazards probability maps.				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowledge of prevention methods.					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Ability to cooperate in planning and propos	sing risk management measurements and i	neasurements of reducing effects of			
outcomes)	natural catastrophes.		-			
	Ability to cooperate in planning of spatial n	nanagement immediately after catastrophe	S.			
	Ability of simple damage assessments.					
	Ability of independent browsing and consu	Ilting of relevant literature.				
	1 Natural hazards – definitions, terminology,					
	2 Classifications according to origin, location, size and time scales.					
	3 Trends in natural catastrophes.					
	4 Paradigms in natural hazards.					
	5 Natural exposition and vulnerability to natural hazards.					
	6 Risk assessments and risk management.					
	7 Reduction of effects of catastrophes.					
2.5. Course content broken down in	8 – 15 Types of hazards, causes, historic records, examples, consequences, reactions, possibilities of prediction and					
detail by weekly class schedule	prevention:					
(syllabus)	8 Geologic hazards.					
	9 Geomorphologic hazards.					
	10 - 12 Hydrometeorologic hazards.					
	13 Marine hazards.					
	14 Biologic hazards.					
	15. Chronic and rare global hazards.					
	Seminar: written seminar paper on a spec	cific hazard, case study.				
	⊠ lectures	independent assignments	2.7 Comments:			
	Seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	2.1. 00111101103.			
2.6. Format of instruction:		laboratory	-			
	on line in entirety	work with mentor				
	partial e-learning	(other)				



	field work					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar	oaper.				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1,25	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)	
course )	Written exam	3,25	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar evaluation, written ex Attendance to class 10 % + se	amination, open series of the	oral examination optional. r 25 % + written examination 4	0 - 65 %, oral 0	examination 0 - 25 %.	
	Title Number of copies in the library				Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Smith, K., Petley, D. N., 2009: <i>Environmental Hazards, Assessing Risk and Reducing Disaster</i> . Routledge, 5th edition.				ng 5	yes
	Bryant, E., 2006: Natural Haza	5	yes			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles in scientific li	terature and	d on internet.			
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule b	ook and Ma	nual of quality management at	the University	of Zagreb and the Fa	culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Vedran Prelogović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Urban Regions	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	The main objective of the course is to enable students to understand complex relations City – Surroundings, emphasised throughout transformations in the spatial structure of the surroundings (functional, social and morphological transformations). A particular objective of the course is: synthesis of contemporary theory and methodology on the transformations of the urban regions. On the number of examples from various urban regions around the world and in Croatia, problems of a development and the importance of the research with possible application in the field of regional and urban planning will be discussed. Special attention within this course is given to: writing of report, reading of selected texts related to the different aspects of a transformations and a development of the urban regions.		
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Theories and methodology in geography.</li> <li>The research process in general and in geographic</li> <li>Appropriate advanced statistics and graphic</li> <li>Concept of sustainable development.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Ability to recognize spatial relevant problem</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining</li> </ul>	<b>kills</b> ography. c techniques. ns and to examine possibilities of their analysis g and solving spatial problems of high comple>	and solving using GIS. kity.



	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing,
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in
	the presentation of the results.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	- distinguish types of the urban regions
	- explain and apply models and methods in the research of the urban regions
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- explain the development of urban regions in Croatia and in the world, within the context of regional and urban planning,
	particularly in the developed countries (Germany, United Kingdom, USA etc.)
outcomes)	- select an urban region in Croatia and to conduct a research – analyse functional, morphological and social transformations,
	size, population development and migrations (using GIS)
	- write a report/essay on a topic related to transformations in the urban regions of Croatia
	1 INTRODUCTORY LECTURE - Goals and aims; Students obligations; Schedule of written and oral exams; Definitions of main
	notions and terms
	2 CITY AND SURROUNDINGS – City and its surroundings; Emergence of urban regions; Suburbanisation
	3 TYPES OF URBAN REGIONS – Morphological urban regions; Socioeconomic urban regions; Selected examples from the
	world and Croatia
2.5. Course content broken down in	4 THEORIES AND MODELS OF URBAN REGIONS – Hay-Hall model; Model of urban cycles; Soja's model
detail by weekly class schedule	5 METHODS IN THE RESEARCH OF URBAN REGIONS – Analyses of the settlement (urban) network
(syllabus)	6 URBAN REGIONS IN EUROPE 1 – Emergence of urban regions in Europe: United Kingdom (MELA – Metropolitan Economic
(-,	Labour Areas, SMELA – Standard Metropolitan Labour Areas), Germany (Stadtregion, Verdichtungsräume, Ballungsgebiete);
	Randstad Holland in the Netherlands: Examples from a selected countries
	7 URBAN REGIONS IN EUROPE 2 – European urban regions and regional policy. Management of monocentric and
	polycentric urban regions: ESPON (European Spatial Planning Observation Network)
	8 URBAN REGIONS IN USA – Emergence of urban regions: Metropolitan Statistical Area: Micropolitan Statistical Area
	8 URBAN REGIONS IN USA – Emergence of urban regions; Metropolitan Statistical Area; Micropolitan Statistical Area



	9 DEVELOPMENT OF THE U	RBAN REG	GIONS IN A SELECTED COUN	ITRIES OF THE	WORLD – Canada;	Japan; I	Less
	developed countries						
	10 URBAN REGIONS AND GLOBALISATION – Influence of the globalisation on a development of the urban regions; Global						
	urban system; Mega-cities						
	11 URBAN REGIONS IN CRO	ATIA 1 – E	mergence and development of	f the urban regio	ns in Croatia; Models	s in the r	research of
	the urban regions; Size and sti	ructure of th	ne urban regions				
	12 URBAN REGIONS IN CRO	ATIA 2 – P	opulation development; Socioe	economic change	es; Residential subur	banisati	ion
	13 URBAN REGIONS IN CRO	ATIA 3 – N	ligrations – in-immigration, dail	y commuting (m	grations)		
	14 URBAN REGIONS IN CRO	ATIA 4 – U	rban regions within the context	t of the regional a	and urban planning		
	15 FIELD WORK – selected ex	kamples of	the(sub) urbanization in the Ur	ban region of Za	greb		
	x lectures		x independent assignments	2	7. Comments:		
			multimedia and the intern	et F	eld work in the Urba	in regior	n of Zagreb
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\Box$ on line in entirety			af laboratory		at the end of a semester.	
	partial e-learning		x work with mentor				
	x field work						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Write	ting of the r	eport. Oral presentation of the	written report wit	hin the thematic disc	cussions	s. Active
	participation on the fieldwork.						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	2	Research	P	ractical training		1
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written evaluation, oral examination.						
					Number of	Avail	ahility via
			Title		copies in the	othe	er media
					library	oun	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Hall, P., 2002: Urban and Reg	ional Plann	ing, Routledge, London.		5		yes
library and via other media)	Herrschel, T., Newman, P., 20 Policy and Politics, Routledge,	02: <i>Govern</i> London.	ance of Europe's City Regions	: Planning,	5		yes
	Vresk, M., 1990: Grad u regior	nalnom i url	banom planiranju, Školska knjig	ga, Zagreb.	10		yes
	Selected articles from Croatian	and intern	ational geographic journals.				yes



	Hall, P., Pain, K. (ur.), 2006: The Polycentric Metropolis: Learning from Mega-City Regions in Europe, Earthscan, London.				
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Hoggart, K. (ur.), 2005: The City's Hinterland: Dynamism and Divergence in Europe's Peri-Urban Territories, Ashgate, Aldershot.				
1 -1	Taylor, P. J., 2004: World City Network: A Global Urban Analysis, Routledge, London.				
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.				
competences					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-				
add)					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Aleksandar Lukić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Heritage and Tourism in Rural Areas	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•				
	General aim: Knowledge of heritage valori	zation in tourism and their role in integral deve	lopment of rural areas.		
	Educational aims: knowledge about human, social and natural resources and their usage in valorizing heritage and developing rural tourism. Understanding the role of rural tourism as a developmental factor in integral planning of rural areas. Acquiring basic knowledge in planning rural tourist product and developing rural tourist destination.				
2.1. Course objectives	Functional aims: Developing spatial and logical way of thinking and abilities to research influences of tourism on development and transformation of rural areas.				
	Developing positive attitudes towards 1) importance of protection of natural and cultural heritage and 2) importance of sustainable use of heritage in economic development.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and understanding of:         Theoretic and methodologic geography system.         The research process in general and in geography.         Specific statistic and graphic techniques.         Evaluation of natural elements, social components, and cultural offers in tourism.         Cultural heritage as a spatial phenomenon.         The relationship between natural and cultural heritage and tourism, specifically selective forms of tourism: ecotourism, geotourism, rural tourism, cultural tourism, etc.				



	Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.
	Designing project proposals.
	All cognitive and generic skills and abilities defined in programme.
	Understanding mutual dependencies between rural areas, heritage and tourism.
	Understanding and knowledge of contemporary transformation of rural areas and the role of tourism in their sustainable
	development.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Understanding the importance of creating identity and perceptions of rural areas for tourism development.
outcomes)	Understanding the concept, principles and specificity of rural tourism and its varieties.
	Understanding and knowledge of heritage as a resource in rural tourism.
	Understanding and knowledge of tourism as an element of diversification of rural areas.
	Understanding the process of planning and managing rural tourist destination.
	1 Introduction (aims, objectives and formats of instruction). Introducing key terms and their mutual dependencies: rural areas,
	heritage and (rural) tourism.
	2 Roles and functions of rural areas in post-industrial society. Restructuring of rural areas. Productivism, postproductivism
	and diversification in rural areas. Commodification of rural areas.
	3 Identity, perceptions and geographical marketing of rural areas. Images and perceptions of rurality and their role for
	tourism development. Popular culture and media as push factors and tourism. Authenticity in rural tourism.
	4 Rural tourism. Definition. Historical development (Europe and Croatia). Legal framework. Characteristics and specificities.
2.5. Course content broken down in	Researching rural tourism.
detail by weekly class schedule	5 Heritage as a resource in developing rural tourism (I). Role of heritage in rural tourism. Identity as heritage. Cultural
(syllabus)	landscape as heritage. Material culture as heritage.
	6 Heritage as a resource in developing rural tourism (II). Authentic food products as heritage. Festival and manifestations
	as heritage. Economic valorization of heritage in rural areas.
	7 Developmental factors of rural tourism. Supply and demand. Demographic characteristics. Normative, organizational,
	educational, financial and other factors
	8 Rural tourism forms. Agritourism. Hunting and fishing. Health and wellbeing tourism. Sport tourism. Educational tourism.
	Adventure tourism. Transit tourism. Gastronomical and enogastronomical tourism. Tourism in protected areas. Cultural tourism.
	Other forms of tourism in rural areas.



	9 Geographical aspects of mutual dependencies between tourism and agriculture. Detailed study on farm tourism. Wine						
	roads.	oads.					
	10 Second-homes in rural ar	10 Second-homes in rural areas. Historical development of second-homes phenomenon in rural areas. Economic and non-					
	economic impacts of second h	economic impacts of second homes. Regional differences in second home in rural Croatia.					
	11 Rural tourism in Europe a	and Croatia	<ul> <li>a – selected case studies.</li> </ul>				
	12 Development and current	state of to	ourism in rural areas of Croat	ia. Analysis of	regional differences	5.	
	13 Impacts of (rural) tourism	on spatial	I transformations. Socio-econ	omic, functional	and physiognomic tr	ansforr	mation of
	rural areas. Impacts of tourism	on percept	tions of rurality.				
	14 Tourism and sustainable	developme	ent of rural areas. Tourism as	an instrument ir	rural development.	Typolo	gies of rural
	areas. Tourism as an element	of developr	ment in rural periphery. Role of	rural tourism in	developing tourist de	estinatio	ons. Rural
	tourism and recreation in outsl	kirts of the o	city.				
	15 Planning and managing t	ourism as	an element of integral develo	pment of rural	areas. Actors of rura	al touris	m
	development. Concepts and principles in planning and management of tourism in rural areas. Rural tourism destination					tion	
	development (resources analysis, networking, marketing, research).						
	X lectures		X independent essignmente		2.7 Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet				
2.6. Format of instruction:							
	On line in entirety		work with mentor				
	L partial e-learning		(other)				
	Regular class attendance Wri	ting of the r	eport Oral presentation of the	written report wi	thin the thematic disc	noission	s Active
2.8. Student responsibilities	narticipation on the fieldwork		eport. Oral presentation of the	whiteh report w		50331011	IS. ACTIVE
	Class attendance	1	Pasaarah		ractical training		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Experimental work	1	Report	Г	(other)		
proportion of ECIS credits for each	Essav	1	Seminar essav	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	Class attendence (10 %), essa	av (10 %), s	eminar and project (20 %), writ	ttten and oral ex	am (60 %).		
work in class and at the final exam		., (,,,,,				r	
					Number of	Ava	ilability via
2.11. Required literature (available in the			litle		copies in the	oth	ner media
library and via other media)	library						
	Butler R., Hall C. M., Jenkins J. (ur.), 1998: Tourism and Recreation in Rural Areas,			5		yes	



	John Wiley & Sons, Chichester (selected chapters)					
	Čorak, S., Mikačić, V., 2006: <i>Hrvatski turizam: plavo, bijelo, zeleno</i> , Institut za turizam, Zagreb (selected chapters)	10	yes			
	Demonja, D., Ružić, P., 2011: <i>Ruralni turizam u Hrvatskoj, s hrvatskim primjerima dobre prakse i europskim iskustvima</i> , Meridijani, Samobor i Institut za međunarodne odnose, IMO, Zagreb	10	yes			
	Lukić, A., 2012: <i>Mozaik izvan grada - tipologija ruralnih i urbaniziranih naselja Hrvatske</i> , Meridijani, Samobor (selected chapters)	15	yes			
	Woods, M., 2011: Rural, Routledge, Oxon (selected chapters)	5	yes			
	Atkinson, D., 2008: Baština, u Atkinson, D., Jackson, P., Sibley, D., Washbourne, N. (ur). Kulturna geografija, kritički rječnik ključnih pojmova, Disput, Zagreb (189-199).					
2.12 Ontional literature (at the time of	Baćac, R., 2011: <i>Priručnik za bavljenje seoskim turizmom, Korak po korak od ideje do uspješnog poslovanja</i> , Ministarstvo turizma Republike Hrvatske, Zagreb.					
submission of study programme	Hall, D., Roberts, L., Mitchell, M. (ur.), 2003: New Directions in Rural Tourism, Ashgate, Aldershot (selected chapters).					
proposal)	Lukić, A., 2001: Ruralni turizam – čimbenik integralnog razvitka ruralnih prostora Hrvatske:od mašte do stvarnosti, <i>Geografski</i> horizont 1/2, 7-31.					
Woods, M., 2004: Rural Geography: Processes, Responses and Experiences in Rural Restructuring, Sage Publica         Thousand Oaks (selected chapters).						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	culty of Science.			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Martina Jakovčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Geography of Trade	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>Aim oft he course is to gain knowledge on geography of consumption with the special attention to retail geography as on of consumption activities. Understand factors of development of consumption, contemporary places of consumption and main consumption activities. Understand contemporary function of consumption spaces.</li> <li>Widen once knowledge and skills in social geography. Apply knowledge and skill in cartography, economic geography and methods in field work and practice.</li> <li>Understand and explain causes and consequences of geographical distribution of consumption activities.</li> <li>Understanding complex systems of consumption and its impact on consumer behaviour.</li> <li>Understand role of location of consumption spaces and especially shops and shopping centres on functional and spatial structure of the city and development of tourism.</li> </ul>		
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	The research process in geography. Specific statistic and graphic methods. Application of knowledge in determination and resolving of spatial problems of high level complexity. Ability to explain and discuss relevant and contemporary geographic phenomena and processes, complex systems of consumption and its impact on consumer behaviour, complex system of consumption and its impact on consumer behaviour. Understand role of location of consumption spaces and especially shops and shopping centres on functional and spatial structure of the city and development of tourism. Skills needed to evaluate, information and data on impact of location of consumption space and especially retail and shopping centres on spatial and functional structure of the city and its role on development of tourism.		





	Skill to present scientific results in oral and	d written form.				
	Skills needed for the filed work.					
	Mapping.					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.					
	information-technology skills.					
	Functioning effectively as an individual an	id as a team member.				
	Autonomous continuous professional imp	rovement needed in professional developm	ent.			
	Explain development of consumption as a	activity				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Compare importance of consumption spa	ces on spatial structure off he city				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Differ ans understand characteristics and	specifics pf location of certain consumer ac	tivity			
outcomes)	Know and explain development, location i	had function of shopping centres on chosse	n examples in Croatia and the world.			
,	Use relevant methods in collection, proce	ssing and dsitribution of spatial dana.				
	Apply knowledge in determining, and solv	ing spatial problems of medium level compl	exity.			
	1. Geography of consumption – definition	, methods, trends of development				
	2. Geographic research of consumption a	nd consumer behaviuor				
	3. Development of consumption from industrial revlution till 1960					
	4. Development of consumption from 1960s till today.					
	5. Consumption systems and consumption activities – retail					
	6. Consumption systems and consumption activities – eating, fun, education and culture					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Street as a consumption space – alternatice economic spaces					
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Shopping centre as a consumption spa	ces - term, definition, development, location	n, funkction			
(syllabus)	9. Shop as a consumptio space -retail loc	cation int he city				
	10. Consumer types					
	11. Imapct of culture, and subcultures in c	consumer behaviour				
	12 Development of consumptionin Croati	from 1945 and 1990				
	13 Development of consumptionin Croati	from 1990				
	14. Globalization and contemporary const					
	14. Globalization and contemporary const					
	15. Future trends and development of cor					
	L lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:			
		multimedia and the internet	-			
2.6. Format of instruction:		laboratory				
		work with mentor				
		│				
2.8 Student responsibilities	Regular attending of lecture and seminars	s. Acitive participation in lectures. Preparatic	n of seminar esseay. Application of			



	cartographic methods in filed research (o organization and conduction of mapping). Oral and written report on the results of field							
	work.							
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research	Pr	actical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)			
course )	Written exam	3,0	Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	Notes on attendance of lecture	es, seminar	s and mapping and noting	student activities. Fin	al mmark will be a re	esult of a written		
work in class and at the final exam	exam and seminar essay.							
					Number of	Availability via		
	Title				copies in the	other media		
					library			
	Mansvelt, J., 2005: Geographi	es of Cons	umption, Sage Publications	, London, 190 pp.	5			
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Schiffman, L. G., Kanuk, L. L., 2004: Ponašanje potrošača, Mate, Zagreb, chapter 2, 5,				10			
library and via other media)	12 i 13.	10						
	Cross, G., 2010: An all-consuming century, Columbia University Press, New York,				5			
	chapter 5, 6, 7.							
	Smart, B., 2010: Consumer s	5						
	Zukin S 2005: Point of purch	ase: how s	hopping changed America	<i>a culture</i> Routledge	New York 325 pp			
	Miller Dested 4000. Of a select set of the start of the set of the							
	Miller, D. et al, 1998: Shopping, place and identity, Routledge, London, 214 pp.							
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Ritzer, G., 1999: <i>McDonaldizacija društva. Istraživanje mijenjajućeg karaktera suvremenog društvenog života</i> , Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 326 pp.							
proposal)	Duda, I., 2005: U potrazi za blagostanjem, O povijesti dokolice i potrošačkog društva u Hrvatskoj 1950-ih i 1960-ih, Srednja Europa, Zagreb.							
	Duda, I., 2010: Pronađeno blagostanje : Svakodnevni život i potrošačka kultura u Hrvatskoj 1970-ih i 1980-ih godina. Srednja							
	Europa, Zagreb.							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule bo	ook and Ma	anual of quality managemer	nt at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Zoran Stiperski, Darko Stilinović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Cross-border cooperation and regional policy EU	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	Overview of the EU funds at disposal to the	e Republic of Croatia as a new Member State in	n the context of Cohesion policy
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Proposed programme contributes to the fail fund while gaining neccessary methodolog subject is to use concrete examples for pro- context of regional development and territor twofold: on individiual level of attendees br and researchers and on the level of the De possibilities for project application/s. Further whole and gives insight in functioning and DG's), European Parliament and European The added value of the subject is in moder Reform. At the same time it serves as a pra and implementation in the field of regional Finaly, the subject offers to students new p private sector (i.e. regional development ag	miliarity of students with EU Structural funds (E y for utilisation of EU funding, based on the pro- piect development by Department of Geography irial cooperation issues. The value of the project inging them closer to the idea of project manage partment of Geography in the sense of future a ermore, the subject explores possibilities of EU organisation of basic EU bodies, such are Euro a Council. nising the programme of the Department of Ge actical link between various themes ranging fro and Cohesion policy. possibilities for employment in Croatian and EU gencies, ngo's etc).	RDF & ESF) as well as Cohesion ject management. The purpose of the y as a potential beneficiary in the t development method is basically of gement as a tool for young scientists ictions in regards to various funds benefits for Geography as a pean Commission (including relevant ography in the light of Bologna m the social to physical Geography public sector (administration) and
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>- understanding Cohesion policy of the EU</li> <li>- understanding the relationship between C</li> <li>- understanding the concept of the EU Terr</li> </ul>	; Croatian regional policy and EU regional policy; itorial cooperation;	



	<ul> <li>understanding methodology of understanding the role and full engaged in utilising EU funding</li> </ul>	understanding methodology of the EU project management; understanding the role and functioning of the state administration bodies and regional self governemnt bodies in the RoC ngaged in utilising EU funding.									
	1. Introduction in the EU: instit	utions, histo	ry, the process of integration c	of the RoC ;							
	2. Preaccesion funds: CARDS, PHARE, ISPA, SAPARD;										
	3. Preaccesion fund IPA: five components;										
	4.INTERREG 2004 – 2006 in (	Croatia;									
	5. IPA Cross border cooperation	on with EU I	Member States 2007/2013;								
	6. IPA Cross border cooperation	on with Non	-EU Member States 2007/2013	3;							
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Transnational and Interregir	al cooperat	ion 2007/2013;								
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Regional and Cohesion poli	су									
(syllabus)	9. Strategy of Regional Develo	pment and	the Law on Regional Developr	nent;							
	10. Structural Funds (ERDF ar	nd ESF) and	d Cohesion fund;								
	11. Objective 3 Territorial coop	eration 201	4 - 2020								
	12. New regional associations: macroregions and EGTC's										
	13. Decision making in the joint bodies (JMC, JTS)										
	14. Project Cycle Managemen	t (PCM)									
	15. Development of Project Ap	plication									
	X lectures		independent assignments		2.7. Comments:	nments:					
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	-						
2.6. Format of instruction:			laboratory								
	partial e-learning		work with mentor								
	field work		(other)								
2.8. Student responsibilities	Participation at lectures and pr	oject develo	opment exercise								
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training						
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)						
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)						
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)						
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)						
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written exam and course work										
2.11. Required literature (available in the			Title		Number of	Avai	lability via				
library and via other media)					copies in the	oth	er media				



		library					
	Stilinović, D., 2014: Cross-border cooperation and regional policy <i>EU</i> , Internal course materials, Department of Geography, Faculty of Science, Zagreb.	10	yes				
	<i>Hrvatska i Europska unija - Prednosti i izazovi članstva</i> , Sanja Tišma, Višnja Samardžija, Krešimir Jurlin (eds.), 2012: IMO, Zagreb.	10 yes					
	Adams N., Cotella G., Nunes R. (eds.), 2011: Territorial development, cohesion and spati development in an enlarged EU, Abingdon, Routledge.	al planning: knowle	dge and policy				
	Wassenberg B., Beck J. (dir.), 2011: <i>Living and researching cross-border cooperation</i> / Vo Stuttgart, Steiner.	olume 3, The Europ	ean dimension,				
	Andrew E., 2005: EU Regional Policy, Richmond, Richmond Law and Tax Ltd.						
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Andrew E., 2005: Cohesion policy and European Integration – Building multi level Govern Richmond Law and Tax Ltd, Oxford Univeesity press.	ance, EU Regional	Policy, Richmond,				
submission of study programme proposal)	Puljiz, J., 2011: Analiza regionalnih kapaciteta za korištenje EU fondova na županijskoj razini, IMO, Zagreb.						
1 -1	Zakonski, podzakonski akti i strategije Ministarstva regionalnoga razvoja i fondova Europske unije, dostupni na:						
	http://www.mrrfeu.hr/default.aspx?id=8						
	Zakonski, podzakonski akti, strategije i programi Europske unije dostupni na:						
	http://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/what/future/proposals_2014_2020_en.cfm						
	http://www.interact-eu.net/						
	The procedures listed in the Rules and Manual on Quality Management at the Faculty of Science of the Zagreb University:						
	-university and faculty conducted student questionnaire						
2.13 Quality assurance methods that	teaching: evaluation or classes, updating and revising the objectives and subject content as well as the strategies and methods of teaching: evaluating learning outcomes by monitoring and analyzing success of students in tests, tasks, seminar work, written						
ensure the acquisition of exit	and oral exams		·				
competences	- exit surveys for graduates						
	- telephone and mail surveys of graduated students after the first year of employment (t	racking employmer	nt after graduation				
	and success in the profession)						
	-Interviews with companies, institutes and other institutions in which students completed their internships						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Dane Pejnović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Geography of Karst	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Petra Radeljak	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge and developing skills development of karst areas in Croatia and Understanding the principles of sustainable role in regional development and spatial pla of karst areas.	on the structures, processes, and problems an abroad. e development and problems of the developme anning. Adoption of research methods and tech	nd opportunities for sustainable nt of karst areas, and their place and nniques for sustainable development
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge and skills Knowledge and understanding: Process of research work in the study of ka Special features of karst areas in regional p Environmental protection and management Cognitive, practical and generic skills an Application of knowledge in determining, id Ability to identify and separation phenomer planning. Ability to interpret and discuss the evolution	arst areas. blanning. t of karst areas. <mark>Ind abilities:</mark> lentifying and solving the problem of high spatia ha and processes in the Croatian karst areas im h of landscape, environmental degradation and	al complexity in karst areas. nportant for spatial and regional I sustainable development issues of



	Croatian karst areas.
	Skills in presenting scientific content and arguments in writing and orally.
	The skills needed for field work.
	Application mapping geographic content.
	Choosing appropriate prediction methods of changes in the karst areas of Croatia.
	Application of the model and creating sustainable development projects karst areas.
	Work effectively, independently and in a team.
	Independent work required for professional advancement and professional development.
	Ability to:
	- Define and explain the objects, approaches, methods, and research purposes karst geography
	- Explain the elements, characteristics and distribution of karst
	- Identify and evaluate the role of relief and visual elements as well as the factors of karst areas
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- Explain the particularities of karst ecosystem
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- Interpret the evolution of the landscape and environmental degradation in karst regions
outcomes)	- Recognize the problems of sustainable development of karst areas
	- Identify and implement models for sustainable development of karst areas
	- Create a project for sustainable development of karst areas
	- Explain the benefits and management of protected areas in Dinaric karst in Croatia
	- Evaluate the educational potential of karst and karst areas
	1. Introduction: The scientific basis of the subject
	2. Geospatial System of Karst
	3. Relief as an element and factor in karst areas
	4. Water as an element and a factor in karst areas
	5. Environment and ecosystems in karst areas
	6. Population and social functions as factors in karst areas
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Role of historical and spatial development in environmental degradation and the evolution of the landscape of karst areas
(syllabus)	8. Problems of sustainable development in karst areas in modern conditions
	9. Geographical features of karst areas in Europe
	10. Geographical features of karst areas in non-European continents
	11. Croatian karst area
	12. Croatian Dinaric karst: case studies of sustainable development issues
	13. Protected areas of the Dinaric Karst: meaning and problems of sustainable management
	14. Models and projects for sustainable development in karst areas



	15. Didactic potential of karst and karst areas						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops c exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		<ul> <li>independent assignments</li> <li>multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>X work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>		7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular school attendance. Ho thematic discussions	omework ar	d seminar work. Leaving the s	seminar before th	e study group a	ind to partic	ipate in
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research	P	ractical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0,5	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Regularity of attendance and c	class partici	pation to 10 % + seminar 20 %	+ written exam	30 % + oral exa	ım 40 %.	
	Title			Number of	Availabili	tv via other	
			litle		copies in the library	m	edia
	Roglić, J., 2004: Krš i njegovo	značenje, s	abrana djela, 360 pp.		copies in the library 10	m	edia Da
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Roglić, J., 2004: <i>Krš i njegovo</i> Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske</i> društvo – Split, Split, 264 pp.	značenje, s : geografsk	abrana djela, 360 pp. <i>i pregled i značenje</i> , Hrvatsko	geografsko	copies in the library1010	m	edia Da Da
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Roglić, J., 2004: <i>Krš i njegovo</i> Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske</i> društvo – Split, Split, 264 pp. Pravdić, V., 2003: Održivi razv <i>istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrva</i>	značenje, s : geografsk oj: značenje atske, 65-66	abrana djela, 360 pp. <i>i pregled i značenje</i> , Hrvatsko e, poimanje i primjena, u: <i>Druš</i> 5, Zagreb, 285-309.	geografsko itvena	copies in the library10101010	m	edia Da Da Da
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Roglić, J., 2004: <i>Krš i njegovo</i> Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske</i> društvo – Split, Split, 264 pp. Pravdić, V., 2003: Održivi razv <i>istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrva</i> Pejnović, D., 2005: <i>Održivi raz</i> <i>prvog savjetovanja Hrvatski kr</i> Centar za krš, Gospić/Zagreb,	značenje, s z geografsk oj: značenje atske, 65-66 voj naseljen š i gospoda Zagreb, 19	abrana djela, 360 pp. i pregled i značenje, Hrvatsko e, poimanje i primjena, u: Druš 5, Zagreb, 285-309. nosti na krškom području Hrva rski razvoj (ur. B. Biondić i J. E -31.	geografsko itvena tske, Zbornik Božičević),	the library101010101010		edia Da Da Da Da
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Roglić, J., 2004: <i>Krš i njegovo</i> Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske</i> društvo – Split, Split, 264 pp. Pravdić, V., 2003: Održivi razv <i>istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrva</i> Pejnović, D., 2005: <i>Održivi raz</i> <i>prvog savjetovanja Hrvatski kr</i> Centar za krš, Gospić/Zagreb, Butula, S., 2003: Planiranje za za krajobraz, u: <i>Društvena istra</i>	značenje, s z geografsk oj: značenje atske, 65-66 voj naseljen š i gospoda Zagreb, 19 održivi raz aživanja: od	abrana djela, 360 pp. i pregled i značenje, Hrvatsko e, poimanje i primjena, u: Druš 5, Zagreb, 285-309. nosti na krškom području Hrvat rski razvoj (ur. B. Biondić i J. E -31. voj: značenje različitosti društv Irživi razvoj Hrvatske, 65-66, Z	geografsko itvena tske, Zbornik Božičević), renog interesa čagreb, 427-441.	the library10101010101010		edia Da Da Da Da Da
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Roglić, J., 2004: <i>Krš i njegovo</i> Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske</i> društvo – Split, Split, 264 pp. Pravdić, V., 2003: Održivi razv <i>istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrva</i> Pejnović, D., 2005: <i>Održivi raz</i> <i>prvog savjetovanja Hrvatski kr</i> Centar za krš, Gospić/Zagreb, Butula, S., 2003: Planiranje za za krajobraz, u: <i>Društvena istra</i> Brinkmann, R., 2010: Karst an <i>other karst regions</i> , Internation Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen I	značenje, s značenje, s geografsk oj: značenje atske, 65-66 voj naseljen š i gospoda Zagreb, 19 održivi raz aživanja: od d sustainab nal Interdisc Bonacci), IH	abrana djela, 360 pp. <i>i pregled i značenje</i> , Hrvatsko e, poimanje i primjena, u: <i>Druš</i> 5, Zagreb, 285-309. <i>nosti na krškom području Hrva</i> <i>rski razvoj</i> (ur. B. Biondić i J. E -31. <i>roj</i> : značenje različitosti društv <i>Irživi razvoj Hrvatske</i> , 65-66, Z ility in Florida, U.S.A., u: <i>Susta</i> iplinary Scienfitic Conference ( IP-VII Series on Groundwater 10: PaPRIKa a multicriteria vi	geografsko itvena tske, Zbornik Božičević), renog interesa agreb, 427-441. ainability of the ka (Plitvice Lakes, C No. 2, UNESCO	copies in the library         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         20         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         20         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         20         21         22         23         23         24         25         20         21         22         23         24         25         25         25         25 <t< td=""><td>m</td><td>edia Da Da Da Da Da Ca carst and 009),</td></t<>	m	edia Da Da Da Da Da Ca carst and 009),



	Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 49-56.
	Guo Fang, J. G., 2010: The resources, environment and development in Fengshan Geopark karst area, u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 75-82.
	Maleković, S., Tišma, S., Farkaš, A., 2010: Capacity for managing local development in karst areas, u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 129-136.
	The procedures set forth in the Rules and the Manual of Quality Management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science:
	- University and college student survey
	- Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives and subject content and teaching and learning strategies,
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	assessment of learning outcomes analysis of the student's success in the tasks they perform, the colloquia, seminars, written
competences	and oral exams
	- Exit polls for graduates
	- Telephone and mail surveys after the first year of service (tracking employment after graduation and success in the
	profession)
	- Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform internships
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



List of required and elective courses and/or modules with class hours and ECTS credits, course: HERITAGE AND TOURISM

LIST OF COURSES								
Year of study: 1st								
Semester: Winter								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Introduction to Scientific Research	S. Šterc	1	0	1	0	3	required
	Research Methods in Human Geography	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš, L. Šakaja	2	2	0	0	5	required
	Tourism Valorisation of Heritage	V. T. Opačić	3	2	0	0	7	required
	Environmental History	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš	2	2	0	0	5	required
	Elective course 1						5	required
	Elective course 2						5	required
	Climate and Tourism	A. Filipčić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Karst Gemorphology and Hidrography	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Analyses in GIS	A. Toskić	1	0	2	0	5	elective
	Historical GIS	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš, A. Durbešić	1	2	0	0	5	elective
	Tourism Destination Management	A. Tomašević	2	1	0	0	5	elective
	Social Ecology	V. Lay	2	1	0	0	5	elective

LIST OF COURSES								
Year of study: 1st								
Semester: Summer								
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Physical Geography in Tourism	N. Buzjak, A. Filipčić, D. Orešić	2	2	0	0	5	required
	Elective course 3						5	required
	Elective course 4						5	required
	Elective course 5						5	required
	Elective course 6						5	required
	Fieldwork in Geography IV	According to decision of Geography					5	required



	Department Council						
Urban-Social Geography	V. Prelogović	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Urban Regions	V. Prelogović	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Geography of Trade	M. Jakovčić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Geographical Aspect of Recreation	V. T. Opačić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Heritage and Tourism in Rural Areas	A. Lukić	2	1	0	0	5	required
Cultural Landscapes: Protection and	I. Zupanc	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Management							
Coast and Coastal Water Management	D. Orešić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Croatian Islands - Sociogeographic Themes	K. Bašić	2	1	0	0	5	elective
Geography of Karst	D. Pejnović	2	1	0	0	5	elective

LIST OF COURSES													
Year of study: 2nd													
Semester: Winter													
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective					
	Geography of Cultural Offer	L. Šakaja	2	2	0	0	5	required					
	Urban Historical Geography	I. Zupanc	2	2	0	0	5	required					
	Forms of Tourism	V. T. Opačić	2	2	0	0	5	required					
	Practice (90 hours/year)						5	required					
	Elective course 7						5	required					
	Graduate seminar		0	5	0	0	5	required					
	Climate and Tourism	A. Filipčić	2	1	0	0	5	elective					
	Karst Gemorphology and Hidrography	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective					
	Analyses in GIS	A. Toskić	1	0	2	0	5	elective					
	Historical GIS	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš, A. Durbešić	1	2	0	0	5	elective					
	Tourism Destination Management	A. Tomašević	2	1	0	0	5	elective					
	Social Ecology	V. Lay	2	1	0	0	5	elective					



LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES												
Year of study: 2nd												
Semester: Summer												
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective				
	Master thesis with thesis defense	Mentor according to student's choice					30	required				


## **REQUIRED COURSES**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Stjepan Šterc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Introduction to Scientific Research	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	3
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+15+0 (1+0+1+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	Enable students for independant scientific-research work. Introduce students with the structure and stages of the scientific-research proceeding. Train students for the appliance of standard and special research methods and techniques. Explain students the specificities of geographical methodology in research process. Teach students how to define main research aims, tasks, hypothesis, spatial laws, models, projections and conclusions. Capacitate students with the particularities of the geographical research approach		
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	This course contribution to the programme towards crucial processes in space and in context, relationship and link conditionality definitions, individual practice in the resear spatial allocate and function determination, changes, applicability of pertinent methodo	is held in the definition of outer and inner resea the comprehension of spatial laws and objectiv in geographical space, unique methodology ar ch steps, and the recognition of spatial comple , spatial typization and regionalization, spatial n logy, research epistemology comprehension e	arch frame, in directioning the inquiry e spatial reality. Very complex nd theoretical concept, research task xity have been validated. Also, the nodeling, projections of future tc., have been appointed.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Outcomes expected on the level of this coupoints out the folowing abilities. 1. The ability of spatial content observing, of 2. The research ability of spatial law consides 3. Extended epistemology and coverage of	urse are linked with the high-level education in defining, categorizing, mapping and clarifying. deration, discussion, detection, definition, proje of the special approach.	which the concerned knowledge



	4. Cognitive and cognition abil	4. Cognitive and cognition ability of revealing conditioned spatial links among complex contexts in geographical space, its						
	causal clarification and resolve	ement.						
	5. The ability of complex method	odological sy	stem appliance in interdiscipl	inary approa	ch and in logicaly settled funda	amental		
	spatial relations.							
	6. Individual approach in spatia	al disproport	ion perceivement and in resea	arch task defi	nition.			
	7. The ability of the empiric res	7. The ability of the empiric research which can be applicable in basic spatial planns.						
	8. Spatial functional organizati	3. Spatial functional organization ability in accordance with the phylosophy and logics of space.						
	1. Scientific systems.							
	2. Sistematizations and approa	aches within	scientific system.					
	3. Example of geographical re-	search subje	ect-matter.					
	4. Work definitions and atributi	ions.						
	5. Approach to the research ar	nd to the pap	ber writing.					
	6. Research methods and tech	nniques.						
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule	7. Data analysis.							
	8. Geographical approach to the research.							
(syllabus)	9. Field work inquiries.							
	10. Research task definition.							
	11.Scientific knowledge preser	Scientific knowledge presentation and popularising.						
	12. The role of research in educational system.							
	13. Process of scientific work publication.							
	14. The meaning of geographical cognitions for objective geographical reality comprehension.							
	15. Theme elaboration through	n the researc	ch proceeding.					
	X lecture		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:			
			multimedia and the intern	et	This course aims to learn stu	udents how		
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\Box$ on line in entirety		laboratory		to independently enter in the	e research		
	partial e-learning		X work with mentor		proceeding.			
	x field work		(other)					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, pas	sed prelimin	ary exam, reserach discussio	n and indepe	ndent research issue elaborat	ion.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	1	Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	0.5	Oral exam		(other)			



course )	Written exam	0.5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance and discuss	lass attendance and discussion in research groups, tests, written exam and seminar essay.					
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Montello, D. R., Sutton, P. C., <i>Geography,</i> SAGE Publication	Montello, D. R., Sutton, P. C., 2006: <i>An Introduction to Scientific Research Methods in Geography</i> , SAGE Publications, London.				yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Zelenika, R., 2000: <i>Metodologija i tehnologija izrade znanstvenog i stručnog djela</i> , Ekonomski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, Rijeka.				10	yes	
	Milas, G., 2009: <i>Istraživačke metode u psihologiji i drugim društvenim znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Zagreb.				10	yes	
	Mejovšek, M., 2008: <i>Metode znanstvenog istraživanja u društvenim i humanističkim znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Zagreb.				10	yes	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Robinson, G. M., 1998: Methods and Techniques in Human Geography, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	Among classical ways of student evaluation, independent research works with mentors instruction have been especially evaluated and revolted on the level of potential student involvement in scientific and professional meetings.				especially		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Research tasks have been as	Research tasks have been assigned by students individual choice (associated with their course).					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Borna Fuerst-Bjeliš Laura Šakaja	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Research Methods in Human Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	Lana Slavuj Borčić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•		
2.1. Course objectives	Familiarizing students with basic methods and techniques used in sciences, and particularly in human geography. Identical attention will be given to quantitative and qualitative research methods, as to enable students to more easily develop research concepts.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Theoretical and methodological basis of human geography</li> <li>The research process in general and in geography.</li> <li>Development of cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>The skills needed for collection, evaluation, interpretation and presentation of the research results in written form.</li> <li>Applying appropriate GIS methods in analysis and presentation of the research results.</li> <li>Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.</li> <li>Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development</li> </ul>			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Independently plan the research and create Distinguish and properly choose research	e a research proposal. /ariables in a given or independently chosen e	kample.	



outcomes)	Select a population sample for	the researc	ch.				
,	Distinguish different measuren	nent scales	and apply them in research in	a given or inc	dependently chosen example.		
	Evaluate advantages and disa	dvantages o	of quantitative and qualitative r	esearch meth	nods in a given or independen	tly chosen	
	example.	U	•		0	,	
	Apply relevant quantitative and	Apply relevant quantitative and qualitative research methods, techniques and procedures in a given or independently chosen					
	example.						
	Research planning - research	proposal, va	ariables in research. measuren	nent scales			
	Sampling (sampling steps, nor	n-probability	sampling)				
	Sampling (probability sampling	a. sample si	ze)				
	Quantitative research methods	s - Question	naire Survey (error sources in	questionnaire	e survey, questionnaire survey	v desian)	
	Quantitative research methods	s - Question	naire Survey (techniques of da	ta collection)		,g.,	
	Quantitative research methods	s – Content	Analysis (method developmen	t. basic featu	res, elements of research pro	cess)	
	Quantitative research methods - Content Analysis (include development, basic readines, cicinents of research process)						
2.5. Course content broken down in	Qualitative methodology (basic features and characteristics)						
detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	Qualitative methods – Interview (types of interview interview design)						
	Qualitative research methods - Interview (types of interview, interview design)						
	Qualitative research methods – Interview (interview procedure, transcription, interview analysis)						
	Qualitative research methods – Focus Groups (rocus groups reatures, rocus groups procedure and results interpretation)						
	Qualitative research methods – Participatory Observation and Participatory Action Research (general research phases,						
	recording of the data, results presentation and report writing, ethical issues)						
	Qualitative data analysis (coding, code types, results interpretation)						
	Geographic information system (possibilities and application of GIS tools in the analysis of research results)						
	Geographic information system	n (processir	ng and visualisation of research	n results)	1		
	X lectures		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	-		
2.6. Format of instruction:			laboratory				
	$\square$ partial e-learning		work with mentor				
	☐ field work (other)						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular attendance, performa	nce of pract	ical tasks and exercises and lit	erature analy	sis in seminars.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		



course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class participation and discus	sion activitie	es 10 %, seminar execution 35	%, written exa	m 55 %.	
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Milas, G., 2009: <i>Istraživačke n</i> Naklada Slap, Jastrebarsko.	netode u ps	ihologiji i drugim društvenim zr	anostima,	10	yes
library and via other media)	Hay, I., 2005: <i>Qualitative Research Methods in Human Geography</i> , Oxford University Press, Oxford.				5	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Clifford, N., Valentine, G., 2003: Key methods in geography. Sage Publications, London.					
submission of study programme	Kitchin, R., Tate, N. J., 2000: Conducting Research in Human Geography: theory, methodology and practice, Pearson					
proposal)	Education Limited, Harlow.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule b	ook and Ma	nual of quality management at	the University	of Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Vuk Tvrtko Opačić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Tourism Valorisation of Heritage	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	7
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	45+30+0+0 (3+2+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	The main course objective is to acquire known challenges of tourism valorisation of natura from this topic. The accent in seminars will methodologic geography system. The main together in practice.	owledge of interrelation between heritage and t al and cultural heritage. Through seminars stude be both – learning of the relevant factographic n objective of the course field trip is to introduce	ourism and of opportunities and ents will individually examine contents cal and applying theoretic and how heritage and tourism go
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretic and methodologic geography system. The research process in general and in geography. Evaluation of natural elements, social components, and cultural offers in tourism. Cultural heritage as a spatial phenomenon. Tourism forms and their characteristics: development trends, their role in spatial transformation, and their importance on the tourism market. The relationship between natural and cultural heritage and tourism, specifically selective forms of tourism: ecotourism, geotourism, rural tourism, cultural tourism, etc. Heritage and tourism in urban environments; cultural resources of cities, the cultural industry and creation of cultural offers. Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.		



	Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.
	Designing project proposals.
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	- to explain heritage as a topic of a geographic study
	- to distinguish mass and alternative forms of tourism
	- to analyse heritage tourism development, as well as heritage as a part tourism offer
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- to examine and interpret tourism valorisation of anthropogenic (cultural) elements of heritage
level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>to examine and interpret tourism valorisation of natural elements of heritage</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>to evaluate the role of the state and international organisations in cultural tourism</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>to analyse present conditions of cultural tourism in Croatia and Europe</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>to examine and explain the role of heritage in cultural tourism in Croatian counties</li> </ul>
	- to apply tourism geography methodology on given case study and to introduce results of the research in written and oral form
	1. Introduction to course
	2. Heritage phenomenon – definitions, divisions, significance; Heritage as a topic of geographic study
	3. Tourism – basic terms and concepts; Mass and alternative forms of tourism; Heritage tourism – development and
	contemporary role; Demand in heritage tourism
	4. Heritage as a part of tourism supply; Culture, cultural heritage, cultural tourism
	5. Tourism valorisation of anthropogenic elements (cultural-historical monuments)
2.5. Course content broken down in	6. Tourism valorisation of anthropogenic elements (living culture, famous persons and historical events, various events, cultural
	and religious institutions, panoramic roads and paths, artificial attractions)
(synabus)	7. Tourism valorisation of natural elements of heritage (geological-geomorphological elements, hydrological elements, floristic
	and faunistic elements, protected areas)
	8. The role of international organisations in cultural tourism (UNESCO, Council of Europe, European Union)
	9. The role of international organisations in cultural tourism (World Tourism Organisation, ICOM, ICCROM, ICOMOS)
	10. The role of the state in cultural tourism; Analysis of the cultural tourism sector in Europe – examples from several European



	11. Cultural tourism in Europe	11. Cultural tourism in Europe (Central and Eastern Europe, Southern Europe, Mediterranean islands, Western Europe,				
	Northern Europe)					
	12. Present conditions of cultu	2. Present conditions of cultural tourism in Croatia				
	13. Course field trip – official v	isit and dis	cussion with authorities of the li	iable institution	s in charge with natura	al and/or cultural
	heritage protection or man	agement (f	or example national park, natur	e park, tourism	board etc.)	
	14. Cultural tourism in Croatia	<ul> <li>documer</li> </ul>	nts, politics, strategies			
	15. Heritage in tourism supply	of Croatiar	n counties			
	X lectures		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:	
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	-	
2.6. Format of instruction:			laboratory			
	D partial a learning		X work with mentor			
	X field work		(other)			
	Attendance to class essay wit	h oral pres	entation seminar essay with or	al presentation	discussions with aut	porities of the
2.8. Student responsibilities	liable institutions on course field	ld trin	ontation, comma coody with or			
	Class attendance	1	Posoarch		Practical training	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Experimental work	I	Report			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Essav	1	Seminar essav	2	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)	
course )	Written exam	2	Project	-	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written and oral exam, seminar essay and essay.					
					Number of	Availability via
			litle		copies in the library	other media
	Jelinčić, D. A., 2008: Abeceda	kulturnog	<i>turizma</i> , Meandarmedia i Mean	dar, Zagreb.	10	yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Graham, B., Ashworth, G., J.,	Tunbridge	, J., E., 2000: A geography of	heritage: powe	<i>r</i> , 10	yes
library and via other media)	<i>Culture and economy</i> , Arnold, London.				ki	
	osietlijvim prostorima (ur M I	Klarić) Hrv	vatska turistička zajednica i Ins	stitut za turizar	n 10	ves
	Zagreb, 2000.		ateria tanotona zajoamoa i me		.,	,



	A companion to tourism (ur. A. A. Lew, C. M. Hall, A. M. Williams), Blackwell Publishing, Malden, Oxford, Calden, 2004.
	Antolović, J., 1998: Ekonomsko vrednovanje graditeljske baštine, Mikrorad, Zagreb.
	Cultural resources for tourism: patterns, processes and policies (ur. M. Jansen-Verbeke, G. K. Priestly, A. P. Russo), Nova Science Publishers, Inc., New York.
	Jelinčić, D. A., 2010: Kultura u izlogu, Meandarmedia i Meandar, Zagreb.
	Kušen, E., 2002: <i>Turistička atrakcijska osnova</i> , Institut za turizam, Zagreb.
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Mc Kercher, B., Du Cros, H., 2002: <i>Cultural tourism: The partnership between tourism and cultural heritage management</i> , The Haworth Hospitality Press, New York.
	Timothy, D. J., 2011: Cultural heritage and tourism: an introduction, Channel View Publications, Bristol, Buffalo, Toronto.
	Timothy, D. J., Boyd, S. W., 2003: <i>Heritage tourism</i> , Prentice Hall, Harlow.
	Vidaković, P., 1997: <i>Nacionalni parkovi u svijetu</i> , Fond za stipendiranje mladih za zaštitu prirode i turizam – Zagreb 1990, Zagreb.
	Vidaković, P., 2003: <i>Nacionalni parkovi i zaštićena područja u Hrvatskoj</i> , Fond za stipendiranje mladih za zaštitu prirode i turizam – Zagreb 1990, Zagreb.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Borna Fuerst-Bjeliš	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Environmental History	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Marin Cvitanović	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	Man – environment relations in holocene. C as a base of man's relation towards the nat quantities and types of used energy. Size a	Changes in material world as well as in the wor ture: actions, politics and consequences. Main and types of environmental change.	ld of ideas and worldviews. Worldview phases of availability, access,
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretic and methodologic geography sys The research process in general and in geo Specific statistic and graphic techniques. Environmental history and large-scale envi Principles of landscape protection, restorat Concept of sustainable development in tou <b>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities</b> Applying knowledge in determining, definin Recognition and isolation of objects and pr The ability to interpret and discuss actual g The skills needed for presenting scientific of Orientation in space with the assistance of Mapping of geographic data, georeferencin	kills stem. ography. ronmental modifications. ion, and management. rism and recreation industries. <b>5 and skills:</b> g and solving spatial problems of high complex occesses crucial for the stability of geosystems. eography-related problems and processes rela- tion and synthesis of relevant information on er contents and stances in written and oral form. modern technology and other skills needed in the ng.	kity. ated to man-environment relation. nvironmental history. fieldwork.



	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.
	Designing project proposals.
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Fundamentals of remote sensing in the analysis of environmental change.
	Understanding of causal relations of man –environment relations.
	Understanding of relation between rising energy use and environmental imapact through main phases of technological
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	evolution of mankind.
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Understanding of connection between worldviews with concrete actions and politics towards nature/ environment, and their
outcomes)	consequences.
	Knowing the research field of environmental history, main themes, its position in science fields and knowing the basic
	environmental historical bibliography and periodics.
	1. Mustering the marks: states of change – ways of life / economies. Population and degradation? Availability and acess to
	energy/energy consumption.
	2. Access to energy/phases of technological evolution of humankind (hunters/gatherers; preindustrial agriculture; industrial
	era;post-industrial economies).
	3. Development of the scientific field and research; history of human – nature worldviews. Differencies with regard to the time,
	space, culture and religions.
	4. Research themes and approaches. Environmental history in Croatia.
	5. Environmental regionalization of Europe. Basic presumptions: opportunities; constraints; environmental change types;
2.5. Course content broken down in	hazards. Characteristic relic landscapes according to main phases od development (hunter-gatherers, traditional-agricultural,
detail by weekly class schedule	industrial), and post-industrial.
(syllabus)	6. Environmental management: protection, restoration, reconstruction.
	7. Environmental restoration, green urbanism and post-modern landscapes.
	8. Urban environmental restoration project in Seoul (restoration-reconstruction?).
	9 Hundertwasser and ecological programme of urban re-afforestation
	10 Main environmental history phases: Hunthers/gatherers
	11. Pre-industrial agriculture
	12 Industrial agriculture.
	12. Industrial era.
	13. Post-industrial eta.
	14. Globally important issues.



15. Contemporary problems and questions: media analysis (degradation narratives, advocacy, professionalism, determinism)						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops x seminars and workshops x exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		X independent assignments X multimedia and the internet laboratory work with mentor (other)		2.7. Comments:	
2.8. Student responsibilities	Preparation and presentation of selected chapters from the bibliography. Active contribution selected topics. Taking part in the field trip (area of Zagreb city; museums). Completion change of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the control of the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the chosen location – textual and cartographic analysis, including bitemporal provide the chosen location – te			ution in discussion. Wi tion of the project on t presentation.	riting short essays he environmental	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)	
course )	Written exam	2	Project	1	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Active discussion 10%, semina	ar attendand	ce, completed project and writte	en essays 35 %	%, wrritten exam 55 %.	
	Number of       Title     copies in the       library					
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: Što je povijest	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 175	<b>Title</b> , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       10	Availability via other media yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i>	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 175 vijest okoliš	<b>Title</b> , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. <i>a</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 198.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       Ibrary       10       10	Availability via other media yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i>	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 17! vijest okoliš a povijest o	Title , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. <i>koliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 306.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the libraryIII101010	Availability via other media yes yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i>	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 175 vijest okoliš a povijest o	Title , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. <i>koliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 306.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       10       10       10	Availability via other media yes yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i>	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 17! vijest okoliš a povijest o	<b>Title</b> , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. <i>koliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 306.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       :     10       10     10       10     10	Availability via other media yes yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i> Atkins, P., Simmons, I., Robert	I., Petrić, H. okoliša, 179 vijest okoliš a povijest o ts, B., 2003	Title , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. koliša, Disput, Zagreb, 306. : People, Land & Time, Arnold.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library 10 10 10	Availability via other media yes yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i> Atkins, P., Simmons, I., Robert Diamond, J., 2007: <i>Sva naša c</i>	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 17! vijest okoliš a povijest o ts, B., 2003 pružja, Algo	Title , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. <i>koliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 306. : <i>People, Land &amp; Time</i> , Arnold. ritam.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       10       10       10	Availability via other media yes yes yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme</li> </ul>	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i> Atkins, P., Simmons, I., Robert Diamond, J., 2007: <i>Sva naša c</i> Diamond, J., 2008: <i>Slom</i> , Algo	I., Petrić, H okoliša, 17! vijest okoliš a povijest o ts, B., 2003 oružja, Algo ritam.	Title , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb. a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. <i>koliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 306. : <i>People, Land &amp; Time</i> , Arnold. ritam.	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       :     10       10     10       10     10	Availability via other media yes yes yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Cvitanović, M Hughes, J. D.,: <i>Što je povijest</i> Hughes, J. D., 2011: <i>Što je po</i> Simmons, I. G., 2010: <i>Globaln</i> Atkins, P., Simmons, I., Robert Diamond, J., 2007: <i>Sva naša c</i> Diamond, J., 2008: <i>Slom</i> , Algo Higgs, E., 2003: <i>Nature by De</i>	I., Petrić, H. okoliša, 179 vijest okoliš a povijest o ts, B., 2003 oružja, Algo ritam. sign, The M	Title , 2011: Što je povijest okoliša u 5-198, Disput, Zagreb, a, Disput, Zagreb, 198. <i>koliša</i> , Disput, Zagreb, 306. : <i>People, Land &amp; Time</i> , Arnold. ritam. IT Press, Cambridge, Mass., L	u Hrvatskoj?, u	Number of copies in the library       10       10       10	Availability via other media yes yes yes



	Lovelock, J., 2005: Geja – novi pogled na život Zemlje, Izvori.
	Pyne, Stephen J., 2010: <i>Vatra – sažeta povijest</i> , Prosvjeta.
	Uekotter, F. (ur.), 2010: Turning Points of Environmental History, University of Pittsburgh Press, Pittsburgh.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University and faculty student questionnaire, self-evaluation, continued revision and other University documents
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Nenad Buzjak Anita Filipčić, Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Physical Geography in Tourism	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	Ivan Čanjevac Mladen Maradin	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	To know the incentive and limiting effects of climate, water and relief on tourism development. To know the role of geoheritage and of geomorphologic sites in tourism development. To master the methods and techniques of mapping and visualization of relief elements in tourism planning and in tourism offering. Get to know and practical apply the methods and techniques of planning, building and use of educational paths in touristic presentation, with an emphasis on natural basis. To be able to apply the methods of geoecological relief valuation for the tourism. To be able to put forward and define predictable changes in touristic areas under the influence of climate changes.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and understanding of:         Theoretic and methodologic geography system.         The research process in general and in geography.         Specific statistic and graphic techniques.         Environmental history and large-scale environmental modifications.         Principles of landscape protection, restoration, and management.         Evaluation of natural elements, social components, and cultural offers in tourism.         Importance of climate in tourism, bio-meteorological indices, and climate related therapy.         Importance of waters in tourism and water resources as limiting factors.			



	The relationship between natural and cultural heritage and tourism, specifically selective forms of tourism: ecotourism,
	geotourism, rural tourism, cultural tourism, etc.
	Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.
	Cognitive abilities and skills:
	Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Orientation in space with the assistance of modern technology and other skills needed in fieldwork.
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.
	Designing project proposals.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.
	Knowing, understanding and being able to valorise the main elements of physical geography as natural attractive factors in
	tourism.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowing, understanding and being able to valorise the main elements of physical geography as limiting factors in tourism.
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Knowing and understanding the interactions between elements in physical geography.
outcomes)	Being able to geoecologicaly evaluate relief from the standpoint of tourism.
	Understanding and applying the concept of sustainable development of tourism and recreation.
	Having skills and abilities concerning applied geomorphologic mapping in tourism.
	1 Climate as a basis for developing tourism and as a limiting factor in tourism.
	2 Climate in determining of the tourist season.
	3 Biometeorological indexes.
	4 Climatotherapia and health tourism.
2.5. Course content broken down in	5 Importance of climate in receptive factor planning.
detail by weekly class schedule	6 Land waters as natural attractions.
(syllabus)	7 Ice and snow as natural attractions.
	8 Thermomineral springs in tourism.
	9 Seas and sea-shores as natural attractions.
	10 Water resources as limiting factor in tourism development.
	11 The role of relief in tourism development.



2.6. Format of instruction:	12 The concept and features of geoheritage, geodiversity and geomorphologic sites.         13 Mapping and visualization of geodiversity and geomorphologic sites.         14 Presentation of geomorphologic and geological heritage sites.         15 Principles and methods of geoecological evaluation.         Seminar: written paper and presentation on a chosen theme, discussion.         Image: Seminars and workshops         Image: Seminars and workshops					
	on line in entirety     partial e-learning     field work	work with mentor				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar p	paper and p	resentation.			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research	F	Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	3	(other)	
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar paper, presentation and activity evaluation, written examination. Attendance to class 10 % + seminar 30 % + written examination 60 %					
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Becken, S., Hay, J., 2007: <i>Tourism and Climate Change. Risks and Opportunities</i> . Channel View Publications. 352 pp.			5		
2.11 Required literature (available in the	Bognar, A., Bognar, H., 2010: Geoekološko vrednovanje reljefa R. Hrvatske. Geoekologija XXI vijeka, Zbornik referata, 44-55, Filozofski fakultet Nikšić.			10	pdf	
library and via other media)	Buzjak, N., 2008: Geokološko vrednovanje speleoloških pojava Žumberačke gore (Geoecological evaluation of the speleological features of Žumberačka gora Mt Croatia). <i>Hrv. geografski glasnik</i> , 70/2, 73-89.			10	pdf	
	Hall, C. M., Higham, J. E. S. (e Multilingual Matters. 309 pp.	ed.), 2005: 7	Tourism, Recreation and Clima	te Control.	5	
	Kušen, E., 2002: Turistička atr	akcijska osi	nova. Institut za turizam, Zagre	eb, 262 str.	10	
	Reynard, E., Coratza, P., Regolini-Bissig, G., 2009: <i>Geomorphosites</i> . Verlag Dr. F. Pfeil, München.			' 5	pdf	



2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant scientific articles and other relevant information in literature, on internet and in other sources.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Passive knowledge of English language needed.



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Laura Šakaja	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Geography of Cultural Offer	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
	The main goals of the course are:			
	- to develop an understanding of the way the cultural offer is formed;			
	- to develop an understanding of the role of culture, cultural activities and cultural/creative industries in local and regional development;			
2.4. Course chiestings	- to develop an understanding of heritage as a developmental resource;			
2.1. Course objectives	- to expand knowledge of the Croatian cultural heritage			
	- to expand knowledge of the world cultural heritage			
	Students will acquire knowledge of cultural policies and strategies for the protection and promotion of regional/national cu Through project tasks within seminars, students will acquire the knowledge necessary for independent presentation or cre of cultural offer.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
	The course contributes to professional know	wledge, abilities and skills:		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course	Knowledge and understanding of: -the theoretical and methodological fundam	nentals of human geography		
contributes	-the research process in geography.			
	-the developmental potential of cultural resources			



	-the social contexts of the interpretation of heritage			
	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills.			
	Appying knowledge and creative approach during the preparation of new contents through a term paper			
	The ability to analyse and interpret actual socio-geographic phenomena and proceses			
	The skills needed for presentation of scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.			
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the research results.			
	Designing project proposals.			
	Problem solving, relating to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.			
	Efficiency at the individual level, and as a member of a team.			
	Continuous professional development			
	Knowing and understanding the concept of culture, cultural activities, cultural industries and cultural heritage			
	Understanding urban cultural resources			
	Knowing and understanding entrepreneurial strategies in the field of culture			
	Knowing and understanding the elements of cultural (especially architectural) heritage			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Ability to analyze heritage in different socio-political contexts			
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Ability to evaluate local, regional and national cultural policy			
outcomes)	Ability to evaluate the role of international organizations in the promotion of cultural activities and in preservation of cultural			
,	heritage			
	Knowing and ability to interpret and discuss the role of cultural industries and cultural heritage in the local and regional			
	development Ability to greate new contents within the cultural offer			
	Ability to create new contents within the cultural oner Ability to present scientific contents and stances in written and oral form			
	1. Culture, globalization and international market			
	2 Models of cultural policy			
	3. Cultural activities and cultural industries. Services and products of cultural/creative industries			
	4 Museums and galleries: history, social function and entrepreneurial strategies			
	5. Performing arts: history, impact on urban development, commercialization processes			
2.5. Course content broken down in	6. Festivals: impact on cultural tourism			
detail by weekly class schedule	7. Creative sector and urban development: the example of world fashion centers			
(syllabus)	8. City as a cultural resource			
	9. Impact of heritage on urban development			
	10. Heritage sites 1: Antiquity			
	11. Heritage sites 2: The Middle Ages			
	12. Heritage sites 3: Renaissance and Baroque			
	13. Heritage sites: 18th -19 th centuries			



	14. Heritage sites: 20th century 15. Culture and cultural beritage in EU documents and programs					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		X independent assignments X multimedia and the internet I laboratory X work with mentor (other)		7. Comments:	
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d seminar e	ssey, multimedial presentation	n of seminar essa	ıy.	
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Class attendance     1       Experimental work       Essay       Tests		Research Report Seminar essay Oral exam	Pi 2 2	ractical training (other) (other) (other)	
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar essay and oral exam.				I	
	Title			Number of	Availability via	
			The		library	other media
2.11 Required literature (available in the	1. Švob-Đokić, N., Primorac, J kulturnih djelatnosti. (pojedina	., Jurlin, K., poglavlja).	2008: <i>Kultura zaborava. Indus</i> Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb.	strijalizacija	library 10	other media yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	<ol> <li>Švob-Đokić, N., Primorac, J kulturnih djelatnosti. (pojedina</li> <li>Šakaja, L., 1999: Kultura i p Hrvatskoj (pojedina poglavlja),</li> </ol>	., Jurlin, K., poglavlja). rostor: pros Hrvatska s	2008: <i>Kultura zaborava. Indus</i> Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb. <i>torna organizacija kulturnih dje</i> veučilišna naklada, Zagreb.	strijalizacija elatnosti u	Copies in the     library     10     10	other media yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	<ol> <li>Švob-Đokić, N., Primorac, J kulturnih djelatnosti. (pojedina</li> <li>Šakaja, L., 1999: Kultura i p Hrvatskoj (pojedina poglavlja),</li> <li>Marasović, T., 2001: Kulturr Split.</li> </ol>	., Jurlin, K., poglavlja). rostor: pros Hrvatska s na baština I.	2008: <i>Kultura zaborava. Indus</i> Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb. <i>torna organizacija kulturnih dje</i> veučilišna naklada, Zagreb. <i>i II.</i> (pojedina poglavlja), Velev	strijalizacija elatnosti u učilište u Splitu,	Copies in the library10101010	other media yes yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	<ol> <li>Švob-Đokić, N., Primorac, J kulturnih djelatnosti. (pojedina</li> <li>Šakaja, L., 1999: Kultura i p Hrvatskoj (pojedina poglavlja),</li> <li>Marasović, T., 2001: Kulturr Split.</li> <li>Mohorovičić, A., 1992: Grac</li> </ol>	., Jurlin, K., poglavlja). rostor: pros Hrvatska s na baština I. liteljstvo u F	2008: <i>Kultura zaborava. Indus</i> Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb. <i>torna organizacija kulturnih dje</i> veučilišna naklada, Zagreb. <i>i II.</i> (pojedina poglavlja), Veleu <i>frvatskoj</i> , Školska knjiga, Zagre	strijalizacija elatnosti u učilište u Splitu, eb.	Copies in the library1010101010	other media yes yes yes yes
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	<ol> <li>Švob-Đokić, N., Primorac, J kulturnih djelatnosti. (pojedina</li> <li>Šakaja, L., 1999: Kultura i p Hrvatskoj (pojedina poglavlja),</li> <li>Marasović, T., 2001: Kulturr Split.</li> <li>Mohorovičić, A., 1992: Grac</li> </ol>	., Jurlin, K., poglavlja). rostor: pros Hrvatska s na baština I. liteljstvo u F	2008: <i>Kultura zaborava. Indus</i> Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb. <i>torna organizacija kulturnih dje</i> veučilišna naklada, Zagreb. <i>i II.</i> (pojedina poglavlja), Velet <i>rvatskoj</i> , Školska knjiga, Zagre	strijalizacija elatnosti u učilište u Splitu, eb.	Copies in the library1010101010	other media yes yes yes yes
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Švob-Đokić, N., Primorac, J kulturnih djelatnosti. (pojedina 2. Šakaja, L., 1999: Kultura i p Hrvatskoj (pojedina poglavlja), 3. Marasović, T., 2001: Kulturr Split.</li> <li>Mohorovičić, A., 1992: Grac</li> <li>Mohorovičić, A., 1992: Grac</li> <li>Melvin, J., 2006: Understan</li> <li>Evans, G., 2003: Cultural pl 3. Hughes, H., 2000: Arts, enter</li> <li>Breward, C. &amp; Gilbert, D. (enterprised)</li> </ol>	., Jurlin, K., poglavlja). rostor: pros Hrvatska s na baština I. liteljstvo u F ding Archite anning. An ertainment a ds.), 2006:	2008: Kultura zaborava. Indus Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb. torna organizacija kulturnih dje veučilišna naklada, Zagreb. i II. (pojedina poglavlja), Velet drvatskoj, Školska knjiga, Zagre ecture, Universe. urban renessaince? Routledge and tourism, Butterworth-Heine Fashion's world cities, Berg, O	strijalizacija elatnosti u učilište u Splitu, eb. e, London. emann, Oxford. xford.	Copies in the library       10       10       10       10       10	other media yes yes yes



	6. Kulturna politika Republike Hrvatske. Nacionalni izvještaj. Ministarstvo Republike Hrvatske, 1998.			
	7. Flew, T., 2012: The Creative Industries. Culture and Policy, Quinsland University of Technology.			
	8. Singh, J. P., 2010: Globalized Arts: The entertainment economy and Cultural Identity, Columbia University Pres.			
	9. www.europa.eu/culture/key-documents/doc599_en.htm			
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-			



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Ivan Zupanc	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Urban Historical Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	To knowledge students with basics of urban development and with different city types according to historical periods, functions and cultures. Knowledge of urban heritage as autochthonous urban form and urban landscape; education for protection and management for sustainable development.		
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretic and methodological geography s The research process in general and in geo Specific statistic and graphic techniques. Environmental history and large-scale envi Principles of landscape protection, restorat Cultural heritage as a spatial phenomenon. Heritage and tourism in urban environment <b>Cognitive abilities and skills:</b> The ability to interpret and discuss actual g The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta The skills needed for presenting scientific of <b>Practical abilities and skills:</b>	kills: ography. ronmental modifications. ion, and management. ts; cultural resources of cities, the cultural indus geography-related problems and processes. tion and synthesis of relevant information. contents and stances in written and oral form.	stry and creation of cultural offers.



	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.					
	Generic abilities and skills:					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and o	quantitative geographic information.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and	as a team member.				
	Autonomous continuous professional impr	ovement needed in professional developme	ent.			
	Knowledge and understanding of:					
	-development of cities according to the context of genesis (period, function, culture) (in the world and in Croatia)					
	-processes and problems of urban develop	omen t during the historical periods.				
	-phenomena of the city and planning as ex	pression of most complicated space organi	sation of different communities and			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	civilisations.					
evel of the course (4 to 10 learning	-the ideas of local and global planning.					
oucomes)	-processes and relations in specific charac	teristic typic examples of urban developme	nt in the world and in Croatia.			
	Built sense for urban heritage as cultural landscape.					
	Ability of heritage planning and management as a resource of revitalisation in small towns.					
	To autonomous create seminar in written form with use the specific sources and methods and knowing literature.					
	1. Introduction					
	2. Proto-urban period – first forms of settlements					
	3. The early cities					
	4. The early cities					
	5. Cities of Greek civilisation					
	6. Cities of Roman civilisation					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Cities of Roman civilisation in Croatia					
detail by weekly class schedule	8. The medieval towns in Europe					
(syllabus)	9. Renaissance towns					
	10. Baroque towns					
	11. Industrial city					
	12. Colonial cities					
	13. Urban landscape and heritage					
	14. Revitalisation of small towns					
	15. Planning and management for tourism	in historic towns				
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:			



	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet			
			work with mentor			
	partial e-learning		(other)			
	X field work					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Properly class attendance and	one written	seminar essay.			
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	P	ractical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)	
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written and oral exam. Written	Written and oral exam. Written seminar essay.				
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Carter, H., 1983: An Introduction to Urban Historical Geography, Edward Arnold, London.				5	yes
library and via other media)	Milić, B., 1994: Razvoj grada kroz stoljeća I.: prapovijest-antika, Školska knjiga, Zagreb.				10	yes
	Milić, B., 1995: Razvoj grada k	10	yes			
	Milić, B., 2002: Razvoj grada kroz stoljeća III.: novo doba, Školska knjiga, Zagreb.				10	yes
2.12 Optional literature (at the time of	Burke, G., 1977: Towns in the	<i>making</i> , Ed	ward Arnold, London.			
submission of study programme	Kostof, S., 2012: The City Shaped: Urban Patterns and Meanings Through History, Bulfinch Press, New York.					
proposal)	Morris, A. E. J., 1994: History of Urban Form: Before the Industrial Revolutions, Pearson Education Limited, Harlow.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.				culty of Science.	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					





1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Vuk Tvrtko Opačić	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Forms of Tourism	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+30+0+0 (2+2+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20			
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
2.1. Course objectives	The main course objective is to acquire knowledge about the main developmental features and the role of different forms of tourism from their geographical point of view. The emphasis is based on tourism offer conception in Croatian tourism practice. One of the main goal of this course is to understand the role of mass and alternative forms of tourism in total tourism offer in designated space and place.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and understanding of:         Theoretic and methodologic geography system.         The research process in general and in geography.         Specific statistic and graphic techniques.         Tourism forms and their characteristics: development trends, their role in spatial transformation, and their importance on the tourism market.         Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.         Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.         The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.         The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.					





	Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.					
	Designing project proposals.					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and	quantitative geographic information.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Autonomous continuous professional impr	rovement needed in professional developm	ent.			
	- to explain features, classifications, and s	patial implications of mass and alternative f	orms of tourism			
	- to analyse development of Croatian tourism					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- to distinguish, compare and explain featu	ures of different forms of tourism: "Sun and	beach" tourism, nautical tourism, cruising			
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	tourism, camping tourism, transit tourism	n, ecotourism, rural tourism, game tourism, ł	nealth and spa tourism, mountin tourism,			
outcomes)	ski tourism, youth tourism, religious tour	ism, etc.				
	- to apply tourism geography methodology	on given case study and to introduce resu	Its of the research in written and oral form			
	1. Introduction to course					
	2. Mass and alternative forms of tourism – the main features, definitions, classifications, distinctions, spatial implications					
	3. Features and developmental stages of Croatian tourism					
	4. "Sun and beach" tourism					
	5. Nautical tourism					
	6. Cruising tourism					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Camping tourism					
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Transit tourism					
(syllabus)	9. Ecotourism					
	10. Rural tourism					
	11. Game tourism					
	12. Health and spa tourism					
	13. Mountain and ski tourism					
	14. Youth tourism					
	15. Religious tourism					
	X lectures		2.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	•			
2.6. Format of instruction:						
	on line in entirety	X work with mentor				
	X field work	(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar essay with c	presentation.	1			



2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)			
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written and oral exam and ser	ninar essa	у.					
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	<i>Hrvatski turizam: plavo, bijelo,</i> Zagreb, 2006.	<i>zeleno</i> (ur	. S. Čorak, V. Mikačić), Institut :	za turizam,	10	yes		
library and via other media)	Čorak, S., Mikačić, V., Trezner	r, Ž., 2009:	Osnove turizma, Školska knjig	a, Zagreb.	10	yes		
	Čavlek, N. i suradnici, 2011: T	10	1/00					
	Školska knjiga, Zagreb.	10	yes					
	A companion to tourism (ur. A. A. Lew, C. M. Hall, A. M. Williams), Blackwell Publishing, Malden, Oxford, Calden, 2004.							
	Critical issues in tourism: a geographical perspective (ur. G. Shaw, A. M. Williams), Blackwell Publishers, Oxford, 2002.							
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Hall, C. M., Page, S. J., 2002: The geography of tourism and recreation: environment, place and space, Routledge, London – New York.							
proposal)	Jadrešić, V., 2001: Turizam u interdisciplinarnoj teoriji i primjeni – Zbornik istraživanja, Školska knjiga, Zagreb.							
	Turizam i sport – razvojni aspekti (ur. M. Bartoluci i N. Čavlek), Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2007.							
	Vlahović, D., 2003: Maritimna turistička Hrvatska, Ogranak Matice hrvatske Split, Matica hrvatska, Split-Zagreb.							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.					ulty of Science.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-							



# ELECTIVE COURSE

1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Anita Filipčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Climate and Tourism	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	Mladen Maradin	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	The learning objective is determination of c changes on transformations of touristic are	limatic influence on touristic valorisation of an a	area. Also the influence of climatic		
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Theoretic and methodologic geography system.</li> <li>The research process in general and in geography.</li> <li>Specific statistic and graphic techniques.</li> <li>Importance of climate in tourism, bio-meteorological indices, and climate related therapy.</li> <li>Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.</li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abbilities and skills:</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> <li>The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.</li> <li>Orientation in space with the assistance of modern technology and other skills needed in fieldwork.</li> <li>Mapping of geographic data.</li> </ul>				



	Applying appropriate maps an	d cartograp	hic methods in analysis in the p	presentation of	of the results.			
	Designing project proposals.							
	Problem solving related to qua	alitative and	quantitative geographic inform	ation.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.							
	Autonomous continuous profe	ssional impi	rovement needed in professior	al developme	ent.			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowing, understanding and independent realization of statistical analysis of climatic data.							
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Knowing, understanding and independent explanation of climate-man interaction.							
outcomes)	Knowing, understanding and i	ndependent	interpretation of climatic eleme	ents significaı	nce in tourism development.			
outcomesy	knowing, understanding and ir	ndependent	explanation of climate extreme	es.				
	1. Climate and tourism develo	pment.						
	2. Climate as limited factor in t	tourism						
	3. The global climate system							
	4. Climate (change) and deter	mination of	tourist season					
	5. The economic significance	of climate st	ability					
	6. The influence of the climate extremes on tourism							
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Human response to climate							
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Biometeorological indexes							
(syllabus)	9 Climatotherapia							
	10. The tourist importance of Solar radiatiion and insolation							
	11. Importance of winds in tourism							
	12. The air temperature as a tourist (un)convenience							
	12. The all temperature as a tourist (un)convenience							
	13. Importance of precipitations for tourist planning							
	14. Climate consideration in receptive factors planning							
	15. Climate consideration in ro	bute making	1					
	X lectures		independent assignments	6	2.7. Comments:			
			multimedia and the intern	et	-			
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\Box$ on line in entirety		laboratory     work with mentor					
	partial e-learning							
	☐ field work (other)							
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to lectures and se	minar prese	ntations. Semenar paper and	presentation.	1			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.25	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0.75	(other)			



credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	4.00	(other)			
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Attendance and active contribution	Attendance and active contribution to class, seminar writing and presentation, written exam.						
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Avai oth	ilability via ner media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Becken, S., Hay, J., 2007: Channel View Publications.	· 5						
library and via other media)	Hall, C. M., Higham, J. E. S. (ed.), 2005: <i>Tourism, Recreation and Climate Control</i> . Multilingual Matters. 309 pp.				5			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Articles in relevant publications	S.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science					f Science.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectives of this course are that students learn basic knowledge on karst geomorphology and hydrography with application to the significant karst areas of the world and focus on the Dinaric karst that is part of Croatia. The specific objectives are: Understanding of the conditions and processes of karstification Understanding the specifics of karst hydrography Recognition of surface and underground karst landforms, and an understanding of their origin Knowledge about geomorphologic - hydrographical features of Croatian karst and important karst areas in the world Understanding the importance of karst areas, identifying specific problems and the ability of their solutions The ability to evaluate karst areas				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretic and methodologic geography sys The research process in general and in geo Principles of landscape protection, restorat Evaluation of natural elements, social comp Geo-ecological evaluation of relief in relation The relationship between natural and cultur geotourism, rural tourism, cultural tourism, Concept of sustainable development in tour	<b>kills</b> ography. ion, and management. ponents, and cultural offers in tourism. on to tourism, and possibilities of tourism develo ral heritage and tourism, specifically selective f etc. rism and recreation industries.	opment in relation to relief. orms of tourism: ecotourism,		



	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:							
	Applying knowledge in determining, definir	ng and solving spatial problems of high com	nplexity.					
	Recognition and isolation of objects and p	rocesses crucial for the stability of geosyste	ems.					
	Theability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.							
	The skills needed for presenting scientific	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.						
	Orientation in space with the assistance of	modern technology and other skills neede	d in fieldwork.					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and	quantitative geographic information.						
	Functioning effectively as an individual and	d as a team member.						
	Explain the concept, history, research and	distribution of karst in Croatia and the worl	d					
	In selected cases to extract and interpret t	he factors that affect the karst process						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Explain the specificity of karst hydrography	y and its relation to the geomorphology of k	arst					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Field work and cabinetmaking determine s	surface and underground karst relief forms						
outcomes)	Distinguish types of karst in Croatia and an	broad, and their special values						
	Evaluate the significance of karst areas, especially in tourism							
	Apply basis geometric protection and management of karst areas with the concept of sustainable development							
	1 Introduction, history of study of karst							
	2 Terms and geometrical processes in kernet							
	2 Terms and geomorphological processes in Karst							
	S Karst hydrography (Part 1)							
	4 Karst hydrography (Part 2)							
	5 Karst Geomorphology - grikes							
	6 Karst Geomorphology - dolines							
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Karst Geomorphology - large depressions and poljes							
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Karst Geomorphology - karst plateau							
(syllabus)	9 Speleological objects - the origin and typ	ology						
	10 Karst sediments and residual hills							
	11 Fluviokarst, glaciokarst and coastal karst							
	12 Morphogenesis and typology of karst							
	13 Threats and protection of karst							
	14 Croatian karst - an overview							
	15 Significant karst gross in the world							
		V in dag and dagt and improved	-					
	X lectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:					
2.6. Format of instruction:			-					
	n on line in entirety	Y work with montor						



	partial e-learning     field work		(other)					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	Attendance to class, completed seminars, independent assignments and field work						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)			
course )	Written exam	1	Project	1	(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 20%; Writter	n exam 20%	6; Oral exam 40%; Project 20%	, ).				
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
library and via other media)	Ford, D., Williams, P., 2007: <i>Karst Hydrogeology and Geomorphology</i> . 562 pp, John Wiley i Sons, Chichester, West Sussex, England.				5	yes		
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	<ul> <li>White, W. B., 1988: Geomorphology and Hydrology of Karst Terrains. Oxford university press, New York-Oxford.</li> <li>Herak, M., Stringfield, V. T., 1972: Karst – Important Karst Regions of the Northern Hemisphere. Elsevier publishing company, Amsterdam-London-New York.</li> <li>Gines, A., Knez, M., Slabe, T., Dreybrodt, W., 2009: Karst rock features – karren sculpturing. Carsologica 9, Založba ZRC SAZU, Postojna.</li> </ul>							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University students survey Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and teaching strategies, learning and assessment of learning outcomes Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform their work practices Other procedures required by the University and the Faculty about the internal quality assurance							
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Aleksandar Toskić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Analyses in GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Luka Valožić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L $+$ S + E + e-learning)	15+0+30+0 (1+0+2+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15			
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Capability for conducting analyses in	GIS for practical purposes.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretic and methodologic geograph The research process in general and Specific statistic and graphic techniqu Cognitive abilities and skills: Applying knowledge in determining, d The skills needed for evaluation, inter The skills needed for presenting scier Practical abilities and skills: Applying appropriate GIS methods ar Orientation in space with the assistan Mapping of geographic data, georefet Applying appropriate maps and cartog Designing project proposals. <u>Generic abilities and skills:</u> Problem solving related to qualitative Information-technology skills.	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills:         Knowledge and understanding of:         Theoretic and methodologic geography system.         The research process in general and in geography.         Specific statistic and graphic techniques.         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity         The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.         Practical abilities and skills:         Applying appropriate GIS methods and techniques.         Orientation in space with the assistance of modern technology and other skills needed in fieldwork.         Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.         Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.         Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results.         Designing project proposals.         Generic abilities and skills:         Prohem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information				



	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.							
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>- knowledge of user - spa</li> <li>- independently conduct s</li> <li>- differentiate and analyse</li> <li>- know and apply the met</li> <li>- overlay error correction</li> </ul>	tial data int patial anal e vector an hods of tra	eraction ysis on given examples d raster data nsformation and overlay, disp	play and analy	ysis of relief			
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ul> <li>Knowledge now to apply</li> <li>1 Interaction between use</li> <li>2 Selections and data min</li> <li>3 Reclassification of vector</li> <li>4 Measurements: length, a</li> <li>5 Transformations: Bufferi</li> <li>6 Polygon overlay. Overla</li> <li>7 Analysis of raster data. I</li> <li>8 Map algebra, local opera</li> <li>9 Overlaying, Weighted ov</li> <li>10 Buffering (raster)</li> <li>11 Cost distance analysis</li> <li>12 Digital elevation model</li> <li>13 Methods of spatial stat</li> <li>14 Standard deviational elevation</li> </ul>	r and spatia ing. r and raste area. Polyg ng (vector) y methods. Methods fo ations, neig verlaying. (i . Display an istics. Cent lipse. Moran's in	or spatial interpolation al data. Spatial analysis. r data. on complexity. Slope and asp Overlay errors and their corr r spatial interpolation hborhood operations, zonal o raster) nd analysis of the relief. Trian roid. Weighted mean center. dex.	bect. Tection Operations	ar network (TIN)			
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures seminars and worksho X exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work	ps	<ul> <li>independent assignmen</li> <li>multimedia and the inter</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>	ts net	2.7. Comments:			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attending classes and ser	ninars regu	larly. Written seminar based	on individuall	y collected and analyzed lit	erature.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each	Class attendance Experimental work	0,2	Research Report		Practical training (other)			


activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay			(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	2,4	Oral exam	2,4		(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project			(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Observation of class atten exam results.	bservation of class attendance and making exercises. The final grade is made on the basis of test, written exam and oral cam results.						and oral
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Avail oth	lability via er media	
2.11 Required literature (available in the	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. F., Maguire, D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2010: <i>Geographic Information Systems and Science</i> , John Wiley &Sons., Chichester.					10		yes
library and via other media)	Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., Goodchild, M. (ed.), 2005: <i>GIS, Spatial analysis and Modeling</i> , ESRI Press, Redlands.					5		yes
	Maantanay, J., Ziegler, J., 2006: <i>GIS for the Urban Environment</i> , ESRI Press, Redlands.					5		yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)								
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Scienc					of Science.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Borna Fuerst-Bjeliš Anamarija Durbešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Historical GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+0+30+0 (2+0+2+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		-	-	
2.1. Course objectives	Exploring possibilities of GIS applications in research and reconstruction of changes and processes over longer time periods. Introduction to specific data sources documenting past periods (quantitative and qualitative), their use in GIS and their analysis. Modelling positive and negative processes leading to changes in the environment and the cultural landscape design and preparation of plans and projects for rehabilitation of degraded land and reducing effects of anthropogenic disturbances with the ultimate goal to improve living conditions.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills Knowledge and understanding of: the process of scientific work in general and in geography, specific statistical and graphical methods. Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills Application of knowledge to determination, identification and solving the problem of the high spatial complexity. Ability of interpretation and discussion of relevant and current geographic phenomena and processes. Developing of skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of information and data, skills in presenting scientific content and arguments in writing and orally. Mapping geographic content, geo-referencing. Application specific statistical and graphical methods in the analysis and presentation of results. Application of thematic maps and cartographic methods to analysis and presentation of results. Application of specific GIS techniques.			



	Hov	How to work effectively, independently and in a team. Independent work required for professional advancement.				
	Using a variety of sources and processing in GIS.					
	Synchronization and integration of spatial data from various sources.					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Analysis of the data obtained in order to explore cultural landscape and environmental changes.					
outcomes)	Abil	lity to identify and separate phenomena	a and processes critical to the stability geo-	system.		
	Ар	plying appropriate statistic and graphic	methods and techniques in analysis and in	the presentation of the results.		
	The	ability to interpret and discuss actual	geography-related problems and processes			
	1	Introductory lesson. Explaining conce	epts of GIS and Cultural Landscape			
	2	Lecture: Basic Concepts. Workshop:	Vectorization of polygons and geocoding n	naps (repetition of basic skills in GIS)		
	3	Lecture: GIS analysis of the cultural l	andscape (modes of evaluating the cultural	landscape through the tangible and		
		intangible elements). Workshop: Indiv	vidual design projects.			
	4	Workshop: Vectorization of selected	data			
	5	Workshop: Vectorization of selected data				
	6	Workshop: Vectorization of selected data				
	7	Workshop: Preparing the presentation	Workshop: Preparing the presentations of the obtained data and their exchange among students			
2.5. Course content broken down in	8	Lecture: Correlation and interdependence of physical-geographic features. Workshop: Analysis of interdependence of				
detail by weekly class schedule	physical-geographic features					
(syllabus)	9	Lecture: Intangible elements in the ar	nalysis of cultural landscape. Workshop: Ca	rtographic representation of distribution of		
		settlements and their connection to the population census data base.				
	10	) Lecture: Methods of data analysis. Workshop: Layers convergence and first analysis				
	11	Lecture: GIS in the analysis of field d	ata. Workshop: Creating a plan of field rese	arch in GIS		
	12	Lecture: Preparation of field research	. Workshop: Creating a plan of field researc	h in GIS		
	13	Lecture: Development and protection	assessment guidelines. Workshop: GIS in	making the development and protection		
		assessment guidelines				
	14	Lecture: Types and trends of landsca	pe change. Workshop: Defining the types o	f landscape change and tracking trends		
	15	Lecture: Final synthesis of materials.	Workshop: GIS in development assessmer	it guidelines		
2.6. Format of instruction:	X le	ectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:		





	X seminars and workshops A exercises C on line in entirety C particle learning		<ul> <li>multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>work with mentor</li> </ul>				
	☐ partial e-learning ☐ field work		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, con	egular class attendance, completion of the project and one seminar essay (oral / wri					
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project	2	(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Completion of workshop assig	nments (pro	oject, seminar essay) 65 %. O	ral exam 35 %.			
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Ava oth	ilability via ıer media	
	Gregory, I. N., Ell, P. S., 2007: <i>Historical GIS, Technologies, Methodologies and Scholarship</i> , Cambridge University Press.				5		yes
library and via other media)	Knowles, A. K., 2002: <i>Past Time, Past Place - GIS for History</i> , ESRI Press, Redlands, California.				5		yes
	Knowles, A. K., 2008: Placing Historical Scholarship, ESRI p	5		yes			
	Harley, J. B., 2001: The New Nature of Maps, The John Hopkins University Press, Baltimore.						
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Lozić, S., Cvitanović, M., Durbešić, A. 2011: Promjene okoliša središnjeg dijela Dalmatinske zagore od 18. stoljeća, u: <i>Zagora između stočarsko-ratarske tradicije te procesa litoralizacije i globalizacije: zbornik radova</i> (ur. Matas, M i Faričić, J.), Zadar - Dugopolje, 19 - 21. listopada 2010., Sveučilište u Zadru, Kulturni sabor Zagore, Split, Matica hrvatska Split, 117-129.						
proposal)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Durbešić, A., 2013: Littoralization and Behind: Environmental Change in Mediterranean Croatia. U: <i>The Overarching Issues of the European Space/Grandes Problematicá do Espaço Europeu. Strategies for Spatial (Re)planning</i>						
	Sustenabilidade e Mudança (ur. Pina, H., Martins, F., Ferreira, C.), Fundação Universidade do Porto – Faculdade de Letras da						



	Universidade do Porto, 136-147.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University student survey, self-assessment, continuous review, other procedures of the internal quality assurance required by the University and the Faculty.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Amelia Tomašević	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Tourism Destination Management	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Introduction to Tourist destination management and marketing, DMO, DMC, activities and strategies, seminar, financial planning for promotion on specific markets. Students will visit Tourist information centers, to evaluate total information service.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Course enables knowledge and underst theoretic and methodologic geography s the research process in general and in geo specific statistic and graphic techniques destination management, strategies, relation Cognitive abilities and skills Applying knowledge in determining, defining The ability to interpret and discuss relevant The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta authorities and tourist boards and industry The skills needed for presenting scientific of Designing project proposals Problem solving related to qualitative and of Functioning effectively as an individual and	Course enables knowledge and understanding of theoretic and methodologic geography system the research process in general and in geography specific statistic and graphic techniques destination management, strategies, relationship among state, city authorities and tourist boards and industry Cognitive abilities and skills Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity The ability to interpret and discuss relevant and actual geography-related problems and processes The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information and relationship among state, city authorities and tourist boards and industry The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form Designing project proposals Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information			



	-						
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development						
	Explaining the destination management						
	Explaining the role of the national tourist organization						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Analyzing the strategy of development						
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Researching and interpreting the distribution channels						
	Analyzing the potentials of spe	ecific tourist	destination				
	Explaining the design of the op	perational m	narketing plan				
	1. introduction (syllabus, instru	ictions for s	eminar, course goals, evaluatio	on system, lit	terature)		
	2. tourist organization manage	ment, defin	ition of tourist organization, de	velopment of	f business cooperation		
	3. tourism destination as integ	ral market v	alue, internal and external acti	vities, sustai	nable tourism		
	4. tourist destination functions	, planning, v	vision, mission, strategies				
	5. organization of tourist desti	nation, orga	anizational chart				
	6. DMO and DMC roles, touris	t board role	, their relationship				
	7. Croatian national tourist organization system, type of tourist organizations, analyze of sustainability of existing system						
2.5. Course content broken down in	8. tourist destination marketing, different kinds of destination promotion						
detail by weekly class schedule	9. tourism and global processes, factors which influence the relationship between tourism and global processes						
(syllabus)	10. operational marketing plan of Zagreb, strategies of promotion on specific markets						
	11. top destinations of the future, predictions, reasons, analyze of potentials						
	12. budgeting destination promotion, design of financial plan of promotion on on specific markets						
	13. what is the value of states as brands? How to brand specific destinations?						
	14. SWOT, PEST analysis, possibilities which these analysis offer and how to use them						
	15. role of state and city administration in the development of management, synergy of administration, tourist boards and						
	industry						
	X lectures		V independent and immente		2.7 Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		The multimedia and the intern	ot	-		
2.6 Format of instruction:				OI .			
	on line in entirety		work with mentor				
	field work		(other)				
2.9. Student responsibilities	Participation in discussion. To	ete Somina	r				
2.0. Structure responsibilities	Close attendance		Rossorch		Dractical training		
2.9. Screening student work (name the proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report				
activity so that the total number of FCTS	Fssav		Seminar essav	1	(other)		
	2000		Communicoody				



credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	3	Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Active discussion 10 %, semin	tive discussion 10 %, seminar 20 %, tests 70 %.					
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Notes – Tomašević, A., 2012: <i>Tourist Destination Management and Marketing</i> , PMF, Zagreb.			10	yes		
2.12 Optional literature (at the time of	Magaš, D., 2008: <i>Destinacijski menadžment, modeli i tehnike</i> , Sveučilište u Rijeci, Fakultet za turistički i hotelski menadžment u Opatiji, Opatija.						
submission of study programme	Stanić, M., 2008: Destinacijski menadžment kompanije, UHPA, Zagreb.						
proposal)	Harrill, R., 2005: <i>Fundamentaqls of Destination Management and Marketing</i> , American Hotel & Lodging Educational Institute, Destination Marketing Association International, Washington.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University questionnaire Self evaluation – continuous improvement and modernization of course goals, content, learning strategies and evaluation of lerning outcomes Interview with companies, institutes and organizations for students internship Other procedures as per University and Faculty policies on internal quality assurance						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Vedran Prelogović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Urban-Social Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers		1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	The main objective of the course is to enable students to understand complex relations City – Society, emphasised throughout transformations in the spatial structure of the city (functional, social and morphological transformations). Particular objectives of the course are: synthesis of contemporary theory and methodology on transformations of the spatial structure of the city, which are induced by the interaction of different economic, social, cultural and political factors on global, regional and local scale. On the number of examples from various cities around the world and in Croatia, problems of a transformation of the urban-social structure will be discussed and explained. Special attention within this course is given to: writing of report, reading of selected texts related to the different aspects of transformations of an urban-social structure.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sl Knowledge and understanding of: Theories and methodology in geography. The research process in general and in ge Appropriate advanced statistics and graphi Concept of sustainable development. Cognitive abilities and skills: Ability to recognize spatial relevant probler Applying knowledge in determining, definin The ability to interpret and discuss actual g	kills ography. ic techniques. ns and to examine possibilities of their analysis ng and solving spatial problems of high complex peography-related problems and processes.	s and solving using GIS. kity.	



	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.					
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.					
	Practical abilities and skills:					
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.					
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.					
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in					
	the presentation of the results.					
	Generic abilities and skills:					
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.					
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Continuous professional development.					
	- distinguish and explain approaches in the research of a social space of the city					
	- apply theories and models of the urban-social structure, particularly the theory of the sustainable urban development					
2.4 Learning outcomes expected at the	explain development of urban planning in Croatia and in the selected countries, and a contemporary development of the cities the context of the economic transformations					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- explain cultural and social context of a transformations within the Croatian and the cities in selected countries					
outcomes)	- conduct a research on one of the selected topic: socio-spatial differentiation, segregation, inner-city migrations, revitalisation and gentrification in the city (using GIS)					
	- make a researched based solution for the problems of the socio-spatial structure of the city, with a particular emphasis on a possibilities of redevelopment of the brownfields					
	- write a report/essay on a topic related to a changes within the socio-spatial structure of the city					
	1 INTRODUCTORY LECTURE – Goals and aims of the course; Approaches in the research of the social space (positivism, behaviourism, structuralism, post-structuralism); Socio-spatial dialectic; City as a stage of social, economic, cultural and political changes					
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule	2 THEORIES AND MODELS OF URBAN-SOCIAL STRUCTURE – Chicago school and social ecology; Burgesses' model; Hoyts' model; Hariss-Ullmans' model; Other theories and models					
(syllabus)	3 URBAN PLANNING AND POLICY - Emergence of urban planning; Urban planning in selected countries (USA, Western Europe, Post-socialist cities, Croatia); Theory of sustainable urban planning; Urban-social structure and urban planning					
	4 ECONOMIC CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE CITY – Pre-capitalist and pre-industrial city; Industrial city (Fordism, Keynesianism); Contemporary city (Post- fordism, Post-industrial society; Globalisation)					
	5 CULTURAL CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE CITY – What is a culture? Relation culture – city; Post-colonial					



	theory; Space, power and culture; Post-m	odernism and city				
	6 SOCIAL CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMA buildings); Socio-demographic characteris	TIONS IN THE CITY – Morphogenesis; M stics of the city; Social topography	orphology of the city (housing, types of			
	7 SOCIO-SPATIAL DIFFERENTIATION A socialist cities, Croatia); Social polarisation	AND SEGREGATION IN THE CITY – Segreen n	egation (USA, Western Europe, Post-			
	8 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THI Unemployment; Social exclusion; Environ	E CITY – PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPMENT mental quality	Γ – Poverty; Homelessness;			
	<ul> <li>9 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE CITY – INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK – Socio-spatial structure and public institutions; Public vs. Private; Social Justice and the City (importance of David Harvey's' research)</li> <li>10 HOUSING AND INNERCITY MIGRATIONS – Housing areas in the city; Housing market; Types of inner-city migrations; I cycles in the city</li> </ul>					
	11 REVITALISATION AND GENTRIFICATION 1 – Definition and meaning of the notions (revitalisation, gentrification); Emergence of revitalisation and gentrification in the city; Rent gap theory; Consumption theory; Revitalisation and gentrification in selected cities (USA, Western Europe, Post-socialist cities, Croatia)					
	12 REVITALISATION AND GENTRIFICA	TION 2 – Field work 1 (revitalised/gentrified	d areas in Zagreb)			
	13 QUALITY OF LIFE IN THE CITY – Definition and meaning of the notion; Objective and subjective indicators of a quality of life in the city; Spatial levels of the analysis (city, district, neighbourhood)					
	14 COGNITIVE ELEMENTS IN THE CITY	<ul> <li>City image; Mental maps; Other approa</li> </ul>	ches in a research of the city image			
	15 CONCLUDING LECTURE - Field work	k 2 (urban-social structure of Zagreb)				
			2.7. Comments:			
2.6. Format of instruction:	x lectures x seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning x field work	x independent assignments multimedia and the internet laboratory x work with mentor (other)	Two fieldworks: a) Revitalised/gentrified areas in Zagreb (Cvjetni trg, Zavrtnica-Radnička- Vukovarska-Heinzelova); b) Urban-social structure of Zagreb			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Writing of the re	eport. Oral presentation of the written report	t within the thematic discussions. Active			
	participation on the fieldwork. GIS analysis	s of a selected topic.				



2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research		Practical training	1
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report	1	(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)	
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written evaluation, oral examir	nation.		1		
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Green, R. P., Pick, J. B., 2006 Pearson Prentice Hall, Upper S	5	yes			
	Knox, P., Pinch, S., 2006: <i>Urb</i> Education Limited, Harlow.	5	yes			
	Pacione, M., 2009: Urban Geo (selected chapters).	5	yes			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Atkinson, R., Bridge, G. (ur.), 2 (selected chapters).	2005: Gent	rification in a Global Context: 1	The New Urban	<i>Colonialism</i> , Routledg	e, London
proposal)	Paddison, R. (ur.), 2001: Hand	lbook of Ui	rban Studies, Sage, London (se	elected chapter	rs).	
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Vedran Prelogović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Urban Regions	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	The main objective of the course is to enable students to understand complex relations City – Surroundings, emphasised throughout transformations in the spatial structure of the surroundings (functional, social and morphological transformations). A particular objective of the course is: synthesis of contemporary theory and methodology on the transformations of the urban regions. On the number of examples from various urban regions around the world and in Croatia, problems of a development and the importance of the research with possible application in the field of regional and urban planning will be discussed. Special attention within this course is given to: writing of report, reading of selected texts related to the different aspects of a transformations and a development of the urban regions.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skitten knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Theories and methodology in geography.</li> <li>The research process in general and in geographic advanced statistics and graphic Concept of sustainable development.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Ability to recognize spatial relevant problem Applying knowledge in determining, definin The ability to interpret and discuss actual graphic concept of sustainable development.</li> </ul>	<b>kills</b> ography. c techniques. ns and to examine possibilities of their analysis ig and solving spatial problems of high complex jeography-related problems and processes.	and solving using GIS. kity.	



	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information. The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.
	Practical abilities and skills: Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing. Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results. Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	<b>Generic abilities and skills:</b> Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information. Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member. Continuous professional development.
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<ul> <li>distinguish types of the urban regions</li> <li>explain and apply models and methods in the research of the urban regions</li> <li>explain the development of urban regions in Croatia and in the world, within the context of regional and urban planning, particularly in the developed countries (Germany, United Kingdom, USA etc.)</li> <li>select an urban region in Croatia and to conduct a research – analyse functional, morphological and social transformations, size, population development and migrations (using GIS)</li> <li>conduct the research on a topic of tourist and recreational zones and/or heritage in city surroundings</li> <li>write a report/essay on a topic related to transformations in the urban regions of Croatia</li> </ul>
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ul> <li>1 INTRODUCTORY LECTURE – Goals and aims; Students obligations; Schedule of written and oral exams; Definitions of main notions and terms</li> <li>2 CITY AND SURROUNDINGS – City and its surroundings; Emergence of urban regions; Suburbanisation</li> <li>3 TYPES OF URBAN REGIONS – Morphological urban regions; Socioeconomic urban regions; Selected examples from the world and Croatia</li> <li>4 THEORIES AND MODELS OF URBAN REGIONS – Hay-Hall model; Model of urban cycles; Soja's model</li> <li>5 METHODS IN THE RESEARCH OF URBAN REGIONS – Analyses of the settlement (urban) network</li> <li>6 URBAN REGIONS IN EUROPE 1 – Emergence of urban regions in Europe; United Kingdom (MELA – Metropolitan Economic Labour Areas, SMELA – Standard Metropolitan Labour Areas), Germany (Stadtregion, Verdichtungsräume, Ballungsgebiete); Randstad Holland in the Netherlands; Examples from a selected countries</li> <li>7 URBAN REGIONS IN EUROPE 2 – European urban regions and regional policy; Management of monocentric and polycentric urban regions; ESPON (European Spatial Planning Observation Network)</li> </ul>



	8 URBAN REGIONS IN USA – Emergence of urban regions; Metropolitan Statistical Area; Micropolitan Statistical Area						
	9 DEVELOPMENT OF THE URBAN REGIONS IN A SELECTED COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD – Canada; Japan; Less developed countries					Less	
	10 URBAN REGIONS AND GLOBALISATION – Influence of the globalisation on a development of the urban regions; Global urban system; Mega-cities						
	11 URBAN REGIONS IN CROATIA 1 – Emergence and development of the urban regions in Croatia; Models in the research of the urban regions; Size and structure of the urban regions						
	12 URBAN REGIONS IN CROATIA 2 – Population development; Socioeconomic changes; Residential suburbanisation					tion	
	13 URBAN REGIONS IN CRO	ATIA 3 – N	ligrations – in-immigration, daily	y commuting (r	nigrations)		
	14 URBAN REGIONS IN CRO	ATIA 4 – L	Jrban regions within the context	of the regiona	l and urban planning		
	15 FIELD WORK – selected examples of the(sub) urbanization in the Urban region of Zagreb						
	x lectures		x independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
2.6. Format of instruction:	x seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning x field work		<ul> <li>multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>x work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>	et	Field work in the Urba at the end of a semes	n regic ter,	on of Zagreb
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Writing of the report. Oral presentation of the written report within the thematic discussions. Active participation on the fieldwork.					ns. Active	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	2	Research		Practical training		1
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written evaluation, oral examination.						
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Title		Number of copies in the library	Ava oth	ilability via ner media		
	Hall, P., 2002: Urban and Reg	ional Plann	ning, Routledge, London.		5		yes
	Herrschel, T., Newman, P., 2002: Governance of Europe's City Regions: Planning,			5		yes	



	Policy and Politics, Routledge, London.				
	Vresk, M., 1990: Grad u regionalnom i urbanom planiranju, Školska knjiga, Zagreb.	10	yes		
	Selected articles from Croatian and international geographic journals.				
	Hall, P., Pain, K. (ur.), 2006: The Polycentric Metropolis: Learning from Mega-City Region	s <i>in Europe</i> , Earths	can, London.		
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Hoggart, K. (ur.), 2005: The City's Hinterland: Dynamism and Divergence in Europe's Peri-Urban Territories, Ashgate, Aldershot.				
	Taylor, P. J., 2004: World City Network: A Global Urban Analysis, Routledge, London.				
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.				
competences					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Martina Jakovčić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Geography of Trade	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>Aim oft he course is to gain knowledge on geography of consumption with the special attention to retail geography as on of consumption activities. Understand factors of development of consumption, contemporary places of consumption and main consumption activities. Understand contemporary function of consumption spaces.</li> <li>Widen once knowledge and skills in social geography. Apply knowledge and skill in cartography, economic geography and methods in field work and practice.</li> <li>Understand and explain causes and consequences of geographical distribution of consumption activities.</li> <li>Understanding complex systems of consumption and its impact on consumer behaviour.</li> <li>Understand role of location of consumption spaces and especially shops and shopping centres on functional and spatial structure of the city and development of fourism.</li> </ul>			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	The research process in geography. Specific statistic and graphic methods. Application of knowledge in determination and resolving of spatial problems of high level complexity. Ability to explain and discuss relevant and contemporary geographic phenomena and processes, complex systems of consumption and its impact on consumer behaviour, complex system of consumption and its impact on consumer behaviour. Understand role of location of consumption spaces and especially shops and shopping centres on functional and spatial structure of the city and development of tourism. Skills needed to evaluate, information and data on impact of location of consumption space and especially retail and shopping centres on spatial and functional structure of the city and its role on development of tourism. Skill to present scientific results in oral and written form.			





	Skills needed for the filed work. Mapping. Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information. Information-technology skills.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual an	id as a team member.	ot		
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Explain development of consumption as activity Compare importance of consumption spaces on spatial structure oft he city Differ ans understand characteristics and specifics pf location of certain consumer activity Know and explain development, location nad function of shopping centres on chossen examples in Croatia and the world. Use relevant methods in collection, processing and dsitribution of spatial dana. Apply knowledge in determining, and solving spatial problems of medium level complexity.				
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ol> <li>Geography of consumption – definition, methods, trends of development</li> <li>geographic research of consumption and consumer behaviuor</li> <li>Development of consumption from industrial revlution till 1960</li> <li>Development of consumption from 1960s till today.</li> <li>Consumption systems and consumption activities – retail</li> <li>Consumption systems and consumption activities – eating, fun, education and culture</li> <li>Street as a consumption space – alternatice economic spaces</li> <li>Shopping centre as a consumption spaces – term, definition, development, location, funkction</li> <li>Shop as a consumption space – retail location int he city</li> <li>Consumer types</li> <li>Imapet of culture, and subcultures in consumer behaviour</li> <li>Development of consumptionin Croati from 1945 and 1990</li> <li>Globalization and contemporary consuming culture</li> </ol>				
2.6. Format of instruction:	<ul> <li>lectures</li> <li>seminars and workshops</li> <li>exercises</li> <li>on line in entirety</li> <li>partial e-learning</li> <li>field work</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>independent assignments</li> <li>multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>	2.7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular attending of lecture and seminars. Acitive participation in lectures. Preparation of seminar esseay. Application of cartographic methods in filed research (o organization and conduction of mapping). Oral and written report on the results of field				



	work.						
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research	P	Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1,5	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	3,0	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Notes on attendance of lecture exam and seminar essay.	es, semina	rs and mapping and noting stud	ent activities. Fi	nal mmark will be a re	esult of a written	
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Mansvelt, J., 2005: Geographi	es of Cons	sumption, Sage Publications, Lo	ndon, 190 pp.	5	yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Schiffman, L. G., Kanuk, L. L., 12 i 13.	10	yes				
	Cross, G., 2010: An all-cons chapter 5, 6, 7.	5	yes				
	Smart, B., 2010: Consumer s Sage Publications, London.	, 5	yes				
	Zukin, S., 2005: Point of purch	Point of purchase: how shopping changed American culture, Routledge, New York, 325 pp.					
	Miller, D. i dr., 1998: Shopping, place and identity, Routledge, London, 214 pp.						
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Ritzer, G., 1999: McDonaldizacija društva. Istraživanje mijenjajućeg karaktera suvremenog društvenog života, Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 326 str.						
proposal)	Duda, I., 2005: <i>U potrazi za blagostanjem, O povijesti dokolice i potrošačkog društva u Hrvatskoj 1950-ih i 1960-ih</i> , Srednja Europa, Zagreb.						
	Duda, I., 2010: Pronađeno blagostanje : Svakodnevni život i potrošačka kultura u Hrvatskoj 1970-ih i 1980-ih godina, Srednja Europa, Zagreb.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.			ulty of Science.			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Vuk Tvrtko Opačić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Geographical Aspect of Recreation	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	The main course objective is to acquire known environments. The emphasis in theoretical "recreation", "tourism", "trip", "leisure", "free direct effect recreation, but also receiving provide the second sec	owledge about geographic perspective of recre part of the course is given on defining similariti time". Specific attention is given on consideration part of tourism offer, as one of the main problem	ation as a phenomenon in various ies and differences between terms tion of second home phenomenon, as ns in Croatian Littoral.
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills</li> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Theoretic and methodologic geography system.</li> <li>The research process in general and in geography.</li> <li>Specific statistic and graphic techniques.</li> <li>Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.</li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.</li> <li>The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li> <li>The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.</li> <li>Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.</li> </ul>		



	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.					
	Functioning effectively as an individual an	nd as a team member.				
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.					
	- to explain theory and methodology of the geography of tourism and recreation					
	- to analyse and compare natural resources for outdoor recreation in coastal areas					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- to interpret second home phenomenon					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- to analyse and compare recreation in url	ban, rural and protected areas				
outcomes)	- to make an outline of the research on give	ven case study				
	- to select adequate methods and techniq	ues for collecting data and conduct a resea	rch; to present the results in written and			
	oral form					
	1. Introduction to course					
	2. Geography of tourism and recreation – terminology, classifications of recreation, the role of the recreation in geographic					
	research					
	3. Free time as one of the basic life functions					
	4. Natural resources for outdoor recreation – relief, vegetation					
	5. Natural resources for outdoor recreation – climate, waters					
	6. Recreation in coastal areas					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Second home phenomenon – contemporaneous expression of recreation and commercial tourism					
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Second home phenomenon in Littoral Croatia					
(syllabus)	9. Recreation in urban areas					
	10. Recreation in rural areas					
	11. Recreation in protected areas					
	12. Spatial aspect of recreation – main challenges and regional planning measures and solutions					
	13. Field trip preparation – making a questionnaire, defining the sample, making an interview					
	14. Course field trip – interviewing participants of outdoor recreation and local permanent population in recreational area;					
	interviews with members of local authorities, local tourist board, local entrepreneurs, etc.					
	15. Field trip data analysis, interpretation,					
	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:			
		multimedia and the internet	-			
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\square$ on line in entirety					
	partial e-learning	X WORK WITH MENTOR				
	X field work					



2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar essay with oral presentation, making a questionnaire for course field trip, attendance to course field trip						
	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Experimental work	1	Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essav		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Oral exam and seminar essay.	Oral exam and seminar essay.					
		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media				
2 11 Required literature (available in the	Williams, S., 2003: Tourism an	5	yes				
library and via other media)	Plummer, R., 2009: Outdoor re poglavlja.	5	yes				
	Opačić, V. T., 2012: <i>Vikendašt</i> sveučilišna naklada, Zagreb.	5	yes				
	Hall, C. M., Page, S. J., 2002: The geography of tourism and recreation: environment, place and space, Routledge New York.					outledge, London –	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Outdoor recreation management (ur. J. Pigram, J. M. Jenkins), Routledge, London, New York, 2003.						
proposal)	Tourism, mobility and second homes: between elite landscape and common ground (ur. C. M. Hall, D. K. Müller), Channel View Publications, Clevedon.						
	Tourism and recreation in rural areas (ur. R. Butler, C. M. Hall, J. Jenkins), John Wiley and Sons, Chichester, 1999.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Aleksandar Lukić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Heritage and Tourism in Rural Areas	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
	General aim: Knowledge of heritage valori	zation in tourism and their role in integral devel	lopment of rural areas.		
2.1. Course objectives	Educational aims: knowledge about human, social and natural resources and their usage in valorizing heritage and developing rural tourism. Understanding the role of rural tourism as a developmental factor in integral planning of rural areas. Acquiring basic knowledge in planning rural tourist product and developing rural tourist destination.				
	Functional aims: Developing spatial and logical way of thinking and abilities to research influences of tourism on development and transformation of rural areas.				
	Developing positive attitudes towards 1) importance of protection of natural and cultural heritage and 2) importance of sustainable use of heritage in economic development.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the	-				
course					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: Theoretic and methodologic geography sys The research process in general and in geo Specific statistic and graphic techniques. Evaluation of natural elements, social comp Cultural heritage as a spatial phenomenon. The relationship between natural and cultu geotourism, rural tourism, cultural tourism, Concept of sustainable development in tou	<b>kills</b> stem. ography. ponents, and cultural offers in tourism. ral heritage and tourism, specifically selective f etc. rism and recreation industries.	orms of tourism: ecotourism,		





	Practical abilities and skills: Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results. Applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods in analysis in the presentation of the results. Designing project proposals.			
	All cognitive and generic skills and abilities defined in programme.			
	Understanding mutual dependencies between rural areas, heritage and tourism.			
	Understanding and knowledge of contemporary transformation of rural areas and the role of tourism in their sustainable			
	development.			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Understanding the importance of creating identity and perceptions of rural areas for tourism development.			
outcomes)	Understanding the concept, principles and specificity of rural tourism and its varieties.			
	Understanding and knowledge of heritage as a resource in rural tourism.			
	Understanding and knowledge of tourism as an element of diversification of rural areas.			
	Understanding the process of planning and managing rural tourist destination.			
	Introduction (aims, objectives and formats of instruction). Introducing key terms and their mutual dependencies: rural areas,			
	heritage and (rural) tourism.			
	Roles and functions of rural areas in post-industrial society. Restructuring of rural areas. Productivism, postproductivism			
	and diversification in rural areas. Commodification of rural areas.			
	Identity, perceptions and geographical marketing of rural areas. Images and perceptions of rurality and their role for			
	tourism development. Popular culture and media as push factors and tourism. Authenticity in rural tourism.			
	<b>Rural tourism.</b> Definition. Historical development (Europe and Croatia). Legal framework. Characteristics and specificities.			
2.5. Course content broken down in	Researching rural tourism.			
detail by weekly class schedule	Heritage as a resource in developing rural tourism (I). Role of heritage in rural tourism. Identity as heritage. Cultural			
(syllabus)	landscape as heritage. Material culture as heritage.			
	Heritage as a resource in developing rural tourism (II). Authentic food products as heritage. Festival and manifestations as			
	heritage. Economic valorization of heritage in rural areas.			
	Developmental factors of rural tourism. Supply and demand. Demographic characteristics. Normative, organizational,			
	educational, financial and other factors			
	Kurai tourism forms. Agritourism. Hunting and fishing. Health and wellbeing tourism. Sport tourism. Educational tourism.			
	Adventure tourism. I ransit tourism. Gastronomical and enogastronomical tourism. I ourism in protected areas. Cultural tourism.			
	Other forms of tourism in rural areas.			
	Geographical aspects of mutual dependencies between tourism and agriculture. Detailed study on farm tourism. Wine			



	roads.	oads.						
	Second-homes in rural areas	econd-homes in rural areas. Historical development of second-homes phenomenon in rural areas. Economic and non-						
	economic impacts of second h	conomic impacts of second homes. Regional differences in second home in rural Croatia.						
	Rural tourism in Europe and	ural tourism in Europe and Croatia – selected case studies.						
	Development and current sta	evelopment and current state of tourism in rural areas of Croatia. Analysis of regional differences.						
	Impacts of (rural) tourism or	n spatial tra	ansformations. Socio-econom	ic, functional ar	d physiognomic trans	sformat	ion of rural	
	areas. Impacts of tourism on p	erceptions	of rurality.					
	Tourism and sustainable dev	velopment	of rural areas. Tourism as an	instrument in ru	iral development. Typ	ologies	s of rural	
	areas. Tourism as an element	of developr	nent in rural periphery. Role of	rural tourism in	developing tourist de	estinatio	ons. Rural	
	tourism and recreation in outsl	kirts of the c	city.					
	Planning and managing tour	rism as an o	element of integral developn	nent of rural ar	eas. Actors of rural to	ourism		
	development. Concepts and pr	rinciples in p	planning and management of t	ourism in rural a	reas. Rural tourism c	lestinat	ion	
	development (resources analy	sis, network	king, marketing, research).					
	X lectures		2.7. Comments:					
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet     laboratory		-			
2.6. Format of instruction:	exercises							
	$\square$ partial e-learning		work with mentor					
	X field work		(other)					
	Regular class attendance. Wri	Regular class attendance. Writing of the report. Oral presentation of the written report within					s. Active	
2.8. Student responsibilities	participation on the fieldwork.	5		I				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay	1	Seminar essay	1	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)			
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendence (10 %), essay (10 %), seminar and project (20 %), writtten and oral exam (60 %).							
					Number of	Avai		
2.11 Dequired literature (quailable in the			Title		copies in the	Avai	or modia	
Library and via other media)					library	U		
	Butler R., Hall C. M., Jenkins J	J. (ur.), 1998	3: Tourism and Recreation in F	Rural Areas,	5		VAS	
	John Wiley & Sons, Chichester (selected chapters).			J J		y03		



	Čorak, S., Mikačić, V., 2006: <i>Hrvatski turizam: plavo, bijelo, zeleno</i> , Institut za turizam, Zagreb (selected chapters).	10	yes				
	Demonja, D., Ružić, P., 2011: <i>Ruralni turizam u Hrvatskoj, s hrvatskim primjerima dobre prakse i europskim iskustvima</i> , Meridijani, Samobor i Institut za međunarodne odnose, IMO, Zagreb.	10	yes				
	Lukić, A., 2012: <i>Mozaik izvan grada - tipologija ruralnih i urbaniziranih naselja Hrvatske</i> , Meridijani, Samobor (selected chapters).	15	yes				
	Woods, M., 2011: Rural, Routledge, Oxon (selected chapters).	5	yes				
	Atkinson, D., 2008: Baština, u Atkinson, D., Jackson, P., Sibley, D., Washbourne, N. (ur). Kulturna geografija, kritički rječnik ključnih pojmova, Disput, Zagreb (189-199).						
2.12 Optional literature (at the time of	Baćac, R., 2011: <i>Priručnik za bavljenje seoskim turizmom, Korak po korak od ideje do uspješnog poslovanja</i> , Ministarstvo turizma Republike Hrvatske, Zagreb.						
submission of study programme	Hall, D., Roberts, L., Mitchell, M. (ur.), 2003: New Directions in Rural Tourism, Ashgate, Aldershot (selected chapters).						
proposal)	Lukić, A., 2001: Ruralni turizam – čimbenik integralnog razvitka ruralnih prostora Hrvatske:od mašte do stvarnosti, <i>Geografski horizont</i> 1/2, 7-31.						
	Woods, M., 2004: <i>Rural Geography: Processes, Responses and Experiences in Rural Restructuring</i> , Sage Publications, Thousand Oaks (selected chapters).						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.				
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Ivan Zupanc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Cultural Landscapes: Protection and Management	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION		•			
2.1. Course objectives	To knowledge students with idea of cultural landscape as heritage. To build sense for recognising cultural landscapes as heritage. Understanding the need of protection and management for sustainable development and optimal function in local and regional development.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Course contributes to professional knowled	dge, cognitive, practical and generic abilities an	d skills.		
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Knowledge and understanding of: -cultural landscapes as resource for local a -cultural landscapes as heritage	and regional development.			
outcomes)	Ability of planning and management the cu To autonomous create seminar in written for	ltural landscapes as heritage. orm with use the specific sources and methods	and knowing literature.		
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ol> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Key spatial ideas and concepts in geography</li> <li>The idea and concept of landscape in geography</li> <li>Landscape as representation</li> <li>Landscape and identity</li> </ol>				



	7. UNESCO – idea of world he	ritage					
	8. European landscapes						
	9. Sources about landscape						
	10. Methods for interpreting an	d research	ning the landscape				
	11. Visual sources and method	s for lands	scape research				
	12. Landscape protection						
	13. Protection and managemer	nt in Croati	ia				
	14. Landscape management						
	15. Landscape and tourism						
	X lectures				2.7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et			
2.6 Format of instruction				01	-		
	on line in entirety		work with mentor				
	X field work (other)						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Properly class attendance and	one writte	n seminar essay.				
2.9 Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)		
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written and oral exam. Written	seminar e	ssay.				
					Number of	Assollabilityssia	
	Title			copies in the	Availability via		
					library	other media	
	Dumbović Bilušić, B. Obad Šćil	aroci, M.,	2007: Kulturni krajolici u Hrvats	koj –	10	VAS	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	identifikacija i stanje zaštite, Pr	ostor 15 (2	2/34), 261-271.		10	yes	
library and via other media)	Jelinčić, D. A., 2010: <i>Kultura u izlogu: kratki vodič za upravljanje kulturnim dobrima</i> , Meandar media, Zagreb			10	yes		
	Martinić, I., 2010: Upravljanje z	aštićenim	područjima prirode: planiranje,	razvoj i	10	VAS	
	održivost, Sveučilište u Zagreb	u, Šumars	ki fakultet, Zagreb.		10	yes	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	of Howard, P. J., 2011: An Introduction to Landscape, Farnham, Ashgate.						



submission of study programme	
proposal)	
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	
ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.
competences	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Danijel Orešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Coast and Coastal Water Management	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Understanding coastland as a geographic space where different processes, activities and functions occur, intertwine, support each other or come into conflict. Developing of critical thought aimed at coordination of activities and planning and possibilities of coastal management.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and understanding of:         Theoretic and methodologic geography system.         Environmental history and large-scale environmental modifications.         Principles of landscape protection, restoration, and management.         Evaluation of natural elements, social components, and cultural offers in tourism.         Concept of sustainable development in tourism and recreation industries.         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.         The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.         The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.         Practical abilities and skills:         Designing project proposals.         Generic abilities and skills:				



	Information-technology skills.						
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.						
	Continuous professional impro	Continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.					
	Knowledge of the properties a	nd dynamic	s of coastal waters and unders	standing of th	e oceans geoecologic role.		
	Knowledge of coast types and	basic coast	tal natural processes.				
	Knowledge of the maritime lav	v basics and	the regimes of exploitation or	n the sea.			
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Understanding of the litoralisation processes.						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Ability to interpret and discuss	the historic	and geographic role of the wo	rld ocean, es	pecially in relation to globalisa	ation	
euteomos)	processes.						
oucomes)	Ability to interpret and discuss	the need of	focean protection.				
	Ability of independent browsin	g and consu	ulting of relevant literature.				
	Abilities and skills related to re	cognising o	f potential and actual conflicts	of interest in	coastland area and managem	nent	
	possibilities.						
	1 Introduction, terminology.						
	2 The properties and dynamic	s of coastal	l waters.				
	3 Coast types.						
	4 and 5 Litoralization, coast as a living areas. Ecological aspects of litoralization.						
2.5. Course content broken down in	6 and 7 Coast as a touristic resource.						
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Fishery and mariculture.						
(syllabus)	9 Off-shore mining.						
(Syllabus)	10 and 11 Maritime affairs, world harbours, shipping.						
	12 Sea boundaries. Exclusive economic zones.						
	13 Strategic aspects of the world ocean.						
	14 and 15 Management of coast and coastal waters, examples from the World and from Croatia.						
	Seminar: written seminar pape	er on a giver	theme.				
			independent assignments	6	2.7. Comments:		
	Seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	-		
2.6. Format of instruction:			aboratory				
			work with mentor				
			(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, seminar	paper.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		



course )	Written exam	2,5	Project		(other)				
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Seminar evaluation, written ex Attendance to class 10 % + se	Seminar evaluation, written examination. Attendance to class 10 % + seminar paper 40 % + written examination 50 %							
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media			
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Beatley T., Brower, D. J., Schwab, A. K., 2002: An Introduction to Coastal Zone Management. 2nd edit. Island Press, Washington, 342 pp.				5	yes			
	Barnabe, G., Barnabe-Quet, R., 2000: <i>Ecology and Management of Coastal Waters</i> . Engl. izdanje: Springer Praxis Publishing Ltd., Chichester, 396 pp.				5	yes			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles in scientific jo	ournals and	l on internet.						
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.								
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Passive knowledge of English language needed.								



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Ksenija Bašić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Croatian Islands – Sociogeographic Themes	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Lana Slavuj Borčić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15			
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	To introduce students to the basic features of Croatian archipelago with a special emphasis on contemporary processes of depopulation and migration of the Croatian islands. Introduction to the trends transforming the island landscape. Understanding the potential and possibilities of modern development archipelago. Familiarizing students with socio-demographic characteristics of the islands and island groups and their local specificities.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Knowledge and understanding of:         Research process in geography.         Renewal, conservation and forming of landscape issues.         Touristic evaluation of natural elements, social components and cultural offer.         Concept of sustainable development on the islands.         Development of cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:         Applying knowledge in determining, defining, and solving spatial problems of high complexity on Croatian islands.         The skills needed for collection, evaluation, interpretation and presentation of the research results in written form.         Applying appropriate statistical, graphic and cartographic methods and GIS techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Select and explain the specifics of Croatian islands. Evaluate the significance of Croatian islands in the past and in contemporary time. Compare the valorisation of island space in the past and nowadays.					





	Analyse the demogeographic processes on Croatian islands.						
	Determine the degree of cultural landscape transformation on Croatian islands.						
	Explain the role of heritage in	Explain the role of heritage in the island tourism.					
	Examine and present the soci	examine and present the sociogeographic features of respective islands and island groups in written and oral form.					
1. Classification, regionalisation and location of Croatian islands (number of islands, regional divisions, transpor						ld	
	geopolitical location)						
	2. Physical-geographical characteristics of Croatian islands (geological basis and relief, climate, water, soil)						
	3. Historical-geographical deve	elopment of	Croatian islands (Prehistory, A	Ancient Times	s, Middle Ages, Early Modern	Age, 19. and	
	20. century)					- 1 1	
	4. Depopulation of Croatian is	iands – caus V	ses, processes and consequer	nces (settlem	ents' development, settlement	structure,	
	5 Depopulation of Croatian is	/ lands_ caus	es processes and consequen	ces (migratio	ns)		
	6. Composition of the island p	onulation an	d demographic resources (pat		nt of population, are and sex	composition	
2.5. Course content broken down in	of population, socio-economic		of population)		in or population, age and sex	composition	
	7 Composition of the island p		d demographic resources (de	mographic ro			
(Synabus)	7. Composition of the Island population and demographic resources (demographic resources)						
	8. Cultural heritage of Croatian Islands (heritage on Islands, cultural landscapes)						
	9. Economy of Croatian Islands (concepts and models of economic development of Croatian Islands)						
	10. Tourism of Croatian islands (factor of demographic renewal and cultural heritage revitalisation on Croatian islands)						
	11.Selected socio-geographic	themes (qu	ality of life on Croatian islands	)			
	12. Kvarner islands (local spec	cificities)					
	13. North Dalmatian islands (local specificities)						
	14. Central Dalmatian islands (local specificities)						
	15. South Dalmatian islands (local specificities)						
	X lectures		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
			multimedia and the intern	et	-		
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\Box$ on line in entirety		laboratory				
	partial e-learning		work with mentor				
	field work		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Performance of practical tasks	and exercis	ses and literature analysis in s	eminars.			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		



course )	Written exam 2 Project		(other)						
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class participation and discussion activities 10 %, seminar execution 35 %, written exam 55 %.								
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Avai oth	lability via her media		
	Lajić, I. i Mišetić, R., 2006: Ot procesi na jadranskim otocima turizma, prometa i razvitka, Za	10		yes					
	Hrvatski otoci, Društvena istra	<i>živanja</i> , 199	94, 3 (4-5) (tematski broj).		10		yes		
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Faričić, J., 2007: Sastavnice k njihovoga društveno-gospodar kongresa, HGD, Zagreb, 73-90	ulturne bašt skoga vredi 6.	ine hrvatskoga otočnog prosto novanja, u: <i>Zbornik 4. hrvatsko</i>	ora i mogućnosti og geografskog	10		yes		
	Stražičić, N., 1997: Prilog pozr naseljenih otoka među njima,	10		yes					
	Lajić, I., 2006: <i>Kvarnerski otoci: demografski razvoj i povijesne mijene</i> , Institut za migracije i narodnosti, Zagreb.				10		yes		
	Lajić, I., Nejašmić, I., 1994: Metodološke osobitosti demografskog istraživanja hrvatskog otočja, <i>Društvena istraživanja</i> , 12-13 (4-5), 381-396.				10		yes		
	Nejašmić, I., 1997: Suvremene značajke (bio)reprodukcije stanovništva hrvatskog otočja, <i>Migracijske teme</i> , 13 (1-2), 71-83.				10		yes		
	Nejašmić, I., 2000: Prirodno kretanje stanovništva hrvatskog otočja (1991-1997), u: Zbornik 2. hrvatskoga geografskog kongresa, HGD, Zagreb, 263-272.				10		yes		
	Nejašmić, I., 1999: Uloga turizma u diferenciranom demografskom razvitku otočnih naselja: primjer srednjodalmatinskog otočja, Hrvatski geografski glasnik, 61 (1), 37-52								
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Podgorelec, S., 2008: Ostarjeti na otoku: Kvaliteta života starijeg stanovništva hrvatskih otoka, Institut za migracije i narodnosti, Zagreb.								
	Other relevant articles published in national scientific journals: Hrvatski geografski glasnik, Geoadria, Migracijske i etničke								
	teme, Sociologija i prostor, Društvena istraživanja.								
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule bo	ook and Ma	nual of quality management at	the University of	f Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of	Science.		
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-								



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Dane Pejnović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Geography of Karst	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Petra Radeljak	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours $L + S + E + e$ -learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Heritage and Tourism	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15			
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge and developing skills on the structures, processes, and problems and opportunities for sustainable development of karst areas in Croatia and abroad. Understanding the principles of sustainable development and problems of the development of karst areas, and their place and role in regional development and spatial planning. Adoption of research methods and techniques for sustainable development of karst areas					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge and skills         Knowledge and understanding:         Process of research work in the study of karst areas.         Special features of karst areas in regional planning.         Environmental protection and management of karst areas.         Cognitive, practical and generic skills and abilities:         Application of knowledge in determining, identifying and solving the problem of high spatial complexity in karst areas.         Ability to identify and separation phenomena and processes in the Croatian karst areas important for spatial and regional planning.         Ability to interpret and discuss the evolution of landscape, environmental degradation and sustainable development issues of Croatian karst areas.					




	The skills needed for field work.
	Application mapping geographic content.
	Choosing appropriate prediction methods of changes in the karst areas of Croatia.
	Application of the model and creating sustainable development projects karst areas.
	Work effectively, independently and in a team.
	Independent work required for professional advancement and professional development.
	Ability to:
	- Define and explain the objects, approaches, methods, and research purposes karst geography
	- Explain the elements, characteristics and distribution of karst
	- Identify and evaluate the role of relief and visual elements as well as the factors of karst areas
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- Explain the particularities of karst ecosystem
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- Interpret the evolution of the landscape and environmental degradation in karst regions
outcomes)	- Recognize the problems of sustainable development of karst areas
	- Identify and implement models for sustainable development of karst areas
	- Create a project for sustainable development of karst areas
	- Explain the benefits and management of protected areas in Dinaric karst in Croatia
	- Evaluate the educational potential of karst and karst areas
	1. Introduction: The scientific basis of the subject
	2. Geospatial System of Karst
	3. Relief as an element and factor in karst areas
	4. Water as an element and a factor in karst areas
	5. Environment and ecosystems in karst areas
	6. Population and social functions as factors in karst areas
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Role of historical and spatial development in environmental degradation and the evolution of the landscape of karst areas
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Problems of sustainable development in karst areas in modern conditions
(syllabus)	9. Geographical features of karst areas in Europe
	10. Geographical features of karst areas in non-European continents
	11. Croatian karst area
	12. Croatian Dinaric karst: case studies of sustainable development issues
	13. Protected areas of the Dinaric Karst: meaning and problems of sustainable management
	14. Models and projects for sustainable development in karst areas
	15. Didactic potential of karst and karst areas



	X lectures		independent assignments	;	2.7. Comments:						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X seminars and worksnops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		multimedia and the intern     laboratory     X work with mentor     (other)	et ·							
	A field work	mowork or	d cominer work I coving the c	ominar hafara t	ha atudu araun a	nd to participate in					
2.8. Student responsibilities	thematic discussions	Smework ar	id seminar work. Leaving the s	eminal before t	ne study group a	nd to participate in					
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0,5	Research		Practical training						
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)						
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0,5	(other)						
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)						
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)						
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Regularity of attendance and c	lass partici	pation to 10 % + seminar 20 %	+ written exam	en exam 30 % + oral exam 40 %.						
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
	Roglić, J., 2004: Krš i njegovo značenje, sabrana djela, 360 str.					yes					
2.11 Required literature (available in the	Matas, M., 2009: <i>Krš Hrvatske: geografski pregled i značenje</i> , Hrvatsko geografsko društvo – Split, Split, 264 str.					yes					
library and via other media)	Pravdić, V., 2003: Održivi razvoj: značenje, poimanje i primjena, u: <i>Društvena</i> istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrvatske, 65-66, Zagreb, 285-309.				10	yes					
	Pejnović, D., 2005: <i>Održivi raz</i> prvog savjetovanja Hrvatski kr Centar za krš, Gospić/Zagreb,	voj naseljer š i gospoda Zagreb, 19	nosti na krškom području Hrvat prski razvoj (ur. B. Biondić i J. B I-31.	ske, Zbornik ožičević),	10	yes					
	Butula, S., 2003: Planiranje za održivi razvoj: značenje različitosti društvenog interesa za krajobraz, u: Društvena istraživanja: održivi razvoj Hrvatske, 65-66, Zagreb, 427-441.					yes					
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Brinkmann, R., 2010: Karst and sustainability in Florida, U.S.A., u: <i>Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions</i> , International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 25-32. Dörflinger, N., Plagnes, V., Kayouri, K., 2010: PaPRIKa a multicriteria vulnerability method as a tool for sustainable										
	management of karst aquifers – Example of application on a test site in SW France, u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26										



	September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 49-56.
	Guo Fang, J. G., 2010: The resources, environment and development in Fengshan Geopark karst area, u: Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions, International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 75-82.
	Maleković, S., Tišma, S., Farkaš, A., 2010: Capacity for managing local development in karst areas, u: <i>Sustainability of the karst environment - Dinaric karst and other karst regions</i> , International Interdisciplinary Scienfitic Conference (Plitvice Lakes, Croatia, 23-26 September 2009), Proceedings (Edit. by Ognjen Bonacci), IHP-VII Series on Groundwater No. 2, UNESCO, Paris, 129-136.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	The procedures set forth in the Rules and the Manual of Quality Management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science: - University and college student survey - Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives and subject content and teaching and learning strategies, assessment of learning outcomes analysis of the student's success in the tasks they perform, the colloquia, seminars, written and oral exams - Exit polls for graduates - Telephone and mail surveys after the first year of service (tracking employment after graduation and success in the profession) - Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform internships
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-



List of required and elective courses and/or modules with class hours and ECTS credits, course: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS

	LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES										
Year of study: <b>1st</b>											
Semester: 1 <sup>st</sup> (winter)											
MODULE	MODULE COURSE COURSE TEACHER		S	F	e-	FCTS	Required/				
			Ŭ	-	learning	LOIO	elective				
	Introduction to Scientific Research	S. Šterc	1	0	1	0	3	required			
	Analysis in GIS	A. Toskić	1	2	3	0	9	required			
	Elective course 1	see table					5	required			
	Elective course 2	see table					5	required			
	Elective course(s)	*					8	required			

\* Students select one or more courses from undergraduate or graduate university studies out of the Department of Geography, Faculty of Science, TOTAL: at least 8 ECTS

	LIST OF ELECTIVE GEOGRAPHY COURSES											
Year of study: 1st												
Semester: 1 <sup>st</sup> (winter)												
	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	1	9	F	e-	FCTS	Required/				
MODOLL	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	<b>_</b>	0		learning	LOID	elective				
	Applied Geomorphology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective				
	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective				
	Geographic Analysis of Small-Area Population	K. Bašić	2	1	0	0	5	elective				
	Factors of industry and management location	Z. Stiperski	2	1	0	0	5	elective				
	Historical GIS	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš, A. Durbešić	1	2	0	0	5	elective				
	Population of Croatia	S. Šterc	2	1	0	0	5	elective				

LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES							
Year of study: 1st							
Semester: 2 <sup>nd</sup> (summer)							



FORM 1 Evaluation of university study programmes of undergraduate, graduate and integrated undergraduate and graduate studies, and vocational studies

# DETAILED PROPOSAL OF THE STUDY PROGRAMME

MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	S	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective
	Computer assisted statistical analysis	I. Lučev	1	0	3	0	5	required
	Real Estate Cadastre	M. Roić	3	0	1	0	5	required
	Elective course 3	see table					5	required
	Elective course 4	see table					5	required
	Elective course 5	see table					5	required
	Fieldwork in Geography IV	*					5	required

\* According to decision of Geography Department Council

LIST OF ELECTIVE GEOGRAPHY COURSES									
Year of study: 1st									
Semester: 2 <sup>nd</sup> (summer)									
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	1	S	н	e-	FCTS	Required/	
MODOLL	COORCE			)		learning	2010	elective	
	Urban-social Geography	V. Prelogović	2	1	0	0	5	elective	
	Urban Regions	V. Prelogović	2	1	0	0	5	elective	
	Military Geography	M. Pahernik	2	1	0	0	5	elective	
	Applying GIS in the analysis of census data	R. Mišetić	1	0	2	0	5	elective	
	Remote Sensing	A. Krtalić	2	0	1	0	5	elective	

LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES										
Year of study: 2nd										
Semester: 3 <sup>rd</sup> (winter)*										
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	L	s	Е	e- learning	ECTS	Required/ elective		
	Visualization of spatial data in GIS	D. Spevec	1	0	3	0	7	required		
	Digital Terrain Analysis	M. Pahernik	2	0	2	0	8	required		
	Graduate seminar	*	0	5	0	0	5	required		



Elective course 6	see table			5	required
Practice (90 hours/year)	**			5	required

\* In 3<sup>rd</sup> semester student chooses master thesis mentor, consults with his mentor, prepares the concept of his master thesis and registers his master thesis theme.

\*\* Institution where student will perform professional practice must be registered at the coordinator for Professional Practice, who will sign student's index according to the confirmation form on performed professional practice

	LIST OF ELECTIVE GEOGRAPHY COURSES										
Year of study: 2nd											
Semester: 3 <sup>rd</sup> (winter)											
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	1	S	F	e-	ECTS F	Required/			
			_	Ŭ		learning	2010	elective			
	Applied Geomorphology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective			
	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	N. Bočić	2	1	0	0	5	elective			
	Geographic Analysis of Small-Area Population	K. Bašić	2	0	1	0	5	elective			
	Factors of industry and management location	Z. Stiperski	2	1	0	0	5	elective			
	Historical GIS	B. Fuerst-Bjeliš, A. Durbešić	2	2	0	0	5	elective			
	Population of Croatia	S. Šterc	2	1	0	0	5	elective			

LIST OF REQUIRED COURSES									
Year of study: <b>2nd</b>									
Semester: 4 <sup>th</sup> (summer)									
MODULE	COURSE	COURSE TEACHER	1	S	F	e-	FCTS	Required/	
MODOLL	COOKSE	COURSE TEACHER		0	-	learning	2010	elective	
	Master thesis with thesis defense	*					30	required	

\* mentor according to student's choice



# **REQUIRED COURSES**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Stjepan Šterc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Introduction to Scientific Research	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	3	
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+15+0 (1+0+1+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20	
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	Enable students for independant scientific-research work. Introduce students with the structure and stages of the scientific-research proceeding. Train students for the appliance of standard and special research methods and techniques. Explain students the specificities of geographical methodology in research process. Teach students how to define main research aims, tasks, hypothesis, spatial laws, models, projections and conclusions. Capacitate students with the particularities of the geographical research approach			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	This course contribution to the programme towards crucial processes in space and in t context, relationship and link conditionality definitions, individual practice in the researc spatial allocate and function determination, changes, applicability of pertinent methodo	is held in the definition of outer and inner resea he comprehension of spatial laws and objectiv in geographical space, unique methodology ar ch steps, and the recognition of spatial comple spatial typization and regionalization, spatial n logy, research epistemology comprehension ef	arch frame, in directioning the inquiry e spatial reality. Very complex nd theoretical concept, research task xity have been validated. Also, the nodeling, projections of future tc., have been appointed.	
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Outcomes expected on the level of this coupoints out the folowing abilities. 1. The ability of spatial content observing, of 2. The research ability of spatial law consid	defining, categorizing, mapping and clarifying. deration, discussion, detection, definition, proje	which the concerned knowledge	



	3. Extended epistemology and coverage of the special approach.							
	4. Cognitive and cognition abil	ity of revealir	ng conditioned spatial links an	nong complex	contexts in geographical spa	ce, its		
	causal clarification and resolve	ement.						
	5. The ability of complex meth	odological sy	stem appliance in interdiscipl	inary approac	h and in logicaly settled funda	mental		
	spatial relations.							
	6. Individual approach in spatia	al disproporti	on perceivement and in resea	arch task defir	nition.			
	'. The ability of the empiric research which can be applicable in basic spatial planns.							
	8.Spatial functional organization	.Spatial functional organization ability in accordance with the phylosophy and logics of space.						
	1. Scientific systems.	. Scientific systems.						
	2. Sistematizations and approa	aches within	scientific system.					
	3. Example of geographical re-	search subje	ct-matter.					
	4. Work definitions and atributi	ons.						
	5. Approach to the research and to the paper writing.							
	6. Research methods and tech	nniques.						
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Data analysis.							
detail by weekly class schedule	8.Geographical approach to th	e research.						
(syllabus)	9. Field work inquiries.							
	10. Research task definition.							
	11. Scientific knowledge prese	entation and p	popularising.					
	12. The role of research in edu	ucational syst	tem.					
	13. Process of scientific work publication.							
	14. The meaning of geographical cognitions for objective geographical reality comprehension.							
	15. Theme elaboration through	n the researc	h proceeding.					
	X lecture		X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:			
	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et	This course aims to learn stu	udents how		
2.6 Format of instruction:				01	to independently enter in the	research		
	on line in entirety		X work with mentor		proceeding.			
	partial e-learning				p			
	X field work							
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, pas	sed prelimina	ary exam, research discussio	n and indeper	ndent research issue elaborati	on.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	1	Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			



activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	0.5	Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	0.5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance and discuss	lass attendance and discussion in research groups, tests, written exam and seminar essay.					
		Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Montello, D. R., Sutton, P. C., <i>Geography,</i> SAGE Publication	Montello, D. R., Sutton, P. C., 2006: <i>An Introduction to Scientific Research Methods in Geography,</i> SAGE Publications, London.			10	yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Zelenika, R., 2000: <i>Metodolog</i> Ekonomski fakultet Sveučilišta	<i>ija i tehnolog</i> u Rijeci, Rij	ija izrade znanstvenog i struč eka.	10	yes		
	Milas, G., 2009: <i>Istraživačke n</i> Naklada Slap, Zagreb.	10	yes				
	Mejovšek, M., 2008: <i>Metode z</i> <i>znanostima</i> , Naklada Slap, Za	10	yes				
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Robinson, G. M., 1998: Methods and Techniques in Human Geography, John Wiley & Sor				ons, Chichester.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	Among classical ways of student evaluation, independent research works with mentors instruction have been especially evaluated and revolted on the level of potential student involvement in scientific and professional meetings.					especially	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	Research tasks have been as	signed by stu	udents individual choice (asso	ciated with their o	course).		



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1 Course teacher	Aleksandar Toskić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Analysis in GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	9		
1.3. Associate teachers	Luka Valožić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+30+45+0 (1+2+3+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Capability for conducting analyses in GIS for	or practical purposes.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills Knowledge and understanding of: Database creation, organization techniques Methods and techniques of spatial analysis Digital relief models and digital relief analysis Digital relief models and digital relief analysis Methods of spatial interpolation. Visualization of continuous and discontinuous Cognitive abilities and skills: Ability to recognize spatial relevant problem Applying knowledge in determining, definin Recognition and isolation of objects and pro- The ability to interpret and discuss actual g The skills needed for presenting scientific of Recognition and implementation of appropri- Practical abilities and skills: Data collection, selection, processing and i	ies and skills g of: on techniques and management. iatial analysis of vector-oriented data. iatial analysis of raster-oriented data. il relief analysis. in. d discontinuous geographic data. evant problems and to examine possibilities of their analysis and solving using GIS. ining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity. bjects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems. cuss actual geography-related problems and processes. on, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information. ng scientific contents and stances in written and oral form. on of appropriate measurement practice.			



	Applying appropriate GIS methods and techniques.
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate GIS methods and techniques.
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in
	the presentation of the results.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Information-technology skills: working with ArcGIS package.
	Graphic data processing.
	Data format conversions.
	Synchronization and integration of spatial data from various sources.
	Using inematic maps for visual presentation of research results.
	Continuous professional development
	Knowledge of user - spatial data interaction
	Independently conduct spatial analysis on given examples
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Differentiate and analyse vector and raster data
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	Know and apply the methods of transformation and overlay, display and analysis of relief
outcomes)	Overlay error correction
	Knowledge how to apply methods of spatial interpolation
	1 Interaction between user and spatial data. Spatial analysis.
	2 Selections and data mining.
	3 Reclassification of vector and raster data.
	4 Measurements: length area Polygon complexity Slope and aspect
	5 Transformations: Buffering (vector)
	6 Polygon everlay, Overlay methods, Overlay errors and their correction
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 An elusie of reactor date. Matheda for creatic interrelation
detail by weekly class schedule	7 Analysis of raster data. Methods for spatial interpolation
(svllabus)	8 Map algebra, local operations, neighborhood operations, zonal operations
	9 Overlaying, Weighted overlaying. (raster)
	10 Buffering (raster)
	11 Cost distance analysis
	12 Digital elevation model. Display and analysis of the relief. Triangular irregular network (TIN)
	13 Methods of spatial statistics. Centroid. Weighted mean center.
	14 Standard deviational ellipse.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



	15 Point pattern analysis. Moran's index.						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures Seminars and workshops X exercises On line in entirety Partial e-learning I field work		<ul> <li>independent assignments</li> <li>multimedia and the interned laboratory</li> <li>work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>	et -	.7. Comments:		
2.8. Student responsibilities	Observation of class attendand results and quality of seminar	Observation of class attendance and making exercises. The final grade is made on the basis of test, written exam, oral exar results and quality of seminar essay.				exam, oral exam	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.3	Research	F	Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1.7	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	3.5	Oral exam	3.5	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Observation of class attendance and making exercises. The final grade is made on the basis of test, written exam and oral exam results.						
						-	
			Title		Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. I Information Systems and Sc	F., Maguire <i>ience</i> , Johr	Title D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2005; 201 Wiley &Sons., Chichester.	0: Geographic	Number of copies in the library 5	Availability via other media yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. I Information Systems and Sc Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., Good Modeling, ESRI Press, Redia	F., Maguire <i>ience</i> , Johr dchild, M. (¢ ands.	Title D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2005; 201 Wiley &Sons., Chichester. ed.), 2005: GIS, <i>Spatial analysi</i>	0: Geographic	Number of copies in the library555	Availability via other media yes yes	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. I Information Systems and Sc Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., Good Modeling, ESRI Press, Redla Maantanay, J., Ziegler, J., 200 Redlands.	F., Maguire <i>ience</i> , Johr dchild, M. (e ands. 6: <i>GIS for t</i>	Title D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2005; 201 Wiley &Sons., Chichester. d.), 2005: GIS, <i>Spatial analysi</i> he Urban Environment, ESRI F	0: Geographic is and Press,	Number of copies in the library55555	Availability via other media yes yes yes	
<ul> <li>2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)</li> <li>2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)</li> </ul>	Longley, P. A., Goodchild, M. I Information Systems and Sc Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., Good Modeling, ESRI Press, Redla Maantanay, J., Ziegler, J., 200 Redlands.	F., Maguire <i>ience</i> , Johr dchild, M. (e ands. 6: <i>GIS for t</i>	Title D. J., Rhind, D. W., 2005; 201 Wiley &Sons., Chichester. ed.), 2005: GIS, <i>Spatial analysi</i> <i>he Urban Environment</i> , ESRI F	0: Geographic is and Press,	Number of copies in the library5555	Availability via other media yes yes yes	



2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Ivana Lučev	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Computer assisted statistical analysis	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers		<ul><li>1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L</li><li>+ S + E + e-learning)</li></ul>	15+0+45+0 (1+0+3+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20		
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	At the end of this course, students should be able to independently conduct statistical analysis of the different types of data (descriptive analysis, hypothesis testing, analysis of test scores, etc.). They should be able to form a database, prepare the data and choose the correct statistical techniques to analyze the data collected from a given design, perform the analysis, and correctly interpret the results of the analysis.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Expert knowledge, competence and skil Knowledge and understanding: -of research process in Geography -theoretical basis of statistical and graphic in Cognitive, practical and generic compet Applying acquired knowledge in determinin Ability to understand, interpret and discuss Skills necessary for evaluation, interpretation Skills necessary for presentation of scientifi Applying adequate statistical and graphical Solving problems connected to qualitative a IT and technological skills.	Is: methods ence and skills: og and solving highly complex spatial problems geographical occurrences and processes. on and synthesis of information and data. ic content and arguments, in oral and written for methods in analysis and presentation of result and quantitative geographic data, creating a da	orm. ts. atabase in SPSS program.		



	Efficiency in independent as well as in tea	m work.			
	Capability to work independently at expert	tise improvement and professional developr	nent.		
	After successfully completed course all students will be able to:				
	- understand and apply basic concepts of preparing, designing and conducting scientific research.,				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- design and conduct empirical research,				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	- collect the data,				
	- independently prepare the data for computer assisted statistical analysis,				
	- create a database in SPSS program,				
	- enter the data and conduct transformation	on of results needed and adequate statistica	l analysis,		
	- correctly interpret results of the statistica	l analysis.			
	1. Introduction to work with statistical pack	kage, adjusting the program parameters;			
	2. Creating a database and defining the va	ariables;			
	3. Preparing and entering the data;				
	4. Manipulating the databases;				
	5. Treatment of missing values;				
	6.Linear and non-linear transformations;				
2.5. Course content broken down in	7. Functions;				
detail by weekly class schedule	8. Selection of data;				
(syllabus)	9. Descriptive statistics;				
	10. Testing differences between arithmetic means;				
	11. Measures of association, correlation coefficients, partial correlation ;				
	12. Contingency tables;				
	13. Nonparametric tests;				
	14. Graphic presentation of data;				
	15. Interpretation of the results of statistica	al analysis.			
	X lectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:		
	X seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet	-		
2.6. Format of instruction:	X exercises	In laboratory			
		X work with mentor			
		(other)			
	X field work				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance (80 % of lecture	es and seminars), completing assignments.	Written test 20 % of the grade. Written		



	exam 70% of the grade. Oral part of the exam 10% of the grade. Completed seminar on examples of empirical research in the field of geography. Completed research that will be designed with assistance of the professor. Conducting the research, entry of collected data, statistical analysis of the data.						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.5	Research	0.5	Practical training	0.5	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0.5	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	1	Oral exam	0.5	(other)		
course )	Written exam	1.5	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Tests 20 %, written exam 70	%, oral exa	m 10 %.				
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	McGrew, C. J. & Monroe, C. B., 1999: An Introduction to Statistical Problem Solving in Geography, McGraw-Hill.				<sup>n</sup> 5	yes	
	Brace, N., Kemp, R., Snelgar Analysis using SPSS for W	5	yes				
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Petz, B., 1997: Osnovne stat	lističke meto	de za nematematičare. Nakla	da Slap.			
submission of study programme	Milas, G., 2005: Istraživačke	metode u p	sihologiji i drugim društvenim z	znanostima. Na	klada Slap, Jastrebarsl	KO.	
proposal)	Burt, J. E., Barber, G. M., Rig	gby, D. L., 2	009: Elementary Statistics for	Geographers, (	Guilford Press.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	The procedures listed in the -university and faculty condu -self-evaluation of classes: teaching; evaluating learning and oral exams - exit surveys for graduates - telephone and mail surveys and success in the profession -Interviews with companies, i	Rules and M cted student updating and outcomes b of graduate n) institutes an	Ianual on Quality Managemen t questionnaire d revising the objectives and s by monitoring and analyzing su ed students after the first year d other institutions in which stu	it at the Faculty subject content access of stude of employment adents complet	of sciences of the Zag as well as the strategie nts in tests, tasks, sem (tracking employment a ed their internships	greb University: es and methods of inar work, written after graduation	
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Miodrag Roić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Real Estate Cadastre	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	Baldo Stančić	<ul><li>1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L</li><li>+ S + E + e-learning)</li></ul>	45+0+15+0 (3+0+1+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	*	•	•
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge of the theory and prac Understanding the characteristics of the lar Gaining knowledge about the possibilities of	ctice of registering real estate and rights to then nd that is registered in the Cadastre. of using the registered data.	n
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: The research process in general and in geo Cadastre of realties: content and purpose, of Identification and evaluation of resources a <b>Cognitive, practical and generic skills ar</b> Application of knowledge in determining, ide Skills in presenting scientific content and ar Application mapping geographic content. Application of appropriate maps and cartog Solving problems related to the real estate Information-technology skills. Work effectively, independently and in a tea	sills bgraphy. data input, maintenance and management, res t the local, regional and national levels especia <b>nd abilities:</b> entifying and solving the problem of high spatia guments in writing and orally. raphic methods in the analysis and presentatio cadastre.	ponsibility. Ily land. al complexity. n of real estate cadastre.



	Independent work required for professional advancement and professional development.						
	- Detect the features of land for the registration in the official registers						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- Explain how particular features of land register in the cadastre						
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- Connect the Registers of real esta	te and interest	ts				
outcomes)	- Apply knowledge acquired in real	estate market					
	- Analyze the data registered in the	cadastre					
	1 Basic features of the cadastre. Ac	tivity in the rea	al estate cadastre (land	).			
	2 Jurisdictions. Authorization. Admin	nistrative struc	ture.				
	3 Cadastral parcels. The content an	d purpose of t	he cadastre. Cadastral	documentatio	n. Parts of the cadastral	documentation.	
	4 Cadastral territorial units. Technic	al methods. D	efinition, bordering and	presentation of	of boundaries.		
	5 The basis of measurement and m	ethods. Nume	ration of parcels.				
	6 Exposure data for public review. N	Aaking cadasti	ral documentation.				
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Technical parts. Book part. Land Registry Database.						
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Maintaining data. Implementation of changes.						
(syllabus)	9 Maintenance surveying - study. Collection of documents.						
	10 Recovery (revision) of the cadastre.						
	11 Retention of cadastral documents. Cadastral Office. Activity of cadastral offices. Data access.						
	12 Dual registration systems. Land book. Registration in land book.						
	13 Other registers (cadastres). Enter special properties of parts. Public goods, general goods and maritime domain.						
	14 Registers in the world. Cadastre management and accountability. Finance and pricing strategy.						
	15 An efficient data access. Interpretation of the data registered.						
	X lectures		independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
	seminars and workshops		multimedia and the	internet	-		
2.6 Format of instruction:	X exercises						
	on line in entirety		work with mentor				
	X partial e-learning		(other)				
	field work						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attend a class (min. 70 %), to subm	it the results o	f research, to achieve t	he minimum n	umber of points on mid-	erm exams,	
	written and oral exam.						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research	1	Practical training	1	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		



ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS	Tests	1	Oral exa	ım	1	(other)		
value of the course )	Written exam	1	Project			(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	During classes: - Research and practical work - mid-term exams / quizzes (possible exemption from the written part of the exam) Final exam: - Written 50 % - Oral 50 %							
	Title			Number o copies in the library	f /	Availability via other me	edia	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Roić, M., 2012: <i>Upravljanje zemljišnim informacijama-</i> <i>katastar</i> , Sveučilišni udžbenik, Geodetski fakultet, Zagreb			10 (AGG, Kačićeva 2	6)	yes		
	Roić, M., 2011: <i>Katastar nekretnina</i> - interna skripta, Geodetski fakultet, Zagreb.			10		yes		
	Roić, M., Medić, V., Fanton, I., 1999: <i>Katastar zemljišta i zemljišna knjiga</i> . Skripta, Geodetski fakultet, Zagreb 1999.			10		yes		
	Official Gazette: Regulations			10		yes		
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Roić, M., 2005: KATASTAR 2014 - VIZIJA BUDUĆIH KATASTARSKIH SUSTAVA, Geodetski fakultet, prijevod publikacije FIG- a.							
proposal)	Roić, M., Fjalestad, J. B., Steiwer, F., 2008: <i>Regionalna studija o katastru</i> , Državna geodetska uprava, Zagreb.							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that								
ensure the acquisition of exit	Anonymous student surveys and other methods of quality assurance system at the University of Zagreb.							
2.14 Other (as the proposer wishes to								
add)								



1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Dubravka Spevec	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Visualization of spatial data in GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	7
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+45+0 (1+0+3+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	20
1.5. Status of the course	Required	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	<ul> <li>acquire knowledge on possibilities of visual</li> <li>train and qualify students to work with visual</li> <li>acquire knowledge and skills necessary for</li> </ul>	alization of spatial data in GIS ualization tools or application of certain methods of thematic vi	sualization
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-		
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and skills</li> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Appropriate advanced statistics and graphic techniques.</li> <li>Cartographic semiotics.</li> <li>Visualization of continuous and discontinuous geographic data.</li> <li>Methods of cartographic expression.</li> </ul> Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills: <ul> <li>Ability to recognize spatial relevant problems and to examine possibilities of their analysis and solving using GIS.</li> <li>Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity. Recognition, isolation and visualization of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems. The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes. The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information. The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.</li></ul>		



	Data collection, selection, processing and integration in GIS.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Applying appropriate GIS methods and techniques.
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in
	the presentation of the results.
	Information-technology skills: working with ArcGIS package.
	Graphic data processing.
	Data format conversions.
	Synchronization and integration of spatial data from various sources.
	Using thematic maps for visual presentation of research results.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	- to explain and apply basic visualization and cartographic semiotics terms
	- to know and apply methodology of visualization of spatial data in GIS
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- to visualize continuous fields and discrete geographic data
level of the course ( <i>I</i> to 10 learning	- to distinguish colour specifying models in accordance to medium of cartographic presentation
	- to select and apply relevant cartographic methods in data visualization
outcomesy	- to use visualization tools in GIS
	- to create thematic maps and animations in GIS
	- to recognize contents that are being visualized in 3D models
	1. Visualization – cartographic, geovisualization.
	2. Cartographic semiotics. Syntactic, semantic and pragmatic dimensions of map.
	3. GIS and cartography.
	4. Graphical user interface (GUI) - integration of analysis and visualization.
	5. Visualization of continuous fields and discrete data.
2.5. Course content broken down in	6. Variations of size, value, texture, colour. Models for specifying colour (RGB, CMYK).
detail by weekly class schedule	7. Methods of cartographic visualization.
(syllabus)	8. Visualization tools in GIS.
	9. Thematic maps and GIS (ArcINFO).
	10. Animations in ArcGIS.
	1112. ArcScene animation.
	1314. ArcMap – temporal animation.
	15. 3D visualization.



	X lectures X inde		X independent assignments 2.		2.7. Comments:	
	Seminars and workshops		multimedia and the internet	et	-	
2.6. Format of instruction:	$\square$ on line in entirety					
	partial e-learning     work with mentor					
	☐ field work		(other)			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance – leo	ctures and e	exercises. Making exercises an	d independent	assignment.	
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1.5	Research		Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2.5	(other)	
course )	Written exam		Project	3	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student	Regular class attendance regis	stering. The	results of oral exam and the q	uality of evalua	ated independent assig	nment make the
work in class and at the final exam	final grade.					
	Title				Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	1. Dodge, M., McDerby, M., Turner, M., 2008: <i>Geographic Visualization. Concepts, Tools and Applications</i> , John Wiley&Sons, Ltd, Chichester.			Concepts,	5	yes
library and via other media)	2. Kraak, M. J., Ormeling, F., 2010: <i>Cartography. Visualization of Geospatial Data</i> , 3rd edition, Persons Education Limited, Harlow.					yes
	3. Brewer, Cynthia A., 2005: <i>Designing Better Maps: A Guide for GIS Users</i> , Esri Press, Redlands.			s, 5	yes	
	4. Krygier, J., Wood, D., 2011: Guilford Press, New York.	Making Ma	ps: A Visual Guide to Map Des	sign for GIS,	5	yes
	1. Slocum, T. A., McMaster, R Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle R	. B., Kesslei iver, New Je	r, F. C., Howard, H. H., 2010: 7 ersey.	Thematic Carto	graphy and Geovisual	ization, Pearson
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	2. Longley, P.A., Goodchild, M.F., Maguire, D.J., Rhind, D.W., 2015: <i>Geographic Information Systems and Science</i> , John Wiley&Sons, Chichester.				<i>cience</i> , John	
proposal)	3. Petersen, G. N., 2009: G/S	Cartography	y. A Guide to Effective Map De	sign, ESRI, Re	edlands.	
	4. Kartografija i geoinformacije, časopis Hrvatskog kartografskog društva (odabrani članci).				nci).	



	5. Cartography and Geographic Information Science, Journal of the American Congress on Surveying and Mapping (selected
	papers).
	Procedures outlined in Regulations and Handbook on the Quality Assurance at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of
	Science:
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	- university and faculty student survey
ensure the acquisition of exit	- teaching self-evaluation: modernizing and reassessment of course's goals and content, and strategy of teaching and learning;
competences	evaluation of learning outcomes by analysis of students level of success according to Student Office data and self-records
	- outgoing survey: graduate university study evaluation
	- interview with offices, institutes, organizations and enterprises where students perform professional practice
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Mladen Pahernik	1.6. Year of the study programme	2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Digital Terrain Analysis	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	8		
1.3 Associate teachers		1.8. Type of instruction (number of	30+0+30+0		
	-	hours L + S + E + e-learning)	(2+0+2+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate,	Graduate University Study in Geography,	1.9 Expected enrolment in the course	20		
graduate, integrated)	Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.3. Expected enforment in the course	20		
		1.10. Level of application of e-learning			
1.5. Status of the course	Required	(level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online	1		
		instruction (max. 20%)			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge about the application of G terrain analysis; acquire knowledge about the a define the concept of a digital elevation model a relief on the basis of a digital elevation model.	IS spatial analysis in geomorphologic rese pplication of methods of geomorphologic r and interpolation elevation data; define me	earch; define the concept of digital essearch in the GIS environment; thods of morphometric analysis of		
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and	•				
entry competences required for the					
course					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and understanding of:         Database creation, organization techniques and management.         Digital relief models and digital relief analysis.         Methods of spatial interpolation.         Cognitive abilities and skills:         Ability to recognize spatial relevant problems and to examine possibilities of their analysis and solving using GIS.         Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.         The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.         Practical abilities and skills:         Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.         Data collection, selection, processing and integration in GIS.         Applying appropriate GIS methods and techniques.         Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.				



	Problem solving related to qua	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.					
	Information-technology skills:	Information-technology skills: working with ArcGIS package.					
	Data format conversions.						
	Using thematic maps for visua	sing thematic maps for visual presentation of research results.					
	Functioning effectively as an in	inctioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Continuous professional devel	opment.	arrain analysia				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- explain the purpose and task	s of digital t					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- evaluate the results of digital	terrain anal	vsis within a snatial analysis				
outcomes)	- produce digital elevation more	tel by intern	olation elevation data				
	- perform morphometric analys	sis of the are	ea based on a digital elevation	model			
	1 Introduction to digital relief a	nalysis	······································				
	2 Overview of the developmer	nt of digital te	errain analysis				
	3 Digital analysis of the relief a	and Geoinfo	rmatics				
	4 Digital data on relief (geospa	atial concept	ts and data structures)				
2.5. Course content broken down in	5 Digital terrain models DMR (	plation surfaces precision and accuracy					
detail by weekly class schedule	DEM)						
(syllabus)	6 - 8 Digital analysis of landfor	me - vector	or analysis (distance direction connectivity neighborhood distribution)				
	0 = 0 Digital analysis of lando	- raster and	allysis (local Functions neighborhood, zonal functions, distribution)				
	9 - 11 Spatial analysis of felier - faster analysis (local Functions neighborhood, zonal functions, global function						
		yicai uala -	geomorphometry (geomorpho	logical mode		ological	
		etc.)	1		-		
			X independent assignments		2.7. Comments:		
			multimedia and the intern	et	-		
2.6. Format of instruction:	X exercises		☐ laboratory				
			work with mentor				
	partial e-learning		(other)				
	field work						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d exercises	and assignments.				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance		Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	3	(other)		
course )	Written exam	3	Project	2	(other)		



2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 24 % + seminar essay 38 % + oral exam 38 %			
	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Wilson, J. P., Gallant, J. C., 2000: <i>Terrain analysis, principles and applications</i> , John Wiley & Sons.	10	yes	
	Bonham-Carter, G. F., 2002: Geographic Information Systems for Geoscientists, Pergamon.	10	yes	
	O'Sullivan, D. Unwin, D. J., 2003: Geographic Information Analysis, John Wiley & Sons	10	yes	
	Pahernik, M., 2007: Digitalna analiza padina otoka Raba, Geoadria 12, 1; 3-22.	10	yes	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Relevant articles from journals Croatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria, Polemos.			
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul> <li>Procedures outlined in <i>Regulations and Handbook on the Quality Assurance</i> at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science:</li> <li>university and faculty student survey</li> <li>teaching self-evaluation: modernizing and reassessment of course's goals and content, and strategy of teaching and learning; evaluation of learning outcomes by analysis of students level of success according to Student Office data and self-records</li> <li>outgoing survey: graduate university study evaluation</li> <li>interview with offices, institutes, organizations and enterprises where students perform professional practice</li> </ul>			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-			



# **ELECTIVE COURSES**

1. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>
1.2. Name of the course	Applied Geomorphology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION			
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectives of the course are to pr geomorphological research. The emphasis geomorphological processes and landforms The specific objectives are: - Be familiar with the sources and methods - Understanding of the earth's surface syste - Ability to conduct fundamental research m - Ability to plan, organize and implement ap making geomorphological studies - The ability to evaluate lanscape, particula - An understanding of the fundamental prin	ovide students with knowledge and skills relate is on exploring and evaluating features and pri s, their mapping and graphical presentation. applied geomorphological research ems including features, terms, processes, and horphostructural and exogenously-morphologic oplied geomorphological research, engineering rly with regard to the protection of geodiversity ciples of geomorphological regionalization	ed to the application of inciples of action of recent changes al features of the relief - geomorphological mapping and and tourist exploitation
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and	-		
entry competences required for the			
course			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills         Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in general and in geography.         Digital relief models and digital relief analysis.         Methods of cartographic expression.         Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:         Ability to recognize spatial relevant problems and to examine possibilities of their analysis and solving using GIS.         Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.		



	Recognition and isolation of objects and pr	ocesses crucial for the stability of geosyste	ems.				
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.						
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.					
	The skills needed for presenting scientific of	contents and stances in written and oral for	m.				
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencin	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.					
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in						
	the presentation of the results.						
	Using thematic maps for visual presentatio	n of research results.					
	Functioning effectively as an individual and	as a team member.					
	Continuous professional development.						
	Explain the purpose, tasks and the division	of applied geomorphology					
	Independently apply the approaches and m	ethods of the applied geomorphology use	d in the preparation of geomorphic studies				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	To explain the characteristics of recent geo	morphological processes and their impact	on the types and forms of relief				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	To explain the distribution and characteristic	cs of slope, fluvial, coastal and karst proce	esses in engineering geomorphology				
outcomes)	Evaluate the relief forms and processes fro	m various aspects, especially in terms of e	environmental protection and tourism				
	Apply appropriate mapping and measurem	ent procedures in practice					
	Make a geomorphological regionalization of	t the area on several levels					
	Make an example geomorphological studie	5 ativas tasks and division. Fundamentals a	f geometric holes we of Creation				
	T Applied Geomorphology - definition, obje	ctives, tasks and division, Fundamentals o	r geomorphology of Croatia				
	2 Introduction into making of geomorpholog	lical studies					
	<ul><li>3 Sources of data in applied geomorphological research</li><li>4 Field work in geomorphology</li></ul>						
	<ul><li>5 Landscape as system (ESS) - features, factors, changes</li><li>6 Basic knowledge of geology for geomorphological research</li></ul>						
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Morphometric and morphographic metho	ds in applied geomorphological research					
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Structural-geomorphological research						
(syllabus)	9 Slopes and slope processes						
	10 Fluvial processes						
	11 Coasts and coastal processes						
	12 Karst and karst processes						
	12 Evaluation methods of landscape and la	undforms. Cooperitors and gostourism					
	14 Engineering geometrical manufacture						
	14 Engineering-geomorphological mapping	anu applieu geomorphological map					
	15 Geomorphological regionalization						
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:				





	X seminars and workshops		multimedia and the intern	et -		
			laboratory			
	on line in entirety		X work with mentor			
	partial e-learning		(other)			
	ield work					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d exercises	and field work.			
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	P	ractical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)	
course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 10 %; Writte	n exam 30	%; Essay 30 %; Oral exam 30	%.		
	Number of       Title       Ibrary				Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Marković, M., 1983, <i>Osnovi primijenjene geomorfologije</i> , Geoinstitut, posebno izdanje, Knjiga 8, Beograd.				10	yes
library and via other media)	Uputstva za izradu detaljne geomorfološke karte 1:100 000 (Grupa autora)				5	yes
	Fookese, P. G., Lee, E. M., Gr and practice. Whittles publishin	5	yes			
	Regolini-Bissig, G., Reynard, E. (Eds), 2010: <i>Mapping Geoheritage</i> . Institut de géographie, Université de Lausanne (selected chapters).				1	CD
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Fookese, P. G., Lee, E. M., Griffiths, J. S., 2007: <i>Engineering Geomorphology – theory and practice</i> . Whittles publishing, Dunbeath, 281 pp.					
proposal)	Allison, R. J. (Eds), 2003: Applied Geomorphology. John Wiley&Sons LTD.					
	University students survey					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	Self-evaluation of teaching: up	dating and	revising the objectives of the c	ourse content an	d teaching strategies	s, learning and
ensure the acquisition of exit	assessment of learning outcomes					
	assessment of learning outcon	nes				
competences	assessment of learning outcon Interview with companies, insti	nes itutes and ir	nstitutions in which students pe	rform their work	practices	



2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Neven Bočić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Karst Geomorphology and Hydrology	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L       + S + E + e-learning)		30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	The main objectives of this course are that students learn basic knowledge on karst geomorphology and hydrography with application to the significant karst areas of the world and focus on the Dinaric karst that is part of Croatia. The specific objectives are: Understanding of the conditions and processes of karstification Understanding the specifics of karst hydrography Recognition of surface and underground karst landforms, and an understanding of their origin Knowledge about geomorphologic - hydrographical features of Croatian karst and important karst areas in the world Understanding the importance of karst areas, identifying specific problems and the ability of their solutions The ability to evaluate karst areas Understanding the threats and protection of karst areas and the ability to find solutions in line with sustainable development				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills Knowledge and understanding of: Theories and methodology in geography. The research process in general and in geo Appropriate advanced statistics and graphic Methods of cartographic expression. Cognitive, practical and generic abilities an	ography. c techniques. <u>d skills:</u>			



	Ability to recognize spatial relevant problems and to examine possibilities of their analysis and solving using GIS.					
	Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.					
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for the stability of geosystems.					
	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.					
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta	tion and synthesis of relevant information.				
	The skills needed for presenting scientific	contents and stances in written and oral forr	n.			
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Explain the concept, history, research and distribution of karst in Croatia and the world					
	In selected cases to extract and interpret the factors that affect the karst process					
2.4. Learning outcomes overseted at the	Explain the specificity of karst hydrography and its relation to the geomorphology of karst					
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Field work and cabinetmaking determine surface and underground karst relief forms					
outcomes)	Distinguish types of karst in Croatia and abroad, and their special values					
	Evaluate the significance of karst areas					
	Provide effective measures for the protection and management of karst areas with the concept of sustainable development					
	Apply basic geomorphological research methods and protection of karst					
	1 Introduction, history of study of karst					
	2 Terms and geomorphological processes in karst					
	3 Karst hydrography (Part 1)					
	4 Karst hydrography (Part 2)					
	5 Karst Geomorphology - grikes					
	6 Karst Geomorphology - dolines					
2.5. Course content broken down in	7 Karst Geomorphology - large depressions and poljes					
detail by weekly class schedule	8 Karst Geomorphology - karst plateau					
(syllabus)	9 Speleological objects - the origin and typology					
	10 Karst sediments and residual hills					
	11 Fluviokarst, glaciokarst and coastal karst					
	12 Morphogenesis and typology of karst					
	13 Threats and protection of karst					
	14 Croatian karst - an overview					
	15 Significant karst areas in the world					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures	X independent assignments	2.7. Comments:			





	X seminars and workshops C exercises C on line in entirety		X multimedia and the interne	t -		
			laboratory			
			X work with mentor			
	partial e-learning		(other)			
	🗌 field work					
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d seminars,	, independent assignments and	field work		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research	ŀ	Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay		(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)	
course )	Written exam	1	Project	1	(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 20%; Written exam 20%; Oral exam 40%; Project 20%.					
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
	Ford, D., Williams, P., 2007: <i>Karst Hydrogeology and Geomorphology</i> . 562 pp, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, West Sussex, England.			10	yes	
	White, W. B., 1988: Geomorphology and Hydrology of Karst Terrains. Oxford university press, New York-Oxford.					
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Herak, M., Stringfield, V. T., 1972: Karst – Important Karst Regions of the Northern Hemisphere. Elsevier publishing company, Amsterdam-London-New York.					
proposal)	Gines, A., Knez, M., Slabe, T., Dreybrodt, W., 2009: Karst rock features – karren sculpturing. <i>Carsologica</i> 9, Založba ZRC SAZU, Postojna.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	University students survey Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives of the course content and teaching strategies, learning and					
ensure the acquisition of exit	assessment of learning outcomes					
competences	Interview with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform their work practices					
	Other procedures required by the University and the Faculty about the internal quality assurance					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Ksenija Bašić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Geographic Analysis of Small-Area Population	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	<ul><li>1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L</li><li>+ S + E + e-learning)</li></ul>	30+0+15+0 (2+0+1+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	-				
2.1. Course objectives	General objective is to comprehend population as the maker and the user (consumer) of the space, both in quantitative indicators as well as in qualitative aspects. Accordingly, students are expected to acquire knowledge and skills to gather and use relevant data to make qualitative population study of a particular area or place, that includes the analysis of changes in the past, presentation of the actual situation and projection for the interval for which regional plan is being made.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>The research process in general and in geo Database creation, organization techniques Methods of cartographic expression.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>The ability to interpret and discuss actual g</li> <li>The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation</li> </ul>	contents and stances in written and oral form.			





	Practical abilities and skills:				
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	Generic abilities and skills:         Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.         Using thematic maps for visual presentation of research results.         Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.         Continuous professional development.         Understanding the significance of demographic aspects in regional planing.         Knowledge of the basic units in population research.         Knowledge of the data sources on population.         Knowledge and application of the basic methods in analysing dynamic and structural features of population.				
	Knowledge and application of the basic methods of population projection.				
2.5. Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	Knowledge and application of the basic methods of population projection.         1 The objectives and course content, learning outcomes; concept and work plan; evaluation of the achievements of students.         2 Demographic aspects in regional planing.         3 Notion and distinguishing features of the geographic analysis of small-area population in regional planing.         4 Basic units in population research and data sources.         5 Distribution of population and population density.         6-7 Total population change.         8 Natural change of population.         9 Mobility of population.         10 Age and sex composition of population.         11 Socio-economic composition of population.         12 Cultural and anthropological composition of population.         13 Synthetic indicators of demographic resources.         14 Projections of small-area population.         15 Description prolicies				
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work	X independent assignments multimedia and the internet laboratory X work with mentor (other)	2.7. Comments:		



2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Independent project of geographic analysis of chosen small-area population.				
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance Research Practical training			Practical training	
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work	Experimental work Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay	Seminar essay	3	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	Oral exam	2	(other)	
course )	Written exam	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Positive project evaluation is a requirement for taking oral examination.				
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
	Breznik, D., 1988: Demografija: analiza, metode, modeli, Naučna knjiga, Beograd.			10	yes
	Nejašmić, I., 2005: <i>Demogeografija: stanovništvo u prostornim odnosima i procesima</i> , Školska knjiga, Zagreb.			10	yes
	Nejašmić, I., 2008: <i>Stanovništvo Hrvatske: demogeografske studije i analize</i> , Hrvatsko geografsko društvo, Zagreb.			10	yes
	Plane, D. A., Rogerson, P. A., 1994: <i>The geographical analysis of population with applications to planning and business.</i> Wiley, New York			5	yes
	Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 1999: S	10	yes		
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	Nejašmić, I., 1991: Depopulacij	ja u Hrvatskoj: korijeni, stanje, izgledi, (	Globus, Zagreb.		
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule bo	ok and Manual of quality management	at the University	of Zagreb and the Fac	culty of Science.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-				


1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Zoran Stiperski	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Factors of industry and management location	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	Jelena Lončar	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, course: Spatial Planning and Regional Development	15				
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	The objective is to introduce students with development of location theory, most significant theoriticans and development of doctrins in industry location. The goal is also to get insight in the role and significance of natural and technical factors in choosing location, structural changes in industry and criteria for location selection, as in spatial models and basics of spatial economy. One of the main goals is also knowing place and significance of spatial economy in economic and development policy, industrial organisation and corporative structure and strategy.					
entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities, and skills:         Knowledge and understanding of:         The research process in geography.         Theoretical basis in regional and spatial planning.         Human geographic factors in spatial planning, especially population, settlements, form of population distribution, and economic factors.         Subjects and factors of regional development.         Models of regional development.         The role of local and state government in regional development					



	Cognitive, practical and generic abilities and skills:				
	Recognition and isolation of objects and processes crucial for spatial and regional planning.				
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.				
	Abilities needed for the field work.				
	The ability to interpret and discuss geography-related problems and processes.				
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information				
	The skills needed for evaluation interpretation and synthesis of relevant information				
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and arguments in written and oral form				
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information				
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement peeded in professional development				
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.				
	- understanding of theoretical bases in location theory				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- interpreting the role of natural and other factors in selection of individual and group industry location				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- differentiate factors of contemporary requirements and needs in industry location				
outcomes)	- recognize and argument solutions of geospatial problems especially industry location				
	- explain problems and validity of other science disciplines in the same field of work.				
	1. Historical development of doctrins and location theories in industry				
	J. H. Von Thünen: Origins of space economy, Model of concentric circles				
	Predecessors of A.Weber: Historical and theoretical frame of Weber theory emergence				
	Andreas Predohl: Marginalism and industry location, Supstitution of factors in industry location				
	I ord Palander: Goals and methods in Palander's theory				
	August Loesch. Basic problematics of A. Loesch theory				
	War and after war period				
2.5. Course content broken down in	Contribution of French authors to location theory				
detail by weekly class schedule	Development of theories and doctrines of industry location between 1957and 1970				
(syllabus)	3. Response of industry location construction on practical concepts in locational decision making				
	The role and significance of natural factors in location selection				
	Structural changes in industry and criteria for location selection				
	Choosing new places for one single industrial firm location				
	Significance of firm size and its influence in new places of location selection				
	Influence of technical integration and specialization on location in industry				
	4. Significance and location of industry in regional planning and programming				
	Industry location and problem of undeveloped regions				
	Industry location in depressive regions				



<ul> <li>5. Space in economics         Contents and division of space in economics         Location models: individual location models, models of group locations: industrial zones, industrial complexes; Specific         location relevant validity</li> <li>6. Spatial models         Gontept and types of spatial models         Principles of topology in space         <b>7. Basics of polycentric system</b>         Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion         Axes of development as organ of economic and development policy         Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy,         Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial clusters         10. Industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields)         Definition and emergence         Multisector analysis         Infrastructure         11. Industrial organization         Environment and organizational structures         Location and organization         Competition and strategy: Monopoly         Multinational (international) corporations         Restructuring of companies         Competition execonic development</li></ul>	Industry location in agglomerations
Contents and division of space in economics Location models: individual location models, models of group locations: industrial zones, industrial complexes; Specific location relevant validity <b>6. Spatial models</b> Concept and types of spatial models Goals and tasks of spatial models Principles of topology in space <b>7. Basics of polycentric system</b> Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion Axes of development Theory of threshold <b>8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy</b> Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world Case study: Policy of development and layout of studie industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of studie industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of studie industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of studie industry <b>9. Industrial clusters and economic development</b> Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters <b>10. Industrial districts (fields)</b> Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure <b>11. Industrial organization</b> Environment and organizational structures Location and organizational structures Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (intermational) corporations Restructuring of companies	5. Space in economics
Location models: individual location models, models of group locations: industrial zones, industrial complexes; Specific location relevant validity	Contents and division of space in economics
location relevant validity         6. Spatial models         Concept and types of spatial models         Goals and tasks of spatial models         Principles of topology in space         7. Basics of polycentric system         Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion         Axes of development         Theory of threshold         8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         S. Industrial clusters and economic development         Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields)         Definition and emergence         Multisector analysis         Infrastructure         Location and organizational structures         Location and granizational structures         Location and granizational (intermational) corporations         Restructuring of componies	Location models: individual location models, models of group locations: industrial zones, industrial complexes; Specific
<ul> <li>6. Spatial models <ul> <li>Concept and types of spatial models</li> <li>Goals and tasks of spatial models</li> <li>Principles of topology in space</li> </ul> </li> <li>7. Basics of polycentric system <ul> <li>Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion</li> <li>Axes of development</li> <li>Theory of threshold</li> </ul> </li> <li>8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy <ul> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world</li> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry</li> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry</li> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry</li> <li>Case study: Policy of development</li> <li>Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters</li> <li>10. Industrial districts (fields)</li> <li>Definition and emergence</li> <li>Multisector analysis</li> <li>Infrastructure</li> <li>11. Industrial organization</li> <li>Environment and organizational structures</li> <li>Location and organization</li> <li>12. Corporative structure and strategy</li> <li>Competition and strategy: Monopoly</li> <li>Multinational) corporations</li> <li>Restructuring of companies</li> </ul></li></ul>	location relevant validity
Concept and types of spatial models         Goals and tasks of spatial models         Principles of topology in space         7. Basics of polycentric system         Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion         Axes of development         Theory of threshold         8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy         Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         9. Industrial clusters and economic development         Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields)         Definition and emergence         Multisector analysis         Infrastructure         11. Industrial organization         Environment and organization         Environment and organization         12. Corporative structure and strategy         Competition and strategy: Monopoly         Multinational (intermational) corporations         Restructuring of companies	6. Spatial models
Goals and tasks of spatial models Principles of topology in space         7. Basics of polycentric system         Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion Axes of development         Axes of development         Theory of threshold         8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy Case study: Policy of development and layout of stell industry in the world Case study: Policy of development and layout of stell industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of stell industry         9. Industrial clusters and economic development Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure         11. Industrial organization Environment and organization I.cocation and organization I.cocation and strategy Competition and strategy Competition and strategy Competition and strategy: Nonpoly         10. Restructuring of companies	Concept and types of spatial models
Principles of topology in space 7. Basics of polycentric system Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion Axes of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion Axes of development as organ of economic and development policy Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry 9. Industrial clusters and economic development Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies Construction Environment Construction Environment Construction Environment Competition Environment Competition Environment Competition Environment Competition Environment Competition Compet	Goals and tasks of spatial models
<ul> <li>7. Basics of polycentric system         <ul> <li>Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion</li></ul></li></ul>	Principles of topology in space
Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion         Axes of development         Theory of threshold         8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy         Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of industry         9. Industrial clusters and economic development         Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields)         Definition and emergence         Multisector analysis         Infrastructure         11. Industrial organization         Environment and organization         12. Corporative structure and strategy         Competition and strategy: Monopoly         Multistonal (international) corporations         Restructuring of companies	7. Basics of polycentric system
Axes of development Theory of threshold         8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         9. Industrial clusters and economic development Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure         11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization         12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Poles of development as organ of economic and spatial expansion
Theory of threshold         8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry in the world         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry         Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry         9. Industrial clusters and economic development         Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters         10. Industrial districts (fields)         Definition and emergence         Multisector analysis         Infrastructure         11. Industrial organization         Environment and organizational structures         Location and strategy         Competition and strategy: Monopoly         Multinational (international) corporations         Restructuring of companies	Axes of development
<ul> <li>8. Place and significance of spatial theory in economic and development policy         <ul> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world</li> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry</li> <li>Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry</li> </ul> </li> <li>9. Industrial clusters and economic development         <ul> <li>Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters</li> <li>10. Industrial districts (fields)                 <ul> <li>Definition and emergence</li> <li>Multisector analysis</li> <li>Infrastructure</li> <li>11. Industrial organizational</li> <li>Environment and organizational structures</li> <li>Location and strategy</li> <li>Competition and strategy: Monopoly</li> <li>Multinational (international) corporations</li> <li>Restructuring of companies</li> <li>Description formers</li> <li>Description and strategy:</li> <li>Monopoly</li> <li>Multinational (international) corporations</li> <li>Restructuring of companies</li> <li>Description formers</li> <li>Description formers</li> <li>Description formers</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	Theory of threshold
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Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry 9. Industrial clusters and economic development Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters 10. Industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Case study: Policy of development and layout of textile industry in the world
Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry 9. Industrial clusters and economic development Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters 10. Industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Case study: Policy of development and layout of steel industry
<ul> <li>9. Industrial clusters and economic development         <ul> <li>Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters</li> </ul> </li> <li>10. Industrial districts (fields)         <ul> <li>Definition and emergence</li> <li>Multisector analysis</li> <li>Infrastructure</li> </ul> </li> <li>11. Industrial organization         <ul> <li>Environment and organizational structures</li> <li>Location and strategy</li> <li>Competition and strategy: Monopoly</li> <li>Multinational (international) corporations</li> <li>Restructuring of companies</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Case study: Policy of development and layout of automobile industry
Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy, Analysis of industrial clusters 10. Industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	9. Industrial clusters and economic development
Analysis of industrial clusters 10. Industrial districts (fields) Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Location and clusters, Starting industrial clusters, Identification of industrial clusters, Small clusters and growth policy,
<ul> <li>10. Industrial districts (fields)         <ul> <li>Definition and emergence</li> <li>Multisector analysis</li> <li>Infrastructure</li> </ul> </li> <li>11. Industrial organization         <ul> <li>Environment and organizational structures</li> <li>Location and organization</li> </ul> </li> <li>12. Corporative structure and strategy             <ul> <li>Competition and strategy: Monopoly</li> <li>Multinational (international) corporations</li> <li>Restructuring of companies</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Analysis of industrial clusters
Definition and emergence Multisector analysis Infrastructure <b>11. Industrial organization</b> Environment and organizational structures Location and organization <b>12. Corporative structure and strategy</b> Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	10. Industrial districts (fields)
Multisector analysis Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Definition and emergence
Infrastructure 11. Industrial organization Environment and organizational structures Location and organization 12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Multisector analysis
<ul> <li>11. Industrial organization         <ul> <li>Environment and organizational structures             Location and organization</li> </ul> </li> <li>12. Corporative structure and strategy         <ul> <li>Competition and strategy: Monopoly             Multinational (international) corporations             Restructuring of companies</li> <li>Competition for mention of the provide structures</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Infrastructure
Environment and organizational structures Location and organization <b>12. Corporative structure and strategy</b> Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	11. Industrial organization
Location and organization <b>12. Corporative structure and strategy</b> Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Environment and organizational structures
12. Corporative structure and strategy Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Location and organization
Competition and strategy: Monopoly Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	12. Corporative structure and strategy
Multinational (international) corporations Restructuring of companies	Competition and strategy: Monopoly
Restructuring of companies	Multinational (international) corporations
	Restructuring of companies
Corporative form and space	Corporative form and space
Geographic concentration of economic activities	Geographic concentration of economic activities
13. Innovations	13. Innovations
National business systems	National business systems
Location and innovation	Location and innovation
Innovation networks, regions and globalization	Innovation networks, regions and globalization
14. Regional economy and location component of development	14. Regional economy and location component of development





	Regional economy – definition Markets and company location analysis Location of production Agglomeration (cluster) economies Life cycle of product <b>15. Work force:</b> Regional labor market							
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures       X independent assignments         X seminars and workshops       Image: multimedia and the internet         Image: exercises       Image: laboratory         Image: on line in entirety       Image: work with mentor         Image: partial e-learning       Image: work with mentor         X field work       Image: work with mentor				2.7. Comments:			
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, pas	sed prelimi	nary exam, reserach discussio	n and indepen	dent research elabor	ation.		
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)			
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	The final grade is determined of evaluation except colloquium r	on the basis nust be pos	s of the seminar evaluation, col sitive.	loquium result	s, written and oral ex	ams. Al	l elements of	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Title				Number of copies in the library	Ava ot	iilability via her media	
library and via other media)	McDermott Taylor; Michael, 20 University Press, London, Nev	5		yes				
	Blair, J. P., Carroll, M. C., 2009: Local Economic Development; Analysis, Practices and Globalization, Sage. L. Angeles, London, N.Delhi, Singapore.							
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Boglicino, F., Pinata, M., 2011: <i>Engines of growth. Innovation and productivity in industry groups</i> , Structural and Economic Dynamics.							
μισμοδαι)	Bodas Freitas, I. M., Marques, R. A., De Paula e Silva, E. M., 2012: University-industry collaboration and innovation in emergent and mature industries in new industrialized countries, Research Policy.							



	Edwards, E. M., 2007: Regional and urban Economics and Development; Theory and Methods, Auerbach Publications.
	Strauss-Khan, V., Vives, X., 2009: Why and where do headquaters move?, <i>Regional science and Urban economics</i> , 39, 168-186.
	Zdrilić, I., Puvača, M., Roso, D., 2010: Utjecaj globalizacije na promjene u načinu poslovanja i organizacijskoj strukturi,
	Ekonomski vjesnik.
	University student questionnaire survey;
2.13. Quality assurance methods that	- Self-evaluation of the class: updating and revising class goals and content and strategies of teaching, learning, and evaluating
ensure the acquisition of exit	learning outcomes;
competences	- Questionnaire survey for graduated students;
	- Other procedures prescribed by the University and Faculty acts on internal quality assurance.
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-
add)	



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Borna Fuerst–Bjeliš Anamarija Durbešić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Historical GIS	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	<ul><li>1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L</li><li>+ S + E + e-learning)</li></ul>	15+30+0+0 (1+2+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	Exploring possibilities of GIS applications in research and reconstruction of changes and processes over longer time periods. Introduction to specific data sources documenting past periods (quantitative and qualitative), their use in GIS and their analysis. Modelling positive and negative processes leading to changes in the environment and the cultural landscape design and preparation of plans and projects for rehabilitation of degraded land and reducing effects of anthropogenic disturbances with the ultimate goal to improve living conditions				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Familiarization with the process of scientific Application of knowledge to determination, interpretation and discussion of relevant ar evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of i and orally. Mapping geographic content, ge and presentation of results. Application of thematic maps and cartograp techniques. Solving problems related to qualitative and How to work effectively, independently and	c work in general and in geography, specific stati identification and solving the problem of the high of current geographic phenomena and process information and data, skills in presenting scient eo-referencing. Application specific statistical and oblic methods to analysis and presentation of re- quantitative geographic information. Information in a team. Independent work required for profe	atistical and graphical methods. gh spatial complexity. Ability of es. Developing of skills needed for ific content and arguments in writing nd graphical methods in the analysis esults. Application of specific GIS on-technology skills. essional advancement.		
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	Using a variety of sources and processing in GIS. Synchronization and integration of spatial data from various sources Analysis				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	of the data obtained in order to explore cult	tural landscape and environmental changes. Al	pility to identify and separate		



outcomes)	phe	phenomena and processes critical to the stability geo-system. Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and				
	tech	techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results. The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related				
	pro	blems and processes				
	1	roductory lesson. Explaining concepts of GIS and Cultural Landscape				
	2	Lecture: Basic Concepts. Workshop: Vectorization of p	oolygons and geocoding maps (repetition of basic skills in GIS)			
	3	Lecture: GIS analysis of the cultural landscape (modes	of evaluating the cultural landscape through the tangible and			
	4	/orkshop: Vectorization of selected data				
	5	Workshop: Vectorization of selected data				
	6	Workshop: Vectorization of selected data				
	7	Workshop: Preparing the presentations of the obtained	d data and their exchange among students			
2.5. Course content broken down in	8	ecture: Correlation and interdependence of physical-geographic features. Workshop: Analysis of interdependence of				
detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)		physical-geographic features				
	9	Lecture: Intangible elements in the analysis of cultural landscape. Workshop: Cartographic representation of distribution of				
		settlements and their connection to the population census data base.				
	10	Lecture: Methods of data analysis. Workshop: Layers convergence and first analysis				
	11	Lecture: GIS in the analysis of field data. Workshop: Creating a plan of field research in GIS				
	12	Lecture: Preparation of field research. Workshop: Creating a plan of field research in GIS				
	13	Lecture: Development and protection assessment guidelines. Workshop: GIS in making the development and protection assessment guidelines				
	14	Lecture: Types and trends of landscape change. Works	shop: Defining the types of landscape change and tracking trends			
	15	Lecture: Final synthesis of materials. Workshop: GIS in development assessment guidelines				
	X le	tures X independent as	2.7. Comments:			
	X Se	minars and workshops	nd the internet			
2.6. Format of instruction:		xercises				
		n line in entirety	entor			
		artial e-learning (other)	)			
2.9. Student responsibilities						
2.6. Student responsibilities	Reg	Regular class attendance, completion of the project and one seminar essay (oral / written)				



2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance 1		Research		Practical training			
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)			
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)			
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)			
course )	Written exam		Project	2	(other)			
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class participation and discuss	Class participation and discussion activities, seminar execution, oral exam and project.						
	Title Number of copies in the library					Availability via other media		
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Gregory, I. N., Ell, P. S., 2007: Scholarship, Cambridge Unive	Historical ( ersity Press.	GIS, Technologies, Methodolog	gies and	5	yes		
library and via other media)	Knowles, A. K., 2002: <i>Past Tin</i> California.	5	yes					
	Knowles, A. K., 2008: <i>Placing</i> <i>Historical Scholarship</i> , ESRI p	5	yes					
	Harley, J. B., 2001: The New I	Vature of Ma	aps, The John Hopkins Univers	sity Press, Bal	timore.			
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Lozić, S., Cvitanović, M., Durbešić, A. 2011: Promjene okoliša središnjeg dijela Dalmatinske zagore od 18. stoljeća, u: <i>Zagora između stočarsko-ratarske tradicije te procesa litoralizacije i globalizacije: zbornik radova</i> (ur. Matas, M i Faričić, J.), Zadar - Dugopolje, 19 - 21. listopada 2010., Sveučilište u Zadru, Kulturni sabor Zagore, Split, Matica hrvatska Split, 117-129.							
proposal)	Fuerst-Bjeliš, B., Durbešić, A., 2013: Littoralization and Behind: Environmental Change in Mediterranean Croatia. U: <i>The</i> <i>Overarching Issues of the European Space/Grandes Problematicá do Espaço Europeu. Strategies for Spatial (Re)planning</i> <i>based on Innovation, Sustainability and Change/ Estratégias de (Re)ordenamento Territorialnum Quadro de Inovação,</i> <i>Sustenabilidade e Mudança</i> (ur. Pina, H., Martins, F., Ferreira, C.), Fundaçao Universidade do Porto – Faculdade de Letras da Universidade do Porto, 136-147.							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	University student survey, self-assessment, continuous review, other procedures of the internal quality assurance required by the University and the Faculty.							
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-							



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Stjepan Šterc	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Population of Croatia	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3. Associate teachers	-	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)				
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15			
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	<ul><li>1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1,</li><li>2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max.</li><li>20%)</li></ul>	1			
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
2.1. Course objectives	Introduce students with the basic demographic indicators, processes and trends in the population development of Croatia. Insight students with the contemporary demographic state of Croatia and the terms in which it appeared. Develop epistemology in accordance with the particularities od Croatian demographics out of the theory of demographical transition frame. Insight the students with the destructional war impacts on the population structures and on the population development of Croatia. Explain students the meaning of Croatian demographics in contemporary spatial processes and relations. Introduce students with the demographic perspective sand projection proceeding in Croatia. Introduce students with the strategies and models of population revitalisation in Croatia. Explain students the role and meaning of geographical population inquiries in different forms of planning (regional, spatial, social). Enable students for independant scientific-research work.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Knowledge, abilities and skills: consideration Geographical theoretical and methodological c Logics and functional spatial organization on the Model projectioning of spatial relations.	on, understanding and cognition of- oncept and system. he surface of Earth.				



	Cognitive, graphic, cartographic, calculative method applicability.
	Geographical space structure as the basal for all forms of planning.
	Strategic meaning of geographical space and its spatial laws.
	Social (civilizational) structures in the spatial organization function.
	Order of conditionality in space.
	Corelation of natural ground and social superstructure in geographical space.
	Common and regional spatial organization concept.
	Regional, spatial and social planning in geographical space.
	Functional and sustainable spatial organization.
	Strategic meaning of geographical scientific approach.
	Cognitive abilities and skills:
	Spatial law spotting, defining and predictioning.
	Spatial disproportion understanding and explaining.
	Interpretation, discussion and annotation of relevant geographical spatial processes, relationships, links and models.
	Ability of written and oral geographic scientific content and approach consideration and explication.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Understanding of spatial logics
	Geographical contex, process, relationship and link mapping.
	Pertinent calculative and graphic method appliance in the consideration and explication process.
	Cartographic method and prediction appliance in the geographical law consideration, explication and devolvation.
	Operational abilities and skills:
	Individual searching and database selection.
	The research task suggestion.
	Construction of research case study.
	Knowledge, abilities and skills: consideration, understanding and cognition of:
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at	
the level of the course (4 to 10	I neoretical and methodological concept of population geography system.
learning outcomes)	Logics and population functional organization in Croatia.
<u> </u>	Nodel projectioning of demographic relations in Croatian geographical space.
	Demographic space structure as the basal for all planning.



	Methodological system in population inquiries.
	Strategic meaning of population for complete development of Croatia.
	Corelation of natural ground and population in Croatia.
	Common and regional spatial organization concept of Croatia.
	Functional and sustainable population organization.
	Strategic meaning of population scientific approach.
	Cognitive abilities and skills:
	Spotting, defining, resolving and predictioning of spatial laws which came into existance through the population acting.
	Demographic spatial disproportion understanding and settlement.
	Interpretation, discussion and annotation of relevant demographic spatial processes, relationships, links and models.
	Ability of written and oral demographic scientific content and approach consideration and explication.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Inderstanding of spatial logics
	Demographic content, process, relationship and link mapping
	Pertinent calculative and graphic method appliance in the consideration and explication process
	Cartographic method and prediction appliance in the demographic law consideration, explication and devolvation
	Operational abilities and skills:
	Individual searching and database selection.
	The research task suggestion.
	Construction of research case study.
	1. Demographic aspects of Croatian development.
	2. Spatial distribution and regional differences of the Croatian population.
	3. Development and population movement in Croatia.
2.5. Course content broken down in	4. Intercensus and general population movement of Croatia.
2.5. Course content broken down in	5. Natural population movement of Croatia.
	6. Population spatial mobility in Croatia.
(Syndous)	7. Biodiyamic features of Croatian population.
	8. Economic and social structures of Croatia. Ethnical and religious composition.
	9. Population composition and movement predictions (prognosis) and projections of Croatia.
	10. Contemporary demographic trends in Croatia. Natural decrease, depopulation and dying out.





	11. Demographic resources	11. Demographic resources and potentials of Croatia.							
	12. Population supstitution in Croatia.								
	13. Revitalisation models of Croatian population.								
	14. Population as the fundament for development and planning.								
	15. Criterion of population policy in Croatia.								
	X lectures		X independent assignments 2.		2.7. Comments:				
2.6. Format of instruction:	X seminars and workshops x exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		<ul> <li>multimedia and the internet</li> <li>laboratory</li> <li>X work with mentor</li> <li>(other)</li> </ul>		This course especially accents students discussions and development of its cognitive abilities.				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance, p	assed prel	iminary exam, reserach disc	cussion and ir	dependent research	elaboration.			
2.9 Screening student work (name	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training				
the proportion of ECTS credits for	Experimental work		Report		(other)				
each activity so that the total number	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)				
of ECTS credits is equal to the	Tests	1	Oral exam	1	(other)				
ECTS value of the course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)				
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance and discussion in research groups, tests, seminar essay, written and oral exam, mentor instructions.								
			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media					
	Šterc, S., 1991: The genera Croatia, Geographical Pape	l demograp ers, 8, 1 -38	10	yes					
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Nejašmić, I., 2008: <i>Stanovn</i> Hrvatsko geografsko društvo	<i>ištvo Hrvat</i> o, Zagreb.	10	yes					
	Šterc, S., Komušanac, M., 2 izumiranje i supstitucija star <i>istraživanja,</i> 117 (god.21., b	2012: Neizv novništva ili r. 3), 693-7	10	yes					
	Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 200 politika u Hrvatskoj, <i>Rad HA</i>	7: Depopul ZU, 45, 73	lacija, starenje stanovništva B-120.	i populacijska	a 10	yes			



2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	1. Gelo, J., Akrap, A., Čipin, I., 2005: <i>Temeljne značajke demografskog razvoja Hrvatske (bilanca 20. stoljeća)</i> , Ministarstvo obitelji, branitelja i međugeneracijske solidarnosti, Zagreb.					
	2. Wertheimer-Baletić, A., 2004: Depopulacija i starenje stanovništva – temeljni demografski procesi u Hrvatskoj, <i>Društvena</i> <i>istraživanja</i> 72-73, 631-651.					
	3. Nejašmić, I., 1991: Depopulacija u Hrvatskoj – korijeni, stanje, izgledi, Globus, Zagreb.					
	4. Friganović, M. A., Šterc, S., 1993: Demogeografski razvoj i populacijska politika Republike Hrvatske, <i>Društvena istraživanja</i> 1, 151-165.					
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	Among classical ways of student evaluation, independent research works with mentors instruction have been especially evaluated and revolted on the level of potential student involvement in scientific and professional meetings.					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes	Croatian population has been, through history, developing under special terms, and nowadays it becomes strategic issue of					
to add)	Croatian contemporary spatial and demographic improvement.					



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Vedran Prelogović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Urban-social Geography	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+15+0+0 (2+1+0+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION					
2.1. Course objectives	transformations in the spatial structure of the city (functional, social and morphological transformations). Particular objectives of the course are: synthesis of contemporary theory and methodology on transformations of the spatial structure of the city, which are induced by the interaction of different economic, social, cultural and political factors on global, regional and local scale. On the number of examples from various cities around the world and in Croatia, problems of a transformation of the urban-social structure will be discussed and explained. Special attention within this course is given to: writing of report, reading of selected texts related to the different aspects of transformations of an urban-social structure.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and	-				
entry competences required for the					
	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills				
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>Theories and methodology in geography.</li> <li>The research process in general and in geography and the research process in general and in geographic concept of sustainable development.</li> <li>Cognitive abilities and skills:</li> <li>Ability to recognize spatial relevant problem Applying knowledge in determining, defining</li> </ul>	ography. c techniques. ns and to examine possibilities of their analysis og and solving spatial problems of high complex	s and solving using GIS. kity.		



	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing.
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in
	the presentation of the results.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	- distinguish and explain approaches in the research of a social space of the city
	- apply theories and models of the urban-social structure, particularly the theory of the sustainable urban development
2.4 Learning outcomes expected at the	- explain development of urban planning in Croatia and in the selected countries, and a contemporary development of the cities
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	In the context of the economic transformations
euteomos)	- explain cultural and social context of a transformations within the Croatian and the cities in selected countries
outcomes)	and gentrification in the city (using GIS)
	- make a researched based solution for the problems of the socio-spatial structure of the city
	- write a report/essay on a topic related to a changes within the socio-spatial structure of the city
	1 INTRODUCTORY LECTURE – Goals and aims of the course; Approaches in the research of the social space (positivism,
	behaviourism, structuralism, post-structuralism); Socio-spatial dialectic; City as a stage of social, economic, cultural and political
	changes
	2 THEORIES AND MODELS OF URBAN-SOCIAL STRUCTURE – Chicago school and social ecology; Burgesses' model;
	Hoyts' model; Hariss-Ullmans' model; Other theories and models
2.5. Course content broken down in	3 URBAN PLANNING AND POLICY – Emergence of urban planning; Urban planning in selected countries (USA, Western
detail by weekly class schedule	Europe, Post-socialist cities, Croatia); Theory of sustainable urban planning; Urban-social structure and urban planning
(syllabus)	4 ECONOMIC CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE CITY – Pre-capitalist and pre-industrial city; Industrial city
	(Fordism, Keynesianism); Contemporary city (Post- fordism, Post-industrial society; Globalisation)
	5 CULTURAL CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE CITY – What is a culture? Relation culture – city; Post-colonial
	theory; Space, power and culture; Post-modernism and city
	6 SOCIAL CONTEXT OF TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE CITY – Morphogenesis; Morphology of the city (housing, types of
	buildings); Socio-demographic characteristics of the city; Social topography



socialist cities, Croatia); Social polarisation 8 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE CITY – PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPMENT – Poverty; Homelessness; Unemployment; Social exclusion; Environmental quality 9 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE CITY – INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK – Socio-spatial structure and public institutions; Public vs. Private; Social Justice and the City (importance of David Harvey's' research) 10 HOUSING AND INNERCITY MIGRATIONS – Housing areas in the city; Housing market; Types of inner-city migrations; L cycles in the city 11 REVITALISATION AND GENTRIFICATION 1 – Definition and meaning of the notions (revitalisation, gentrification); Emergence of revitalisation and gentrification in the city; Rent gap theory; Consumption theory; Revitalisation and gentrification in selected cities (USA, Western Europe, Post-socialist cities, Croatia) 12 REVITALISATION AND GENTRIFICATION 2 – Field work 1 (revitalised/gentrified areas in Zagreb) 13 OUAL ITY OF LIFE IN THE CITY – Definition and meaning of the notion; Objective and subjective indicators of a quality of
<ul> <li>8 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE CITY – PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPMENT – Poverty; Homelessness; Unemployment; Social exclusion; Environmental quality</li> <li>9 SOCIO-SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE CITY – INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK – Socio-spatial structure and public institutions; Public vs. Private; Social Justice and the City (importance of David Harvey's' research)</li> <li>10 HOUSING AND INNERCITY MIGRATIONS – Housing areas in the city; Housing market; Types of inner-city migrations; L cycles in the city</li> <li>11 REVITALISATION AND GENTRIFICATION 1 – Definition and meaning of the notions (revitalisation, gentrification); Emergence of revitalisation and gentrification in the city; Rent gap theory; Consumption theory; Revitalisation and gentrification in selected cities (USA, Western Europe, Post-socialist cities, Croatia)</li> <li>12 REVITALISATION AND GENTRIFICATION 2 – Field work 1 (revitalised/gentrified areas in Zagreb)</li> <li>13 OUALITY OF LIFE IN THE CITY – Definition and meaning of the notion; Objective and subjective indicators of a quality of</li> </ul>
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is the first of the first first of the benefit of the first of the fir
life in the city; Spatial levels of the analysis (city, district, neighbourhood)
14 COGNITIVE ELEMENTS IN THE CITY – City image; Mental maps; Other approaches in a research of the city image
15 CONCLUDING LECTURE – Field Work 2 (urban-social structure of Zagreb)
X lectures X independent assignments 2.7. Comments:
X seminars and workshops I multimedia and the internet Two fieldworks:
2.6. Format of instruction:
☐ on line in entirety X work with mentor (Cvjetni trg, Zavrtnica-Radnička-
X field work
b) Urban-social structure of Zagreb
2.8. Student responsibilities Regular class attendance. Writing of the report. Oral presentation of the written report within the thematic discussions. Active
participation on the network. Gis analysis of a selected topic.
2.9. Screening student work (name the Class allendance Research Practical training I
proportion of ECTS credits for each Experimental work Report (other)
activity so that the total number of ECTS Essay Seminial essay (other)
Credits is equal to the ECTS value of the Tests Oral examines of the Conternation of t
codrise /     written exam     2     Project     (other)
2.10. Grading and evaluating student Written evaluation, oral examination.
2.11. Required literature (available in the <b>Title Number of Availability v</b>



library and via other media)		copies in the	other media	
		library		
	Green, R. P., Pick, J. B., 2006: <i>Exploring the Urban Community: A GIS Approach</i> , Pearson Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River.	5	yes	
	Knox, P., Pinch, S., 2006: <i>Urban Social Geography: An Indroduction</i> , Pearson Education Limited, Harlow.	5	yes	
	Pacione, M., 2009: <i>Urban Geography: A Global Perspective</i> , Routledge, London (selected chapters).	5	yes	
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme	Atkinson, R., Bridge, G. (ur.), 2005: <i>Gentrification in a Global Context: The New Urban Colonialism</i> , Routledge, Lo (selected chapters).			
proposal)	Paddison, R. (ur.), 2001: Handbook of Urban Studies, Sage, London (selected chapters).			
2.13. Quality assurance methods that				
ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.	
competences				
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-			
add)				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Vedran Prelogović	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Urban Regions	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5			
1.3 Associate teachers		1.8. Type of instruction (number of	30+15+0+0			
		hours L + S + E + e-learning)	(2+1+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate,	Graduate University Study in Geography,	1.9 Expected enrolment in the course	15			
graduate, integrated)	Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enforment in the course	13			
		1.10. Level of application of e-learning				
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	(level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online	1			
		instruction (max. 20%)				
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
	The main objective of the course is to enable st	udents to understand complex relations Ci	ity – Surroundings, emphasised			
	throughout transformations in the spatial structu	ire of the surroundings (functional, social a	and morphological transformations). A			
	particular objective of the course is: synthesis o	f contemporary theory and methodology o	n the transformations of the urban			
2.1. Course objectives	regions. On the number of examples from various urban regions around the world and in Croatia, problems of a development					
	and the importance of the research with possible application in the field of regional and urban planning will be discussed.					
	Special attention within this course is given to: v	writing of report, reading of selected texts r	related to the different aspects of a			
	transformations and a development of the urbar	n regions.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and	-					
entry competences required for the						
course						
	Professional knowledge, abilities and skills					
	Knowledge and understanding of:					
	Theories and methodology in geography					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of	The research process in general and in geography.	ohv.				
the programme to which the course	Appropriate advanced statistics and graphic tec	chniques.				
contributes	Concept of sustainable development.					
	<b>.</b>					
	Cognitive abilities and skills:	d to even in a possibilities of their architic				
	Addition to recognize spatial relevant problems an	na to examine possibilities of their analysis	and solving using GIS.			
	r Apprying knowledge in determining, defining an	u solving spatial problems of high complex	Kity.			



	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geography-related problems and processes.
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.
	Practical abilities and skills:
	Mapping of geographic data, georeferencing
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in
	the presentation of the results.
	Generic abilities and skills:
	Problem solving related to qualitative and quantitative geographic information.
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.
	Continuous professional development.
	- distinguish types of the urban regions
	- explain and apply models and methods in the research of the urban regions
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- explain the development of urban regions in Croatia and in the world, within the context of regional and urban planning,
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	particularly in the developed countries (Germany, United Kingdom, USA etc.)
outcomes)	- select an urban region in Croatia and to conduct a research – analyse functional, morphological and social transformations,
	size, population development and migrations (using GIS)
	- write a report/essay on a topic related to transformations in the urban regions of Croatia
	1 INTRODUCTORY LECTORE – Goals and aims; Students obligations; Schedule of written and oral exams; Definitions of main
	notions and terms
	2 CITY AND SURROUNDINGS – City and its surroundings; Emergence of urban regions; Suburbanisation
	3 TYPES OF URBAN REGIONS – Morphological urban regions; Socioeconomic urban regions; Selected examples from the
	world and Croatia
2.5. Course content broken dours in	4 THEORIES AND MODELS OF URBAN REGIONS – Hay-Hall model; Model of urban cycles; Soja's model
2.5. Course content broken down in	5 METHODS IN THE RESEARCH OF URBAN REGIONS – Analyses of the settlement (urban) network
detail by weekly class schedule	6 URBAN REGIONS IN EUROPE 1 – Emergence of urban regions in Europe: United Kingdom (MELA – Metropolitan Economic
(syllabus)	Labour Areas, SMELA – Standard Metropolitan Labour Areas), Germany (Stadtregion, Verdichtungsräume, Ballungsgebiete);
	Randstad Holland in the Netherlands: Examples from a selected countries
	7 LIRBAN REGIONS IN ELIROPE 2 – European urban regions and regional policy: Management of monocentric and
	nolveentrie urban regions: ESPON (European Spatial Planning Observation Network)
	Polycennic urban regions, LGP ON (European Spanar Flamming Observation Network)
	o URDAN REGIONS IN USA – Emergence of urban regions, metropolitan Statistical Area; micropolitan Statistical Area
	9 DEVELOPMENT OF THE URBAN REGIONS IN A SELECTED COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD – Canada; Japan; Less



	<ul> <li>developed countries</li> <li>10 URBAN REGIONS AND GLOBALISATION – Influence of the globalisation on a development of the urban regions; Global urban system; Mega-cities</li> <li>11 URBAN REGIONS IN CROATIA 1 – Emergence and development of the urban regions in Croatia; Models in the research of the urban regions; Size and structure of the urban regions</li> <li>12 URBAN REGIONS IN CROATIA 2 – Population development; Socioeconomic changes; Residential suburbanisation</li> <li>13 URBAN REGIONS IN CROATIA 3 – Migrations – in-immigration, daily commuting (migrations)</li> <li>14 URBAN REGIONS IN CROATIA 4 – Urban regions within the context of the regional and urban planning</li> <li>15 EIELD WORK – selected examples of the(sub) urbanization in the Urban region of Zagreb</li> </ul>					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures X seminars and workshops exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning X field work		X independent assignments multimedia and the intern laboratory X work with mentor (other)	et F a	.7. Comments: ïeld work in the Urba t the end of a semes	n region of Zagreb ter,
2.8. Student responsibilities	Regular class attendance. Writing of the report. Oral presentation of the written report within the thematic discussions. Active participation on the fieldwork.					cussions. Active
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	2	Research	F	Practical training	1
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	1	(other)	
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Written evaluation, oral examination.					
	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Hall, P., 2002: Urban and Regional Planning, Routledge, London.			5	yes	
library and via other media)	Herrschel, T., Newman, P., 2002: Governance of Europe's City Regions: Planning, Policy and Politics, Routledge, London.			5	yes	
	Vresk, M., 1990: Grad u region	nalnom i url	banom planiranju, Školska knjig	ga, Zagreb.	10	yes
	Selected articles from Croatiar	n and intern	ational geographic journals.			



2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	<ul> <li>Hall, P., Pain, K. (ur.), 2006: The Polycentric Metropolis: Learning from Mega-City Regions in Europe, Earthscan, London.</li> <li>Hoggart, K. (ur.), 2005: The City's Hinterland: Dynamism and Divergence in Europe's Peri-Urban Territories, Ashgate, Aldershot.</li> <li>Taylor, P. J., 2004: World City Network: A Global Urban Analysis, Routledge, London.</li> </ul>				
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science.				
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-				



1. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.1. Course teacher	Mladen Pahernik	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>			
1.2. Name of the course	Military Geography	5				
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours	30+15+0+0			
		L + S + E + e-learning)	(2+1+0+0)			
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate,	Graduate University Study in Geography,	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15			
graduate, integrated)	Course: Geographic Information Systems					
		1.10. Level of application of e-learning				
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	(level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online	1			
		instruction (max. 20%)				
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION						
	Acquire basic knowledge about the military-ge	ographical analysis of space. Emphasize in	terdependence analysis function of			
2.1. Course objectives	the various geographic factors for military-geo	graphical analysis of space and the analysis	s of the impact of military operations in			
,	space (militarism). Analyze the significance of the idea of global geostrategy. Develop an interest in the continuous monitoring					
	of military geographic problems in the world.					
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and	-					
entry competences required for the						
course	Defectional la cultadas, chilitics and chills					
	From the solution of the solut	5				
	The research process in general and in geography					
	Methods of cartographic expression					
	Cognitive abilities and skills:					
2.3 Learning outcomes at the level of	Applying knowledge in determining defining a	and solving spatial problems of high complex	rity			
the programme to which the course	The ability to interpret and discuss actual geod	graphy-related problems and processes.				
contributes	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation	and synthesis of relevant information.				
	The skills needed for presenting scientific cont	tents and stances in written and oral form.				
	Practical abilities and skills:					
	Applying appropriate statistic and graphic methods and techniques in analysis and in the presentation of the results.					
	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis and in					
the presentation of the results.						



	Generic abilities and skills:						
	Using thematic maps for visua	l presentati	on of research results.				
	Functioning effectively as an ir	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.					
	Continuous professional development.						
2.4 Learning outcomes expected at the	- explain the goals and tasks o	f military ge	eography				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- independently apply the methods of the military-geographical terrain analysis						
outcomes)	- evaluate the results of analys	is of the im	pact space on modern military	action			
	- make requests for information about geographic space needed for military geographic analysis						
	1 Introduction to Military Geog	raphy: Con	cept, development and distribu	tion of milita	ry geography.		
	2 Military meaning study area.						
	3 Military geographic area cate	egories.					
2.5. Course content broken down in	4-5 Definition of basic military	geographic	categories; battlefield, battlefie	eld, military g	geographic focus, geographic	c orientation of	
detail by weekly class schedule	the military and others.						
(syllabus)	6-7 Evaluation of military geog	raphic elerr	nents and factors.				
(Synabus)	8-9 Military geographic judgment impact natural geographic factors in military operations.						
	10-11 Military geographic judgment the influence of socio-economic factors on military operations.						
	12 The interaction of geographical and military factors in space.						
	13-15 Military geographical analysis of particular historical battles and military operations.						
	X lectures X seminars and workshops		independent assignments	2	2.7. Comments:		
			multimedia and the internet		-		
2.6. Format of instruction:							
	on line in entirety		work with mentor				
	partial e-learning		(other)				
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, complete	d seminars.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	1	Research		Practical training		
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)		
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	2	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam	2	(other)		
course )	Written exam		Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance 20 % + seminar essay 40 % + oral exam 40 %.						



	Title	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media
0.44 Desuised literature (susilable is the	Collins J. M., 1998: <i>Military Geography: For Professionals and the Public</i> , Potomac Books	5	yes
Library and via other media)	Glassner, M., 1993: Political Geography, John Wiley. New York.	5	yes
library and via other media)	Pahernik, M. Kereša, D., 2007: Primjena geomorfoloških istraživanja u vojnoj analizi terena - indeks zaštitnog potencijala zemljišta. // <i>Hrvatski geografski glasnik</i> . 69, 1; 41-56	10	yes
	Atlas Europe, Leksikografski Zavod "Miroslav Krleža", Zagreb, 1997.	10	yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of			
submission of study programme	Relevant articles from journals Croatian Geographical Bulletin, Geoadria, Polemos.		
proposal)			
2.13. Quality assurance methods that			
ensure the acquisition of exit	In accordance with the Rule book and Manual of quality management at the University of	Zagreb and the Fac	ulty of Science.
competences			
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to	-		
add)			



1. GENERAL INFORMATION					
1.1. Course teacher	Roko Mišetić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>		
1.2. Name of the course	Applying GIS in the analysis of census data	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5		
1.3. Associate teachers	-	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	15+0+30+0 (1+0+2+0)		
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15		
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1		
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION	•	•	•		
2.1. Course objectives	Acquiring knowledge about the possibilities of GIS in the analysis of census data. Training students in the skills of designing, planning and performance analysis of census data by using GIS and cartographic drafting and graphics based on census data. Introduction to alternative sources of data and compared through the use of GIS.				
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and	-				
entry competences required for the					
course					
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of:</li> <li>The research process in general and in gen Database creation, organization techniques Appropriate statistics and graphic techniques Methods of cartographic expression.</li> <li>Cognitive, practical and generic abilities Ability to recognize spatial relevant problem Applying knowledge in determining, definin The skills needed for evaluation, interpreta The skills needed for presenting scientific of Data collection, selection, processing and i Applying appropriate statistic and graphic r Applying appropriate GIS methods and tec</li> </ul>	kills ography. s and management. es. s and skills: ns and to examine possibilities of their analysis g and solving spatial problems of high complex tion and synthesis of relevant information. contents and stances in written and oral form. ntegration in GIS. nethods and techniques in analysis and in the hniques.	and solving using GIS. kity. presentation of the results.		



	Ability of cartographic visualization and applying appropriate maps and cartographic methods and techniques in analysis a						
	the presentation of the results.						
	Information-technology skills: working with ArcGIS package, working with SPSS package.						
	Graphic data processing.						
	Data format conversions.						
	Synchronization and integration of spatial data from various sources.						
	Using thematic maps for visual presentation of research results.						
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.						
	Continuous professional development.						
	- knowledge of spatial units in the population study						
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	- know the sources of population data	- know the sources of population data					
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- be able to independently search for and	select demographic literature and data sour	ces				
outcomes)	- know the basic methods of analysis of dy	namic and structural characteristics of the	population				
,	- create a separate set of thematic maps c	lemo geographic content, processes, conne	ections and relationships in GIS				
	1. From the history of the census;						
	2. The structure of the census, and the main group of data;						
	3. Spatial-administrative dimension variables from census data;						
	4. Variables and indicators of the main socio-demographic characteristics of census data (number of population, natural and						
	mechanical movement of the population);						
	5. Variables and indicators of the main socio-demographic characteristics of census data (biological structure, cultural and						
	anthropological structure of the population);						
2.5. Course content broken down in	6. Variables and indicators of major socioeconomic characteristics of census data;						
detail by weekly class schedule	7. Variables and indicators about marriage, families, households and dwellings in the census data;						
	8. Comparability of time series of census data;						
(Syllabus)	9. Comparability of census data with alternative data sources;						
	10. Techniques of organizing data using relational databases required for the application of GIS;						
	11. Presentation of census data at different levels of spatial coverage;						
	12. Examples of analysis of census data by applying GIS in selected socio-demographic variables (number of population);						
	13. Examples of analysis of census data by applying GIS in selected socio-demographic variables (natural and mechanical						
	movement of the population);						
	14. Examples of analysis of census data by applying GIS in selected socioeconomic variables.						
	15. Examples of analysis of census data b	y applying GIS in selected variables on ma	rriage, family, homes and apartments.				
	X lectures	independent assignments	2.7. Comments:				
	seminars and workshops	multimedia and the internet					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X exercises	☐ laboratory					
	on line in entirety	work with mentor					
		(other)					



	field work						
2.8. Student responsibilities	Attendance to class, completed seminars						
2.0. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance 0.5 Research Practical training 1.5						
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Experimental work	0.0	Report		(other)	1.0	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	1	(other)		
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests		Oral exam		(other)		
course )	Written exam	2	Project		(other)		
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Class attendance, written exam, seminar and practical training.						
2.11. Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	Title Number of Availa copies in the library					Availability via other media	
	Peters, A., MacDonald H., 2004: Unlocking the Census with GIS, Esri Press. 5 yes						
	Dale, A., Fieldhouse, E., Holds Arnold Publication.	r 5	yes				
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)							
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul> <li>The procedures set forth in the Rules and the Manual of Quality Management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science:</li> <li>- university and college student survey</li> <li>- self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives and subject content and teaching and learning strategies, assessment of learning outcomes by analyzing student performance based on the data and the Student Administration Office's own records</li> <li>- exit polls: evaluation of graduate studies</li> <li>- interview with offices, departments, institutions and companies in which the students perform internships</li> </ul>						
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-						



1. GENERAL INFORMATION				
1.1. Course teacher	Andrija Krtalić	1.6. Year of the study programme	1 <sup>st</sup>	
1.2. Name of the course	Remote Sensing	1.7. Credits (ECTS)	5	
1.3. Associate teachers	Andrija Krtalić	1.8. Type of instruction (number of hours L + S + E + e-learning)	30+0+15+0 (2+0+1+0)	
1.4. Study programme (undergraduate, graduate, integrated)	Graduate University Study in Geography, Course: Geographic Information Systems	1.9. Expected enrolment in the course	15	
1.5. Status of the course	Elective	1.10. Level of application of e-learning (level 1, 2, 3), percentage of online instruction (max. 20%)	1	
2. COUSE DESCRIPTION				
2.1. Course objectives	Students through lectures acquire knowledge about the following topics: Overview and definition of remote sensing. Features of the physical fields that are used in remote sensing. Sensors and systems for recording, the impact of platforms and environments. Usable characteristics of sensors. Electro - optical digital matrix cameras, line scanner, thermal cameras, multi-spectral cameras, hyper spectral scanner. Spatial resolution, modulation transfer function, the minimum discriminable contrast, the minimum resolved temperature difference, calibration. Synthetic aperture radar, interferometric and polarimetric mode, usable features. Improving of images. Enhancement, ranking and reduce the amount of features. The method of principal components. Unsupervised classification. Supervised classification. Evaluation of the classification results. Registration and geocoding. Joining of images. Using of softwares for remote sensing in geosciences. Analysis and evaluation of interpretation results. Confusion matrix. Students through practical work on exercise neet to acquire proficiency in the following skills: Using of software tools (TNTlite, ImageJ and MultiSpec) for remote sensing. Improving the images. Geometric transformations, joining of images, geocoding. Feature enhancement. Segmentation. Transformation of images in principal components (PCA). Unsupervised and supervised classification. Interpretation of multispectral images (visible, infrared, thermal). Interpretation of hyper spectral and radar images.			
2.2. Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	-			
2.3. Learning outcomes at the level of the programme to which the course contributes	Professional knowledge, abilities and sk Knowledge and understanding of: The research process in geography. Theoretical basis of remote sensing in region technology of data acquiring and interpreta Software tools for remote sensing.	<b>tills</b> onal and spatial planning, characteristic of rem tion of images.	ote sensing, principles, methods and	



	Cognitive practical and generic abilities and skills:				
	Applying knowledge in determining, defining and solving spatial problems of high complexity.				
	The skills needed for evaluation, interpretation and synthesis of relevant information.				
	The skills needed for presenting scientific contents and stances in written and oral form.				
	Applying mapping of geographical contents, georeferencing.				
	Applying corresponding maps and cartographical methods in analysis and presentation of the results.				
	Applying corresponding skills needed for acquiring and interpretation of creation conclusions which include relevant socially, scientific and ethical theme				
	Problem solving related to gualitative and guantitative geographic information.				
	Information-technology skills.				
	Functioning effectively as an individual and as a team member.				
	Autonomous continuous professional improvement needed in professional development.				
	Applying skills of learning needed for entire-life education.				
	- know and distinguish the features of physical fields which were base of remote sensing, characteristics of remote sensing				
	teatures in different wavelength regions (multi-spectral, radar, hyper spectral, thermal), principles, methods and technology of				
	the recording, interpretations				
2.4. Learning outcomes expected at the	addressing selected problems within the independent assignments in the remote sensing				
level of the course (4 to 10 learning	- applying initial skills for interpretation of multisensory, multispectral and hyper spectral images				
outcomes)	- independently drawing the conclusions about the guality and reliability of interpretation				
	- publicly present selected problem and its solution through the example from remote sensing				
	- identify areas, methods and techniques where necessary lifelong learning				
	- used independently one of leading software tool for remote sensing				
	LECTURES				
	1. Introduction, review and definitions.				
	2. Features of physical fields which are using in remote sensing.				
	3. Sensors and systems for aerial image acquisition, impact of platform and environment, effectiveness. Electro - optical digital				
2.5. Course content broken down in	sensors, line scanners, matrix CCD cameras, thermal cameras, multi-spectral cameras, hyper spectral scanner; usable				
2.5. Course coment broken down in	features.				
	4. Spatial resolution, modulation transfer function, the minimum discriminable contrast, the minimum resolved temperature				
(Syllabus)	difference, calibration. Synthetic aperture radar, interferometric and polarimetric mode, usable features.				
	5. Interpretation techniques in remote sensing.				
	6. Subjective interpretation, characteristics and limitations.				
	7. Interactive interpretation with partially automated functions.				
	8. Improving of images. Enhancement, ranking and reduce the amount of features.				



	<ol> <li>9. Method of principal components</li> <li>10. Segmentation.</li> <li>11. Automatic classification. Supervised classification.</li> <li>12. Registration and geocoding.</li> <li>13. Joining of images.</li> <li>14. Using software tools for remote sensing.</li> <li>15. Presentation of independent assignments.</li> </ol>					
	<ul> <li>EXERCISES</li> <li>1. Digital multispectral camera, thermo vision camera, hyper spectral scanner.</li> <li>2. Software tools for remote sensing.</li> <li>3. Improving of images.</li> <li>4. Geometric transformation, joining of images, geocoding.</li> <li>5. Feature enhancement.</li> <li>6. Segmentation.</li> <li>7. Transformation of images in principal components (PCA).</li> <li>8. Unsupervised and supervised classification.</li> <li>9. Interpretation of multispectral images (visible, infrared, thermal).</li> <li>10. Interpretation of hyper spectral and radar images.</li> </ul>					
2.6. Format of instruction:	X lectures seminars and workshops X exercises on line in entirety partial e-learning field work		X independent assignments multimedia and the intern laboratory work with mentor (other)	et Lectures are interactive and combiner with exercises that are purely computational, working with digital images. Independent assignments a made on the basis of the obtained individual practical tasks.		combined y digital ments are ained
2.8. Student responsibilities	Observation of class attendance and making exercises. The final grade is made on the basis of test, written exam, oral exam results and quality of seminar essay.					
2.9. Screening student work (name the	Class attendance	0.2	Research		Practical training	0.15
proportion of ECTS credits for each	Experimental work		Report		(other)	
activity so that the total number of ECTS	Essay		Seminar essay	0.35	(other)	
credits is equal to the ECTS value of the	Tests	0.3	Oral exam	3	(other)	



course )	Written exam	1	Project		(other)	
2.10. Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	<ul> <li>Systematic monitoring the presence and active participation in all the activities during the semester.</li> <li>Oral examination when submitting the results of exercises (mandatory).</li> <li>Oral examination when submitting the results of independent assignments (mandatory).</li> <li>Problem-solving at the colloquia by writing (optional, not mandatory).</li> <li>Problem-solving on the written part of the exam (mandatory, if a student has not passed the colloquia).</li> <li>Oral examination (mandatory).</li> </ul>					
2.11. Required literature (available in the	Title			Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media	
library and via other media)	1. Krtalic, A., Bajic, M., 2013: /	1. Krtalic, A., Bajic, M., 2013: Remote sensing, lectures - handwriting				yes
2.12. Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	<ol> <li>Tutorial: Fundamentals of Remote Sensing (http://www.nrcan.gc.ca/earth-sciences/geography-boundary/remote sensing/fundamentals/1430).</li> <li>Oluić, M., 2001: Snimanje i istraživanje Zemlje iz svemira, sateliti, senzori, primjena, HAZU i GEOSAT, Zagreb 3. Lillesand, T.M., Kiefer, R.W., 1994: Remote sensing and image interpetation, 3.ed, John Wiley and Sons, New</li> </ol>					emote- greb New York.
2.13. Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul> <li>The procedures mentioned in the Rules and the Manual of Quality Management at the University of Zagreb and the Faculty of Science:</li> <li>University's and faculty's student polls</li> <li>Self-evaluation of teaching: updating and revising the objectives and subject content and teaching and learning strategies, assessment of learning outcomes by analysis of students' efficacy on the basis of data from Student Administration Office.</li> <li>Exit polls for graduates</li> <li>Interviews with companies, institutes and institutions in which students perform internships.</li> </ul>					
2.14. Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	-					